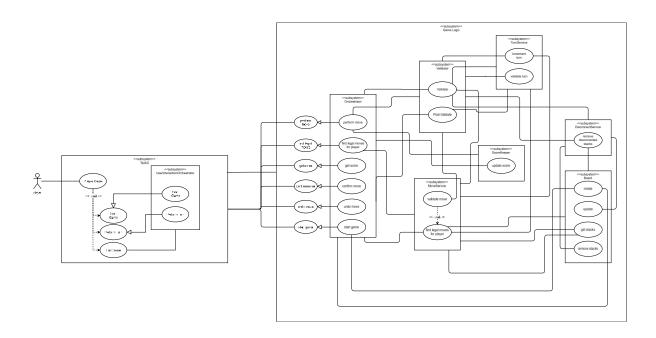
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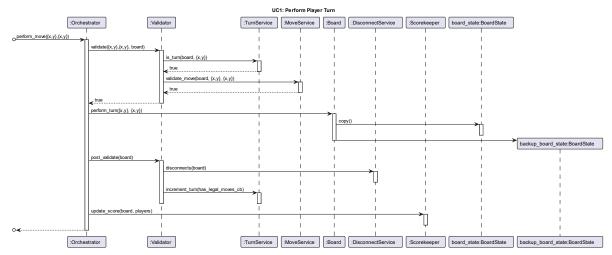
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Use Case Diagram



Sequence Diagrams

Use Case 1: Perform Player Turn



```
title UC1: Perform Player Turn
participant ":Orchestrator" as P1
participant ": Validator" as P2
participant ":TurnService" as P3
participant ":MoveService" as P4
participant ":Board" as P5
participant ":DisconnectService" as P6
participant ":Scorekeeper" as P7
participant "board state:BoardState" as P8
participant "backup board state:BoardState" as P9
autoactivate on
[o-> P1 : perform move(\{x,y\}, \{x,y\})
P1 -> P2 : validate(\{x,y\}, \{x,y\}, board)
P2 -> P3 : is turn(board, \{x,y\})
P3 --> P2 : true
P2 -> P4 : validate move (board, \{x,y\}, \{x,y\})
P4 --> P2 : true
```

```
P2 --> P1 : true

P1 -> P5 : perform_turn({x,y}, {x,y})

P5 -> P8 : copy()

deactivate P8

P5 -> P9 **

deactivate P5

P1 -> P2 : post_validate(board)

P2 -> P6 : disconnects(board)

deactivate P6

P2->P3 : increment_turn(has_legal_moves_cb)

deactivate P3

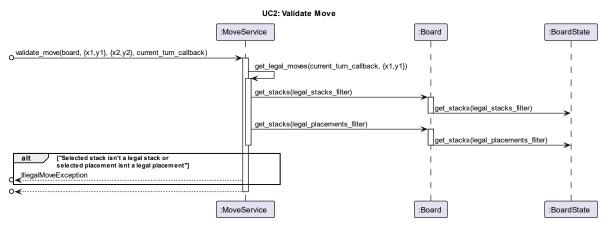
deactivate P2

P1 -> P7 : update_score(board, players)

deactivate P7

[o<--P1
```

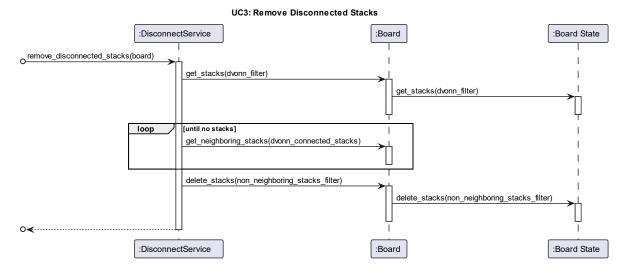
Use Case 2: Validate Move



```
title UC2: Validate Move
participant ":MoveService" as P4
participant ":Board" as P5
participant ":BoardState" as P6
[o-> P4 : validate move (board, \{x1, y1\}, \{x2, y2\},
current turn callback)
activate P4
P4 -> P4 : get legal moves(current turn callback, {x1,y1})
activate P4
P4 -> P5 : get stacks(legal stacks filter)
activate P5
P5 -> P6 : get stacks(legal stacks filter)
deactivate P5
P4 -> P5 : get stacks(legal placements filter)
activate P5
P5 -> P6 : get stacks(legal placements filter)
deactivate P5
deactivate P4
```

```
[o<-- P4 : IllegalMoveException
end
[o<-- P4
deactivate P4
```

