Skylake (microarchitecture)

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Skylake^{[7][8]} is the codename used by Intel for a processor microarchitecture which was launched in August 2015^[9] succeeding the Broadwell microarchitecture. [10] Skylake is a microarchitecture redesign using the same 14 nm manufacturing process technology[11] as its predecessor Broadwell, serving as a "tock" in Intel's "tick-tock" manufacturing and design model. According to Intel, the redesign brings greater CPU and GPU performance and reduced power consumption. It has been succeeded by Kaby Lake.

Skylake is the last Intel platform on which Windows earlier than Windows 10 will be officially supported by Microsoft. [12]

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Development history

Skylake's development, as with processors such as Banias, Dothan, Conroe, Sandy Bridge and Ivy Bridge, was primarily undertaken by Intel Israel [13] at its engineering research center in Haifa, Israel. The Haifa development team worked on the project for four years, and faced many challenges: "But by re-writing the microarchitecture and developing new concepts such as the Speed Shift Technology, we created a processor for 4.5 W to 45 W mobile devices, and up to 91 W for desktop devices." [14] The Skylake processors will be used to power a wide range of devices, from smartphones and tablets, all the way to desktops. [15] "Because of Skylake's features, companies will be able to release laptop PCs that are half as thick and half as heavy as those from five years ago," according to Intel.[16]

In September 2014, Intel announced the Skylake microarchitecture at the Intel Developer Forum in San Francisco, and that volume shipments of Skylake CPUs were scheduled for the second half of 2015. Also, the Skylake development platform was announced to be available in Q1 2015. During the announcement, Intel also demonstrated two computers with desktop and mobile Skylake prototypes: the first was a desktop testbed system, running the latest version of 3DMark, while the second computer was a fully functional laptop, playing 4K video. [17]

	Skylake
CPUID code	0506e3h
Product	80662
code	
L1 cache	64 kiB per core
L2 cache	256 kiB per core
L3 cache	8192 kiB shared
Created	Launched at Gamescom on August 5, 2015[1]
Transistors	14 nm bulk silicon 3D transistors (Tri-Gate)
Architecture	Skylake x86
Instructions	MMX, AES-NI, CLMUL, FMA3
Extensions	x86-64, Intel 64 SSE, SSE2, SSE3, SSSE3, SSE4, SSE4.1, SSE4.2 ADX, AVX, AVX2, AVX-512 (Xeon 'Purley' only ^{[2][3][4]}), MPX, TXT, TSX, SGX ^[5] VT-x, VT-d
Socket	BGA 1168
Socket(s)	LGA 1151
	BGA 1356
	BGA 1515
	BGA 1440 ^[6]
Predecessor	Broadwell (Tick/Process)
Successor	Kaby Lake (Optimization)
Brand	Core i3
name(s)	Core i5
	Core i7 Core m3
	Core m5
	Core m7
	Xeon
	Pentium

An initial batch of Skylake CPU models (6600K and 6700K) was announced for immediate availability during the Gamescom on August 5, 2015, [1] unusually soon after the release of its predecessor, Broadwell, which had suffered from launch delays. [18] Intel acknowledged in 2014 that moving from 22 nm (Haswell) to 14 nm (Broadwell) had been its most difficult process to develop yet, causing Broadwell's planned launch to slip by several months; [19] yet, the 14 nm production was back on track and in full production as of Q3 2014. [20] Industry observers had initially believed that the issues impacting Broadwell would also cause Skylake to slip to 2016, but Intel was able to bring forward Skylake's release and shorten Broadwell's release cycle instead. [21][22] As a result, the Broadwell architecture had an unusually short run. [21]

Overclocking of unsupported processors

Officially Intel supported overclocking of only the "K" versions of Skylake processors. However, it was later discovered that other "non-K" chips could be overclocked by modifying the base clock value - a process made feasible by the base clock only applying to the CPU, RAM, and integrated graphics on Skylake. Through beta UEFI firmware updates, some motherboard vendors, such as ASRock (which prominently promoted it under the name "Sky OC") allowed the base clock to be modified in this manner. [23][24]

In February 2016, however, an ASRock firmware update removed the feature. On February 9, 2016, Intel announced that it would no longer allow such overclocking of non-K processors, and that it had issued a CPU microcode update which removes the function. [25][26][27] In April 2016 ASRock started selling motherboards which allow overclocking of unsupported CPUs using an external clock generator. [28][29]

