



NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE

NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

Directory and File Naming Standards

[Weather.gov](https://www.weather.gov) > [NWS Data Management](#) > Directory and File Naming Standards

NWS Data Management
Data Services

[Alerts](#) [Observations](#) [Forecasts](#) [Weather Safety](#)

Directory and File Naming Standards

for
FTP Servers *

* This is a working document on an evolving concept. Further change is to be expected.

1. Introduction

Draft Directory and File naming Standards for FTP Servers were first adopted at a Restricted Session of the CBS Working Group on Data Management (WGDM) in February, 1995. These standards were intended for use by FTP servers participating in trial implementations of the CBS Distributed Databases Concept. Since the standards adopted referred to an emerging concept, evolution in the standards themselves was expected. Related software development was therefore suggested to be approached with caution. Since that time, evolution has occurred, but not in a coordinated manner.

In a 1997 meeting of the COPC, it was requested that the OFCM WG/CIDE look into developing standards for directory and file naming standards for FTP servers used by centers within the US. The subsequent meeting of the WG/CIDE requested a small group consisting of representatives from FNMOC, NWSTG, and NCEP undertake such a development. The group reviewed the experiences of the CBS WGDM effort and found some of the concepts in the 1995 draft standards were deficient and should be discarded, while others were useful and should be retained. In the next section, some of the issues that must be addressed in the standards are discussed. A proposal for some basic features the standard should contain is presented in Section 3.

2. Some Issues for the Standards (background)

Type of Information: The first issue is what set of information the revised standards should contain in the directory and file names. There is some commonality in the types of information FTP servers now use, for most contain some of the following kinds of information (referred to as information elements in this paper) in their directory and file names (note that this list is not exhaustive):

Order of Information: Once the type of information to be contained in the revised standards is established, the order that information should appear needs to be decided. For example, should reference date precede generating process or should generating process precede reference date? Should level of data precede grid or should reverse be true? Different centers maintain their servers for different purposes, and the order this information appears has a significant effect on the ease or difficulty of retrieving the information contained. A brief review of some FTP servers suggests that while there is considerable commonality with respect to the information elements they use, there is no commonality regarding how these information elements are assembled into directory and file names. *The group felt that consensus would be difficult to reach on this point, and the standards must therefore permit the center maintaining the server to decide the order of the information elements.*

Length of Directory and File Names: If we adopt the position of using convenient UNIX constructs to create user-friendly directory and file names, the issue of how many characters are allowed for the directory and file names must be addressed. Long file names can be made more user friendly than short ones. However, different server implementations have different restrictions. A quite small sample revealed permissible file name lengths from 14 characters to over a thousand. Lengths of 14 characters leave precious little opportunity to create user-friendly file names.

Composition of Information Elements: A decision to rely more heavily on alphabetic rather than numeric information elements carries with it the challenge of reaching agreement on what the alphabetic entrees should be. This will be particularly challenging when complete common-usage names must be abbreviated in the interests of compactness.

Number of Directory Levels: Different servers may also permit different numbers of directory levels. Once the type of information to be contained in the revised standards is established, the number of directory levels and the number of characters allowed in the directory and file names could be considered. *However, as no consensus is likely to exist on this point either, the revised standards must also allow the center maintaining the server to decide the number of directory levels and the lengths of the directory and file names.*

3. The Current Evolution of the Directory and File Naming Standards for FTP Servers

In light of the past experience, the group felt revised standards should incorporate several basic features.

First, the individual information elements that comprise the standards must be nationally coordinated with respect to their form and content.

Second, except for insisting the server location be the first directory level, the centers responsible for the servers should be allowed to assemble these information elements into directory and file names as needed.

Third, use should be made of alphabetic or alphanumeric entrees whenever possible.

Fourth, the individual information elements should be of limited but fixed length.

Fifth, the allowable character set should be restricted to A-Z, a-z, 0-9, period (.), underscore (_), and hyphen (-).

Sixth, an allowable ". character string" at the file name level only as an extension to the file for potential processing by standard commercial software applications. The normal extensions expected to be used are ".bin", ".txt", ".pdf", ".html", ".xml", ".gif", ".jpg", ".xls", ".doc", etc as they become commonly available within the industry. They will not have "element IDs" as defined within this standard.

One method of allowing centers to assemble the information elements as they wish, yet ensure the information elements can always be uniquely identified, is to first consider each information element to consist of an **element ID** - made up of two letters followed by a period - and element information. This would ensure unique identification of which information element(s) each directory and file name entry consists of yet allow the needed flexibility. Second, each directory and file name should be allowed to consist of several information elements connected by an underscore. Finally, use of the dash should be reserved for indicating that the information element is a spatial or temporal interval. The following description of the individual elements adheres to these basic principles and represents the current evolution of our efforts:

ELEMENT NAME ELEMENT ID

{[SL](#)|sl}.ccnnnsss ==> server location

===== ROOT =====

{[AR](#)|ar}.a...a ==> area of data

{[BC](#)|bc}.x ==> bufr collectives

{[BS](#)|bs}.aaaaa ==> bufr stations

{[CU](#)|cu}.lllll ==>customer

{[CS](#)|cs}.aaaa ==>center supplier

{[CY](#)|cy}.hh ==> cycle of run

{[DC](#)|dc}.ccc(ccc) ==> data category

{[DD](#)|dd}.yyyymmdd ==> data date

{[DE](#)|df}.ff(f)(.fff) ==> data format

{[DO](#)|do}.dddd ==> documents

{[DP](#)|dp}.yy1mm1dd1-yy2mm2dd2 ==> data date period

{[DS](#)|ds}.sss(sss) ==> data subcategory

{[DT](#)|dt}.{hhnnss|aaaaaa} ==> data time

{[FD](#)|fd}.cc(c) ==> flow direction

{[FH](#)|fh}.hhh(c) ==> forecast hour

{[GP](#)|gp}.ppppp(pppp) ==> generating process

{[GR](#)|gr}.gggggggg ==> grid

{[GT](#)|gt}.gg(gg) ==> guidance type

{[LV](#)|lv}.sddddd grid ==> level of data

{[LY](#)|ly}.sddddd1-sddddd2 ==> layer of data

{[MR](#)|mr}.rrr ==> run of model

{[MS](#)|ms}.ss(ssss) ==> model subcategory

{[MT](#)|mt}.mmm(mm) ==> type of model

{[NS](#)|ns}.xxx(xxxxxxxxxxx) ==> name of storm

{[PA](#)|pa}.pppppppp ==> parameter

{[PT](#)|pt}.pppp ==> product type

{[RD](#)|rd}.yyyymmdd ==> reference date

{[RE](#)|re}.mm(mmmm) ==> resolution type

{[RT](#)|rt}.hhnnss ==> reference time

{[SD](#)|sd}.ccnnnxxx ==> server directory tree

{[SE](#)|sf}.hhnnss ==>stat file

{[SI](#)|si}.aa(aaaaaaa) ==> data site

{[SN](#)|sn}.xx(xx) ==> sequence number

{[ST](#)|st}.ssss ==> status of data files

{[TB](#)|tb}.tttt ==> tables

{[TE](#)|te}.ddhhnnss ==> time written

{[TL](#)|tl}.tttt ==> type of level or layer

{TP|tp}.hh1nn1-hh2nn2 ==> data time period

EXAMPLES

In the above, the notation {a|b} indicates a choice may be made to use either "a" or "b". The convention suggested is to use upper case when the information element is used in a directory name and lower case when the information element is used in a file name. The specific description of these information elements is given in Annex 1. It should be noted that the above list of information elements is not exhaustive, and more can be anticipated to be needed. Furthermore, several tables described in Annex 1 are incomplete and others will need to be developed and maintained by the center responsible for the server.

As a *first* example, the US National Centers for Environmental Prediction (NCEP) might choose to assemble the above information elements into following directory and file naming configuration for observational data:

**/(server location)/(reference date)/(reference time)/(generating process)/(data time period)/
(area of data)_(data format)_(data category)_(data subcategory)**

Symbolically, this would appear as:

/SL.ccnns/RT.hhnnss/GP.pppp/TP.hh1nn1-hh2nn2/ ar.aaaaaaa_df.ff_dc.cccc_ds.ssss

A file of radiosonde observations from fixed land sites for the period from 3 hours prior to 2 hours 59 minutes after a reference date/time of 8 December, 1997/1200 UTC stored in BUFR on the NCEP DDBs server would then appear as:

/SL.us007003/RD.19971208/RT.120000/GP.obvns/TP.0300-0259/ar.allglobe_df.bu_dc.vsndn_ds.raobf

Note that other centers would be free to organize their directory and file names for the same observational data with a different combination of information elements, or with the same information elements but in a different order.

As a *second* example, the US National Weather Service (NWS) might choose to assemble the above elements into following directory and file naming configuration for a specific observational data type:

/(server location)/(area of data)/(data format)/(data category)/(customer sequence number)

Symbolically, this would appear as:

/SL.ccnns/AR.aaaaaaa/DF.ff/DC.cccc/cu.llll_sn.xx(xx)

A file of surface synoptic data for the area of South America in WMO character code for use by a customer would appear as:

/SL.us008001/AR.wmora03/DF.an/DC.sfnd/cu.mitre_sn.01

Note this is the first "cu.mitre" file of the "DC.sfnd" data type subdirectory where there will be a number of sequences of sn=01 through sn=36, for 36 different file names under that subdirectory. This provides a way of generating files of data as they arrive at the communications switching center. As the definition of area is not yet defined here, this AR = wmo for World Meteorological Organization, ra for region, 03 for region number of South America, and l (lower case L) for continent specific area.