Use Case 3: Remove Disconnected Stacks



```
participant ":DisconnectService" as P6
participant ":Board" as P5
participant ":Board State" as P1

[o-> P6 : remove_disconnected_stacks(board)
activate P6

P6 -> P5 : get_stacks(dvonn_filter)
activate P5
P5 -> P1 : get_stacks(dvonn_filter)
activate P1
deactivate P1
deactivate P5
```

```
loop until no stacks
P6 -> P5 : get_neighboring_stacks(dvonn_connected_stacks)
activate P5
deactivate P5
end

P6 -> P5 : delete_stacks(non_neighboring_stacks_filter)
activate P5
P5 -> P1 : delete_stacks(non_neighboring_stacks_filter)
activate P1
deactivate P1
deactivate P5
deactivate P1
[o<-- P6
deactivate P6</pre>
```

Use Case 4: Is Player turn

:TurnService :Board :BoardState | get_stacks(current_turn_filter) | | get_stacks(current_turn_filter) | | get_stacks(current_turn_filter) | | get_stacks(current_turn_filter) | | column | colu

```
title UC4: Is Player Turn

participant ":TurnService" as P1

participant ":Board" as P2

participant ":BoardState" as P3

[o-> P1 : is_turn(board, {x,y})

activate P1

P1 -> P2 : get_stacks(current_turn_filter)

activate P2

P2 -> P3 : get_stacks(current_turn_filter)

activate P3

deactivate P3

deactivate P3

deactivate P2

alt Stack is not the current turn's stack

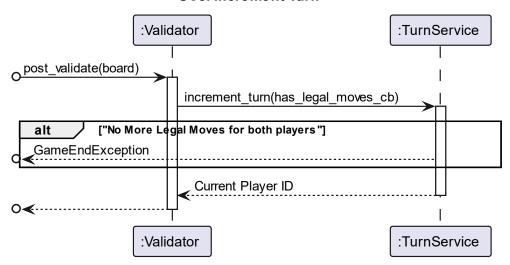
[o<--P1 : IllegalTurnException

end

[o<--P1
```

Use Case 5 Sequence Diagram

UC5: Increment Turn



```
participant ":Validator" as P2
participant ":TurnService" as P3

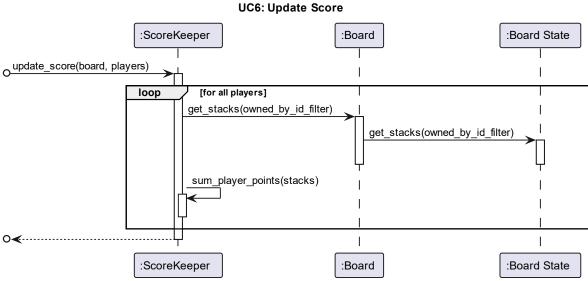
[o->P2 : post_validate(board)
activate P2

P2-> P3: increment_turn(has_legal_moves_cb)
activate P3

alt "No More Legal Moves for both players"
[o<--P3 : GameEndException
end

P3 --> P2 : Current Player ID
deactivate P3
[o<-- P2
deactivate P2</pre>
```

Use Case 6: Update Score

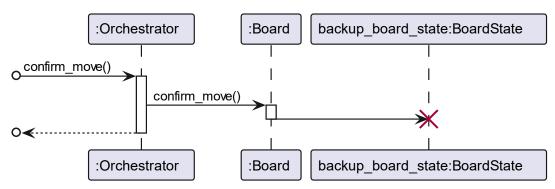


```
title UC6: Update Score
participant ":ScoreKeeper" as P1
participant ":Board" as P2
participant ":Board State" as P3
[o->P1 : update score(board, players)
activate P1
loop for all players
P1 -> P2 : get stacks(owned by id filter)
activate P2
P2 -> P3 : get stacks(owned by id filter)
activate P3
deactivate P3
deactivate P2
P1->P1 : sum player points(stacks)
activate P1
deactivate P1
```

