

# Mcq - Model

MCQ Java application with GUI, model part.

In this part, the goal is to implement the **model** from:

- UML class diagrams, located in `./part1-Model/uml` directory.
- Generated *Javadoc*, located in `./part1-Model/docs` directory.
  - **Javadoc comments are not to be rewritten.**
- Following guidelines.

**package structure** is the following:

- `fr.iutvalence.info.but.s2_01.mcq.launchers.validation` contains applications used to validate features,
- `fr.iutvalence.info.but.s2_01.mcq.model.core` contains core classes,
- `fr.iutvalence.info.but.s2_01.mcq.model.exceptions` contains exception classes.

## Table of contents

- [1. Project configuration](#)
- [2. Question model](#)
- [3. Questionnaire model](#)
- [4. Submission model](#)
- [5. Questionnaire/submission manager](#)
- [6. question/questionnaire/submission builders](#)

## Implementation guidelines

The next section details tasks to be performed.

### 1. Project configuration

**Doing it**

1. **Configure project** so that:
  - `/part1-Model/src` is considered as *source*,
  - any other directory (especially `/part0-Preamble/src`) is considered as *excluded*.
2. **Copy** Main from `/part0-Preamble/src/.../preamble` to `/part1-Modem/src/.../validation` (where all other validation applications will be written).

## Checking it

Check that project builds successfully and that `Main` execution is as expected.

## Committing/Pushing it

- **Commit** changes with `1-Model-Configuration` as message brief.
- **Push** immediately.
- **Check** that remote repository has been updated.

## 2. Question model

(See **UML class diagram** in `/part1-Model/uml/Question-ClassDiagram.png`.)

`Question` class defines a *question* by:

- a **text**,
  - e.g. "What is the answer to life, universe and everything?" .
- an **array of answers**,
  - e.g. "42", "32768", "There is no answer", "Kamoulox" .
- a **correct answer id** (ids start at 0, and are considered as array indexes).
  - e.g. 0 .

Calling `toString` method on an object created with the values previously given as examples returns a description like:

```
? -> What is the answer to life, universe and everything?  
0 -> (o) 42  
1 -> (x) 32768  
2 -> (x) There is no answer  
3 -> (x) Kamoulox
```

`QuestionMain` application validates `Question` class behaviour by creating an instance and writing its representation to standard output.

## Doing it

With the help of UML class diagrams and *Javadoc*,

1. **Complete** `Question` source code.
2. **Complete** `QuestionMain` application source code, considering that it creates the `Question` object given as example and writes its representation on standard output.

## Checking it

Check that `QuestionMain` execution output is as expected (see above).

## Committing/Pushing it

- **Commit** changes with `1-Model-Question` as message brief.
  - If checking step has failed, give details about issues.
- **Push** immediately.
- **Check** that remote repository has been updated.

### 3. Questionnaire model

(See **UML class diagram** in `/part1-Model/uml/Questionnaire-ClassDiagram.png`.)

`Questionnaire` class defines a *questionnaire* by:

- an **author name**,
  - e.g. "Myself"
- a **title**,
  - e.g. "My questionnaire"
- an **array of questions**.

Calling `toString` method, on an object created with values previously given as examples, returns a description like:

```
Title: My questionnaire
Author: Myself
2 question(s)
Question 0
? -> What is the answer to life, universe and everything?
0 -> (o) 42
1 -> (x) 32768
2 -> (x) There is no answer
3 -> (x) Kamoulox
Question 1
? -> Another question?
0 -> (x) I don't know
1 -> (o) No
2 -> (x) For sure
3 -> (x) Maybe
```

`QuestionnaireId` class defines a *unique questionnaire identifier* made of **author name and title**.

`QuestionnaireMain` application validates `Questionnaire` class behaviour by creating an instance and writing its representation to standard output.

#### Doing it

With the help of UML class diagrams and *Javadoc*,

1. **Complete** `QuestionnaireId` source code.
2. **Complete** `Questionnaire` source code.

3. **Complete** `QuestionnaireMain` application source code, considering that it creates a `Questionnaire` object and writes its representation on standard output (expected output is the one given above).

### Checking it

Check that `QuestionnaireMain` execution output is as expected (see above).

### Committing/Pushing it

- **Commit** changes with `1-Model-Questionnaire` as message brief.
  - If checking step has failed, give details about issues.
- **Push** immediately.
- **Check** that remote repository has been updated.

## 4. Submission model

(See **UML class diagram** in `/part1-Model/uml/Submission-ClassDiagram.png`.)

`Submission` class defines a *submission* (a questionnaire filled by someone) by:

- a **filler name**,
  - e.g. "Anonymous filler"
- a **questionnaire id**,
- an **array of answer ids**.

Calling `toString` method on an object returns a description like:

```
Filler: Anonymous filler
Questionnaire: Myself#My questionnaire
Question 0: 1
Question 1: 3
```

`SubmissionId` class defines a *unique submission identifier* made of filler name and questionnaire id.

`SubmissionMain` application validates `Submission` class behaviour by creating an instance and writing its representation on standard output.