Operating system support

While Skylake and Kaby Lake CPUs are fully compatible with most existing x86/x86-64 operating systems, full support for all CPU features may vary depending on OS. [30]

In January 2016, Microsoft announced that it would end support of Windows 7 and Windows 8.1 on Skylake processors effective July 17, 2017; after this date, only the "most critical" updates for the two operating systems would be released for Skylake users if they have been judged not to affect the reliability of the OS on older hardware, and Windows 10 would be the only Microsoft Windows platform officially supported on Skylake, as well as all future Intel CPU microarchitectures beginning with Skylake's successor Kaby Lake. Terry Myerson stated that Microsoft had to make a "large investment" in order to reliably support Skylake on older versions of Windows, and that future generations of processors would require further investments. Microsoft also stated that due to the age of the platform, it would be "challenging" for newer hardware, firmware, and device driver combinations to properly run under Windows 7. [31][32]

On March 18, 2016, in response to criticism over the move, primarily from enterprise customers, Microsoft announced revisions to the support policy, changing the cutoff for support and non-critical updates to July 17, 2018 and stating that Skylake users would receive all critical security updates for Windows 7 and 8.1 through the end of extended support. [33][34]

On August 11, 2016, Microsoft announced a further reprieve for users of Windows 7 and 8.x, giving support to the former until January 14, 2020, and to the latter until January 2023, [35][36]

As of Linux kernel version 4.5, Skylake mobile products are not fully supported, missing support for some Low-Power Idle States. Because of that, long term reliability can be reduced. [37]

As of OpenBSD version 6.1, Skylake is not supported, missing support for video acceleration amongst other things. [38]

Features

Like its predecessor, Broadwell, Skylake is available in four variants, identified by the suffixes "S" (*SKL-S*), "H" (*SKL-H*), "U" (*SKL-U*), and "Y" (*SKL-Y*). SKL-S contains an overclockable "K" variant with unlocked multipliers. ^[39] The H, U and Y variants are manufactured in ball grid array (BGA) packaging, while the S variant is manufactured in land grid array (LGA) packaging using a new socket, LGA 1151. ^[40] Skylake is used in conjunction with Intel 100 Series chipsets, also known as *Sunrise Point*. ^[41]

The major changes between the Haswell and Skylake architectures include the removal of the fully integrated voltage regulator (FIVR) introduced with Haswell. [42] On the variants that will use a discrete Platform Controller Hub (PCH), Direct Media Interface (DMI) 2.0 is replaced by DMI 3.0, which allows speeds of up to 8 GT/s.

Skylake's U and Y variants support one DIMM slot per channel, while H and S variants support two DIMM slots per channel. [40] Skylake's launch and sales lifespan occur at the same time as the ongoing SDRAM market transition, with DDR3 SDRAM memory gradually being replaced by DDR4 memory. Rather than working exclusively with DDR4, the Skylake microarchitecture remains backward compatible by interoperating with both types of memory. Accompanying the microarchitecture's support for both memory standards, a new SO-DIMM type capable of carrying either DDR3 or DDR4 memory chips, called UniDIMM, was also announced. [43]

Skylake's few P variants have a reduced on-die graphics unit (12 exections units enabled instead of 24 execution units) over their direct counterparts, see the table below. In contrast, with Ivy Bridge CPUs the P suffix was used for CPUs with completely disabled on-die video chipset.

Other enhancements include Thunderbolt 3.0, SATA Express, Iris Pro graphics with Direct3D feature level 12_1 with up to 128 MB of L4 eDRAM cache on certain SKUs.^[44] The Skylake line of processors retires VGA support, while supporting up to five monitors connected via HDMI 1.4, DisplayPort 1.2 or Embedded DisplayPort (eDP) interfaces. HDMI 2.0 (4K@60 Hz) is only supported on motherboards equipped with Intel's Alpine Ridge Thunderbolt controller. [47]

The Skylake instruction set changes include Intel MPX (Memory Protection Extensions) and Intel SGX (Software Guard Extensions). Future Xeon variants will also have Advanced Vector Extensions 3.2 ("AVX-512F"). [3][4]