Stat File

The stat file is a mandatory file in the server root directory. This file contains the last new file(s) by file name written on the server from the time of the last written stat file. The stat file content structure would be defined by the center; however, a suggested form could be as follows.

CONTENT SAMPLE

do.code_tb.bufr.dd.19990821_te.24133002 = is a new file added to the stat file

where: {do.code_tb.bufr.dd.19990821} ==> Directory name(s) defined in Annex 1 "Optional Fields"

{TE|te} ==> Indicator for information element "Time written"

dd ==> day written

hh ==> hour written (on 24 hour clock)

nn ==> minutes written

ss ==> seconds written

This would represent an entry in the stat file of a document on BUFR code tables written on August 21, 1999 which was placed on the file server on day 24, hour 13, minute 30 and, second 02.

Server Directory Tree

The directory tree is a mandatory file in the server root directory which contains the directory structure of the server. The file content contains a list of all directory/sub-directory names from *highest to lowest* as defined by directory names from the Annex 1 listed "Selected IDs" that are directories defined on this file server. (See Annex 2)

Annex 1: Description of Directory and File Name Information Elements with element IDs

MANDATORY FIELDS**server location** ==> {SL|sl}.ccnnss

where

{SL|sl} ==> Indicator for information element "server location"

cc ==> country [FIPS standard 10-4]

nnn ==> center [WMO standard 306 Part II]{examples: 007 = NCEP/NCO; 008 = RTH Washington}

sss ==> sub-center [center defined]

server stat file ==> {SF|sf}.hhnnss or {STATx}

where

{SF|sf}or{STATx}==> Indicator for file status information

x ==> numeric value for multiple files

hh ==> hour

nn ==> minutes

ss ==> seconds

OPTIONAL FIELDS (Selected IDs and their order as determined by Center)**area of data** ==> {AR|ar}.a...a

where

{AR|ar} ==> Indicator for information element "area of data"

aaaaaaaa ==> is a string of eight characters. International coordination of a group of frequently-used areas would be useful.

aaaaaaaa = 8kmnst ==> 01 - 26 Geographic Locations

aaaaaaaaa = 8kmnst01 ==> PHI0=33.5N LAM0=121.0W,
 SW Corner=26.732N,127.602W NE Corner=39.859N, 113.312W
 aaaaaaaaa = 8kmnst02 ==> PHI0=32.0N LAM0=114.0W,
 SW Corner=25.242N,120.519W, NE Corner=38.373N, 106.474W
 aaaaaaaaa = 8kmnst03 ==> PHI0=31.0N LAM0=107.0W,
 SW Corner=24.429N,113.467W, NE Corner=37.381N, 99.575W
 aaaaaaaaa = 8kmnst04 ==> PHI0=30.0N LAM0=100.0W,
 SW Corner=23.255N,106.417W, NE Corner=36.389N, 92.671W
 aaaaaaaaa = 8kmnst05 ==> PHI0=30.0N LAM0=93.0W,
 SW Corner=23.255N, 99.417W, NE Corner=36.389N, 85.671W
 aaaaaaaaa = 8kmnst06 ==> PHI0=30.0N LAM0=86.0W,
 SW Corner=23.255N, 92.417W, NE Corner=36.389N, 78.671W
 aaaaaaaaa = 8kmnst07 ==> PHI0=29.0N LAM0=79.0W,
 SW Corner=22.261N, 85.717W, NE Corner=35.397N, 71.763W
 aaaaaaaaa = 8kmnst08 ==> PHI0=39.5N LAM0=125.0W,
 SW Corner=32.690N, 132.008W, NE Corner=45.800N, 116.530W
 aaaaaaaaa = 8kmnst09 ==> PHI0=39.5N LAM0=116.5W,
 SW Corner=32.690N, 123.508W, NE Corner=45.800N, 108.030W
 aaaaaaaaa = 8kmnst10 ==> PHI0=39.0N LAM0=108.0W,
 SW Corner=32.194N, 114.970W, NE Corner=45.305N, 99.605W
 aaaaaaaaa = 8kmnst11 ==> PHI0=37.5N LAM0=99.5W,
 SW Corner=30.705N, 106.359W, NE Corner=43.821N, 91.318W
 aaaaaaaaa = 8kmnst12 ==> PHI0=37.5N LAM0=91.0W,
 SW Corner=30.705N, 97.859W, NE Corner=43.821N, 82.818W
 aaaaaaaagggggggg = 8kmnst13 ==> PHI0=36.5N LAM0=83.0W,
 SW Corner=29.712N, 89.790W, NE Corner=43.831N, 74.951W
 aaaaaaaagggggggg = 8kmnst14 ==> PHI0=36.0N LAM0=75.0W,
 SW Corner=29.216N, 81.757W, NE Corner=42.336N, 67.015W
 aaaaaaaaa = 8kmnst15 ==> PHI0=46.0N LAM0=124.0W,
 SW Corner=39.138N, 131.608W, NE Corner=52.219N, 114.351W
 aaaaaaaaa = 8kmnst16 ==> PHI0=45.5N LAM0=115.0W,
 SW Corner=38.642N, 122.555W, NE Corner=51.726N, 105.457W
 aaaaaaaaa = 8kmnst17 ==> PHI0=45.0N LAM0=106.0W,
 SW Corner=38.146N, 113.503W, NE Corner=51.233N, 96.561W
 aaaaaaaaa = 8kmnst18 ==> PHI0=44.5N LAM0=97.0W,
 SW Corner=37.651N, 104.452W, NE Corner=50.740N, 87.662W
 aaaaaaaaa = 8kmnst19 ==> PHI0=44.0N LAM0=88.0W,
 SW Corner=37.155N, 95.403W, NE Corner=50.247N, 78.760W
 aaaaaaaaa = 8kmnst20 ==> PHI0=43.5N LAM0=79.0W,
 SW Corner=36.659N, 86.354W, NE Corner=49.753N, 69.855W
 aaaaaaaaa = 8kmnst21 ==> PHI0=43.0N LAM0=70.0W,
 SW Corner=36.163N, 77.307W, NE Corner=49.259N, 60.947W
 aaaaaaaaa = 8kmnst22 ==> PHI0=21.5N LAM0=157.0W,
 SW Corner=14.805N, 77.307W, NE Corner=49.259N, 60.947W
 aaaaaaaaa = 8kmnst23 ==> PHI0=61.0N LAM0=150.0W,
 SW Corner=53.965N, 160.053W, NE Corner=66.890N, 134.834W
 aaaaaaaaa = 8kmnst24 ==> PHI0=65.0N LAM0=147.5W,
 SW Corner=57.897N, 158.641W, NE Corner=70.724N, 129.377W

aaaaaaaa = 8kmnst25 ==> PHI0=58.5N LAM0=134.5W,
 SW Corner=51.501N, 143.995W, NE Corner=64.469N, 120.716W
 aaaaaaaa = 8kmnst26 ==> PHI0=18.5N LAM0=67.35W,
 SW Corner=11.822N, 73.372W, NE Corner=24.972N, 60.846W
 aaaaa = conus ==> Contiguous United States
 aaaaaaaa = alaska ==> Alaska
 aaaaaaaa = atl ==> Atlantic
 aaaaaaaa = cgrlake ==> Central Great Lakes
 aaaaaaaa = crmissvy ==> Central Mississippi Valley
 aaaaaaaa = crplains ==> Central Plains
 aaaaaaaa = crrocks ==> Central Rockies
 aaaaaaaa = domain ==> Alaska 10km, West 8km, East 8km, Central 8km, Hawaii 8km, Puerto Rico 8km
 aaaaaaaa = ergtrlak ==> East Great Lakes
 aaaaaaaa = guam ==> Guam
 aaaaaaaa = hawaii ==> Hawaii
 aaaaaaaa = midatlan ==> Middle Atlantic
 aaaaaaaa = neast ==> North East
 aaaaaaaa = nplains ==> North Plains
 aaaaaaaa = nrockies ==> North Rockies
 aaaaaaaa = octante ==> 0 - 355 E Northern Hemisphere
 aaaaaaaa = octantf ==> 0 - 355 E Southern Hemisphere
 aaaaaaaa = octanti ==> 30W - 60 E Northern Hemisphere
 aaaaaaaa = octantj ==> 60W - 150E Northern Hemisphere
 aaaaaaaa = octantk ==> 150E - 120W Northern Hemisphere
 aaaaaaaa = octantl ==> 120W - 30W Northern Hemisphere
 aaaaaaaa = octantm ==> 30W - 60E Southern Hemisphere
 aaaaaaaa = octantn ==> 60W - 150E Southern Hemisphere
 aaaaaaaa = octanto ==> 150E - 120W Southern Hemisphere
 aaaaaaaa = octantp ==> 120W - 30W Southern Hemisphere
 aaaaaaaa = pacnwest ==> Pacific North West
 aaaaaaaa = pacswest ==> Pacific South West
 aaaaaaaa = puertori ==> Puerto Rico
 aaaaaaaa = seast ==> South East
 aaaaaaaa = smissvly ==> South Mississippi Valley
 aaaaaaaa = splains ==> South Plains
 aaaaaaaa = srockies ==> South Rockies
 aaaaaaaa = umissvly ==> Upper Mississippi Valley

bufr collectives ==> {BC|bc}.x

where

{BC|bc} ==> Indicator for information element "bufr collectives"

x ==> 1-7 and 9

bufr station ==> {BS|bs}.aaaaa

where

{BS| bs} ==> Indicator for information element "bufr stations"

aaaaa ==> is the station number

x ==> 1-7 and 9

center supplier ==> {CS|cs}.aaaa

where

{CS| cs} ==> Indicator for information element "center supplier"

aaaa ==> is the center identifier.

aaaa ==> knes ==> NESDIS, National Environmental Satellite, Data, and Information Service (Supplies data to the NWS.)