### Doing it

With the help of UML class diagrams and *Javadoc*,

1. **Complete** `SubmissionId` source code.
2. **Complete** `Submission` source code.
3. **Complete** `SubmissionMain` application source code, considering that it creates a `Submission` object and writes its representation on standard output (expected output is the one given above).

## Checking it

Check that `SubmissionMain` execution output is as expected (see above).

## Committing/Pushing it

- **Commit** changes with `1-Model-Submission` as message brief.
  - If checking step has failed, give details about issues.
- **Push** immediately.
- **Check** that remote repository has been updated.

## 5. Questionnaire/submission manager

(See **UML class diagram** in `/part1-Model/uml/McqManager-ClassDiagram.png`.)

`McqManager` class allows to manipulate *collections of questionnaires and submissions* (create, retrieve, update, delete).

## Doing it

With the help of UML class diagrams and *Javadoc*,

1. **Complete** `McqManager` source code.
2. **Complete** `McqManagerMain` application source code, considering guidelines given in source code.

## Checking it

Check that `McqManagerMain` execution output is as below:

```
0 questionnaire(s)
Adding a questionnaire
1 questionnaire(s)
Title: My questionnaire
Author: Myself
2 question(s)
Question 0
? -> What is the answer to life, universe and everything?
0 -> (o) 42
1 -> (x) 32768
2 -> (x) There is no answer
3 -> (x) Kamoulox
Question 1
? -> Another question?
0 -> (x) I don't know
1 -> (o) No
2 -> (x) For sure
3 -> (x) Maybe
0 submission(s)
Adding a submission
1 submission(s)
Filler: A filler
```

```

Questionnaire: Myself#My questionnaire
Question 0: 1
Question 1: 3
Removing a questionnaire
true
0 questionnaire(s)
Removing a submission
true
0 submission(s)

```

## Committing/Pushing it

- **Commit** changes with `1-Model-McqManager` as message brief.
  - If checking step has failed, give details about issues
- **Push** immediately.
- **Check** that remote repository has been updated.

## 6. question/questionnaire/submission builders

(See **UML class diagram** in `/part1-Model/uml/Builders-ClassDiagram.png`.)

`QuestionBuilder`, `QuestionnaireBuilder` and `SubmissionBuilder` classes allow to respectively build step by step `Question`, `Questionnaire` and `Submission` instances.

Each builder:

- defines **attributes that mimic those of the object** (e.g. `question`, `answers` and `correctAnswerId` for `Question`),
- provides `set` / `add` / `update` / `remove` methods for these attributes,
  - some of these methods check that operations are valid, and throw exceptions if not.
- provides a `get` method that **calls constructor and returns instance**, checking that object creation is valid and throwing exceptions if not.

### Warning:

- exceptions have to be defined in `fr.iutvalence.info.but.s2_01.mcq.launchers.model.exceptions` package.
- some exceptions are *unchecked (runtime)* exceptions (see Javadoc).

### Doing it, checking it, committing/pushing it

With the help of UML class diagrams and *Javadoc*,

1. **Complete** `QuestionBuilder` source code, considering the following possible error messages (associated to exceptions):
  - "Answer is empty" ,
  - "Question text is missing" ,
  - "Question has no answer" ,

- "Correct answer id is missing" ,
  - "Correct answer id is out of bounds" .
2. **Complete** QuestionBuilderMain application source code by creating the same Question object than in QuestionMain application but by using a QuestionBuilder .
    - *N.B. if getQuestion throws an exception, then error message is written on standard output and application shuts down.*
  3. **Check** that QuestionBuilderMain execution output is the same as QuestionMain .
  4. **Commit** changes with 1-Model-QuestionBuilder as message brief (and details if checking failed), push immediately, and check that remote repository has been updated.
  5. **Complete** QuestionnaireBuilder source code, considering the following possible errors message (associated to exceptions):
    - "Questionnaire title is missing" ,
    - "Questionnaire author name is missing" ,
    - "Questionnaire has no question" .
  6. **Complete** QuestionnaireBuilderMain application source code by creating the same Questionnaire object as in QuestionnaireMain application but by using a QuestionnaireBuilder .
    - *N.B. if getQuestionnaire throws an exception, then error message is written on standard output and application shuts down.*
  7. **Check** that QuestionnaireBuilderMain execution output is the same as QuestionnaireMain .
  8. **Commit** changes with 1-Model-QuestionnaireBuilder as message brief (and details if checking failed), push immediately, and check that remote repository has been updated.
  9. **Complete** SubmissionBuilder source code, considering the following possible errors message (associated to exceptions):
    - "Submission filler name is missing" ,
    - "Submission questionnaire id is missing" ,
    - "Submission has no answer" .
  10. **Complete** SubmissionBuilderMain application source code by creating the same Submission object as in SubmissionMain application but by using a SubmissionBuilder .
    - *N.B. if getSubmission throws an exception, then error message is written on standard output and application shuts down.*
  11. **Check** that SubmissionBuilderMain execution output is the same as SubmissionMain .
  12. **Commit** changes with 1-Model-SubmissionBuilder as message brief (and details if checking failed), push immediately, and check that remote repository has been updated.