Skylake-based laptops may use wireless technology called Rezence for charging, and other wireless technologies for communication with peripherals. Many major PC vendors have agreed to use this technology in Skylake-based laptops, which should be released by the end of 2015. [48]

The integrated GPU of Skylake's S variant supports on Windows DirectX 12 Feature Level 12_1, OpenGL 4.4 (OpenGL 4.5 on Linux^[49]) and OpenCL 2.0 standards, as well as some modern hardware video encoding/decoding formats such as VP9 (GPU accelerated decode only), VP8 and HEVC (hardware accelerated 8-bit encode/decode and GPU accelerated 10-bit decode). [50][51]

Intel also released unlocked (capable of overclocking) mobile Skylake CPUs. [52]

Unlike previous generations, Skylake-based Xeon E3 no longer works with a desktop chipset that supports the same socket, and requires either the C232 or the C236 chipset to operate.

Architecture

- Improved front-end, deeper out-of-order buffers, improved execution units, more execution units (third vector integer ALU(VALU)) for five ALUs in total, more load/store bandwidth, improved hyper-threading (wider retirement), speedup of AES-GCM and AES-CBC by 17% and 33% accordingly. [53][54]
- 14 nm manufacturing process^[55]
- LGA 1151 socket for desktop processors
- 100 Series chipset (Sunrise Point)^[56]
- Thermal design power (TDP) up to 95 W (LGA 1151)^[57]
- Support for both DDR3L SDRAM and DDR4 SDRAM in mainstream variants, using custom UniDIMM SO-DIMM form factor^{[58][59][60]} with up to 64 GB of RAM on LGA 1151 variants. Usual DDR3 memory is also supported by certain motherboard vendors even though Intel doesn't officially support it.^{[61][62]}
- Support for 16 PCI Express 3.0 lanes from CPU, 20 PCI Express 3.0 lanes from PCH (LGA 1151)

- Support for Thunderbolt 3 (Alpine Ridge)^[63]
- 64 to 128 MB L4 eDRAM cache on certain SKUs
- Up to four cores as the default mainstream configuration^[58]
- AVX-512: F, CDI, VL, BW, and DQ for some future Xeon variants, but not Xeon E3^[3]
- Intel MPX (Memory Protection Extensions)
- Intel SGX (Software Guard Extensions)
- Intel Speed Shift^[64]
- Skylake's integrated Gen9 GPU supports Direct3D 12 at the feature level 12_1^{[7][65][66]}
- Full fixed function HEVC Main/8bit encoding/decoding acceleration. Hybrid/Partial HEVC Main10/10bit decoding acceleration. JPEG encoding acceleration for resolutions up to 16,000×16,000 pixels. Partial VP9 encoding/decoding acceleration. [67]

Configurations

Skylake processors are produced in four main families: Y, U, H and S. Multiple configurations are available within each family: [40]

Feature	I	an	nily	y
reature	Y	U	Н	S
Integrated L4 cache		•	•	•
For lower power consumption mobile or embedded systems	•	•	•	
Socketable; for desktop; some with Configurable thermal design power (cTDP), selecting 35 W or 95 W modes; High-performance 95 W TDP version (no L4 cache)				•
DDR3 SDRAM (low-power)	•	•	•	
DDR4 SDRAM		•	•	•
Smaller than Broadwell counterpart	•			

List of Skylake processors

Desktop processors

Common features of the desktop Skylake CPUs:

- LGA 1151 socket, except for Skylake-R CPUs which feature socket FCBGA1440^[68]
- DMI 3.0 and PCIe 3.0 interfaces
- Dual channel memory support in the following configurations: DDR3L-1600 1.35 V (32GiB maximum) or DDR4-2133 1.2 V (64GiB maximum). DDR3 is unofficially supported through some motherboard vendors [69][70][71]
- 16 PCI-E 3.0 lanes
- The Core-branded processors support the AVX2 instruction set. The Celeron and Pentium-branded ones support only SSE4.1/4.2.
- 350 MHz base graphics clock rate