[o<--P1 deactivate P1

Use Case 7: Confirm Move

UC7: Confirm Move

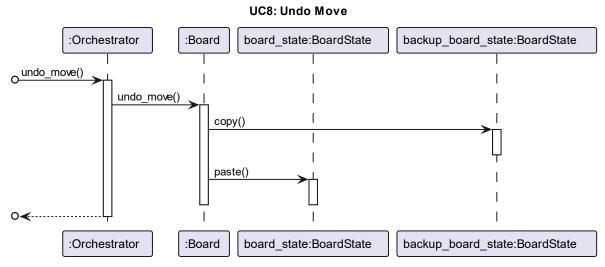


```
title UC7: Undo Move

participant ":Orchestrator" as P1
participant ":Board" as P2
participant "backup_board_state:BoardState" as P3

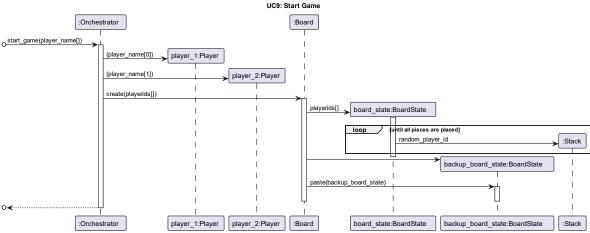
[o-> P1 : undo_move()
activate P1
P1 -> P2 : undo_move()
activate P2
P2 -> P3
deactivate P2
destroy P3
[o<-- P1
deactivate P1</pre>
```

Use Case 8: Undo Move



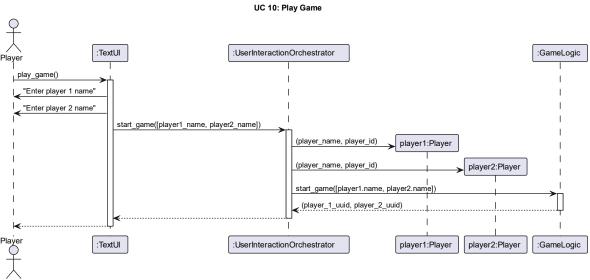
```
title UC8: Confirm Move
participant ":Orchestrator" as P1
participant ":Board" as P2
participant "board state:BoardState" as P3
participant "backup board state:BoardState" as P4
activate P1
P1 -> P2 : confirm move()
activate P2
P2 -> P4: copy()
activate P4
deactivate P4
P2 -> P3 : paste()
activate P3
deactivate P3
deactivate P2
[o<-- P1
deactivate P1
```

Use Case 9 Sequence Diagram



```
title UC9: Start Game
participant ":Orchestrator" as P1
participant "player 1:Player" as P2
participant "player_2:Player" as P3
participant ":Board" as P4
participant "board state:BoardState" as P5
participant "backup_board_state:BoardState" as P6
participant ":Stack" as P7
[o-> P1: start_game(player_name[])
activate P1
P1 -> P2 ** : (player name[0])
P1 -> P3 ** : (player_name[1])
P1 -> P4 : create(playerids[])
activate P4
P4 -> P5 ** : playerids[]
activate P5
loop until all pieces are placed
P5 -> P7 ** : random player id
end
deactivate P5
P4 -> P6 **
P4 -> P6 : paste(backup_board_state)
activate P6
deactivate P6
deactivate P4
[o<-- P1
deactivate P1
```

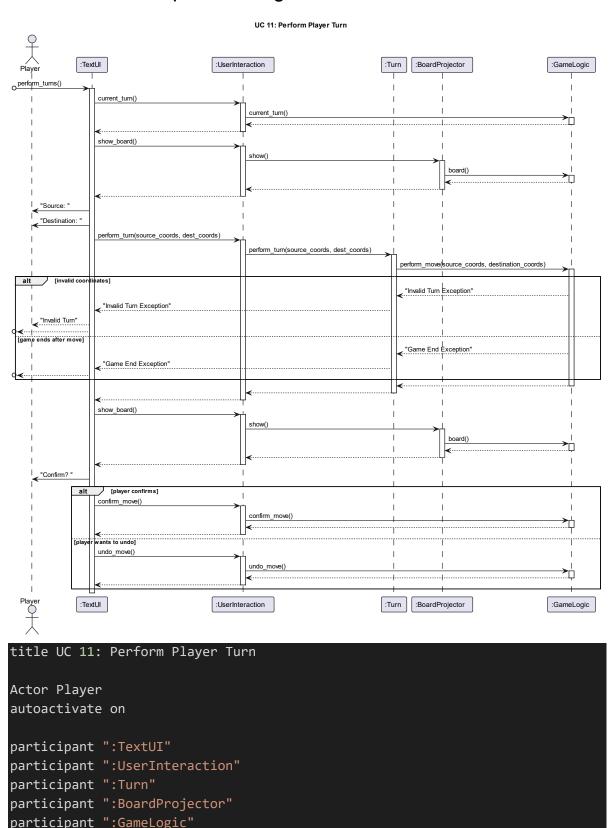
Use Case 10 Sequence Diagram



```
title UC 10: Play Game
Actor Player
autoactivate on
Player -> ":TextUI" : play_game()
autoactivate off
":TextUI" -> "Player" : "Enter player 1 name"
autoactivate on
autoactivate off
":TextUI" -> "Player" : "Enter player 2 name"
autoactivate on
":TextUI" -> ":UserInteractionOrchestrator" : start_game([player1_name,
player2_name])
':UserInteractionOrchestrator" -> "player1:Player" ** : (player name,
player_id)
":UserInteractionOrchestrator" -> "player2:Player" ** : (player name,
player_id)
":UserInteractionOrchestrator" -> ":GameLogic" : start_game([player1.name,
player2.name])
":GameLogic" --> ":UserInteractionOrchestrator" : (player 1 uuid,
player 2 uuid)
```

```
deactivate ":GameLogic"
":UserInteractionOrchestrator" --> ":TextUI"
":TextUI" --> Player
```

