



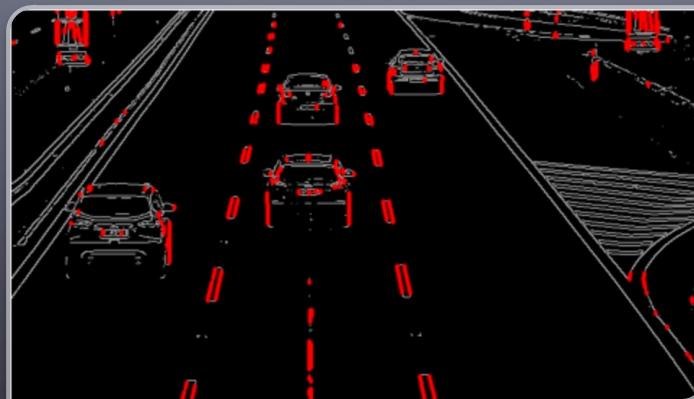
FINAL PROJECT

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ABOUT THE PROJECT

- ❖ Lane detection
- ❖ Enhance or make quality of photo better
- ❖ Face recognition
- ❖ Pedestrian recognition
- ❖ License plate recognition

LANE DETECTION

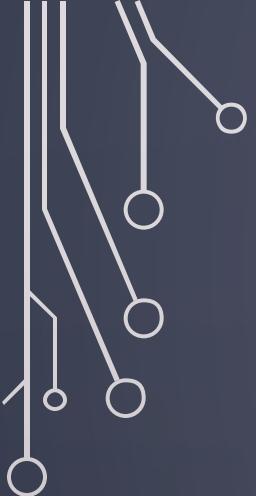


- Probabilistic hough line perform lane detection on gray scaled image
- Apply canny edge to highlight potential lane lines
- Hough transform identifies lines corresponding to lanes
- Filtered lines recognized lane lines based on orientation drawn in red
- Allow identification and visualization markings on road image

ENHANCING OR MAKING IMAGE BETTER

- First photo convert image from BGR to RGB
- Adjust the contrast and brightness
- Second photo use bilateral to reduce the noise
- Gaussian blur to remove blur by deconvolution using the unsharp mask filter
- Also converted photo from BRG to RGB
- Enhanced contrast and brightness





FACE RECOGNITION

- Use a face detection opencv

- Zoom in code for face

```
for idx, face in enumerate(faces):  
    x, y, w, h = face['box']
```

- Resize ROI by 2

- Scale individual face by 5

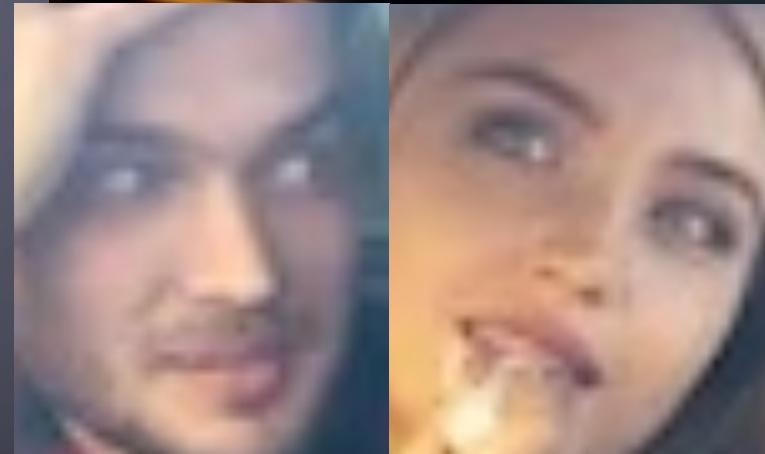
- Make rectangle on the face

```
for face in faces:
```

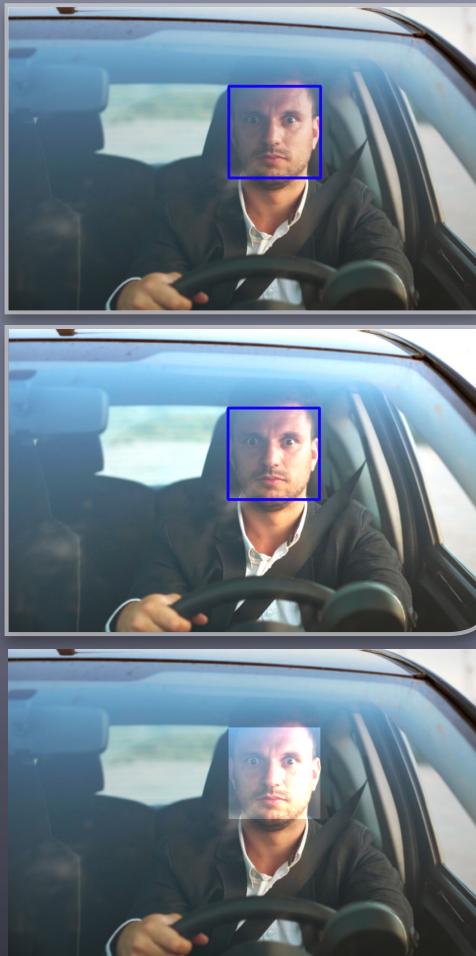
```
    x, y, w, h = face['box']
```

```
    cv2.rectangle(image, (x, y), (x+w,  
    y+h), (255, 0, 0), 3)
```