					CPU T	urbo clo	ck rate			Max	L1 cache				
Target segment	Cores (threads)	Proce brandi mo	ng and	CPU clock rate	Single core	Dual core	Quad core	GPU model	EUs	graphics clock rate	(data + instruction)	L2 cache	L3 cache	L4 cache (eDRAM)	TDP
			6700K (h ttp://ark. intel.com /product s/88195/)	4.0 GHz	4.2 GHz	4.0 GHz	4.0 GHz	HD 530	24					-	91 W
Performance	4 (8)	Core i7	6785R (h ttp://ark.i ntel.com/ products/ 93339/Int el-Core-i 7-6785R- Processor -8M-Cac he-up-to- 3_90-GH z)	3.3 GHz	3.9 GHz	3.8 GHz	3.5 GHz	Iris Pro 580	72				8 MB	128MB	65 W
			6700 (htt p://ark.int												

	el.com/pr oducts/88 196/)	3.4 GHz	4.0 GHz	3.9 GHz	3.7 GHz								
	6700T (h ttp://ark.i ntel.com/ products/ 88200/)	2.8 GHz	3.6 GHz	3.5 GHz	3.4 GHz	HD 530	24	1150 MHz [72]				-	35 W
	6600K (h ttp://ark. intel.com (/product s/88191/)	3.5 GHz	3.9 GHz	3.8 GHz	3.6 GHz								91 W
	6685R (h ttp://ark.i ntel.com/ products/ 93338/Int	3.2 GHz	3.8 GHz	3.7 GHz	3.3 GHz	Iris Pro 580	72					128MB	
	6600 (htt p://ark.int el.com/pr oducts/88 188)	3.3 GHz	3.9 GHz	3.8 GHz	3.6 GHz	HD 530	24		4× 32 KB +	4× 256		-	-
	6585R (h ttp://ark.i ntel.com/ products/ 93337/Int	2.8 GHz	3.6 GHz	3.5 GHz	3.1 GHz	Iris Pro 580	72	1100 MHz	4× 32 KB	КВ		128MB	- 65 W -
4 (4) Core	6500 (htt p://ark.i ntel.com/ products /88184)	3.2 GHz	3.6 GHz	3.5 GHz	3.3 GHz			1050 MHz			6 MB		
	6600T (h ttp://ark.i	2.7 GHz	3.5 GHz	3.4 GHz	3.3 GHz								
	6500T (h ttp://ark.i ntel.com/ products/ 88183/Int	2.5 GHz	3.1 GHz	3.0 GHz	2.8 GHz	HD 530	24	1100 MHz					35 W
	6402P (ht tp://ark.in tel.com/p roducts/9 3277)	2.8 GHz	3.4 GHz	3.4 GHz	3.2 GHz	HD 510	12						65 W
	6400T (h ttp://ark.i ntel.com/	2.2 GHz	2.8 GHz	2.7 GHz	2.5 GHz			950 MHz					35 W

			products/ 88187)												
			6400 (htt p://ark.i ntel.com/ products /88185)	2.7 GHz	3.3 GHz	3.3 GHz	3.1 GHz								65 W
			6320 (htt p://ark.int el.com/pr oducts/90 733/)	3.9 GHz						1150 MHz			4 MB		
			6300 (htt p://ark.i ntel.com/ products /90731/)	3.8 GHz						1130 WHZ			4 MD		51 W
Mainstream			6100 (htt p://ark.int el.com/pr oducts/90 729)	3.7 GHz				HD 530	24	1050 MHz			3 MB		-
	2 (4)	Core i3	6300T (h ttp://ark.i ntel.com/ products/ 90728/Int el-Core-i 3-6300T- Processor -4M-Cac he-3_30- GHz)	3.3 GHz						oso MIV			4 MB		25 W
			6100T (h ttp://ark.i ntel.com/ products/ 90734/Int el-Core-i 3-6100T- Processor -3M-Cac he-3_20- GHz)	3.2 GHz						950 MHz				-	35 W
			6098P (ht tp://ark.in tel.com/p roducts/9 3366)	3.6 GHz				HD 510	12						54 W
			G4520 (h ttp://ark.i ntel.com/ products/ 90732)	3.6 GHz		N/A				1050 MHz	2× 32 KB +	2× 256			51 W
			G4500 (h ttp://ark.i ntel.com/ products/ 90730)					HD 530	24		2× 32 KB	КВ	3 MB		31 W
			G4500T (http://ark.intel.com/products/90725)	3.0 GHz						950 MHz					35 W
		Pentium	G4400 (h ttp://ark.i ntel.com/ products/ 88179)							1000 MHz					54 W
			G4400T (

2 (2)	/produc /90614 G4400' (http://	tts (F)					35 W
	g3900 ttp://arintel.co.	(h (c.i. (h (c.i. (n/ 2.9 GHz (s/ (h (c.i. (n/ 2.8 GHz	ED 510	12	950 MHz		51 W
	m/prod ts/9071 G3900' http://a	CE ar co 2.3 GHz uc 11) C (kk. m 2.6 GHz tts				2 MB	35 W

Mobile processors

See also "Server, Mobile" below for mobile workstation processors.