Customer ==> {CU|cu}.lllll

where

{CU|cu} ==> Indicator of customer the file is established for

lllll = faa ==> Federal Aviation Administration
 lllll = fnoc ==> Fleet Numerical Oceanographic Center
 lllll = genrl ==> general purpose files (implies file content is not customer restricted)
 lllll = hads ==> Hydrometeorological Automated Data System
 lllll = hydro ==> Office of Hydrologic Development
 lllll = knhc ==> National Hurricane Center
 lllll = kwbc ==> RTH Washington
 lllll = mitre ==> company name
 lllll = ncdc ==> National Climatic Data Center
 lllll = oejd ==> WMO Regional Telecommunications Hub Jeddah, Saudia Arabia
 lllll = jpss ==> Joint Polar Satellite System
 lllll = srrs ==> NCDC records retention system
 lllll = usgs ==> US Geological Survey

cycle of run ==> {CY|cy}.hh

where

{CY|cy} ==> Indicator for information element "cycle of run"

hh(hh) ==> cycle time in hours or minutes (see time of data - FM 92-X Ext. GRIB Section 1, Octet 16 & 17)

data category ==> {DC|dc}.ccc(ccc)

where

{DC|dc} ==> Indicator for information element "data category"

cc = ua ==> Upper Air

ccc = cap ==> Alert messages in Common Alerting Protocol XML

ccc = mos ==> Model Output Statistics (MOS) guidance

cccc = adst ==> Advective Statistical Forecast Guidance

cccc = etss ==> extratropical storm surge forecasts

cccc = icao ==> IWXMM World Meteorological Organization (WMO)/International Civil Aviation organization (ICAO)

cccc = lamp ==> Local AWIPS MOS Program (LAMP) Data

cccc = ndfd ==> National Digital Forecasts Database

cccc = snoc ==> Snow Cover Product

cccc = traj ==> Trajectory Model Data

cccc = altyp ==> All types of data category

cccc = avspt ==> Aviation support products

cccc = awips ==> Special Products to Support AWIPS

cccc = cloum ==> Cloud Mask Product

cccc = gsati ==> GOES Satellite Imagery

cccc = radar ==> above Surface data - radar imagery

cccc = satim ==> upper atmosphere data - satellite imagery

cccc = sflnd ==> Surface data - land

cccc = sfmar ==> Surface data - sea

cccc = sfsat ==> Surface data - satellite

cccc = sluan ==> Single level upper-air data - other than satellite

cccc = sluas ==> Single-level upper-air data - satellite

cccc = textf ==> textual format written products - warnings, advisories, forecasts, discussions

cccc = vsndn ==> Vertical sounding - other than satellite

cccc = vsnds ==> Vertical sounding - satellite

cccccc = ensmos ==> Ensemble Model Output Statistics (MOS) guidance

data date ==> {DD|dd}.yyyymm(dd)

where

{DD|dd} ==> Indicator for information element "data date"

yyyy ==> 4-digit Year

mm ==> month

dd ==> day (optional parameter)

data format ==> {DF|df}.ff(f)(.fff)

where

{DF|df} ==> Indicator for information element "data format" that optionally can take on a final file attribute to meet commercial extension standards (ie. gif,wpd,doc,jpg,pdf,etc.)

ff = an ==> WMO bulletins of alphanumeric data as GTS exchanged (ASCII)

ff = bb ==> WMO bulletins of binary fields in GRIB as GTS exchanged

ff = bf ==> WMO bulletins of binary fields in BUFR as GTS exchanged

ff = c5 ==> Data in character code form alphabet 5 (ASCII)

ff = f1 ==> CCITT T4-1D facsimile

ff = f2 ==> CCITT T4-2D facsimile

ff = gt ==> mixed information as exchanged on the GTS

ff = of ==> other U.S. data formats (source defined)

ff = rgb ==> U.S. Red Book Vector Graphics

ff = xt ==> files with extensions

fff = anf ==> Alphanumeric data - files

fff = buf ==> WMO BUFR (binary) - files

fff = crx ==> WMO CREX (ASCII character) - as GTS exchanged

fff = gr1 ==> WMO GRIB version 1 (binary) - files

fff = gr2 ==> WMO GRIB version 2 (binary) - files

fff = xml ==> WMO eXtensible Markup Language (XML)/Geography Markup Language (GML)

when ff = f1,

file name(s) = ttaaii.fax ==> First 6 characters of WMO Heading facsimile charts in T4 format

when ff = f1,

file name(s) = ttaaii.gif ==> First 6 characters of WMO Heading facsimile charts in GIF format

when ff = f1,

file name(s) = ttaaii.tif ==> First 6 characters of WMO Heading facsimile charts in TIFF format

documents ==> {DO|do}.dddd

where

{DO|do} ==> Indicator for information element "documents"
 dddd = code ==> data representation (code) form documents
 dddd = drft ==> draft documents
 dddd = prod ==> production documents
 dddd = tcom ==> telecommunications documents

data subcategory ==> {DS|ds}.ss(ssss)

where

{DS|ds} ==> Indicator for information element "data subcategory"

when cccc = adst,
 sssss = lghtg ==> Lightning
 sssss = precip ==> Precipitation
 sssss = svrst ==> Severe Storms

when ccccc = avspt,
 sssss = cipgb ==> Integrated Icing Detection Algorithm product for aviation
 sssss = cip20 ==> Aviation Support 20 KM Resolution Current Icing Potential Products
 sssss = fipgb ==> Forecast Icing Potential product for aviation
 sssss = gtggb ==> Graphical Turbulence Guidance for aviation
 sssss = ncwd ==> National Convective Weather Diagnostic for aviation
 sssss = ncwf ==> National Convective Weather Forecast for aviation
 sssss = sigwx ==> Aviation Support Significant Weather Products

when cccc = icao,
 ssssss = airmet ==> XML/GML ICAO - AIRMET
 sssss = metar ==> XML/GML ICAO - METAR
 ssssss = sigmet ==> XML/GML ICAO - SIGMET
 sssss = speci ==> XML/GML ICAO - SPECI
 sssss = tafst ==> XML/GML ICAO - TAF
 ssssss = tcasig ==> XML/GML ICAO - Tropical Cyclone Advisory
 ssssss = vaasig ==> XML/GML ICAO - Volcanic Ash Advisory

when cccc = ndfd,
 ss = td ==> Dew point Temperature
 ss = wx ==> Weather
 sss = qpf ==> Quantitative Precipitation Forecast
 sss = sky ==> Sky Cover
 ssss = maxt ==> Daytime Max Temperature
 ssss = mint ==> Nighttime Min Temperature
 ssss = snow ==> Snowfall Amount
 ssss = temp ==> Surface Temperature
 ssss = wdir ==> Wind Direction
 ssss = wspd ==> Wind Speed
 sssss = aespfi ==> Auto Estimator Satellite Precipitation Estimate
 sssss = fwdir ==> Free Air Wind Direction
 sssss = fwspd ==> Free Air Wind Speed
 sssss = ghwnd ==> GOES Satellite Derived High Density Winds
 sssss = gsnldr ==> GOES Satellite Derived Soundings
 sssss = miffa ==> Manual Interactive Flash Flood Analyzer
 sssss = phwnd ==> POES Satellite Derived High Density Winds
 sssss = pop12 ==> Probability of Precipitation (12 hour period)
 sssss = psndr ==> POES Satellite Derived Soundings
 sssss = wavwh ==> Wave Height

when ccccc = sfld,
 sssss = allsc ==> All sub-categories
 sssss = amosx ==> Aviation - AMOS
 sssss = asosx ==> Aviation - ASOS
 sssss = autob ==> Aviation - AUTOB
 sssss = autox ==> Aviation - AUTO(0-9)
 sssss = avnma ==> Aviation - manual
 sssss = awosx ==> Aviation - AWOS
 sssss = cipgb ==> Current Icing Analysis
 sssss = coavn ==> Synoptic - converted aviation
 sssss = coops ==> Cooperative - SHEF
 sssss = meson ==> Cooperative - MesoNet (various code forms)
 sssss = metar ==> Aviation - METAR
 sssss = ramos ==> Aviation - RAMOS
 sssss = sclim ==> Aviation - Supplementary Climate Data Report
 sssss = snotl ==> Cooperative - SNOTEL
 sssss = synop ==> Synoptic - manual and automatic
 sssss = tafst ==> Aviation - TAF (Terminal Area Forecast)

