## Math 3B: Lecture 1

Noah White

September 28, 2018

There are a few places where you will find/receive information about Math 3B:

• The class website: www.math.ucla.edu/~noah

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- The class website: www.math.ucla.edu/~noah
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- CCLE (only for recordings)

### Instructor and TAs

Instructor Noah White

office hours MS 6304, Monday, Friday 10-11am, Wednesday 1-2pm

TA Benjamin Jarman

office hours MS 2943, Thursday 9-10am

Ryan Wilkinson TBA, TBA

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- These will be your opportunity to actively discuss mathematics, this should be active, not passive, learning.
- Try to talk about the problems with other students, even if you find them easy, and especially if you find them difficult.

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- Study tip: doing problems is much better than watching a video!

• Mathematical questions should be asked on Campuswire

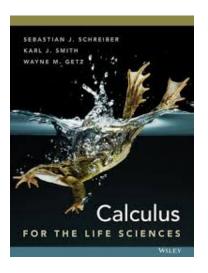
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- If you need to email me include math3b in the subject

## Textbook

S. J. Schreiber, Calculus for the Life Sciences, Wiley



# Problem sets, homework, and quizzes

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Assigned every week. Long(!!) list of problems. Not graded, but recommended you complete *eventually*!

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Due in even weeks 2, 4, 6, 8, 10. A small number of questions drawn from the problem sets.

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## Quizzes

Administered in discussion session in odd weeks 1, 3, 5, 7, 9. More on the format to come.

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- write up your own solutions, in your own words.

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• Midterm 1 8-8:50am Monday, 22 October, 2018

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### Cheatsheets and calculators

You will be allowed a small cheatsheet in each exam. Must be self-written and one side, half a letter size piece of paper. You are also allowed to use non-programmable, non-graphing calculators.

# Grading

Your final grade will be calculated using the maximum of the following two grading schemes.

## Schedule

See website Also note that I will be away Wenesday 3 October - Monday 8 October. Lectures will be given by Jens Eberhardt.

# Where to get help

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## Student Math Center (SMC)

Location: MS 3974, times: M-R 9am-3pm.

The SMC offers free, individual and group tutoring for all lower division math courses. This service is available on a walk-in basis; no appointment is necessary. Students may ask any of the TAs in attendance for assistance with math problems.

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- You should have a good feel for what the derivative means.
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- You need to understand differentiation algebraically as well as geometrically.
- You should also know the definition of the derivative

$$\frac{d}{dx}f(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

You should be able to differentiate many of the standard functions we will see in this course. This includes:

• polynomials/power functions

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trig functions

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sin x) = \cos x$$

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# Example

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$$= e^x(\sin x + \cos x)$$

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so

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$$f'(x) = e^x \cos(e^x)$$

# The quotient rule sucks

The quotient rule says

$$\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{g(x)}{h(x)}\right) = \frac{g'(x)h(x) - g(x)h'(x)}{h(x)^2}$$

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This is annoying to remember (where does that minus sign go again?). Luckily we can notice

$$\frac{g(x)}{h(x)} = g(x)k(x) \quad \text{where} \quad k(x) = (h(x))^{-1}$$

So we can just use the product rule!

## Question

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### Solution

We should use the chain rule. Notice f(x) = g(h(x)) where

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$$f'(x) = h'(x)g'(h(x))$$
  
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$$f(x) = \frac{x-1}{x+1} = (x-1)(x+1)^{-1}$$

### Solution

We should use the product/quotient rule. Notice f(x) = g(x)h(x) where

$$h(x) = (x+1)^{-1}$$
 and  $g(x) = x-1$   
 $h'(x) = -(x+1)^{-2}$  and  $g'(x) = 1$ 

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$$f'(x) = g'(x)h(x) + g(x)h'(x)$$
$$= \frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{x-1}{(x+1)^2} = \frac{2}{(x+1)^2}$$

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