Т4	C	Processor	CPU	CPU T	Turbo clo	ck rate	GPU	GPU cl	lock rate	т 2	T 4	Max.		c	TDP	D.1
Target segment	Cores (threads)	branding and model	clock rate	Single core	Dual core	Quad core	model	Base	Max	L3 cache	L4 cache	PCIe lanes	TDP	Up	Down	Rel da
		6970HQ (http://ar k.intel.c om/prod ucts/933 36)	2.8 GHz	3.7 GHz		?	Iris Pro 580		1050 MIL-		128 MB					Q1
		6920HQ (http://a rk.intel. com/pro ducts/8 8972)	20 CH	3.8 GHz	3.6 GHz	3.4 GHz	HD 530		1050 MHz		N/A					Sep 1,
		6870HQ (http://ar k.intel.c om/prod ucts/933 40)	2.7 GHz	3.6 GHz		?	Iris Pro 580		1000 MHz	8 MB	128 MB					Q1
Performance	4 (8)	6820HQ (http://a rk.intel. com/pro ducts/8 8970)		3.6 GHz	2 4 GHz	2 2 GHz	Ш Д 520	350 MHz	1050 MHz		N/A	16	45 W		35 W	Sep
		6820HK (http://a rk.intel. com/pro ducts/8 8969)		5.0 GHZ	3.4 GHZ	3.2 GHZ	пр 330		1030 MHZ		N/A					1,
		6770HQ (http://ar k.intel.c					Iris Pro							N/A		

		om/prod ucts/933 41)	2.6 GHz	3.5 GHz		?	580		950 MHz	6 MB	128 MB					Q1
	Com i7	6700HQ (http://a rk.intel. com/pro ducts/8 8967)		3.5 GHz	3.3 GHz	3.1 GHz	HD 530			OMB	N/A					Sep 1,
	Core i7	6660U (http://ark.intel.com/products/91169/Intel-Core-i7-6660U-Processor-4M-Cache-up-to-3_40-GHz)	2.4 GHz	3.4 GHz	3.2 GHz		Iris 540		1050 MHz		64 MB		15 W		9.5 W	7
		6650U (http://ark.intel.com/products/91497)	2.2 GHz				Iris 540									
2 (4)		6600U (http://ark.intel.com/products/88192)	2.6 GHz		N/A	N/A	HD 520	300 MHz		4 MB	N/A	12		25 W	7.5 W	Sep 1,
		6567U (http://a rk.intel. com/pro ducts/9 1167)	3.3 GHz	3.6 GHz	3.4 GHz		Iris 550		1100 MHz		(4110)		28 W		23 W	
		6560U (http://ark.intel.com/products/91163)	2.2 GHz	3.2 GHz	3.1 GHz		Iris 540		1050 MI		64 MB		15 W		9.5 W	- 1
		6500U (http://ark.intel.com/products/88194)	2.5 GHz	3.1 GHz	3.0 GHz		HD 520		1050 MHz				15 W		7.5 W	Sep
4 (4)		6440HQ (http://a rk.intel. com/pro ducts/8 8962)		3.5 GHz	3.3 GHz	3.1 GHz	HD 530	350 MHz	950 MHz	6 MB	· N/A	16	45 W		35 W	1,
2 (4)		6360U (http://a rk.intel. com/pro ducts/9 1156)	2.0 GHz	3.1 GHz	2.9 GHz	N/A	Iris 540	300 MHz	1000 MHz	4 MB	64 MB	12	15 W		9.5 W	1
		6350HQ (http://ar k.intel.c om/prod ucts/933 35)				?	Iris Pro 580		900 MHz		128 MB					Q1