when ccccc = sfmar,
 sssss = allsc ==> All sub-categories

sssss = dbuoy ==> Drifting buoy
 sssss = lman ==> Land-based CMAN station
 sssss = mbuoy ==> Moored buoy
 sssss = oilrg ==> Oil rig or platform
 sssss = ships ==> Ship - manual and automatic
 sssss = slpbg ==> Sea level pressure bogus
 sssss = wavob ==> WAVEOB

when ccccc = vsndn,
 sssss = allsc ==> All sub-categories
 sssss = dropw ==> Dropwinsonde
 sssss = nxrdw ==> NEXRAD winds
 sssss = pibal ==> Pibal
 sssss = prflr ==> Profiler
 sssss = raobf ==> Rawinsonde - fixed land
 sssss = raobm ==> Rawinsonde - mobile land
 sssss = raobs ==> Rawinsonde - ship

when ccccc = vsnds,
 sssss = allsc ==> All sub-categories
 sssss = geost ==> Geostationary
 sssss = mstbg ==> Moisture bogus
 sssss = synsy ==> Sun synchronous
 sssss = tovsx ==> Polar orbiting - TOVS

when ccccc = sluan
 sssss = acars ==> ACARS
 sssss = airep ==> AIREP
 sssss = allsc ==> All sub-categories
 sssss = asdar ==> ASDAR
 sssss = pirep ==> PIREP
 sssss = recco ==> RECCO - flight level
 sssss = sigmt ==> SIGMET

when ccccc = sluas
 sssss = allsc ==> All sub-categories
 sssss = airmet ==> Airmen's Meteorological Information
 sssss = comeu ==> Winds derived from motion observed in a combination of spectral channels by EUMETSAT
 sssss = comin ==> Winds derived from motion observed in a combination of spectral channels by India
 sssss = comja ==> Winds derived from motion observed in a combination of spectral channels by Japan
 sssss = comus ==> Winds derived from motion observed in a combination of spectral channels by the U.S.
 sssss = h20eu ==> Winds derived from motion observed in water vapor channels by EUMETSAT
 sssss = h20in ==> Winds derived from motion observed in water vapor channels by India
 sssss = h20ja ==> Winds derived from motion observed in water vapor channels by Japan
 sssss = h20us ==> Winds derived from motion observed in water vapor channels by the U.S.
 sssss = infeu ==> Winds derived from cloud motion observed in infrared channels by EUMETSAT
 sssss = infin ==> Winds derived from cloud motion observed in infrared channels by India
 sssss = infja ==> Winds derived from cloud motion observed in infrared channels by Japan
 sssss = infus ==> Winds derived from cloud motion observed in infrared channels by the U.S.
 sssss = viseu ==> Winds derived from cloud motion observed in visible channels by EUMETSAT
 sssss = visin ==> Winds derived from cloud motion observed in visible channels by India
 sssss = visja ==> Winds derived from cloud motion observed in visible channels by Japan
 sssss = visus ==> Winds derived from cloud motion observed in visible channels by the U.S.

when ccccc = sfsat,
 sssss = allsc ==> All sub-categories
 ssssss = altika==> Ka-band Altimeter for the measuring of ocean surface topography
 sssss = clsr ==> Clear Sky Radiances
 sssss = csbt ==> Clear Sky Brightness
 sssss = cswv ==> Clear Sky Water Vapor Winds
 sssss = elrw ==> Expanded Low Resolution Winds
 sssss = ersal ==> ERS/Radar altimeter Data
 sssss = ersar ==> ERS/SAR
 sssss = erswn ==> ERS/scatterometer Wind
 sssss = gssd ==> GOES Sounder BUFR
 sssss = hdw ==> High Density Winds
 sssss = hrwv ==> High Resolution Visible Winds
 sssss = hrwv ==> High Resolution Water Vapour Wind
 sssss = qscat ==> Quick Scatterometer
 sssss = ssmie ==> SSM/I - Derived Products Environmental (EDR)
 sssss = ssmis ==> SSM/I - Derived Products Sensor (SDR)
 sssss = ssmit ==> SSM/I - Brightness Temperatures (TDR)
 sssss = ssstns ==> DOC/NESDIS sea surface temperatures
 sssss = ssstnv ==> DOD/Navy sea surface temperatures
 sssss = swind ==> Satellite Wind Products

when ccccc = satim,
 sssss = satir ==> Satellite Infrared imagery
 sssss = satvs ==> Satellite visible imagery
 sssss = satvp ==> Satellite water vapor imagery

when ccccc = gsati,

sssss = goese ==> GOES East coverage for the CONUS
sssss = goesw ==> GOES West coverage for the Eastern Pacific and Western half of the CONUS
sssss = gwflf ==> GOES West full disk coverage for the Pacific and CONUS

when ccccc = radar,
sssss = 134il ==> 134/DVL Digital Vertical Integrated Liquid
sssss = 135et ==> 135/EET Enhanced Echo Tops
sssss = 138dp ==> 138/DSP Digital Storm Total Precipitation
sssss = 141md ==> 141/MD Data Subcategory: Mesocyclone
sssss = 152rs ==> 152/ASP Archive III Status Product
sssss = 159x0 ==> 159/DZD Digital Differential Reflectivity (angle = 0.5°)
sssss = 159x1 ==> 159/DZD Digital Differential Reflectivity (angle = 1.3°/1.5°)
sssss = 159x2 ==> 159/DZD Digital Differential Reflectivity (angle = 2.4°/2.5°)
sssss = 159x3 ==> 159/DZD Digital Differential Reflectivity (angle = 3.1°/3.4°/3.5°)
sssss = 159xa ==> 159/DZD Digital Differential Reflectivity (angle = 0.9°)
sssss = 159xb ==> 159/DZD Digital Differential Reflectivity (angle = 1.8°)
sssss = 161c0 ==> 161/DCC Digital Correlation Coefficient (angle = 0.5°)
sssss = 161c1 ==> 161/DCC Digital Correlation Coefficient (angle = 1.3°/1.5°)
sssss = 161c2 ==> 161/DCC Digital Correlation Coefficient (angle = 2.4°/2.5°)
sssss = 161c3 ==> 161/DCC Digital Correlation Coefficient (angle = 3.1°/3.4°/3.5°)
sssss = 161ca ==> 161/DCC Digital Correlation Coefficient (angle = 0.9°)
sssss = 161cb ==> 161/DCC Digital Correlation Coefficient (angle = 1.8°)
sssss = 163k0 ==> 163/DKD Digital Specific Differential Phase (angle = 0.5°)
sssss = 163k1 ==> 163/DKD Digital Specific Differential Phase (angle = 1.3°/1.5°)
sssss = 163k2 ==> 163/DKD Digital Specific Differential Phase (angle = 2.4°/2.5°)
sssss = 163k3 ==> 163/DKD Digital Specific Differential Phase (angle = 3.1°/3.4°/3.5°)
sssss = 163ka ==> 163/DKD Digital Specific Differential Phase (angle = 0.9°)
sssss = 163kb ==> 163/DKD Digital Specific Differential Phase (angle = 1.8°)
sssss = 165h0 ==> 165/DHC Digital Hydrometeor Classification (angle = 0.5°)
sssss = 165h1 ==> 165/DHC Digital Hydrometeor Classification (angle = 1.3°/1.5°)
sssss = 165h2 ==> 165/DHC Digital Hydrometeor Classification (angle = 2.4°/2.5°)
sssss = 165h3 ==> 165/DHC Digital Hydrometeor Classification (angle = 3.1°/3.4°/3.5°)
sssss = 165ha ==> 165/DHC Digital Hydrometeor Classification (angle = 0.9°)
sssss = 165hb ==> 165/DHC Digital Hydrometeor Classification (angle = 1.8°)
sssss = 166m0 ==> 166/ML Melting Layer (angle = 0.5°)
sssss = 166m1 ==> 166/ML Melting Layer (angle = 1.3°/1.5°)
sssss = 166m2 ==> 166/ML Melting Layer (angle = 2.4°/2.5°)
sssss = 166m3 ==> 166/ML Melting Layer (angle = 3.1°/3.4°/3.5°)
sssss = 166ma ==> 166/ML Melting Layer (angle = 0.9°)
sssss = 166mb ==> 166/ML Melting Layer (angle = 1.8°)
sssss = 169oh ==> 169/OHA One Hour Accum
sssss = 170aa ==> 170/DAA Dig. Accum Array (unbiased)
sssss = 171st ==> 171/STA Storm Total Accum
sssss = 172dt ==> 172/DSA Dig. Storm Total Accum
sssss = 173u1 ==> 173/DUA Dig. User-Selectable Accum: 3hr/hrly
sssss = 173u3 ==> 173/DUA Dig. User-Selectable Accum: 24hr/12Z
sssss = 174od ==> 174/DOD Dig. One Hour Difference Accum
sssss = 175sd ==> 175/DSD Dig. Storm Total Difference Accum
sssss = 176pr ==> 176/DPR Digital Inst. Precip. Rate (in/hr)
sssss = 177hh ==> 177/HHC Hybrid Scan Hydrometeor Classification
sssss = 181r0 ==> 181/R Base reflectivity - 48 nmi Range (angle = 0.1°-0.8°)
sssss = 181r1 ==> 181/R Base reflectivity - 48 nmi Range (angle = 1.0°)
sssss = 181r2 ==> 181/R Base reflectivity - 48 nmi Range (angle = 1.6°-3.7°)
sssss = 182v0 ==> 182/DV Base Radial Velocity - 48 nmi Range (angle = 0.1°-0.8°)
sssss = 182v1 ==> 182/DV Base Radial Velocity - 48 nmi Range (angle = 1.0°)
sssss = 182v2 ==> 182/DV Base Radial Velocity - 48 nmi Range (angle = 1.6°-3.7°)
sssss = 186zl ==> 186/DR Long Range reflectivity - 248 nmi Range (angle = 0.6°)
sssss = 32dhr ==> 32/DHR Digital Hybrid Reflectivity
sssss = 34cf1 ==> 34/CFC Clutter Filter Control (Segment 1)
sssss = 34cf2 ==> 34/CFC Clutter Filter Control (Segment 2)
sssss = 34cf3 ==> 34/CFC Clutter Filter Control (Segment 3)
sssss = 34cf4 ==> 34/CFC Clutter Filter Control (Segment 4)
sssss = 34cf5 ==> 34/CFC Clutter Filter Control (Segment 5)
sssss = 48vwp ==> 48/VWP Velocity Azimuth Display (VAD) Wind Profile
sssss = 56rm0 ==> 56/SRM Storm Relative Mean radial velocity map (angle = 0.5°)
sssss = 56rm1 ==> 56/SRM Storm Relative Mean radial velocity map (angle = 1.3°/1.5°)
sssss = 56rm2 ==> 56/SRM Storm Relative Mean radial velocity map (angle = 2.4°/2.5°)
sssss = 56rm3 ==> 56/SRM Storm Relative Mean radial velocity map (angle = 3.1°/3.4°/3.5°)
sssss = 57vil ==> 57/VIL Vertical Integrated Liquid
sssss = 58sti ==> 58/STI Storm Tracking Information
sssss = 61tvs ==> 61/TVS Tornadic Vortex Signature
sssss = 65lrm ==> 65/LRM Layer Composite Reflectivity Maximum (low)
sssss = 66lrm ==> 66/LRM Layer Composite Reflectivity Maximum (middle)
sssss = 67apr ==> 67/APR Layer Composite Reflectivity with AP removed
sssss = 74rcm ==> 74/RCM Radar Coded message
sssss = 75ftm ==> 75/FTM Free Text message
sssss = 78ohp ==> 78/OHP Surface rainfall accums - one hr
sssss = 79thp ==> 79/THP Surface rainfall accums - three hr
sssss = 80stp ==> 80/STP Surface rainfall accums - storm total
sssss = 81dpa ==> 81/DPA Hourly digital precip array
sssss = 81dpr ==> 81/DPA Hourly digital precip array
sssss = 82spd ==> 82/SPD Supplemental precip data
sssss = 90lrm ==> 90/LRM Layer composite reflectivity max - high level

