

Blockchain for Industrial Engineers: Decentralized Application Development

**บล็อกเชนสำหรับวิศวกรอุตสาหกรรม: การพัฒนาแอปพลิเคชันแบบ
กระจายศูนย์**

Auction

How it works

- Like ebay.
- Auction has `owner` (seller), `start` , `end` .
- `owner` can cancel auction or can finalize the auction after `end` time.
- Users bid by sending ETH to the contract.
 - The contract will store addresses and bid amount.

How it works

- The current price (`highestBindingBid`) will be the previous highest bid plus an `increment` .
- After the auction ends,
 - `highestBindingBid` is the selling price.
 - `highestbidder` is the buyer.
 - `owner` gets the `highestBindingBid`
 - Everybody else get their money back.

Declare variables and constructor

- Enums
- Mapping

Enums

- Enums restrict a variable to have one of only a few predefined values.
- Reduce the number of bugs in your code.

```
enum State {Open, Closed}
```

Mapping

- Data structure that holds `key`, `value` pairs.
 - Similar to `dict` in Python
- All keys must have the same type.
- All values must have the same type.
- Key cannot be `mapping`, `dynamic array`, `enum`, or `struct`.

Mapping

- Always saved in storage.
- Lookup time is constant **no matter of the size**.
- Cannot iterate keys.
- The value of an **non-existent** key is a default value.

```
mapping(address => uint) public bids;
```


Function modifier

- Used to modifier behavior of a function.
- Can be used to test a condition.
 - Avoid writing redundant code.
- Don't `return` .
- Defined by `modifier` keyword.