	4 (4)		(200***	2.3 GHz	3.2 GHz				350 MHz		6 MB		16	45 W		35 W	_
			6300HQ (http://a rk.intel. com/pro ducts/8 8959)			3.0 GHz	2.8 GHz	HD 530		950 MHz	_	N/A					Sep
		Core i5	6300U (http://ark.intel.com/products/88190)		3.0 GHz	2.9 GHz		HD 520		1000 MHz	3 MB	IVA		15 W	N/A	7.5 W	1,
			6287U (http://a rk.intel. com/pro ducts/9 1164)	2.1.011-	3.5 GHz	3.3 GHz				1100 MHz						23 W	
			6267U (http://a	2.0 CH-	3.3 GHz	3.1 GHz		Iris 550		1050 MHz	4 MB	64 MB		28 W		23 W	- 7
Mainstream			6260U (http://ark.intel.com/products/91160)	1.8 GHz	2.9 GHz			Iris 540	300 MHz	950 MHz						9.5 W	7
			6200U (http://a rk.intel. com/pro ducts/8 8193)		2.8 GHz	2.7 GHz		HD 520				N/A	12	15 W		7.5 W	Sep 1,
			6167U (http://a rk.intel. com/pro ducts/9 1154)	2.7 GHz				1: 550		1000 MHz		(4117)		20 W		22.11	1
			6157U (http://ark.intel.com/products/96484)	2.4 GHz				Iris 550			3 MB	64 MB		28 W		23 W	Q3
	2 (4)	Core i3	6100H (http://ark.intel.com/products/89063)		· N/A	N/A	N/A	HD 530	350 MHz	900 MHz				35 W		N/A	
			6100U (http://a rk.intel. com/pro ducts/8 8180)	2 2 611				HD 520	300 MHz					15 W		7.5 W	
		Core m7	6Y75 (h ttp://ar k.intel.c om/pro ducts/8 8199)		3.1 GHz	2.9 GHz				1000 MHz							
			6Y57 (h ttp://ar k.intel.c om/pro		2.8 GHz											3.5 W	Sep 1,

	Core m5	ducts/8 8197)	1.1 GHz		2.4 GHz	HD 515		900 MHz	4 MB			4.5 W	7 W		
		6Y54 (h ttp://ar k.intel.c om/pro ducts/8 8202)		2.7 GHz			300 MHz				10				
	Core m3	6Y30 (h ttp://ar k.intel.c om/pro ducts/8 8198)	0.9 GHz	2.2 GHz	2.0 GHz			850 MHz		N/A				3.8 W	
	Pentium	4405U (http://ark.intel.com/products/89611)	2.1 GHz	N/A	N/A	HD 510		950 MHz				15 W		10 W	.]
	rentum	4405Y (http://ark.intel.com/products/89612)	1.5 GHz	19/21	17/11	HD 515		800 MHz				6 W		4.5 W	
		G3902E (http://ar k.intel.c om/prod ucts/906 19)	1.6 GHz				350 MH ₂	950 MHz	2 MB		16	25 W	N/A	N/A	Q1
2 (2)	Colores	G3900E (http://ar k.intel.c om/prod ucts/907 13)	2.4 GHz		N/A	HD 510	330 14112	930 MIL	Z MID		10	35 W	17/11	17/21	Q1
2 (2)	Celeron	3955U (http://ark.intel.com/products/92213)	2.0 GHz		IVA	110 310	200 MHz	900 MHz			10	15 W		10 W	Q4
		3855U (http://ark.intel.com/products/922	1.6 GHz				JOO WITZ	JOU MITZ			10	15 W		10 W	Q4

Server processors

E3 series server chips all consist of System Bus 9 GT/s, max. memory bandwidth of 34.1 GB/s dual channel memory. Unlike its predecessor, the Skylake Xeon CPUs require either a C232 or a C236 chipset to operate.

