Lab 5. PL/SQL Cursors, Exceptions

Point Distribution:

| Option A | |
|-----------------|--------------|
| Question Number | Points |
| 7a, 8a | 6 pts x 2 |
| 6c, 8c, 8e | 6 pts x 3 |
| Other questions | 3.5 pts x 20 |
| Total | 100 pts |

| Option B | |
|-----------------|------------|
| Question Number | Points |
| 1, 2 | 50 pts x 2 |
| Total | 100 pts |

Submission:

• You may choose to work with Option A or Option B for credit. Please indicate which part you wish to submit. If you submit both, only Option A will be graded. If you choose to submit Option B, please make sure that you know the answers to Option A.

Objectives:

- Practice implementing implicit PL/SQL Cursors
- Practice implementing explicit PL/SQL Cursors
- Practice implementing PL/SQL Cursor FOR Loops
- Practice handling exceptions
- Familiarization with standard Oracle exceptions

Option A

Explicit Cursors

Using the code provided below, create the **print_employee_roster** procedure. The procedure uses an explicit cursor.

```
Worksheet
          Query Builder
    CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE print_employee_roster
 3
      current employeeid employee.employeeid%TYPE;
      current lastname employee.lastname%TYPE;
 4
      current_firstname employee.firstname%TYPE;
 5
 6
 7
      CURSOR all employees
 8
         SELECT employeeid, lastname, firstname FROM employee;
 9
10
11
    BEGIN
12
      OPEN all_employees;
13
14
      FETCH all_employees into current_employeeid, current_lastname, current_firstname;
15
16
      WHILE all_employees%FOUND LOOP
17
18
           DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT (RPAD(current_employeeid, 15, ' '));
19
           DBMS OUTPUT.PUT (RPAD(current lastname, 30, ' '));
20
           DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE (current_firstname);
21
           FETCH all_employees into current_employeeid, current_lastname, current_firstname;
22
      END LOOP:
23
24
      CLOSE all_employees;
25 END print employee roster;
```

Note: the procedure uses 3 local variables of %TYPE to hold the "fetched" values.

1b Execute the **print_employee_roster** procedure. Include the results in your submission.

2a Improve the **print_employee_roster** procedure by using a single local variable of %ROWTYPE (instead of the 3 local variables it currently uses) as shown below.

```
Worksheet
           Query Builder
     CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE print_employee_roster
 2
 3
 4
       CURSOR all_employees
 5
 6
         SELECT employeeid, lastname, firstname FROM employee;
 7
 8
       current employee all employees%ROWTYPE;
 9
    BEGIN
10
       OPEN all_employees;
11
12
       FETCH all_employees into current_employee;
13
14
       WHILE all employees%FOUND LOOP
15
16
           DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT (RPAD(current employee.employeeid, 15, ' '));
17
           DBMS OUTPUT.PUT (RPAD(current employee.lastname, 30, ' '));
18
           DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE (current employee.firstname);
19
           FETCH all_employees into current_employee;
20
       END LOOP:
21
22
       CLOSE all employees;
23
    END print_employee_roster;
24
```

- **2b** Execute the **print employee roster** procedure. Include the results in your submission.
- **2c** What is the database object that the **current_employee** variable is based upon?

Modify the cursor definition to include concatenation, formatting, and an alias as shown below.

```
Worksheet
          Query Builder
    CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE print_employee_roster
 2
 3
 4
     CURSOR all_employees
 5
     IS
 6
       SELECT employeeid,
 7
                lastname || ', ' || firstname as name
 8
        FROM employee;
 9
10
     current_employee all_employees%ROWTYPE;
11
    BEGIN
12
     OPEN all_employees;
13
14
    FETCH all_employees into current_employee;
15
16
     WHILE all_employees%FOUND LOOP
17
          DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT (RPAD(current_employee.employeeid, 15, ' '));
18
19
          DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE (current_employee.name);
          FETCH all_employees into current_employee;
20
21
     END LOOP:
22
23
     CLOSE all_employees;
24 END print_employee_roster;
```

3b Execute the **print_employee_roster** procedure. Include the results in your submission.

Cursor FOR Loops

4a Modify the **print_employee_roster** procedure to use a cursor FOR loop as shown below.

```
Worksheet
           Query Builder
     CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE print_employee_roster
 2
 3
 4
      CURSOR all employees
 5
      IS
         SELECT employeeid,
 7
                 lastname || ', ' || firstname as name
 8
        FROM employee;
 9
10
    BEGIN
11
      FOR current_employee IN all_employees LOOP
12
13
14
           DBMS OUTPUT.PUT (RPAD(current employee.employeeid, 15, ' '));
15
           DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE (current_employee.name);
16
      END LOOP:
17
   END print_employee_roster;
19
```

Be certain to remove any unnecessary variables from your procedure.

- **4b** Execute the **print_employee_roster** procedure. Include the results in your submission.
- Which of the processing steps associated with cursor usage are implicitly handled by the PL/SQL engine?

