#### **Table of Contents**

### **Question 2**

```
fc = 10;
kf = 3;

freqs = [ 15 10 20 ];
amps = [ 2 10 2 ];

freq_dev = kf * amps;
bandwidth = 2 * freq_dev + 2*freqs;
beta = freq_dev ./ freqs;
universal = [9 4 12] .* freq_dev;

narrowband = beta < 1;</pre>
```

# **Question 3**

```
ka = 2;
fc = 10;
ac = 2;

amps = [ .4; .45; .6 ];

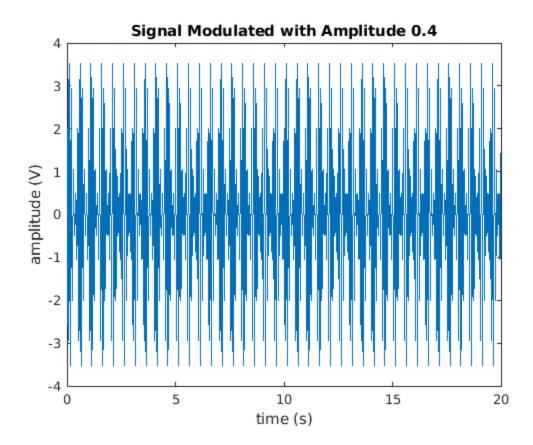
fs = 100;
t = 0:1/fs:2000/fs-1/fs;

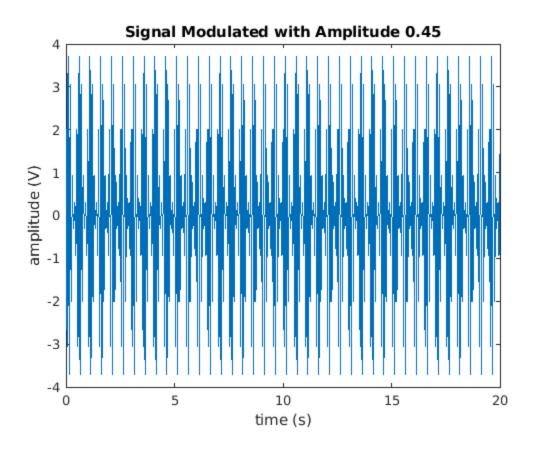
m = amps .* sin(2*pi*2*t);
x = ac * (ones(size(m)) + ka*m) .* cos(2*pi*fc*t);

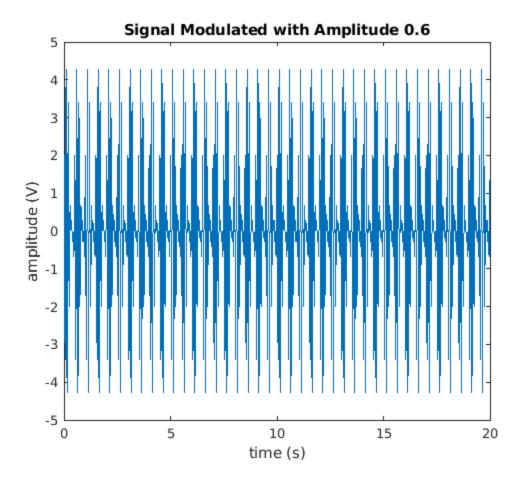
mod_index = ka*amps'*100;
over_mod = mod_index > 100;

for i = 1:3
    fprintf("Amp = %f V\n", amps(i));
```

```
fprintf(" Modulation Index: %d\n", mod_index(i));
    fprintf(" Overmodulated? : %d\n\n", over_mod(i));
    figure;
   plot(t, x(i, :));
    title("Signal Modulated with Amplitude " + amps(i));
    xlabel("time (s)");
    ylabel("amplitude (V)");
end
Amp = 0.400000 V
 Modulation Index: 80
  Overmodulated? : 0
Amp = 0.450000 V
 Modulation Index: 90
  Overmodulated? : 0
Amp = 0.600000 V
 Modulation Index: 120
 Overmodulated? : 1
```







# **Question 4**

```
syms r
eq1 = 10e-4 == exp(-r^2/2);
sol = solve([eq1], [r]);
threshold = double(sol(1));
n = 1e7;
sigma = [10; 10; 10] .^ [0; -1/10; 1/10];
p = exp(-threshold^2*ones(size(sigma))/2./sigma);
R = sqrt(sigma) .* abs(randn(3,n) + 1j*randn(3,n));

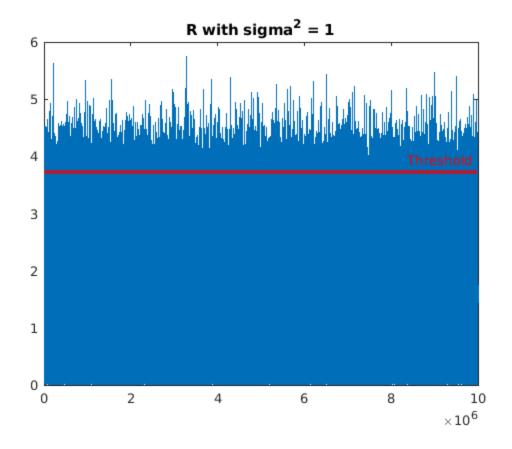
percent = sum(R > threshold, 2)/length(R);

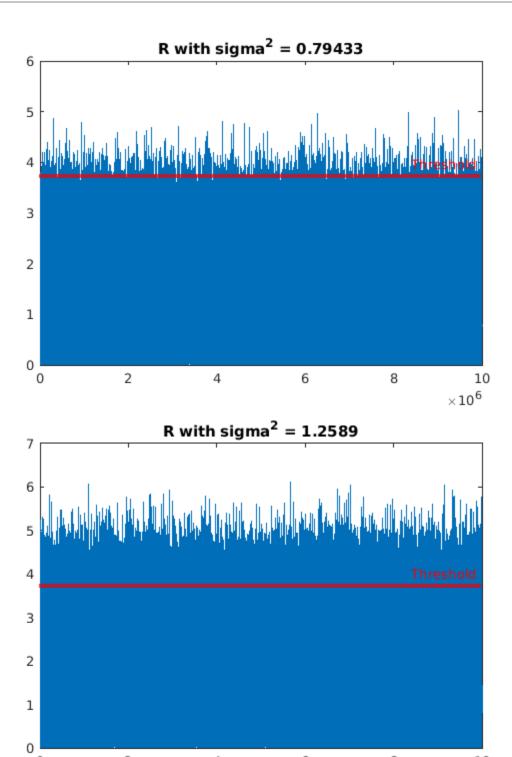
for i = 1:3
    figure;
    plot(R(i, :));
    yline(threshold, "-r", "Threshold", 'LineWidth', 3);
    title("R with sigma^2 = " + sigma(i));
```

```
fprintf("Fraction above threshold for sigma^2 = f: f \# fn", sigma(i), percent(i), p(i);
```

#### end

Fraction above threshold for  $sigma^2 = 1.000000: 0.000994 \# 0.001000$ Fraction above threshold for  $sigma^2 = 0.794328: 0.000162 \# 0.000167$ Fraction above threshold for  $sigma^2 = 1.258925: 0.004152 \# 0.004140$ 





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 $\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ \times 10^6 \end{array}$