Databases - Introduction

Amos Azaria

Administration

- Lecturers: Amos Azaria and Merav Chkroun
- TAs: Avigail Stekel Chaya Liberman, and Keren Nivasch, Gil Levi
- Classes (4 groups):
 - Tuesdays: 9:00-12:00 and 14:00-15:00 (Amos)
 - Sundays: 9:00-12:00 and Mondays: 11:00-14:00(Merav)
- Office hour: Tuesdays at 13:00 (11.2.11)

Home Assignments

- Grading policy:
 - 4 Home assignments: Each assignment can add up to 2 bonus points to the final grade.
 - Final Grade: Test + bonus points
- Submission in pairs.
- First home assignment should be published on Monday (you will have 2 weeks to submit it).
- Submission time is always at 23:55.
- No late submission.
- Only a subset of the questions in each assignment will be graded.

Don't copy! Don't share your work! Don't work in groups!

5. **עונשי מינימום** א. הורשע הסטודנט בהכנסת חומר עזר אסור או החזקתו- עונשו של המורשע לא יפחת מציון 0 בקורס בו בוצעה העבירה והרחקה מהלימודים למשך סמסטר אחד

לכל הפחות.

- ב. הורשע הסטודנט בהכנסת שינוי כלשהו בבחינה עונשו של המורשע יכלול הרחקה מהלימודים למשך סמסטר אחד לכל הפחות.
- הורשע הסטודנט הונאה בעבודות סמינריוניות או כל מטלה לימודית אחרת עונשו של המורשע יכלול לפחות ציון 0 בקורס בו בוצעה העבירה והרחקה מהלימודים למשך סמסטר אחד לכל הפחות.
- ד. הורשע הסטודנט בפלילים בעבירה שיש עמה קלון הקשורה למעמדו כסטודנטבאוניברסיטה יורחק הסטודנט מלימודים למשך סמסטר אחד לפחות.

Github

- You may not post your assignments to a public repository until after the deadline.
- You may want to consider the usage of Bitbucket instead of Github.

Course Structure

- Relational Databases Management Systems
 - SQL
 - Building databases
 - ERD Entity-Relational-Diagrams (next semseter)
- Java
 - Connecting to MySQL
 - Streams
- Object representation languages:
 - XML (and XSD)
 - JSON
- NoSQL
 - Key-Value Store, Wide-Column Store, Document Store, Graph Store, Search Engines, RDF
- Big Data

Handling huge amounts of data

- Spark
- Naïve Bayes and Regression
 - Linear regression
 - Logistic regression

What can we do when we need to know what might happen where we don't have data

Relational Databases

Relational Databases

- Relational databases are built from tables (relations), with attributes (columns) and entries (rows).
- Relational data-bases are based upon relational algebra and SQL.
- Most common databases in use:
 - Open Source: MySQL, SQLite, PostgreSQL
 - Proprietary: SQL Server and Oracle.

Database management system usage (http://db-engines.com/en/ranking)

