HW9

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1 Homework 9: More integer programs

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1.1 1. Voting

```
In [23]: using JuMP, Cbc
         info = [[80 34];
                 [60 44];
                 [40 44];
                 [20 24];
                 [40 114];
                 [40 64];
                 [70 14];
                 [50 44];
                 [70 54];
                 [70 64]]
         m = Model(solver=CbcSolver())
         # x[i][j]=1 means city i belongs to district j
         @variable(m, x[1:10, 1:5], Bin)
         # z[i]=1 means district i has a Democratic majority
         Ovariable(m, z[1:5], Bin)
         # sum of each line equals to 1
         for i in 1:10
             @constraint(m, sum(x[i,:]) == 1)
         end
         # each district contains 150k~250k voters
         for j in 1:5
             Qconstraint(m, 150 \le sum\{(info[i,1]+info[i,2])*x[i,j],i=1:10\} \le 250)
```

```
\# connection between x and z
        # if district i has a Democratic majority, then z[i]=1
        # if z[i]=1, D[i]-R[i]>=0 ==> D[i]-R[i]>= m(1-z[i])
        for j in 1:5
           end
        @objective(m, Max, sum(z))
        status = solve(m)
        println(status)
        for j in 1:5
           println("District: ", j)
           if (getvalue(z[j]) == 1)
               println("Demo majority")
           else
               println("Repu majority")
           end
           println("It contains:")
           for i in 1:10
               if (getvalue(x[i,j]) >= 0.99)
                   println("city: ", i)
               end
           end
           println("")
        end
        println("objective = ", getobjectivevalue(m))
Optimal
District: 1
Repu majority
It contains:
city: 1
city: 2
District: 2
Repu majority
It contains:
city: 7
city: 10
```

end

```
Demo majority
It contains:
city: 3
city: 4
city: 8
District: 4
Demo majority
It contains:
city: 6
city: 9
District: 5
Demo majority
It contains:
city: 5
objective = 3.0
1.2 2. The Queens problem
In [70]: # HELPER function, print the chess board
        function print_chessboard(mat_x)
            println("+---+---+")
            for i in 1:8
                for j in 1:8
                    print("|")
                    if (mat_x[i,j]==1.0)
                        print(" * ")
                    else
                        print(" ")
                    end
                \quad \text{end} \quad
                println("|")
                println("+---+---+")
            end
        end
1.2.1 (a)
In [71]: using JuMP, Cbc
        m = Model(solver=CbcSolver())
        Ovariable(m, x[1:8,1:8], Bin)
```

District: 3

```
for i in 1:8
          Qconstraint(m, sum\{x[i,j], j=1:8\} == 1)
          Qconstraint(m, sum\{x[j,i], j=1:8\} == 1)
       end
       # diagonal-direction 1
       for diag_sum in 2:16
          if (diag_sum <= 9)</pre>
             @constraint(m, sum{x[i,diag_sum-i], i=1:(diag_sum-1)} <= 1)</pre>
             @constraint(m, sum{x[i,diag_sum-i], i=(diag_sum-8):8} <= 1)</pre>
          end
       end
       # diagonal-direction 2
       for diag_diff in -7:7
          if (diag_diff >= 0)
             @constraint(m, sum{x[i,diag_diff+i], i=1:(8-abs(diag_diff))} <= 1)</pre>
          else
             @constraint(m, sum{x[i,diag_diff+i], i=(-diag_diff+1):8} <= 1)</pre>
          end
       end
       @objective(m, Min, sum(x))
       status = solve(m)
       mat_x = getvalue(x)
       println(status)
       print_chessboard(mat_x)
Optimal
+---+---+
   | | * |
              +--+--+--+
        +--+--+--+
| * | | | | | |
+---+---+
  | | | | | | | |
+---+---+
 | | | | | * |
+--+--+
 | * | | | | | |
+--+--+
```