Use Case 11 Sequence Diagram

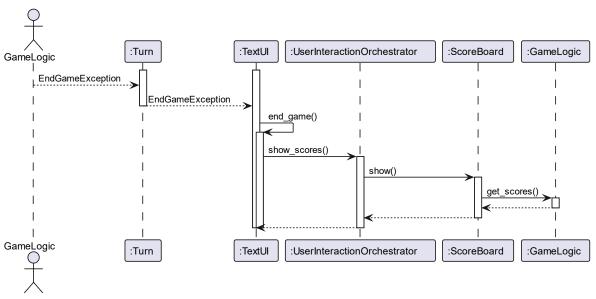


```
[o->":TextUI" : perform turns()
":TextUI" -> ":UserInteraction" : current_turn()
":UserInteraction" -> ":GameLogic" : current turn()
":GameLogic" --> ":UserInteraction"
":UserInteraction" --> ":TextUI"
deactivate ":GameLogic"
deactivate ":UserInteraction"
":TextUI" -> ":UserInteraction" : show board()
':UserInteraction" -> ":BoardProjector" : show()
":BoardProjector" -> ":GameLogic" : board()
":GameLogic" --> ":BoardProjector"
":BoardProjector" --> ":UserInteraction"
":UserInteraction" --> ":TextUI"
autoactivate off
":TextUI" -> "Player" : "Source: "
":TextUI" -> "Player" : "Destination: "
autoactivate on
":TextUI" -> ":UserInteraction" : perform_turn(source_coords, dest_coords)
":UserInteraction" -> ":Turn" : perform_turn(source_coords, dest coords)
":Turn" -> ":GameLogic" : perform move(source coords, destination coords)
alt invalid coordinates
autoactivate off
":GameLogic"-->":Turn" : "Invalid Turn Exception"
":TextUI"<--":Turn" : "Invalid Turn Exception"
":TextUI" --> Player : "Invalid Turn"
[o<--":TextUI"
else game ends after move
":GameLogic"-->":Turn" : "Game End Exception"
":TextUI"<--":Turn" : "Game End Exception"
[o<--":TextUI"
end
autoactivate on
":GameLogic" --> ":Turn"
":Turn" --> ":UserInteraction"
":UserInteraction" --> ":TextUI"
":TextUI" -> ":UserInteraction" : show_board()
":UserInteraction" -> ":BoardProjector" : show()
```

```
:BoardProjector" -> ":GameLogic" : board()
":GameLogic" --> ":BoardProjector"
":BoardProjector" --> ":UserInteraction"
":UserInteraction" --> ":TextUI"
autoactivate off
    ":TextUI" -> "Player" : "Confirm? "
autoactivate on
alt player confirms
    ":TextUI" -> ":UserInteraction" : confirm_move()
   ":UserInteraction" -> ":GameLogic" : confirm_move()
    ":GameLogic" --> ":UserInteraction"
    ":UserInteraction" --> ":TextUI"
else player wants to undo
   ":TextUI" -> ":UserInteraction" : undo_move()
   ":UserInteraction" -> ":GameLogic" : undo_move()
    ":GameLogic" --> ":UserInteraction"
   ":UserInteraction" --> ":TextUI"
end
```