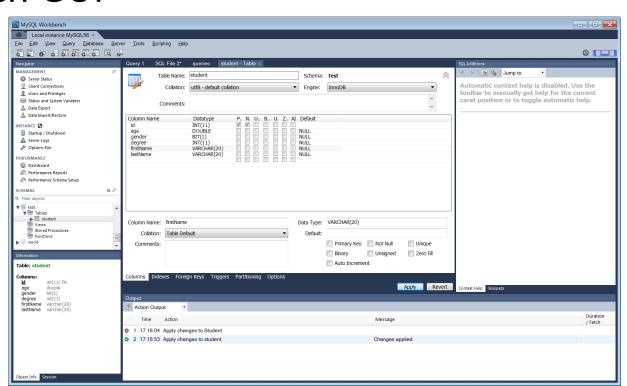
343 systems in ranking, February 2019

	Rank				Score	
Feb 2019	Jan 2019	Feb 2018	DBMS	Database Model	Feb Jan 2019 2019 2	Feb 2018
1.	1.	1.	Oracle 🚹	Relational, Multi-model 🚺	1264.02 -4.82 -3	39.26
2.	2.	2.	MySQL #	Relational, Multi-model 🚺	1167.29 +13.02 -8	35.18
3.	3.	3.	Microsoft SQL Server 🖽	Relational, Multi-model 🚺	1040.05 -0.21 -8	31.98
4.	4.	4.	PostgreSQL [+	Relational, Multi-model 🚺	473.56 +7.45 +8	35.18
5.	5.	5.	MongoDB 🚼	Document	395.09 +7.91 +5	58.67
6.	6.	6.	IBM Db2 €	Relational, Multi-model 🚺	179.42 -0.43 -1	10.55
7.	7.	1 8.	Redis 🚹	Key-value, Multi-model 🚺	149.45 +0.43 +2	22.43
8.	8.	1 9.	Elasticsearch 🚹	Search engine, Multi-model 🔃	145.25 +1.81 +1	19.93
9.	9.	4 7.	Microsoft Access	Relational	144.02 +2.41 +1	13.95
10.	10.	1 11.	SQLite []	Relational	126.17 -0.63 +	8.89
11.	11.	↓ 10.	Cassandra 🞛	Wide column	123.37 +0.39 +	+0.59
12.	1 3.	1 7.	MariaDB 🚼	Relational, Multi-model 🚺	83.42 +4.60 +2	21.77
13.	4 12.	13.	Splunk	Search engine	82.81 +1.39 +1	15.55
14.	14.	↓ 12.	Teradata 🚹	Relational	75.97 - 0.22 +	2.98
15.	15.	1 8.	Hive 🚹	Relational	72.29 +2.38 +1	17.23
16.	16.	4 14.	Solr	Search engine	60.96 -0.52 -	-2.91
17.	17.	4 16.	HBase ⊕	Wide column	60.28 -0.12 -	-1.43
4.0		-	en van			

My SQL

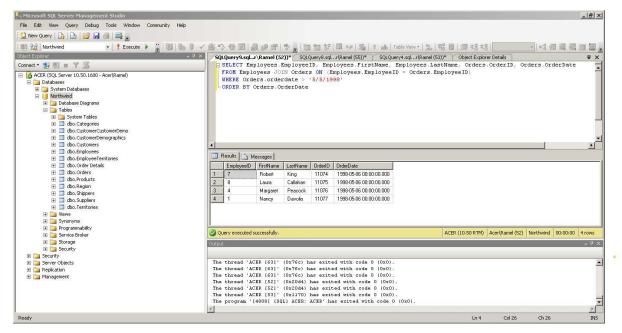


- Open source
- Used a lot in the industry
- Workbench GUI



SQL Server

- Proprietary (Microsoft) but used a lot in the industry as well.
- SQL Management GUI
 - Will be used in the tutorials.





MySQL Installation

- Go to https://dev.mysql.com/downloads/installer/, download the installer (scroll down and click the download button) and install:
 - MySQL Server
 - MySQL Workbench: A GUI that allows us to query the DB and presents the results.
 - MySQL Connectors:
 - JDBC Driver for MySQL (Connector/J): Allows us to connect to the DB from JAVA.
 - [ADO.NET Driver for MySQL (Connector/NET)]
- You might also need to install Visual C++
 Redistributable for Visual Studio 2015 from:
 https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=48145

ACID

Actions on a relational database are batched in transactions.

- Atomicity: each transaction is either executed in full, or not executed at all.
- Consistency: database remains consistent. Transaction does not violate any integrity constraints during its execution (if a transaction leaves the database in an illegal state, it is unrolled).
- Isolation: the DBMS can execute many transactions in parallel, as long as the result is identical to a sequential execution.
- Durability: a committed transaction always remains in database even in case of sudden power shortage or hardware/software failure etc.