the sum each row and each column should be 1

```
| | | | | | | |
                1
        | * |
+--+--+
1.2.2 (b)
In [75]: using JuMP, Cbc
         m = Model(solver=CbcSolver())
         @variable(m, x[1:8,1:8], Bin)
         # the sum each row and each column should be 1
         for i in 1:8
             Qconstraint(m, sum\{x[i,j], j=1:8\} == 1)
             Qconstraint(m, sum\{x[j,i], j=1:8\} == 1)
         end
         # diagonal-direction 1
         for diag_sum in 2:16
             if (diag_sum <= 9)</pre>
                 @constraint(m, sum{x[i,diag_sum-i], i=1:(diag_sum-1)} <= 1)</pre>
             else
                 @constraint(m, sum{x[i,diag_sum-i], i=(diag_sum-8):8} <= 1)</pre>
             end
         end
         # diagonal-direction 2
         for diag_diff in -7:7
             if (diag_diff >= 0)
                 @constraint(m, sum{x[i,diag_diff+i], i=1:(8-abs(diag_diff))} <= 1)</pre>
             else
                 @constraint(m, sum{x[i,diag_diff+i], i=(-diag_diff+1):8} <= 1)</pre>
             end
         end
         # has point symmetry
         for i in 1:8
             for j in 1:8
                 Qconstraint(m, x[i,j] == x[9-i,9-j])
             end
         end
         @objective(m, Min, sum(x))
         status = solve(m)
```

```
println(status)
      print_chessboard(getvalue(x))
Optimal
+--+--+
           | * |
+---+---+
  | | * | | | |
+---+---+
+---+---+
  | | | | | * |
+--+--+
       +--+--+--+
  | * |
+--+--+
1.2.3 (c)
In [78]: using JuMP, Cbc
      m = Model(solver=CbcSolver())
      @variable(m, x[1:8,1:8], Bin)
      # for each cell on chess board
      # there exist a queen on its row or column or diagnoal line
      for i in 1:8
         for j in 1:8
            Qconstraint(m, sum\{x[i,k], k=1:8\}+sum\{x[k,j],k=1:8\}
               +sum\{x[k,(i+j)-k],k=max(1,(i+j)-8):min(8,(i+j)-1)\}
               +sum\{x[k,(j-i)+k],k=max(1,-(j-i)+1):min(8,8-(j-i))\} >= 1
         end
      end
      @objective(m, Min, sum(x))
      status = solve(m)
      println(status)
      println("The smallest number of queens: ", getobjectivevalue(m))
```

```
print_chessboard(getvalue(x))
```

1.2.4 (d)

Optimal

```
In [79]: using JuMP, Cbc
         m = Model(solver=CbcSolver())
         @variable(m, x[1:8,1:8], Bin)
         # for each cell on chess board
         # there exist a queen on its row or column or diagnoal line
         for i in 1:8
             for j in 1:8
                 @constraint(m, sum\{x[i,k], k=1:8\}+sum\{x[k,j],k=1:8\}
                     +sum\{x[k,(i+j)-k],k=max(1,(i+j)-8):min(8,(i+j)-1)\}
                     +sum\{x[k,(j-i)+k],k=max(1,-(j-i)+1):min(8,8-(j-i))\} >= 1
             end
         end
         # has point symmetry
         for i in 1:8
             for j in 1:8
                 Qconstraint(m, x[i,j] == x[9-i,9-j])
             end
         end
```

```
@objective(m, Min, sum(x))
    status = solve(m)
    println(status)
    println("The smallest number of queens: ", getobjectivevalue(m))
    print_chessboard(getvalue(x))
Optimal
The smallest number of queens: 6.0
+--+--+
 +--+--+--+
       +--+--+--+
| * | | | | | | |
+---+---+
 | | * | | | | | | | |
+--+--+
+---+---+
 +--+--+
 +--+--+
```

1.3 3. Paint production

The sum of all blending times is a constant. So we only need to find out the minimum cleaning time. It can be modeled as a TSP.

Sum of blending time = 40+35+45+32+50 = 202 min

```
# one in-edge
         for j = 1:5
             Qconstraint(m, sum\{x[k, j], k=1:5\} == 1)
         end
         # one out-edge
         for i = 1:5
             Qconstraint(m, sum\{x[i, k], k=1:5\} == 1)
         end
         # no self-loop
         for i = 1:5
             Qconstraint(m, x[i,i] == 0)
         end
         @objective(m, Min, sum{x[i,j]*A[i,j], i in 1:5, j in 1:5})
         # MTZ variables and constraint
         @variable(m, u[1:5])
         for i in 1:5
             for j in 2:5
                 @constraint(m, u[i]-u[j]+N*x[i,j] <= N-1)
             end
         end
         status = solve(m)
         println(status)
         println(getvalue(x))
         println(getobjectivevalue(m))
Optimal
[0.0 0.0 0.0 1.0 0.0
1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1.0
0.0 0.0 1.0 0.0 0.0
0.0 1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0]
41.0
```

So the minimum cleaning time is 41 min. And one possible order is: 2->1->4->3->5. The minimum total time is 243 min.