Use Case 12 Sequence Diagram

UC 12: End Game



```
title UC 12: End Game
autoactivate on
Actor GameLogic
activate ":Turn"
activate ":TextUI"
GameLogic --> ":Turn" : EndGameException
":Turn" --> ":TextUI": EndGameException
":TextUI" -> ":TextUI" : end_game()
":TextUI" -> ":UserInteractionOrchestrator" : show scores()
":UserInteractionOrchestrator" -> ":ScoreBoard" : show()
":ScoreBoard" -> ":GameLogic" : get scores()
":ScoreBoard" <-- ":GameLogic"
":UserInteractionOrchestrator" <-- ":ScoreBoard"
":TextUI" <-- ":UserInteractionOrchestrator"
deactivate ":TextUI"
deactivate ":TextUI"
```

Class Descriptions

Model Classes:

Orchestrator

- Constructor:
 - Orchestrator(List<Strings>? player_names)
- Instance Variables:
 - validator: Validator
 - o board: Board
 - Players: List<Player>
 - Move_service: MoveServicescore_keeper: ScoreKeeper
- Methods
 - o performMove(Tuple src, Tuple dest): Performs players move
 - findLegalMoves(player_id): Finds legal moves for player
 - o startGame(): Initializes services and creates the Board
 - o get_scores(): Gives the player list
 - o confirm_move(): Confirm move on the Board
 - undo_move(): Undo move on the Board

Validator

- Constructor:
 - Validator(List<UUID> player_ids)
- Instance Variables:
 - turn service: TurnService
 - o disconnect_service: DisconnectService
 - move_service: MoveService
- Methods
 - validate(Tuple<Int>, Tuple<Int>, Board board): Checks if move is valid
 - postValidate(Board board): Sets up next turn

Board

- Constructor:
 - Board()

- Instance Variables:
 - board_state: BoardStatebackup board: BoardState
- Methods
 - o create(): Creates new board and duplicated backup
 - update(Tuple original_coords, Tuple new_coords): Moves stack from original coords to new coords on the main board state.
 - getStacks(Function filter): Gets a set of stacks from BoardState as described in filter
 - deleteStacks(Function filter): Deletes a set of stacks from BoardState as described in filter
 - confirm_move(): Delete old backup_board and duplicate the main board_state into the backup.
 - undo_move(): Restore old backup_board by duplicating it into board_state.

BoardState

Constructor:

BoardState(List<UUID> player_ids)

- Instance Variables:
 - stack_arrangement: Array<Array<Stack>>
- Methods
 - getStacks(Function filter): Gets a set of stacks as described in filter
 - update(HashSet<Tuple, Stack> original_coords, HashSet<Tuple, Stack> new_coords): Moves one stack from one coordinate to another
 - deleteStacks(Function filter): Deletes a set of stacks as described in filter
 - paste(BoardState board_state): It copies the provided board_state's instance variables into itself.

Stack

- Constructor:
 - Stack(Int num_pieces, Bool is_DVONN, UUID? owner)
- Instance Variables:
 - o id: UUID
 - o owner: UUID?
 - o num_pieces: Integer

- o is_DVONN: Bool
- Methods
 - o num_pieces(): Gets the number of pieces in the Stack.
 - o is_DVONN(): Check whether the stack contains a DVONN piece.
 - owned_by(UUID player_id): Checks whether the stack is owned by the player specified ID.

Player

- Constructor:
 - Player(String name)
- Instance Variables:
 - name: Stringpoints: Integer
 - o id: UUID
- Methods
 - name(): Gets the namepoints(): Gets the points
 - o id(): Gets the id

DisconnectService

- Constructor:
 - DisconnectService()
- Methods
 - remove_disconnected_stacks(Board board): Removes Stacks disconnected from all DVONN stacks.

TurnService

- Constructor:
 - TurnService(List<UUID> player_ids)
- Instance Variables:
 - o currentTurn: UUID
 - player_ids: List<UUID>
- Methods
 - is_turn(Board board, Tuple<Int> coords): Checks if stack belongs to the player whose turn it is

- o currentTurn(): Returns current turn's player ID.
- increment_turn(Function has_legal_moves_cb): Changes turn to next player if they have legal moves

MoveService

- Constructor:
 - MoveService()
- Methods
 - validate_move(Board board, Tuple src, Tuple dest, Function curr_turn): Checks if move is legal
 - retrieveLegalMoves(Board board, UUID player_id): Retrieves legal moves for a player

ScoreKeeper

- Constructor:
 - ScoreKeeper()
- Methods
 - update_score(List<Players> players, Board board): Updates scores of all players

