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## 1. Introduction

Our final project will be based on a rental store database. There are 12 tables: Tables 2.1 - 2.3 are based on customer details and data regarding orders that customers made. Tables 2.4 - 2.6 are suppliers and their order details. Tables 2.7 - 2.9 include employees of the store and their pay. Tables 2.10 – 2.12 are inventory and store earnings tables. We will be using “{}” curly brackets to indicate the key types of the attributes in the tables, and “()” parentheses to indicate composite attributes (e.g. “location” attribute includes (city, state, zip)).

## 2. Entity Definitions

**2.1 customer** - The customer table includes these attributes:

id {primary key, UUID},  
name (first\_name, last\_name),  
address (street\_address, city, state, area\_code),  
email  
created\_at

**2.2 rental** - The rental table includes the attributes:

customer\_id {primary key, foreign key, UUID}  
product\_id {primary key, foreign key, UUID}  
location\_id  
rental\_date  
due\_date  
return\_date  
cost

**2.3 request** - The request table has the attributes:

customer\_id {primary key, foreign key, UUID}

product\_id {primary key, foreign key, UUID}

location\_id

**2.4 supplier** – The suppliers table contains the attributes:

id {primary key}

address {primary key} (street number, city, state, zip)

name

contact\_name (first\_name, last\_name)

contact\_email

contact\_phone

**2.5 order\_detail** – The order\_detail table contains the attributes:

order\_id {primary key}

product\_id {primary key}

quantity

**2.6 inventory\_order** - The inventory\_order table contains:

id {primary key}

placed\_by {foreign key, UUID}

total

created\_at

**2.7 employee** – The employee table contains these attributes:

id {primary key, UUID}

location\_id {foreign key}

name (firstName, lastName)

address (streetAddress, city, state, areaCode)  
email  
phone\_number  
created\_at

**2.8 employee\_location** – The employee\_location table contains these attributes:

employee\_id {primary key, foreign key, UUID}  
location\_id {primary key, foreign key, UUID}  
hourly\_wage

**2.9 employee\_timesheet** – The employee\_timesheet table contains these attributes:

employee\_id {primary key, foreign key, UUID}  
location\_id {primary key, foreign key, UUID}  
clocked\_in  
clocked\_out

**2.10 inventory** – The inventory table contains the attributes:

location\_id {primary key, foreign key, UUID}  
product\_id {primary key, foreign key, UUID}  
quantity  
updated\_at

**2.11 product** – The product table contains these attributes:

id {primary key, UUID}  
title  
publisher  
release\_date

**2.12 location** – The location table contains the attributes:

id {primary key}

manager {foreign key, UUID}

address (streetAddress, city, state, areaCode)

### **3. Conclusion**

In this document, we have provided an overview of our rental store database, including the entity definitions and the structure of the 12 tables that comprise it. These tables are designed to capture a wide range of data related to the operation of a rental store, from customer information to inventory management and financial transactions.