Noah Turner 1

Functions with Parameters

• Iteration code blocks must always return something, unlike void functions. If you don't return something, you will err out.

 Void functions are a type of function. Void functions do not return anything. They just execute the code within its block and then terminate. They do work and do not return data.

```
public class noReturn : Monobehaviour {
       public int voidThing = 5;
       public string truth;
               public void ohMan () {
                      int no = 0;
                       protected int return = 0;
                      int answer = (no + return);
                       print(answer);
               }
               public void learning () {
                       truth = "void functions only execute the code and terminate. They
                       do not return anything"
                       print(truth);
               }
```

public class voidExample : Monobehaviour {
 string voidFunc = "no return";

Noah Turner 2

- Functions that are not void functions must return a data type. They do work, then return a data type.
- The type of a method must return data of the same type. If there is an int function, the code must return an int. If it is a string, it must return a string.
- Parameters are arguments within the parentheses of a function. They are used to pass data (variables, values, etc.) references to their mentioned methods. Putting arguments in parameters requires data entry from the user.

```
void Start () {myName = returnMeme (jumpStreet);
```

Noah Turner 3

```
}
public string jeff = "my name is jeff";
string returnMeme (string _meme) {
       if(_meme == "jeff") {
              return "mynamejeff";
       } else {
              return "get meme'd"
       }
}
   • void Start () {
              itUnlucky = ReturnNum (superstition);
}
public int superstition = 13;
int ReturnNum (int _num) {
       if(_num == 13) {
              return _num;
       } else {
              break;
       }
}
```