# **Description of Overall Overlay Approach**

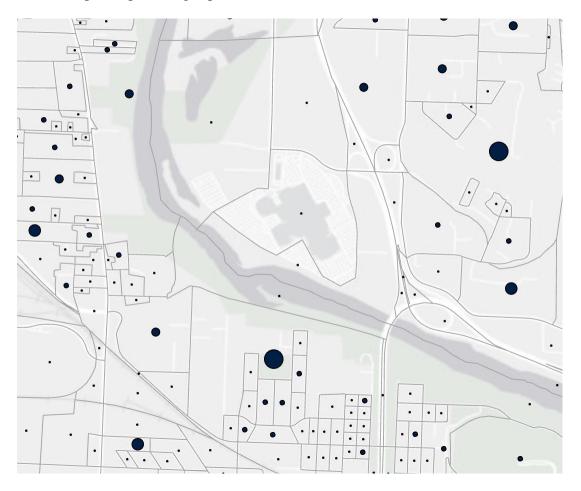
The overlay approach that will be conducted for this feasibility analysis will be a weighted sum. Each of the five submodels will be assigned a percentage weight, which will sum to a cumulative total of 100. The submodels and corresponding weights are given by the table below.

Submodel	Weight	Methodology
Residence Demand	20	Population density by census block. Census blocks will be
		assigned scores based on which quartile they are in. Each
		quartile will be assigned 5, 10, 15, or 20 points, with the 4 <sup>th</sup>
		quartile receiving 20/20.
Destination Demand	30	Census blocks will be grouped into thirds based on the
- Workplace		density of employment locations. Each third will be assigned
		10, 20, or 30 points, with the top third receiving 30/30.
Proximity to	15	Locations within ½ mile of amenities will receive 5 points,
Amenities		locations within ¼ mile will receive 10 points, and locations
		within 1/8 mile will receive 15 points. Amenities include
		hotels, parks, libraries, etc.
Proximity to	15	Locations within ½ mile of bus stops will receive 5 points,
Existing Bus Stops		locations within ¼ mile will receive 10 points, and locations
		within 1/8 mile will receive 15 points.
Proximity to	20	Locations within ¼ mile, ½ mile, 1 mile of BikeShare hubs
Existing BikeShare		will receive 5, 10, or 15 points respectively. Locations
Hubs		farther away will receive 20 points.
	= 100	

## **Submodel Input Data**

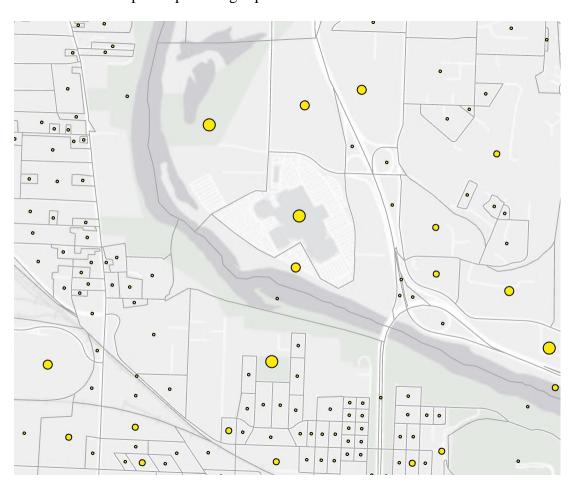
#### • Residence Demand

The dataset LaneCountyRAC\_2017 will be used for residence demand. The housing density per census block (shown above as centroids) will be classified and used to determine points/percentages per census block.



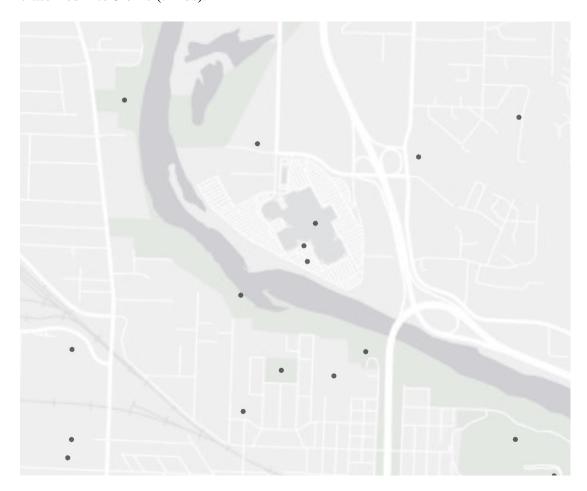
#### • Destination Demand

The dataset LaneCountyWAC\_2017 will be used for workplace destination demand. The workplace density per census block (shown above as centroids) will be classified and used to determine points/percentages per census block.



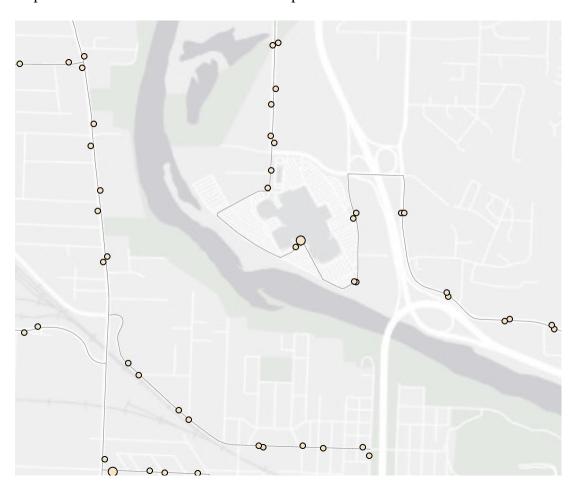
# • Proximity to Amenities

Amenities data will come from the facilities data layer. Proximities to these points will be classified into 3 bins (thirds).



# • Proximity to Existing Bus Stops

LTD\_Stops\_Fall2019\_Boarding will be used to determine proximity to existing bus stops. Buffers will be created around these points.



Proximity to Existing BikeShare Hubs

BikeShare\_Hub\_Points will be used to determine the proximity to existing BikeShare hubs by creating buffers around each point.

