

## VE230 Homework 4

2021 Summer

- **P1** The upper and lower conducting plates of a large parallel-plate capacitor are separated by a distance d and maintained at potentials  $V_0$  and 0, respectively. A dielectric slab of dielectric constant 6.0 and uniform thickness 0.8d is placed over the lower plate. Assuming negligible fringing effect, determine
  - a) the potential and electric field distribution in the dielectric slab,
- b) the potential and electric field distribution in the air space between the dielectric slab and the upper plate,
  - c) the surface charge densities on the upper and lower plates.
  - d) Compare the results in part (b) with those without the dielectric slab.
  - $\mathbf{P2}$  Prove that the scalar potential V in

$$V = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int_{V'} \frac{\rho}{R} dv'$$

satisfies Poisson's equation,

$$\nabla^2 V = -\frac{\rho}{\epsilon}$$

- ${f P3}$  A point charge Q exists at a distance d above a large grounded conducting plane. Determine
  - a) the surface charge density  $\rho_s$ ,
  - b) the total charge induced on the conducting plane.
- **P4** A very long two-wire transmission line, each wire of radius a and separated by a distance d, is supported at a height h above a flat conducting ground. Assuming both d and h to be much larger than a, find the capacitance per unit length of the line.

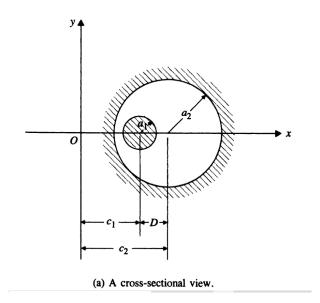


Figure 1: Fig. 1 An Off-center Wire within a Tunnel (Problem 5)



- **P5** A long wire of radius  $a_1$  lies inside a conducting circular tunnel of radius  $a_2$ , as shown in Fig. 1. The distance between their axes is D.
  - a) Find the capacitance per unit length.
- b) Determine the force per unit length on the wire if the wire and the tunnel carry equal and opposite line charges of magnitude  $\rho_{\ell}$ .

**P6** Two dielectric media with dielectric constants  $\epsilon_1$  and  $\epsilon_2$  are separated by a plane boundary at x = 0, as shown in Fig. 1. A point charge Q exists in medium 1 at distance d from the boundary.

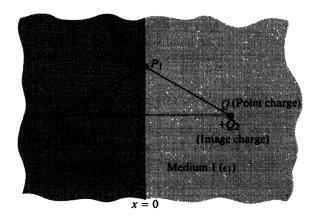


Figure 2: Fig. 2 Image charges in dielectric media (Problem 6)

- a) Verify that the field in medium 1 can be obtained from Q and an image charge  $-Q_1$ , both acting in medium 1.
- b) Verify that the field in medium 2 can be obtained from Q and an image charge  $+Q_2$  coinciding with Q, both acting in medium 2.
- c) Determine  $Q_1$  and  $Q_2$ . (Hint: Consider neighboring points  $P_1$  and  $P_2$  in media 1 and 2, respectively, and require the continuity of the tangential component of the E-field and of the normal component of the D-field.)
- **P7** An infinite conducting cone of half-angle  $\alpha$  is maintained at potential  $V_0$  and insulated from a grounded conducting plane, as illustrated in Fig. 2. Determine
  - a) the potential distribution  $V(\theta)$  in the region  $\alpha < \theta < \pi/2$
  - b) the electric field intensity in the region  $\alpha < \theta < \pi/2$
  - c) the charge densities on the cone surface and on the grounded plane.

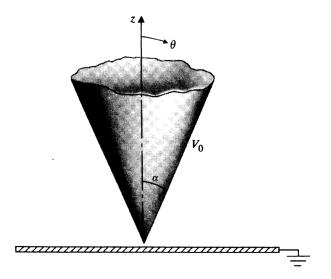


Figure 3: Fig. 3 An infinite conducting cone and a grounded conducting plane (Problem 7).