## Vv557 Methods of Applied Mathematics II

# Green Functions and Boundary Value Problems



## Assignment 3

Date Due: 12:55 PM, Wednesday, the 17th of March 2021

#### **Discussion Class Preparation**

Please (re-)view Video files 20-22 and/or finish reading the section "Differential operators and Types of Solutions" in the lecture slides. You should be able to answer the following questions:

- i) Given an ordinary differential operator, explain what the formal adjoint, the conjunct, Green's formula and Lagrange's identity are.
- ii) Explain what classical solutions, weak solutions and distributional solutions to a differential equation are. Give examples.
- iii) What is a fundamental solution to a differential equation? Are fundamental solutions unique?
- iv) What is a causal fundamental solution to a differential equation that involves a time variable? How is a causal fundamental solution found?

## Exercises (25 Marks)

#### Exercise 3.1

Calculate the Fourier transforms of the following elements in  $L^1(\mathbb{R})$  (the theory of distributions is not needed):

- i)  $e^{-a|x|}$ , a > 0.
- ii)  $e^{-ax^2}$ , a > 0.
- iii)  $\cos(x)e^{-x^2}$ .
- iv)  $\cos(2x)/(4+x^2)$ .
- v) the convolution of  $xe^{-x^2}$  and  $e^{-x^2}$ .

### $(10\,\mathrm{Marks})$

#### Exercise 3.2

Calculate the Fourier transforms of the following elements in  $\mathcal{S}'(\mathbb{R})$ :

i) 
$$\begin{cases} e^{-\varepsilon x} & x \ge 0, \\ 0 & x < 0, \end{cases} \quad \varepsilon > 0,$$

- ii)  $\sin(3x-2)$ ,
- iii)  $x^2 \cos(x)$ ,
- iv) xH(x-2),
- v)  $x^2\delta(x-1)$ .

#### (10 Marks)

#### Exercise 3.3

Using primitives such as Exp, Cos, DiracDelta, HeavisideTheta, etc., as well as the commands Convolve and FourierTransform repeat all of the above calculations with Mathematica. (5 Marks)