Parameterized Cursors

Modify the **print_employee_roster** procedure to accept a parameter that is subsequently used in the WHERE clause of the cursor to restrict the data retrieved by the query.

```
Worksheet
           Query Builder
    CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE print employee roster
     (p_jobtitle IN employee.jobtitle%type)
 2
 3
 4
 5
       CURSOR all employees
 6
 7
        SELECT employeeid,
                 lastname || ', ' || firstname as name
 8
 9
        FROM employee
10
         WHERE UPPER(TRIM(JOBTITLE)) = UPPER(TRIM(p jobtitle));
11
12
    BEGIN
13
14
       FOR current_employee IN all_employees LOOP
15
16
           DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT (RPAD(current_employee.employeeid, 15, ' '));
           DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE (current employee.name);
17
18
      END LOOP:
19
20 END print_employee_roster;
```

- What is the code necessary to display all 'sales' personnel at Eagle Electronics using the **print employee roster** procedure? Include the results in your submission.
- What is the code necessary to display all 'assembly' personnel at Eagle Electronics using the **print_employee_roster** procedure? Include the results in your submission.
- What happens if you provide the procedure a non-existent job title? For example: 'student'. Does the procedure crash? Or display nothing? Or what?

Exception Handling

Modify the **print_employee_roster** procedure to gracefully handle exceptions in a "generic" manner (e.g., treat all exceptions the same).

```
Worksheet
           Query Builder
    CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE print employee roster
     (p_jobtitle ™ employee.jobtitle%type)
 2
 3
 4
 5
      CURSOR all employees
 6
 7
        SELECT employeeid,
                 lastname || ', ' || firstname as name
 8
 9
        FROM employee
10
        WHERE UPPER(TRIM(JOBTITLE)) = UPPER(TRIM(p jobtitle));
11
12
    BEGIN
13
14
      FOR current_employee IN all_employees LOOP
15
16
           DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT (RPAD(current_employee.employeeid, 15, ' '));
17
           DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE (current employee.name);
      END LOOP:
18
19
20
   EXCEPTION
22
      WHEN OTHERS THEN
23
        DBMS OUTPUT.PUT (SQLCODE);
        DBMS OUTPUT.PUT (': ');
24
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE (SUBSTR(SQLERRM, 1, 100));
25
26
   END print employee roster;
27
```

- What code is now necessary to display all 'assembly' personnel at Eagle Electronics using the **print employee roster** procedure? Include the results in your submission.
- If an exception was to occur, what would be displayed to the user? You will need to understand what SQLCODE and SQLERRM functions do

Write Your Own Code

7a Create a **procedure** named **customer_roster** that accepts 1 parameter: state. The procedure should display the <u>company name</u>, <u>city</u>, <u>state</u>, and <u>contact name</u> (in <u>Last</u>, <u>First format</u>) for all customers that are located in the state specified.

The procedure should:

- Use an **explicit** cursor and a **WHILE** Loop.
- Format the output so it is easy to read (e.g., make certain the columns line up and formatting is standard).

Handle any exceptions that might occur gracefully, displaying the error number and message to the user.

- 7b If we wanted to determine the customers that Eagle Electronics has in Georgia (GA) using the customer_roster procedure, what is the code necessary to execute the procedure? Verify your solution works by running it. Include the results in your submission.
- **8a** Create a **procedure** named **customer_search** that accepts 1 parameter: name.

The procedure should display the <u>company name</u>, <u>contact first name</u>, <u>contact last name</u>, and <u>contact title</u> for any customer contact whose <u>last name</u> contains the characters string specified by the user (e.g., use LIKE functionality). The search should be case insensitive and ignore leading and trailing spaces.

The procedure should:

- Use an **explicit** cursor.
- Format the output so it is easy to read (e.g., make certain the columns line up and formatting is standard).

Handle any exceptions that might occur gracefully, displaying the error number and message to the user.

- If we wanted to use the **customer_search** procedure to identify all customer contacts having a last name containing the character string 'NA', what code is necessary to execute the procedure?
 - Verify your solution works by running it. Include the results in your submission.
- Modify the search functionality of the **customer_search** procedure created in 8a.

 The search should now display the information for customer contacts whose first name or last name contains the specified character string.
- If we wanted to use the **customer_search** procedure to identify all customer contacts having a first or last name containing the character string 'na', what code is necessary to execute the procedure?

Verify your solution works by running it. Include the results in your submission.

| 8e | Modify the search functionality of the customer_search procedure in 8c to using an |
|----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | IMPLICIT cursor with a FOR loop. |
| 8f | Repeat 8d with the updated procedure. |

Option B

Optional Questions: EAGLE database

- Create a **procedure** that would: given an employee first name, last name, and date of birth, find employees that they supervise. Order the supervised employees by last name. The procedure should:
 - Use first name, last name, date of birth as input to your procedure
 - Use exception if any part of input is missing
 - Use exception if such employee doesn't exist (it should not be case sensitive)
 - Use exception if an employee doesn't supervise anyone
 - Use exception if date is invalid
 - Use exceptions for anything else that you can think of.
 - When you list the supervised employees, use a cursor and a FOR loop (implicit OPEN, FETCH)
 - Prior to listing the supervised employees, print a message to the screen indicating how many employees are there that match given criteria.
- Write a **function** that would: given an employee name, return the number of people they supervise.

The function should:

- Use employee id name as input (using the format <firstname><space><lastname>)
- Use exception if any part of input is missing
- Use exception if invalid last name is entered, however, allow for variations in first name, such as initial.
- If a user enters a name that corresponds to more than one employee, return the overall sum for all of them, not individual numbers.
- Use exceptions for anything else that you can think of.
- Use a parameterized cursor and a WHILE loop to display all supervised employees that you can find for a given name.
- If an employee with such name doesn't exist, suggest a similarly spelled name that does exist.