View Classes

TextUI

- Contructor:
 - TextUI()
- Instance Variables:
 - orchestrator: UserInteractionOrchestrator
- Methods:
 - o play_game()
 - The only public method
 - Called by the player at the start of the game
 - Calls start_game()
 - Calls perform_turns() in a loop, until a GameEndException is raised.
 - Once the exception is raised, calls end_game()
 - o perform_turn()
 - Gets the current turn from the UserInteractionOrchestrator
 - Displays the board using the UserInteractionOrchestrator
 - Asks the user for source and destination coordinates
 - Calls perform_turn() on the UserInteractionOrchestrator with the given coordinates
 - Displays the board again
 - Asks for confirmation from the user
 - Calls confirm_move or undo_move depending on the response

UserInteractionOrchestrator

- Contructor:
 - UserInteractionOrchestrator()
- Instance Variables:
 - game logic: Orchestrator
 - o players: HashSet<UUID, Player>
 - o board_projector: BoardProjector
 - o turn_service: Turn
- Methods:
 - start_game(List<String> names)
 - Initializes the players given the names and calls start_game on the model
 - perform_turn(Tuple src, Tuple dest): Bool
 - Delegates to the Turn class
 - confirm_move()
 - Delegates to the Turn class
 - o undo move()
 - Delegates to the Turn class
 - o show_board()
 - Delegates to the BoardProjector class
 - show_scores()
 - Delegates to the ScoreBoard class
 - o current turn()
 - Calls the current turn() method on the model

Turn

- Constructor:
 - Turn(Orchestrator game_logic)
- Instance Variables:
 - o game_logic: Orchestrator
- Methods
 - perform_turn(Tuple src, Tuple dest): Bool
 - An abstraction of the perform_move() method on the Orchestrator. Bubbles up exceptions to the caller.
 - confirm_move()
 - An abstraction of the confirm_move() method on the Orchestrator.
 - o undo_move()

 An abstraction of the undo_move() method on the Orchestrator.

BoardProjector

- Constructor:
 - BoardProjector(Orchestrator game_logic)
- Instance Variables:
 - o game_logic: Orchestrator
- Methods:
 - show(HashSet<UUID, Player> players)
 - Fetches the board from the model.
 - Maps each user id on the model's board to a symbol from the players.
 - Displays the baord as outlined in the text based UI section.

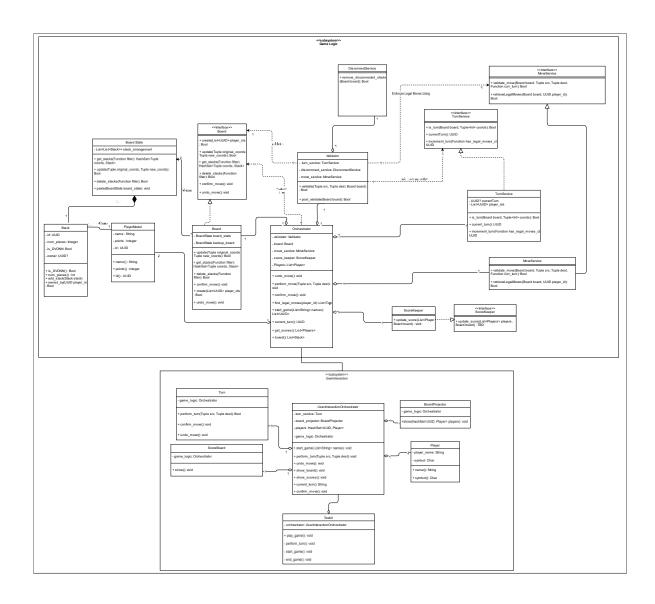
ScoreBoard

- Constructor:
 - ScoreBoard (Orchestrator game_logic)
- Instance Variables:
 - game_logic: Orchestrator
- Methods:
 - o show()
 - Fetches the scores from the model.
 - Displays the result as outlined in the text based UI section.