Skylake E3-12xx and E3 15xx v5 SKUs

					Clo	ck rate						Release		Moth
Target	Cores	Processor branding and	GPU	C	PU	Gra	phics	L3	L4	TDP	Release	price (USD)		
segment	(threads)	model	model	Normal	Turbo	Normal	Turbo	cache	cache		date	tray / box	Socket	Interf
		1280v http:/ k.inte m/pro cts/88 /Intel on-Pr ssor-1 1280-	/ar l.co odu !171 -Xe oce N/A	3.7 GHz		N	J/A					\$612 / —		

		8M-Cac he-3_70- GHz) 1275v5 (http://ar k.intel.co m/produ cts/88177 /Intel-Xe on-Proce ssor-E3- 1275-v5- 8M-Cac he-3_60- GHz)	HD (P530)	3.6 GHz	4.0 GHz	350 MHz	1.15 GHz		80 W		\$339 / —	-
		1270v5 (http://ark.intel.com/products/88174/Intel-Xeon-Processor-E3-1270-v5-8M-Cache-3_60-GHz)		3.6 GHz							\$328 / \$339	
	4 (8)	1260Lv5 (http://ar k.intel.co m/produ cts/88175 /Intel-Xe on-Proce ssor-E3- 1260L-v 5-8M-Ca che-2_90 -GHz)	N/A	2.9 GHz		- N/	A		45 W		\$294 / —	
	4 (0)	1245v5 (http://ar k.intel.co m/produ cts/88173 /Intel-Xe on-Proce ssor-E3- 1245-v5- 8M-Cac he-3_50- GHz)	HD (P530)	3.5 GHz	3.9 GHz	350 MHz	1.15 GHz		00 W		\$284 / —	
Server		1240v5 (http://ark.intel.com/products/88176/Intel-Xeon-Processor-E3-1240-v5-8M-Cache-3_50-GHz)		3.5 GHz				N/A	80 W	Q4 15	\$272 / \$282	LGA 1151
		1240Lv5 (http://ar k.intel.co m/produ cts/88169 /Intel-Xe on-Proce ssor-E3- 1240L-v 5-8M-Ca	N/A	2.1 GHz	3.2 GHz	N/	'A		25 W		\$278 / —	

		GHz 1230v5 http://a k.intel. m/prod cts/881 /Intel-2 on-Pro soor-E3 1230-v.	1230v5 (http://ar k.intel.co m/produ cts/88182 /Intel-Xe on-Proce ssor-E3-1230-v5-8M-Cac he-3_40-		3.4 GHz	3.8 GHz			8 MB		80 W	-	\$250 / \$260		DMI (PCIe (
	4 (4)		1235Lv5 (http://ar k.intel.co m/produ cts/88170 /Intel-Xe on-Proce ssor-E3- 1235L-v 5-8M-Ca che-2_00 -GHz)	HD (P530)	2.0 GHz	3.0 GHz	350 MHz	1.15 GHz	z		25 W		\$250 / —		Tele.
					3.3 GHz	3.7 GHz					80 W		\$213 / —		
				N/A	3.0 GHz	3.5 GHz	N/A						\$193 / —		
			1575Mv5 (http://ar k.intel.co m/produ cts/93354 /Intel-Xe on-Proce ssor-E3- 1575M-v 5-8M-Ca che-3_00 -GHz)	Iris Pro	3.0 GHz	3.9 GHz		1.1 GHz			B MB	Q1 16	\$1207 / —		
			1545Mv5 5 (http://ar k.intel.co m/produ cts/93359 /Intel-Xe on-Proce ssor-E3- 1545M-v 5-8M-Ca che-2_90	580 580	2.9 GHz	3.8 GHz				128 MB			\$679 / —		

Mobile	-GHz)						45 W			
4 (8)	1535Mv5 (http://ar k.intel.co m/produ cts/89610 /Intel-Xe on-Proce ssor-E3- 1535M-v 5-8M-Ca che-2_90 -GHz)	2.9 GHz	3.8 GHz	350 MHz	1.05 GHz			02.15	\$623 / —	BGA 1440
	1505Mv5 (http://ar k.intel.co m/produ cts/89608 /Intel-Xe on-Proce ssor-E3- 1505M-v 5-8M-Ca che-2_80 -GHz)	2.8 GHz	3.7 GHz			N/A		Q3 15	\$434 / —	
Server/embedded	1505Lv5 (http://ar k.intel.co m/produ cts/90618 /Intel-Xe on-Proce ssor-E3- 1505L-v 5-8M-Ca che-2_00 -GHz)	2.0 GHz	2.8 GHz		1.0 GHz		25 W	Q4 15	\$433 / —	

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