sssss = p19r0 ==> 19/R Base reflectivity - 124 nmi Range (angle = 0.5°)
sssss = p19r1 ==> 19/R Base reflectivity - 124 nmi Range (angle = 1.3°/1.5°)
sssss = p19r2 ==> 19/R Base reflectivity - 124 nmi Range (angle = 2.4°/2.5°)
sssss = p19r3 ==> 19/R Base reflectivity - 124 nmi Range (angle = 3.1°/3.4°/3.5°)
sssss = p20-r ==> 20/R Base reflectivity - 248 nmi Range (angle = 0.5°)
sssss = p25-v ==> 25/V Base Radial Velocity - 32 nmi Range (angle = 0.5°)
sssss = p27v0 ==> 27/V Base Radial Velocity - 124 nmi Range (angle = 0.5°)
sssss = p27v1 ==> 27/V Base Radial Velocity - 124 nmi Range (angle = 1.3°/1.5°)
sssss = p27v2 ==> 27/V Base Radial Velocity - 124 nmi Range (angle = 2.4°/2.5°)
sssss = p27v3 ==> 27/V Base Radial Velocity - 124 nmi Range (angle = 3.1°/3.4°/3.5°)
sssss = p28sw ==> 28/SW Base spectrum Width - 32 nmi Range (angle = 0.5°)
sssss = p2gsm ==> 2/GSM general status of the the radar message
sssss = p30sw ==> 30/SW Base Spectrum Width - 124 nmi Range (angle = 0.5°)
sssss = p36cr ==> 36/CR Composite Reflectivity - 8 levels, 248 nmi range
sssss = p37cr ==> 37/CR Composite Reflectivity - 16 levels, 124 nmi range
sssss = p38cr ==> 38/CR Composite Reflectivity - 16 levels, 248 nmi range
sssss = p41et ==> 41/ET Echo Tops
sssss = p59hi ==> 59/HI Hail Index
sssss = p60-m ==> 60/M Mesocyclone
sssss = p62ss ==> 62/SS Storm Structure
sssss = p94r0 ==> 94/DR Base reflectivity - 248 nmi Range (angle = 0.5°)
sssss = p94r1 ==> 94/DR Base reflectivity - 248 nmi Range (angle = 1.3°/1.5°)
sssss = p94r2 ==> 94/DR Base reflectivity - 248 nmi Range (angle = 2.4°/2.5°)
sssss = p94r3 ==> 94/DR Base reflectivity - 248 nmi Range (angle = 3.1°/3.4°/3.5°)
sssss = p94ra ==> 94/DR Base reflectivity - 248 nmi Range (angle = 0.9°)
sssss = p94rb ==> 94/DR Base reflectivity - 248 nmi Range (angle = 1.8°)
sssss = p99v0 ==> 99/DV Base Radial Velocity - 162 nmi Range (angle = 0.5°)
sssss = p99v1 ==> 99/DV Base Radial Velocity - 162 nmi Range (angle = 1.3°/1.5°)
sssss = p99v2 ==> 99/DV Base Radial Velocity - 162 nmi Range (angle = 2.4°/2.5°)
sssss = p99v3 ==> 99/DV Base Radial Velocity - 162 nmi Range (angle = 3.1°/3.4°/3.5°)
sssss = p99va ==> 99/DV Base Radial Velocity - 162 nmi Range (angle = 0.9°)
sssss = p99vb ==> 99/DV Base Radial Velocity - 162 nmi Range (angle = 1.8°)

where ccc = mos

sss = fwc ==> short-range guidance based on the NGM model
sss = mav ==> short-range guidance based on the Global Forecast System (GFS)
sss = mcg ==> MOS Coop Forecasts from the Global Forecast System (GFS)
sss = mcx ==> MOS Coop Forecasts from the extended GFS Global Forecast System (GFS)
sss = met ==> short-range guidance based on the Global Forecast System (GFS)
sss = mex ==> extended-range guidance based on the Global Forecast System (GFS)
sssss = fmfrfo ==> forecast medium-range guidance WMO Header developed in the 1990's
sssss = fmfrjs ==> buffer forecast medium-range guidance WMO Header developed in the 1990's
sssss = fwcaf ==> short-range guidance for Air Force based on the NGM model
sssss = fwcfco ==> short-range guidance WMO Header based on the NGM model
sssss = fwfjs ==> buffer short-range guidance WMO Header based on the NGM model
sssss = mavaf ==> short-range guidance for Air Force based on the Global Forecast System (GFS)
sssss = mavak ==> short-range guidance for Alaska based on the Global Forecast System (GFS)
sssss = mavfo ==> short-range guidance WMO Header based on the Global Forecast System (GFS)
sssss = mavjs ==> buffer short-range guidance WMO Header based on the Global Forecast System (GFS)
sssss = metak ==> short-range guidance for Alaska based on the Global Forecast System (GFS)
sssss = metjs ==> buffer short-range guidance based on the Global Forecast System (GFS)
sssss = mexaf ==> extended-range for Air Force guidance based on the Global Forecast System (GFS)
sssss = mexak ==> extended-range for Alaska guidance based on the Global Forecast System (GFS)
sssss = mexfe ==> extended-range guidance WMO Header based on the Global Forecast System (GFS)
sssss = mexjs ==> buffer extended-range guidance WMO Header based on the Global Forecast System (GFS)
ssssss = mavcns ==> short-range guidance for CONUS based on the Global Forecast System (GFS)
ssssss = mavsvr ==> short-range thunderstorm and severe thunderstorm guidance based on the Global Forecast System (GFS)
ssssss = metcns ==> short-range guidance for the CONUS based on the Global Forecast System (GFS)
ssssss = metsvr ==> short-range thunderstorm and severe thunderstorm guidance based on the Global Forecast System (GFS)
ssssss = mexcns ==> extended-range for the CONUS guidance based on the Global Forecast System (GFS)
ssssss = mexsvr ==> extended-range thunderstorm guidance based on the Global Forecast System (GFS)