Player

- Constructor:
 - Player(String name, Char symbol)
- Instance Variables:
 - player_name: String
 - symbol: Char
- Methods:
 - name()
 - returns the name of the player
 - symbol()
 - returns the symbol of the player (symbols are according to the UI

Class Diagram



Text Based UI:

```
// For demonstrative purposes only:
****************************
Welcome to DVONN!
Player 1 name: Great-Player1
Player 2 name: Legendary-DVONN-Master
Pending Great-Player1's turn (x):
Board:
           o1
                                                                 x1
3 x1
                        8 9
                               11 12 13 14 15
                                               16 17
           4
                  6
                                                      18 19
                                                             20
                                                                 21 22
Source: 5,3
Destination: 4,2
Result of move:
                                                              x1
                               11 12 13 14 15
                         8
                                               16 17 18 19
                                                             20
Confirm? Y
Pending Legendary-DVONN-Master's turn(o):
Board:
3 x1
                               11 12 13 14 15
                                               16 17 18 19
                         8
                                                             20
Source: 3,5
```

```
Destination: 4,6
You selected an illegal stack. Please try again with a stack you own.
Board:
3 x1
                                              c1
                    6
                        7 8 9 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22
            4
Source: 5,5
Destination: 1,3
You selected an illegal placement for your stack. Please try again with a placement that
is number of pieces away from your stack.
Board:
3 x1
                                              c1
                                                                    x1
     2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22
Source: 5,3
Destination: 4,2
Game Ended...
Great-Player1's score: 25
Legendary-DVONN-Master's score: 45
The winner is.....
Legendary-DVONN-Master!!!!!
Thank you, bye bye
```

Archive

These are the Initial Object Model and Use Cases. They have not been updated since A1 and are thus outdated.

Initial Object Model
Entity List
Space:
A collection of Slots.
Slot:
A location for a Stack to be placed on.
Row:
An adjacent set of Slots on the Board
Board State:
The position of each Stack.
Stack:
Holds the number of Pieces inside it and its ownership.
Piece:
Part of a Stack, and counts for 1 Point.
DVONN Piece:
A piece that initially does not belong to any Player.
DVONN Stack:

A Stack containing a DVONN Piece. All Stacks must be connected to a DVONN Stack.

Legal Stack:

A Stack that can legally move.

Legal Placement:

A Stack that another Stack can be legally placed on.

Legal Move:

A combination of a Legal Stack and a Legal Placement.

Game Master:

Directs the flow of the game (start, player turns and end).

Invigilator:

Maintains the validity of a given board state by checking for disconnections or finding Legal Moves for a given player.

Board:

Manages the Board State by handling movements and disconnects.

Player:

A player interacting with the game, has a score based on the number of pieces in each Stack they own.

Opponent:

A Player who's not currently performing a turn.

Action List

Game Master:

Performs Player Turn

Invigilator:

Finds legal placements for player, finds Legal Stacks for Player, and validates board state

Piece Engine:

Performs moves.

Game master:

Creates the Board State, starts and ends game, count Player Points

Use Cases

UC1: Perform Player Turn

Description: Handles the operations involved in a player's turn.

Primary Actor: Game Master

Initiating Event:

- Opponent completes their turn

Basic Flow:

- 1. Opponent confirms Legal Move
- Game Master prompts Invigilator to find Legal Stacks of the Player whose turn it is. (UC8)
- 3. Game Master prompts Invigilator to find Legal Moves of the Player whose turn it is. (UC2)
- 4. Player selects a Legal Stack.
- 5. Player selects a Legal Placement.
- 6. Piece Engine performs the Legal Move. (UC4)
- 7. Player confirms the Legal Move.

Alternate Flows:

- 1a. Invigilator finds no Legal Stacks.
 - 1a.2. Game Master begins the other Player's turn.
- 3a. Invigilator finds no Legal Moves.
 - 2a.1. Game Master checks the end of the game. (UC5)
- 6a. Player doesn't confirm
 - 6a.1. Piece engine resets the Board State to pre-move state.

UC2: Find Legal Moves

Description: Finds the Legal Stacks who have at least one Legal Placement.

Primary Actor: Invigilator

Basic Flow:

- 1. Game Master prompts Invigilator for Legal Moves.
- 2. Invigilator finds the number of Pieces in a Legal Stack.
- 3. Invigilator finds another stack that is the same number of spaces away as the number of pieces in the Legal Stack
- 4. Invigilator creates a Legal Placement from the Stack.
- 5. Invigilator creates a Legal Move from the Legal Stack and Legal Placement.
- 6. Invigilator repeats steps 2-4 once for each direction.
- 7. Invigilator repeats steps 1-5 once for each Legal Stack.

Alternate Flows:

2a. There is no Stack that is the same number of spaces away as the number of pieces in the Legal Stack in the given direction.

2a.1. Invigilator repeats step 2 with the next direction.

UC3: Remove Disconnected Stacks

Description: Ensure a valid game state by checking for any Stacks not connected to a DVONN Stack.