- Convert BGR2RGB to display photo

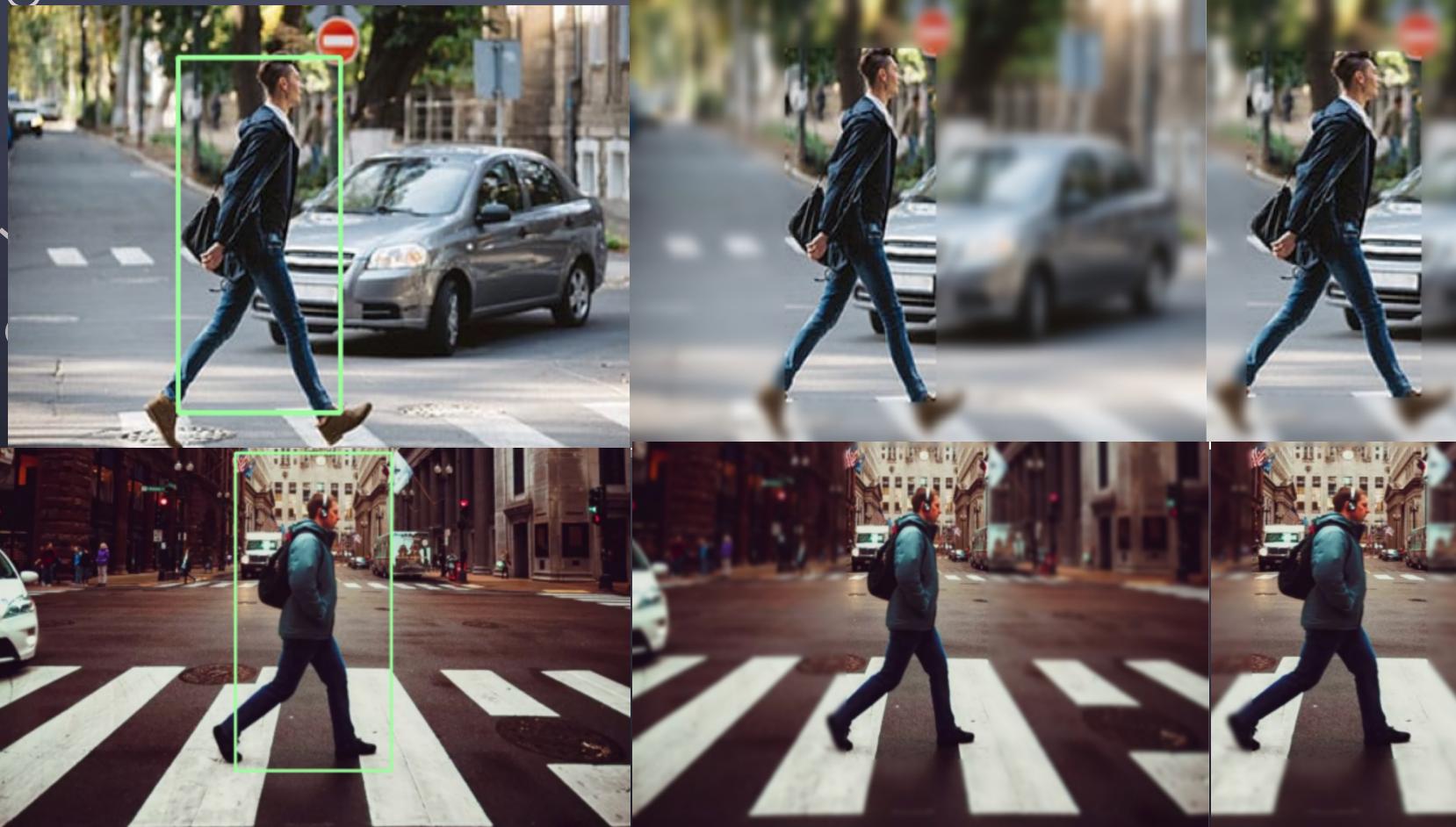


FACE RECOGNITION COMBINED WITH ENHANCING OR MAKING PHOTO BETTER



- Haarcaascaeade use for face classification
 - Converting image from BGR2GRAY
 - Face detect open cv to detect the face in the image
 - Code use to make rectangle on face
- for face in faces:
- ```
x, y, w, h = face['box']
cv2.rectangle(image, (x, y), (x+w, y+h), (255, 0, 0), 3)
```
- Enhance photo by changing the contrast and brightness

