

Ordinary trig functions

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d}{dx} \sin x &= \cos x \\ \frac{d}{dx} \cos x &= -\sin x \\ \frac{d}{dx} \tan x &= \sec^2 x \\ \frac{d}{dx} \sec x &= \sec x \tan x \\ \frac{d}{dx} \csc x &= -\csc x \cot x \\ \frac{d}{dx} \cot x &= -\csc^2 x\end{aligned}$$

Hyperbolic trig functions

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d}{dx} \sinh x &= \cosh x \\ \frac{d}{dx} \cosh x &= \sinh x \\ \frac{d}{dx} \tanh x &= \operatorname{sech}^2 x \\ \frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{sech} x &= -\operatorname{sech} x \tanh x \\ \frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{csch} x &= -\operatorname{csch} x \coth x \\ \frac{d}{dx} \coth x &= -\operatorname{csch}^2 x\end{aligned}$$

Inverse trig functions

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d}{dx} \sin^{-1} x &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \\ \frac{d}{dx} \cos^{-1} x &= -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \\ \frac{d}{dx} \tan^{-1} x &= \frac{1}{1+x^2} \\ \frac{d}{dx} \sec^{-1} x &= \frac{1}{|x| \sqrt{x^2-1}} \\ \frac{d}{dx} \csc^{-1} x &= -\frac{1}{|x| \sqrt{x^2-1}} \\ \frac{d}{dx} \cot^{-1} x &= -\frac{1}{1+x^2}\end{aligned}$$

Inverse hyperbolic trig functions

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d}{dx} \sinh^{-1} x &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} \\ \frac{d}{dx} \cosh^{-1} x &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-1}} \\ \frac{d}{dx} \tanh^{-1} x &= \frac{1}{1-x^2} \\ \frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{sech}^{-1} x &= \frac{1}{x \sqrt{1-x^2}} \\ \frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{csch}^{-1} x &= -\frac{1}{|x| \sqrt{1+x^2}} \\ \frac{d}{dx} \coth^{-1} x &= \frac{1}{1-x^2}\end{aligned}$$