Primary Actor: Piece Engine

Basic Flow:

- 1. Game Master prompts Piece Engine to Remove Disconnected Stacks.
- 2. Piece Engine prompts Invigilator to find connected stacks
- 3. Invigilator finds all DVONN Stacks.
- 4. Invigilator finds all Stacks directly connected to a given DVONN Stack.
- 5. Invigilator finds all Stacks connected directly to a directly connected Stack.
- 6. Invigilator repeats step 3 until no more Stacks can be found.
- 7. Invigilator repeats steps 2-3 once for each DVONN Stack.
- 8. Piece engine removes Stacks not found in steps 2-5.
- 9. Piece engine updates Board State.

Alternate Flows:

- 3a. Invigilator already found Stack while checking another DVONN Stack.
 - 2a.1. Invigilator skips current Stack, as it knows that Stack is connected.
- 4a. Invigilator already found Stack while checking another DVONN Stack.
 - 3a.1. Invigilator skips current Stack, as it knows that Stack is connected.
- 8a. All Stacks are connected.
 - 6a.1. Piece Engine exits flow early.

UC4: Perform Legal Move

Description: Handles the movement of a Legal Stack onto a Legal Placement.

Primary Actor: Piece engine

Basic Flow:

- 1. Game Master prompts Piece Engine to perform Legal Move.
- 2. Piece Engine places the Legal Stack's Pieces on top of the Legal Placement's Pieces.
- 3. Piece Engine removes the Legal Stack.
- 4. Piece Engine updates the Board State.
- 5. Piece Engine Removes Disconnected Pieces. (UC3)

Alternate Flows:

2a. The Legal Stack and Legal Placement have different ownership.

2a.1. Piece Engine updates the ownership of the Legal Placement.

UC5: End Game

Description: Declare a winner if the game has ended.

Primary Actor: Game Master

Basic Flow:

- 1. Player confirms Legal Move.
- 2. Game Master prompts Invigilator to check end game conditions.
- 3. Invigilator finds Legal Stacks of the Opponent. (UC8)
- 4. Invigilator finds Legal Moves of the Opponent. (UC2)
- 5. Invigilator counts Points for the Player. (UC6)
- 6. Invigilator counts Points for the Opponent. (UC6)
- 7. Invigilator informs Game Master each Player's Points.
- 8. Game Master declares Player with the most Points as the winner.
- 9. Game Master prompts Players to start a new game

Alternate Flows:

4a. Invigilator finds Legal Move for Opponent:

4a.1. Game Master prompts Opponent for the next move. (UC1)

8a. Players have equal Points:

8a. 1. Game Master prompts both Players there is a draw.

UC6: Count Player Points

Primary Actor: Invigilator

Description: Sums the player's Points based on their Stacks.

Basic Flow:

- 1. Game Master prompts Invigilator to count Player Points.
- 2. Invigilator finds all Player Stacks.
- 3. Invigilator starts to count Points from zero.
- 4. Invigilator measures the height for each Stack.
- 5. Invigilator adds stack height for each Stack to Points.
- 6. Invigilator assigns Points to players

Alternate Flow:

N/A

UC7: Create the Board

Description: Organizes the pieces on the board to enable the start of the game.

Primary Actor: Piece Engine

Basic Flow:

- 1. Player prompts Piece Engine for new Board State
- 2. Piece Engine creates a Space enough for 11x5 Pieces.
- 3. Piece Engine places 9 Pieces offset from the left by two Slots on the first Row.
- 4. Piece Engine places 10 Pieces offset from the left by one Slot on the second Row.
- 5. Piece Engine places 11 Pieces with no offset on the third Row.
- 6. Piece Engine places 10 Pieces offset from the left by one slot on the fourth Row.
- 7. Piece Engine places 9 Pieces offset from the left by two slots on the fifth Row.

Alternate Flow:

N/A

UC8: Find Legal Stacks For Player

Description: Finds all stacks that can be legally moved for a given player, meaning they are not completely surrounded.

Primary Actor: Invigilator

Basic Flow:

- 1. Game Master prompts Invigilator to find Legal Stacks for Player
- 2. Invigilator collects all Stacks for a given Player.
- 3. Invigilator counts the other Stacks around a given player Stack.
- 4. Invigilator creates a Legal Stack from the given player Stack.
- 5. Invigilator repeats steps 2-3 once for each player Stack.

Alternate Flow:

3a. The given player Stack is completely surrounded.

3a.2. Invigilator returns to step 2 with the next Stack.