where cccccc = ensmos

sssss = c0mex ==> extended-range guidance based on the control run of the global ensemble
sssss = n1mex ==> extended-range guidance based on the 1st negative perturbation of the global ensemble
sssss = n2mex ==> extended-range guidance based on the 2nd negative perturbation of the global ensemble
sssss = n3mex ==> extended-range guidance based on the 3rd negative perturbation of the global ensemble
sssss = n4mex ==> extended-range guidance based on the 4th negative perturbation of the global ensemble
sssss = n5mex ==> extended-range guidance based on the 5th negative perturbation of the global ensemble
sssss = p1mex ==> extended-range guidance based on the 1st positive perturbation of the global ensemble
sssss = p2mex ==> extended-range guidance based on the 2nd positive perturbation of the global ensemble
sssss = p3mex ==> extended-range guidance based on the 3rd positive perturbation of the global ensemble
sssss = p4mex ==> extended-range guidance based on the 4th positive perturbation of the global ensemble
sssss = p5mex ==> extended-range guidance based on the 5th positive perturbation of the global ensemble

where cccc = traj

sssss = ftjfo ==> FOUS trajectory forecast WMO Header

where cccc = etss

sss = mrpfq ==> techniques development laboratory marine product WMO Header
sss = ssak ==> storm surge forecasts for Alaska
sss = ssar ==> storm surge forecasts for the Artic coast of Alaska

ssss = ssec ==> storm surge forecasts for the East Coast
ssss = ssgm ==> storm surge forecasts for the Gulf of Mexico
ssss = sswc ==> storm surge forecasts for the West Coast

when ccccc = textf,
sssss = 30lfe ==> Average Monthly Weather Outlook (local)
sssss = afdx ==> Area Forecast Discussion
sssss = afpl ==> Area Forecast Product
sssss = agffn ==> Agricultural Forecast
sssss = apgae ==> Air Stagnation Guidance Narrative
sssss = aqiae ==> Air Quality Index statement
sssss = asaae ==> Air Stagnation Advisory
sssss = awgwo ==> National Attack Warning
sssss = awsaw ==> Area Weather Summary
sssss = awufl ==> Area Weather Update
sssss = awwww ==> Aviation Weather Warning
sssss = cccfp ==> Coded City Forecast
sssss = cfwwh ==> Coastal Flood Warnings, Watches or Statements
sssss = clicd ==> Climatological Report (Daily)
sssss = clmcx ==> Climatological Report (Misc, Inc monthly reports)
sssss = cwfz ==> Coastal Waters Forecast
sssss = cf6cx ==> WFO Daily Climate WEB Page Messages
sssss = ddoau ==> Daily Dispersion Outlook
sssss = efpfe ==> 3 to 5 day extended Forecast
sssss = eolfe ==> Average 6 to 10 day weather outlook (local)
sssss = eonfe ==> Average 6 to 10 day weather outlook (national)
sssss = egrse ==> Earthquake report
sssss = esffg ==> Flood Potential outlook
sssss = essfg ==> Water Supply Outlook
sssss = fa0fa ==> Aviation Area Forecast(Pacific)
sssss = fa1fa ==> Aviation Area Forecast (Northeast U.S.)
sssss = fa2fa ==> Aviation Area Forecast (Southeast U.S.)
sssss = fa3fa ==> Aviation Area Forecast (North Central U.S.)
sssss = fa4fa ==> Aviation Area Forecast(South Central U.S.)
sssss = fa5fa ==> Aviation Area Forecast (U.S. Rocky Mountains)
sssss = fa6fa ==> Aviation Area Forecast (U.S. West Cost)
sssss = fa7fa ==> Aviation Area Forecast (Juneau, Alaska)
sssss = fa8fa ==> Aviation Area Forecast (Anchorage, Alaska)
sssss = fa9fa ==> Aviation Area Forecast (Fairbanks, Alaska)
sssss = fdifn ==> Fire Danger Indices
sssss = ffawg ==> Flash Flood Watch
sssss = ffgfo ==> Flash Flood Guidance
sssss = ffhfo ==> Headwater Guidance
sssss = ffswg ==> Flash Flood Statement
sssss = ffwwg ==> Flash Flood Warning
sssss = flnfg ==> National Flood Summary
sssss = flswg ==> Flood Statement
sssss = flwwg ==> Flood Warning
sssss = fssfg ==> Urban and Small Stream Flood Advisory
sssss = fwdfn ==> Fire Weather Outlook Discussion
sssss = fwefe ==> Extended Fire Weather Outlook
sssss = fwffn ==> Routine Fire WX FCST(with/without 6-10 day outlook)
sssss = fwlfm ==> Land Management Forecasts
sssss = fwmfn ==> Miscellaneous Fire Weather Product
sssss = fwfnsh ==> Fire Weather Notification
sssss = fwsfn ==> Suppression Forecast
sssss = glffz ==> Great Lakes Forecast
sssss = glofz ==> Great Lakes Storm Outlook
sssss = glsww ==> Great Lakes Storm Summary
sssss = hcmng ==> Hydrometeorological Coordination Message
sssss = hlswt ==> Hurricane Local Statement
sssss = hsfz ==> High Seas Forecast
sssss = hwofl ==> Hazardous Weather Outlook
sssss = hydsx ==> Daily Hydrometeorological Products
sssss = hymcs ==> Monthly Hydrometeorological Plain Language Product
sssss = hywcw ==> Weekly Hydrometeorological Plain Language Product
sssss = icefz ==> Ice Forecast
sssss = iobsv ==> Ice Observation
sssss = lfpfl ==> Local Forecast
sssss = lshwh ==> Lakeshore Warning or Statement
sssss = lsrnw ==> Local Storm Report
sssss = mapag ==> Mean Areal Precipitation
sssss = mawfz ==> Amended Marine Forecast
sssss = misax ==> Miscellaneous Local Product
sssss = mrpag ==> Techniques Development Laboratory Marine Product
sssss = mwsfz ==> Marine Weather Statement
sssss = nowfp ==> Short Term Forecast
sssss = npwww ==> Non-Precipitation Warnings, Watches, Advisories
sssss = nshfz ==> Nearshore Marine Forecast / Surf Forecast
sssss = offz ==> Offshore Forecast
sssss = opufp ==> Other Public Products
sssss = oswag ==> Ocean Surface Winds
sssss = pbffn ==> Prescribed Burn Forecast

sssss = pnsno ==> Public Information Statement
 sssss = psmfx ==> Prognostic Snow Melt
 sssss = psnac ==> Post Storm Hurricane Report
 sssss = pwowo ==> Public Severe Weather Outlook
 sssss = rdffo ==> Revised Digital Forecast
 sssss = recsx ==> Recreational Report
 sssss = rersx ==> Record Report
 sssss = rfdn ==> Rangeland Fire Danger Forecast
 sssss = rfwww ==> Red Flag Warning
 sssss = rtpas ==> Regional Max/Min Temp and Precipitation table
 sssss = rvasr ==> River Summary
 sssss = rvffg ==> River Forecast
 sssss = rvifi ==> River Ice Statement
 sssss = rvmsr ==> Miscellaneous River Product
 sssss = rvrfg ==> River Recreation Statement
 sssss = rvsfg ==> River Statement
 sssss = rwsaw ==> Regional Weather Summary
 sssss = rzffp ==> Regional Zone Forecast
 sssss = sabww ==> Snow Avalanche Bulletin
 sssss = saffn ==> Speci Agri Wx Fcst/Advisory/Flying Farmer FCST Outlook
 sssss = sagfw ==> Snow Avalanche Guidance
 sssss = sccac ==> Storm Summary
 sssss = scdcx ==> Supplementary Climatological Data (ASOS)
 sssss = scsfp ==> XML Selected Cities Summary
 sssss = sdsfu ==> Special Dispersion Statement
 sssss = selww ==> Severe Local Storm watch and watch Cancellation Msg
 sssss = sfdx ==> State Forecast Discussion
 sssss = sfpfp ==> State Forecast
 sssss = sftfp ==> Tabular State Forecast
 sssss = sgwfa ==> Plain Language Significant Weather Forecast
 sssss = slsww ==> Severe Local Storm Watch and Areal Outline
 sssss = smaww ==> Marine Subtropical Storm Advisory
 sssss = smffn ==> Smoke Management Weather Forecast
 sssss = smwwh ==> Special Marine Warning
 sssss = spfwt ==> Storm Strike Probability Bulletin (TPC)
 sssss = spsww ==> Special Weather Statement
 sssss = stdat ==> Satellite Tropical Disturbance Summary
 sssss = stosx ==> Road Condition Reports (State Agencies)
 sssss = stpas ==> State Max/Min Temperature and Precipitation Table
 sssss = svrwu ==> Severe Thunderstorm Warning
 sssss = svsww ==> Severe Weather Statement
 sssss = swoac ==> Severe Storm Outlook Narrative (AC)
 sssss = swras ==> State Weather Roundup
 sssss = swsaw ==> State Weather Summary
 sssss = tavfp ==> Travelers Forecast Table
 sssss = tcakf ==> Tropical Cyclone Advisory
 sssss = tcdwt ==> Tropical Cyclone Discussion
 sssss = tcewt ==> Tropical Cyclone Position Estimate
 sssss = tcmwt ==> Msrine/Aviation Tropical Cyclone Advisory
 sssss = tcpwt ==> Public Tropical Cyclone Advisory
 sssss = tcstx ==> Satellite Tropical Cyclone Summary
 sssss = tcuwt ==> Tropical Cyclone Update
 sssss = tidso ==> Tide Report
 sssss = torwf ==> Tornado Warning
 sssss = tsmse ==> Tsunami Tide/Seismic Message
 sssss = tsuwe ==> Tsunami Watch/Warning
 sssss = tvlfp ==> Travelers Forecast
 sssss = twdac ==> Tropical Weather Discussion
 sssss = twoac ==> Tropical Weather Outlook and Summary
 sssss = twsac ==> Tropical Weather Summary
 sssss = uviae ==> UltraViolet Index
 sssss = vaafv ==> Volcanic Activity Advisory
 sssss = wcrax ==> Weekly Weather and Crop Report
 sssss = wdacx ==> Weekly Data For Agriculture
 sssss = wswww ==> Winter Weather Warnings, Watches, Advisories
 sssss = xforx3 ==> XML Three day Extended Forecast National Highs/Lows
 sssss = xforx7 ==> XML Seven day Extended Forecast National Highs/Lows
 sssss = xobrx ==> XML Coded Cities Forecast
 sssss = zfpfp ==> Zone Forecast Product

when ccccc = altyp,

sssss = (not used)

data site ==> {SI|si}.aaaa

where

{SI|si} ==> Indicator for information element "data site"

aaa(a) ==> is a string of three or four characters indicating the name of the site.

