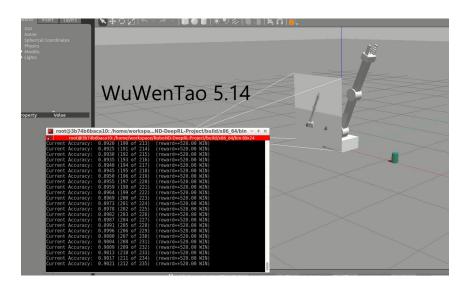
Deep RL Arm Manipulation

Two primary objectives:

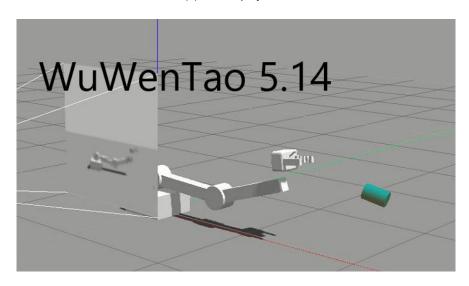
- 1. Have any part of the robot arm touch the object of interest, with at least a 90% accuracy for a minimum of 100 runs.
- 2. Have only the gripper base of the robot arm touch the object, with at least a 80% accuracy for a minimum of 100 runs.

For the first project:

(1) Result and some interesting pic



(1)The first project result



(2)The first project interesting pic

- (2) Reward Functions
 - 1) When any part of the robot arm touch the object of interest, I set reward function like this:

When it touch the object, it is win, so I set rewardHistory=REWARD_WIN and end the episode.

2) When have any part of the robot arm touch the ground, I set reward function like this:

```
if(gripBBox.min.z <= groundContact)
const float distGoal = BoxDistance(gripBBox, propBBox);
fif(DEBUG){printf("GROUND CONTACT, EOE\n");}
rewardHistory =REWARD_LOSS;
newReward = true;
endEpisode = true;
}</pre>
```

Touch the ground is ban, it is too danger to touch ground for robot so I set rewardHistory=REWARD_LOSS.

3) episodeFrames > maxEpisodeLength,I set reward function like this:

Arm not tough anything is bad, but I think it is better than touch ground, so I set rewardHistory=REWARD_LOSS*0.2f

4) Distance reward

I set distance reward like this just for reward the step to close goal, I want the arm more and more close the object.

(3) Hyperparameters

```
#define VELOCITY_CONTROL true
#define INPUT_WIDTH 64
#define INPUT_HEIGHT 64
#define OPTIMIZER "RMSprop"
#define LEARNING_RATE 0.01f
#define REPLAY_MEMORY 10000
#define BATCH_SIZE 32
#define USE_LSTM true
#define LSTM_SIZE 256
#define REWARD_WIN 520.0f
#define REWARD_LOSS -520.0f
```

In the objectives 1, I set input=64*64, LSTM_SIZE 256 and BATCH_SIZE 32, these parameters is important, but in my objectives 1 I believe VELOCITY_CONTROL=true is most interesting, we can see the pic-2,the target is hit and fly. It use joint or nor velocity. When I complete objectives 2, mabe, I can get better result though the code of objectives 2. But I do not want to modify it, because it is interesting.

For the second project:

(1) Result



(1)The second project result

- (2) Reward Functions
- 1) When only the gripper base of the robot arm touch the object, I set reward function like this:

Add new constraints to segment whether only the gripper base of the robot arm touch the object .

2) When have any part of the robot arm touch the ground, I set reward function like this:

Collision_loss had been set in the code top, it is just for convenient adjustment parameters .In last, I set collision_loss=REWARD_LOSS

3) episodeFrames > maxEpisodeLength,I set reward function like this:

end_loss had been set in the code top, it is just for convenient adjustment parameters .In last, I set end loss=REWARD LOSS. It is not any special.

4) Distance reward

If the arm close the goal step and step it will be great, so I set rewardHistoy=avaGoalDelta

But if the step too slow to close the goal ,I punish the step by add -0.5. It will Encourage arm to close the goal more quickly. At the same time, it can also reduce operation time.

(3) Hyperparameters

#define VELOCITY_CONTROL false #define INPUT_WIDTH 64 #define INPUT_HEIGHT 64 #define OPTIMIZER "Adam"

#define LEARNING_RATE 0.01f

#define REPLAY_MEMORY 20000

#define BATCH_SIZE 516

#define USE_LSTM true

#define LSTM_SIZE 256

#define REWARD_WIN 20.0f

#define REWARD_LOSS -20.0f

#define end_loss REWARD_LOSS

#define collision_loss REWARD_LOSS

In the objectives 2, I set VELOCITY_CONTROL=false to avoid hit the goal again, enlarge BATCH_SIZE to 516 and LSTM_SIZE to 256 for add the LSTM learning ability and speed. Change OPTIMIZER="Adam" and LEARNING_RATE=0.01f is the result of constant tuning parameter. Through the experiment, define REWARD_WIN=20.0f and REWARD_LOSS=-20.0f is enough.

Result

From the pic above, we complete all requirment. As I tried to keep trying all the solutions, I found that the large LSTM structure greatly enhanced the ability to learn, but the oversized structure was unbearable in the workspace. For reward function, we just need set suitable parameter, to reward good behavior and punish bad behavior. When I over this project I found some defect in it: if the goal in the outside of the camera how arm to find where to go. After thinking, I got some future work.

Put my pic again:



Future work

For improve the results, I think we need more larger LSTM structure and time to train the model. Add the imput image's size is important too, it representative how much information will be learning for LSTM. And lastly, I think we can add new cameras in difference place to collect more information and input all camera's pic into LSTM at a time, in these method LSTM could get more information at the same time. In order to catch the goal surely, we can add camera in the arm's grip, RGB-D camera may be useful to it for get distance information. That is all my think about this project.