This week you will get practice drawing and understanding bifurcation diagrams.

\*Numbers in parentheses indicate the question has been taken from the textbook:

S. J. Schreiber, Calculus for the Life Sciences, Wiley,

and refer to the section and question number in the textbook.

**Homework:** The homework will be due on Friday 1 MarchDecember, at 8am, the *start* of the lecture. It will consist of

## question 3

- 1. (6.6) Sketch the bifurcation diagrams for the equations in the following.
  - (a)  $(6.6-7) \frac{dy}{dt} = ay y^2$
  - (b)  $(6.6-10) \frac{dy}{dt} = 1 ay^2$
  - (c)  $(6.6-11) \frac{dy}{dt} = \sin y + a$
  - (d)  $(6.6-12) \frac{dy}{dt} = y^2 ay + 2 \text{ for } a > 0.$
- 2. (6.6) Consider the model

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}t} = \frac{ay^2}{k^2 + y^2} - cy$$

of an autocatalytic gene from question 5. In each of the following cases, two of the parameters are specified. Sketch a bifurcation diagram with respect to the third parameter.

- (a) (6.6-13) k = 1, c = 2 with a as the bifurcation parameter.
- (b) (6.6-14) k = 2, c = 1 with a as the bifurcation parameter.
- (c) (6.6-15) a = 10, k = 1 with c as the bifurcation parameter.
- (d) (6.6-16) a = 10, c = 1 with  $k^2$  as the bifurcation parameter.
- 3. (6.6-40) Suppose the growth rate of a whale population at density N (individuals per million square kilometers of ocean), harvested at a rate h, is given by

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}N}{\mathrm{d}t} = 0.07N \left(\frac{N}{10} - 1\right) \left(1 - \frac{N}{80}\right) - h$$

where the units of t are years.

- (a) Sketch a bifurcation diagram with respect to the parameter h as it varies over the interval [0,8].
- (b) If h = vN, then sketch a bifurcation diagram with respect to the parameter v as it varies over the interval [0, 0.12].