

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{1} \quad k \frac{4.76E-9 \cdot 5.72E-9}{0.136} &= 1.802E-6 \\ k \frac{4.76E-9 \cdot 1.65E-9}{0.0998} &= -1.182E-7 \\ k \frac{5.72E-9 \cdot 1.65E-9}{0.025} &= -1.618E-7 \end{aligned}$$

$$U_{\text{tot}} = 1.522E-6$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{3} \quad k \frac{Q \cdot -Q}{x} + k \frac{Q \cdot -Q}{y} + k \frac{Q \cdot Q}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}} + \\ k \frac{-Q \cdot -Q}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}} + k \frac{-Q \cdot Q}{x} + k \frac{Q \cdot -Q}{y} = U_{\text{tot}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta U = - \left(2 \left(-\frac{kQ^2}{x} \right) + 2 \left(-\frac{kQ^2}{y} \right) + 2 \left(\frac{kQ^2}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}} \right) \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{4} \quad q &= 1.602E-19 \\ \Delta V &= 0 - (-80.5E-3) & \Delta U &= q\Delta V \\ \Delta U &= 80.5E-3 / 1.602E-19 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{5} \quad KE &= -\Delta U & \Delta E &= \Delta U + \Delta K \\ \Delta E &= 6.81N \cdot 17.8E-3m = 0.1212J \\ \Delta U &= 7.25 \cdot 8.3E-3 = 0.0602J \\ \Delta K &= 0.1212J - 0.0602J = 0.061J \end{aligned}$$

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$$\Delta U = k \frac{q q}{r} = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

$$9 E 9 \cdot \frac{2 \cdot 10 E - 12 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 E - 12}{2 \cdot 3 \cdot 75 E - 6} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot 9 \cdot 05 E - 14 \text{ kg} \cdot v^2$$

$$V_f = 312.2 \text{ m/s}$$

$$F = 9 E 9 \frac{2 \cdot 10 E - 12 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 E - 12}{(2 \cdot 3 \cdot 75 E - 6)^2} = 0.001176$$

$$a = F/m \quad a = \frac{0.001176}{9 \cdot 05 E - 14} = 1.299 E 10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

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Need r to be distance from edge of ring

$$\Delta U = k \frac{-Q q}{\sqrt{10} R^2} + k \frac{Q q}{\sqrt{2} R^2} = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

$$= - \frac{k Q q \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{20} R} + \frac{k Q q \sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{20} R}$$

$$= \frac{k Q q (\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{2})}{\sqrt{20} R} = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

$$V = \sqrt{\frac{2 k Q q (\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{2})}{\sqrt{20} R m}}$$

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$$k \int_0^{0.227 \text{ m}} \frac{\left(\frac{0.290 \text{ C}}{0.227 \text{ m}} \right) (0.290 \text{ C})}{\sqrt{0.186^2 + l^2}} = \frac{k \cdot Q^2}{L} \int_0^{0.227 \text{ m}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{r^2 + l^2}} dl$$

$$\text{Identity: } \frac{k \cdot Q^2}{L} \cdot \ln \left(\frac{l}{r} + \frac{\sqrt{r^2 + l^2}}{r} \right) \Bigg|_0^{0.227 \text{ m}} = 3444932286 \text{ J}$$

$$\Delta U = 3444932286 \text{ J} = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

$$v = 460822 \text{ m/s}$$

$$(10) \quad E = \frac{F}{Q}$$

$$\text{Vertical} = E \cos(86.2^\circ) = \frac{F}{Q}$$

$$F = 7.82 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{C}} \cos(86.2^\circ) \cdot -77.8 \text{ E-}6 \text{ C} = -3.472 \text{ E-}4 \text{ N}$$

$$W = -3.472 \text{ E-}4 \text{ N} \cdot 0.156 \text{ m} = -5.417 \text{ E-}5 \text{ J}$$

$$\Delta E = \Delta U + \Delta K$$

$$-5.417 \text{ E-}5 = \Delta U + 0$$

$$\Delta V = -(-5.417 \text{ E-}5 \text{ J} / -77.8 \text{ E-}6 \text{ C})$$

$$\Delta V = -0.696 \text{ V}$$

$$(12) \quad \text{For uniformly charged sphere: } V = \frac{kq}{R}$$

To find the work needed we add infinite charges to the surface of the sphere:

$$dU = V dq \quad (\text{the work to add } dq)$$

$$\Delta U = \int_0^Q V dq = \int_0^Q \frac{kq}{R} dq = \left. \frac{kq^2}{2R} \right|_0^Q = \frac{kQ^2}{2R}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta U &= U_f - U_i = \frac{kQ^2}{2} \left(\frac{1}{R_f} - \frac{1}{R_i} \right) \\ &= \frac{k}{2} \left(\frac{V_0 R_i}{k} \right)^2 \left(\frac{1}{R_f} - \frac{1}{R_i} \right) \end{aligned}$$