aaa(a) = kwal ==> Wallops Island, Wallops Command and Data Acquisition Station

aaa(a) = que ==> CMC, Quebec CANADA
 aaa(a) = xft ==> Franktown, CANADA

data time ==> {DT|dt}.{hhnnss|a...a}

where

{DT|dt} ==> Indicator for information element "data time"
 hh ==> hour
 nn ==> minute
 ss ==> second
 aaaaaa ==> textual description (ie. latest)

data time period ==> {TP|tp}.hh1nn1-hh2nn2

where

{TP|tp} ==> Indicator for information element "data date period"
 hh1 ==> number of hours (00-99) before reference date/time data time period begins
 nn1 ==> number of minutes (00-99) before reference date/time data time period begins
 hh2 ==> number of hours (00-99) after reference date/time data time period ends
 nn2 ==> number of minutes (00-99) after reference date/time data time period ends

Flow Direction ==> {FD|fd}.cc(c)

where

{FD|fd} ==> Indicator for the file communications flow direction

cc(c) = in ==> incoming data on file server
 cc(c) = out ==> outgoing data on file server

forecast hour ==> {FH|fh}.hhhh(c)

where

{FH|fh} ==> Indicator for information element "forecast hour"
 hhhh = afhr ==> all forecast hours
 hhhh = anal ==> analysis
 hhhh = #### ==> forecast hour (such as 1200 UTC forecast, 1500 UTC forecast)
 hhhh = #####i ==> forecast hour index file
 hhhh = anali ==> analysis index file

generating process ==> {GP|gp}.pppppp(pppp)

where

{GP|gp} ==> Indicator for information element "generating process"

pppppp = agrids ==> analysis grids
 pppppp = agrphs ==> analysis graphics
 pppppp = discsn ==> discussions
 pppppp = fgrids ==> forecast grids
 pppppp = fgrphs ==> forecast graphics
 pppppp = forcst ==> forecast (general)
 pppppp = obsvns ==> observations
 pppppp = warngs ==> warnings
 pppppp = tractcf ==> tracker files

grid ==> {GR|gr}.gggggggg

where

{GR|gr} ==> Indicator for information element "grid"

gggggggg ==> is a string of eight characters indicating the grid used (table maintained by originating center). Multiple grids are indicated by setting gggggggg = allgrids. International coordination of a group of frequently-used grids would be useful.

guidance type ==> {GT|gt}.gg(gg)

where

{GT|gt} ==> Indicator for information element "guidance type"

gggg = rtma ==> real time mesoscale analysis grids

layer of data ==> {LY|ly}.s1ddddd1-s2ddddd2

where

{LY|ly} ==> Indicator for information element "layer of data"

{s1|s2} = h ==> height
 {s1|s2} = p ==> pressure
 {s1|s2} = s ==> sigma
 {s1|s2} = t ==> potential temperature
 dddd1 ==> value of lower surface of layer of type s1.
 dddd2 ==> value of upper surface of layer of type s2.
 (multiple layers are indicated by setting dddd1 = dddd2 = 99999)

level of data ==> {LV|lv}. sdddd

where

{LV|lv} ==> Indicator for information element "level of data"
 s = h ==> height
 s = p ==> pressure
 s = s ==> sigma
 s = t ==> potential temperature
 dddd ==> value of surface. Multiple levels are indicated by setting dddd = 99999.

model subcategory ==> {MS|ms}.ss(ssss)

where

{MS|ms} ==> Indicator for information element "model subcategory"
 ss(ssss) ==> is a string of two to six characters indicating the model subcategory.
 ss(ssss) = ocean ==> ocean

name of storm ==> {NS|ns}.xxx(xxxxxxxxxxx)

where

{NS|ns} = ==> Indicator for the name of storm
 xxx(xxxxxx) = ==> is a string of three or ten characters indicating the name of the storm.

parameter ==> {PA|pa}.pppppppp

where

{PA|pa} ==> Indicator for information element "parameter"
 pppppppp ==> is a string of eight characters or less indicating the parameter
 (table maintained by originating center)
 allparms ==> is multiple parameters
 ensmeans ==> is ensemble means
 membernn ==> where nn = iteration for a fcst on a redefind set of base values International coordination of a group of frequently-used parameters would be useful.
 modclim ==> is model climatology data
 modstd ==> is model standard deviation
 modvar ==> is model variance data
 monthavg ==> is monthly averages
 obsclim ==> is observations climatology data
 obsstd ==> is observations standard deviation
 obsvar ==> is observations variance data
 rmseclim ==> is root mean square error climatology data
 seasavg ==> is seasonal averages
 smodclim ==> is seasonal average model climatology data
 smodstd ==> is seasonal average model stadard deviation
 smodvar ==> is seasonal average model variance
 sobscim ==> is seasonal average observation climatology data
 sobstd ==> is seasonal average observation standard deviation
 sobsvar ==> is seasonal average observation variance
 srmseclim ==> is seasonal average root mean square error climatology data
 sw10m ==> is U and V 10 Meter Surface Winds

product type ==> {PT|pt}.ppp(p)

where

{PT|pt} ==> Indicator for information element "product type"

pppp = bin ==> binary data products
 pppp = graf ==> graphic product
 pppp = grid ==> gridded product
 pppp = mrgm ==> meteogram
 pppp = sndn ==> sounding product
 pppp = txt ==> text product

reference date ==> {RD|rd}.yyyymm(dd)

where

{RD|rd} ==> Indicator for information element "reference date"
 yyyy ==> 4-digit Year
 mm ==> month
 dd ==> day (optional parameter)

resolution type ==> {RE|re}.mm(mmmm)

where

{RE|re} ==> Indicator for information element "resolution type"

mmmmmm ==> is a string of six characters or less indicating the resolution

mm(mmmm) = low ==> (~300) current resolutions, 1 deg to 84 hours, 2.5 deg to 384 hours
 mm(mmmm) = high ==> limited (~50-60) parameters, at high resolution (1 degree) out to 384 hours

reference time ==> {RT|rt}.hhnnss

where

{RT|rt} ==> Indicator for information element "reference time"
 hh ==> hour
 c nn ==> minute
 ss ==> second

run of model ==> {MR|mr}.rrr(r)

where

{MR|mr} ==> Indicator for information element "run of model"
 rr(rr) ==> is a string of two to four characters indicating the model run

(table maintained by originating center)
 rr(rr) = em ==> eulerian mass-core run
 rr(rr) = fcst ==> climate forecast model run
 rr(rr) = hind ==> climate hindcast model run
 rr(rr) = nmm ==> non-hydrostatic MESO meso model run

server directory tree ==> {SD|sd}-ccnnnxxx

where

{SD|sd} ==> Indicator for directory tree on server
 cc ==> country [FIPS standard 10-4]
 nnn ==> center [WMO standard 306 Part II]
 xxx ==> file server number (001-999)

sequence number ==> {SN|sn}.xx(xx)

where

{SN|sn} ==> Indicator for cycle sequence numbers

xx(xx) = 01(01)

thru 99(99) ==> sequence number, length of two or four digits determined when number of subdirectories or files are established by center writing the files

status of data files ==> {ST|st}-ssss

where

{ST|st} ==> Indicator for status of data files for appropriate use level

ssss = expr ==> experimental
 ssss = opnl ==> operational
 ssss = opnt ==> operational test

tables ==> {TB|tb}.tttt

where

{TB|tb} ==> Indicator for information element "tables"
 tttt = bufr ==> BUFR tables
 tttt = crex ==> CREX tables
 tttt = grib ==> GRIB tables
 tttt = stns ==> observing station information

time entered ==> {TE|te}-ddhhnnss (OPTIONAL)

where

{TE|te} ==> Indicator for information element in stat file "Time entered or written"

dd ==> day written
 hh ==> hour written (on 24 hour clock)

nn ==> minutes written
ss ==> seconds written

type of level or layer ==> {TL|tl}.ttt(tt)

