This week on the problem set you will get practice thinking about potential functions and calculating line integrals.

*Numbers in parentheses indicate the question has been taken from the textbook:

J. Rogawski, C. Adams, Calculus, Multivariable, 3rd Ed., W. H. Freeman & Company,

and refer to the section and question number in the textbook.

- 1. (Section 17.1) Questions 13-17, 22, 26, 28, 29, 38, 42, 44, 47, 52, 56^* . (Use the following translations $4^{\text{th}} \mapsto 3^{\text{rd}}$ editions: $47 \mapsto 45$, $52 \mapsto 50$, $56 \mapsto 54$, otherwise the questions are the same).
- 2. (Section 17.2) 3, 10, 12, 13, 21, 24, 28, 43, 44, 46, 47, 54, 55, 57, 63, 64, 67. (Use the following translations $4^{\text{th}} \mapsto 3^{\text{rd}}$ editions: $43 \mapsto 41$, $44 \mapsto 42$, $46 \mapsto 44$, $47 \mapsto 45$, $54 \mapsto 52$, $55 \mapsto 53$, $57 \mapsto 55$, otherwise the questions are the same).
- 3. (17.2.24) Compute $\int_{\mathcal{C}} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ for

$$F(x,y) = \left\langle \frac{-y}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}, \frac{x}{(x^2 + y^2)^2} \right\rangle$$

and \mathcal{C} the circle of radius R with center at the origin oriented counterclockwise.

- 4. (17.2.63) Let \mathcal{C} be a curve in polar form $r = f(\theta)$ for $\theta_1 \leq \theta \leq \theta_2$ (see figure below), parametrised by $r(\theta) = (f(\theta)\cos\theta, f(\theta)\sin\theta)$ as in Exercise 60 (58 in 3rd ed.).
 - (a) Show that the vortex vector field $\mathbf{F}(x,y) = \left\langle \frac{-y}{x^2 + y^2}, \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2} \right\rangle$ in polar coordinates is written $\mathbf{F}(r,\theta) = r^{-1} \langle -\sin\theta, \cos\theta \rangle$.
 - (b) Show that $\mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{r}'(\theta) d\theta = d\theta$.
 - (c) Show that $\int_{\mathcal{C}} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \theta_2 \theta_1$.
- 5. (17.2.67) Calculate the flux of the vector field $\mathbf{F}(x,y) = \langle e^y, 2x 1 \rangle$ across the parabola $y = x^2$ for $0 \le x \le 1$, oriented left to right.

*The questions marked with an asterisk are more difficult or are of a form that would not appear on an exam. Nonetheless they are worth thinking about as they often test understanding at a deeper conceptual level.