# PEDESTRIAN RECOGNITION



- HOG decipher used to detect person
- Use this code to make rectangle around pedestrian `for (x, y, w, h) in pedestrians:`

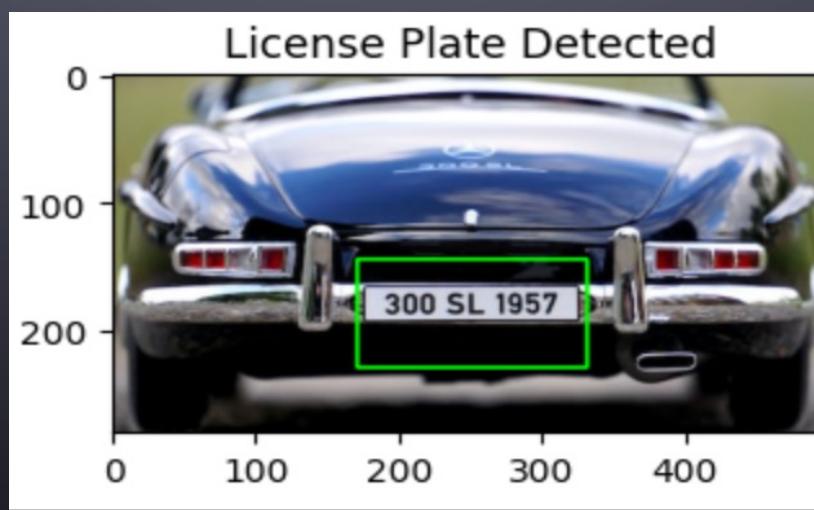
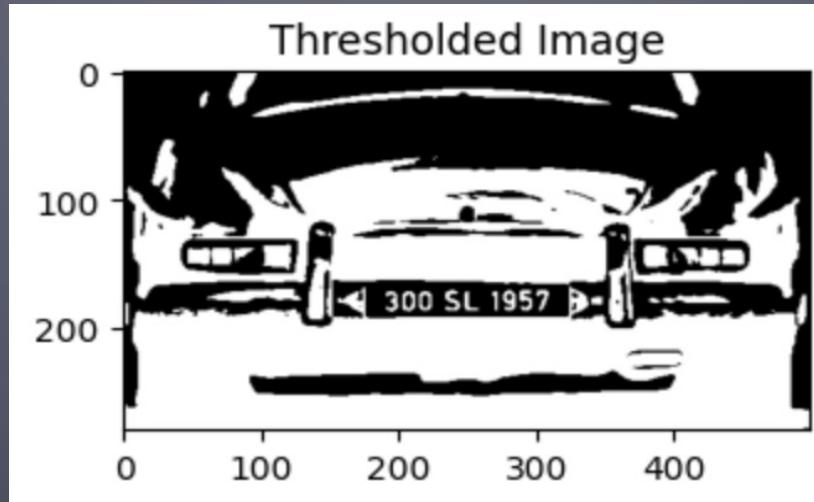
```
cv2.rectangle(mask, (x, y),
(x+w, y+h), (255, 255, 255),
thickness=cv2.FILLED)
```

- Guassian blur used to blur out background

Use `for loop` to zoom in on pedestrian.

```
for (x, y, w, h) in pedestrians:
 # Calculate the zoomed-in region
 zoomed_x = max(0, x - int((zoom_factor - 1) * w / 2))
 zoomed_y = max(0, y - int((zoom_factor - 1) * h / 2))
 zoomed_w = min(image.shape[1], int(w * zoom_factor))
 zoomed_h = min(image.shape[0], int(h * zoom_factor))
```

# LICENSE PLATE RECOGNITION



- Convert image from BGR to GRAY
- Used Gaussian blur to reduce the noise and improve accuracy
- Made Thresholding to create binary image
- Contour threshold image
- Masked the detected license plate
- Calculate the coordinate for the plate.
- Crop the plate.

# LICENSE PLATE RECOGNITION CONTINUED



Same codes as the previous slide to get outcome

## TROUBLES THAT WE HAD

- The lane detection was hard to do
- Just detecting the lanes with the codes for hough did not work so well
- Enhancing the image was hard
- Hard to tweak code a lot to enhance or make the image better
- Some photos did not work well with the codes

ALL DONE!!!!.... WAIT IS THAT OJ.....