where

{TL|tl} ==> Indicator for information element "type of level or layer"

tttt = aerol ==> aerological diagrams (ash cloud)
 tttt = atmos ==> entire atmosphere considered as a single level or layer
 tttt = cape ==> convective available potential energy
 tttt = cin ==> convective inhibition
 tttt = cloud ==> cloud parameters
 tttt = cprec ==> convective precipitation
 tttt = currn ==> current component-V
 tttt = curre ==> current component-U
 tttt = danly ==> ocean depth anomaly
 tttt = depth ==> ocean depth
 tttt = dflt ==> default for unidentified file type
 tttt = div ==> divergence
 tttt = dspow ==> direction of spectral peak of the ocean waves
 tttt = hight ==> geopotential height
 tttt = htswv ==> height of swell waves
 tttt = htwnw ==> height of wind waves
 tttt = hlcy ==> helicity
 tttt = iccon ==> ice concentration
 tttt = iccvg ==> ice convergence/divergence
 tttt = icdft ==> ice drift
 tttt = icgrt ==> ice growth
 tttt = icthk ==> ice thickness
 tttt = icwfp ==> cloud or non-conforming ICWF parameters
 tttt = lftdx ==> surface lifted index
 tttt = mdsww ==> mean direction of swell waves
 tttt = mdwv ==> mean direction of wind waves
 tttt = mixed ==> a variety of levels or layers
 tttt = mpsw ==> mean period of swell waves
 tttt = mpww ==> mean period of wind waves
 tttt = mxdt ==> mixed data
 tttt = mxwnd ==> maximum wind
 tttt = ncprc ==> nonconvective precipitation
 tttt = ocean ==> ocean
 tttt = osfc ==> ocean surface
 tttt = otemp ==> ocean temperature
 tttt = ownde ==> U-wind component at 10m above msl
 tttt = owndn ==> V-wind component at 10m above msl
 tttt = plots ==> observational plotted data
 tttt = potmp ==> potential temperature
 tttt = prcrt ==> precipitation rate
 tttt = precp ==> precipitation parameters
 tttt = precw ==> precipital water
 tttt = press ==> pressure
 tttt = probp ==> probability parameters
 tttt = proby ==> probability values (thunderstorms, precip)
 tttt = pspow ==> period of spectral peak of the ocean waves
 tttt = pwd ==> period of wave direction
 tttt = pwp ==> primary wave period
 tttt = radtn ==> long wave radiation
 tttt = rhmdy ==> relative humidity
 tttt = scwd ==> secondary wave direction
 tttt = scwp ==> secondary wave period
 tttt = sfcv ==> surface parameters
 tttt = sflux ==> surface flux
 tttt = sfsig ==> surface sigma
 tttt = sigma ==> sigma
 tttt = sigwx ==> significant weather
 tttt = siwht ==> significant wave height
 tttt = slnty ==> ocean salinity
 tttt = snow ==> snow properties
 tttt = snpar ==> snow parameters
 tttt = soilp ==> soil parameters
 tttt = stabi ==> stability index
 tttt = strme ==> U-component of storm motion
 tttt = strmn ==> V-component of storm motion
 tttt = surfv ==> earth's surface
 tttt = tempr ==> temperature
 tttt = tempv ==> temperature values (max, min, dew point)
 tttt = thkns ==> thickness (relative topography)
 tttt = tmpwr ==> water temperature warming
 tttt = tprec ==> total precipitation
 tttt = tropx ==> tropopause
 tttt = turbl ==> clear air turbulence
 tttt = uvin ==> uv index

tttt = vis ==> visibility
 tttt = vwind ==> vertical wind shear
 tttt = vvel ==> vertical velocity
 tttt = vortc ==> vorticity
 tttt = waveh ==> wave height
 tttt = waves ==> swell height
 tttt = wdir ==> wind direction at 10m above msl
 tttt = winde ==> eastward wind component-U
 tttt = windn ==> northward wind component-V
 tttt = wndsh ==> wind sea height
 tttt = wspd ==> wind speed at 10m above msl
 tttt = o1hac ==> 1-hour averaged categorical ozone concentration
 tttt = o8hac ==> 8-hour averaged categorical ozone concentration
 tttt = o1hba ==> 1-hour backward average
 tttt = o8hba ==> 8-hour backward average

type of model ==> {MT|mt}.mmm(mm)

where

{MT|mt} ==> Indicator for information element "type of model"

mmm(mm) ==> is a string of four or five characters indicating the type of model used (table maintained by originating center)

NCEP Models

mmm(mm) = anoc ==> Ocean Analysis
 mmm(mm) = anst ==> Sea Surface Temperature Analysis
 mmm(mm) = cfs ==> Climate Forecast System Model
 mmm(mm) = clim ==> Climate Prediction Model
 mmm(mm) = cmaq ==> Community Multiscale Air Quality Model
 mmm(mm) = convc ==> National Aviation Convective Weather
 mmm(mm) = ensq ==> Global Ensembles
 mmm(mm) = ensr ==> Regional Ensembles
 mmm(mm) = etao ==> Eta Forecast Model (Olympics)
 mmm(mm) = fnl ==> Global Data Assimilation System (Final) Model
 mmm(mm) = gfs ==> Global Forecast System Model
 mmm(mm) = ghm ==> Geophysical Fluid Dynamics Laboratory Hurricane Model
 mmm(mm) = icing ==> Icing Detection & Forecast Models
 mmm(mm) = mrge ==> Merge of Models (ETA, RUC, & GFS)
 mmm(mm) = nam ==> North American Mesoscale Model
 mmm(mm) = ngm ==> Nested Grid Forecast Model
 mmm(mm) = ngx ==> Navy NOGAPS Model
 mmm(mm) = nmm ==> Non-Hydrostatic MESO Model
 mmm(mm) = ocen ==> Ocean Forecast
 mmm(mm) = ofs ==> Ocean Forecast System
 mmm(mm) = rsas ==> RUC Surface Assimilation System
 mmm(mm) = rsm ==> Regional Spectral Model
 mmm(mm) = ruc ==> Rapid Update Cycle Forecast Model
 mmm(mm) = sref ==> Short Range Ensemble Forecast Model
 mmm(mm) = wrf ==> Weather Research and Forecasting Model
 mmm(mm) = wvwm ==> NOAA Wave Watch III Model

JMA Models

mmm(mm) = jmasm ==> Global Spectral Model

UK Models

mmm(mm) = bmoav ==> Global Aviation Forecast Model

ECMWF Models

mmm(mm) = cy23r ==> ECMWF Regional Forecast Model

BMO Models

mmm(mm) = gasp ==> GASP Global Assimilation& Prognosis spectral Model

CMC Models

mmm(mm) = gem ==> GEM model-uniform-resolution 100 km global grid

Annex 2 : Server Directory Tree Description and Structure

The contents of the **server directory tree** ==> {SD|sd}-ccnnxxx

Directory trees in this file are designated with /### and the end of each tree limb is flagged with ## ; therefore, any definition beyond the ## flag would be *file names* within that sub-directory. Depending on the size of the file server and extent of the directories and sub-directories used, this file could be very large, but would map the entire server site directory structure.

For Example: **sd-us008001** ==> file name of server directory map on the RTH Washington (OSO Gateway) file server

Content structure of this file (assume a continuous string of fields in the file):

```

/###RD.19971208_RT.120000_GP.obvns_TP.0300-0259
##RD.19991208_RT.120000_GP.warng_TP.0100-0359
##RD.19971208_RT.000000_GP.obvns_TP.0300-0259
##RD.19971207_RT.120000_GP.obvns_TP.0300-0259##
/###CU.knhc##
/###CU.ncep##
/###D0.drft_DD.19990305_TB.crex
##D0.code_DD.19990510
##D0.tcom_DD.19990818
##D0.tcom_DD.19990821##
/###CU.genrl_RD.19990605_DC.sfmar
##CU.genrl_RD.19990605_DC.sflnd
##CU.genrl_RD.19990604_DC.sfmar
##CU.genrl_RD.19990604_DC.sflnd
##CU.genrl_RD.19990603_DC.sfmar
##CU.genrl_RD.19990603_DC.sflnd##

```

Taking the example set of defined directory tree limbs above, the more familiar display format would look like:

root

```

|----RD.19971208
| |-----RT.120000
| | |-----GP.obvns
| | | |-----TP.0300-0259
| | | |-----GP.warng
| | | |-----TP.0100-0259
| | |-----RT.000000
| | |-----GP.obvns
| | |-----TP.0300-0259
|-----RD.19971207
| |-----RT.120000
| |-----GP.obvns
| |-----TP.0300-0259
|-----CU.knhc
|-----CU.ncep
|-----D0.drft
| |-----DD.19990305
| |-----TB.crex
|-----D0.code
| |-----DD.19990510
|-----D0.tcom
| |-----DD.19990818
| |-----DD.19990821
|-----CU.genrl
|-----RD.19990605
| |-----DC.sfmar
| |-----DC.sflnd
|-----RD.19990604
| |-----DC.sfmar
| |-----DC.sflnd
|-----RD.19990603
|-----DC.sfmar
|-----DC.sflnd

```

Remembering that only Directory names will be listed in the {SD|sd}-ccnnnxxx file.