

# ***Flying Under Cloud Cover***

**Built-in Blind Spots in Cloud Security**

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## A trip to the cloud evasion & blindspot candy store



With some  
candy that  
most of you  
know & love...

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And some new  
ones to  
discover

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# Why do they keep cropping up?

- Pressure to make it work
- Complexity
- Dirty CSP fixes, sewage, duct taping

# Agenda

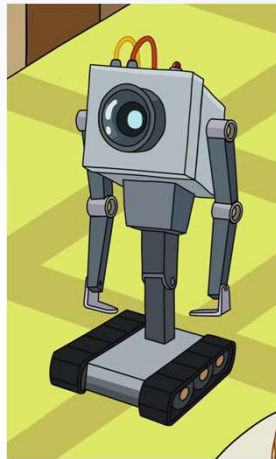
- **Trust no one!** Cloud provider design flaws
- **Hard knock life:** user misconfigurations
- **Getting too old for this...** Blind spots due to legacy support

# ***Trust No One!***

Cloud provider design choices

# Evasion: GCP Hidden projects



- Google Apps Script
- It deploys to GCP (cool!)





# GCP Hidden projects

- It creates a hidden project (in the console):
  - system-gsuite/apps-script/sys-12345678901234567890123456

▼  system-gsuite	67313
 apps-script	16792

- You can see it from the cli and even access it from the console (url)
  - `gcloud projects list --filter=16792...`

```
PROJECT_ID: sys-809809343170673[REDACTED]  
NAME: Untitled project [REDACTED]  
PROJECT NUMBER: 967584[REDACTED]
```

# GCP Hidden projects

- So far, so good...
- However... 😈

```
admin_@cloudshell:~$ gcloud projects create --folder=16792228 [REDACTED] hide-this-project-please
Create in progress for [https://cloudresourcemanager.googleapis.com/v1/projects/hide-this-project-please].
Waiting for [operations/cp.487779423199901[REDACTED]8] to finish...done.
Enabling service [cloudapis.googleapis.com] on project [hide-this-project-please]...
Operation "operations/acat.p2-354690238904-0495d8db-987b-4056-a20e-[REDACTED]e9e2cb" finished successfully.
admin_@cloudshell:~$ gcloud projects list --filter=hide
PROJECT_ID: hide-this-project-please
NAME: hide-this-project-please
PROJECT_NUMBER: 35469023[REDACTED]
admin_@cloudshell:~$
```

▼ [REDACTED] system-gsuite	67313
[REDACTED] apps-script	16792

```
admin_@cloudshell:~$ gcloud projects create --folder=16792228[REDACTED] hide-this-pr
Create in progress for [https://cloudresourcemanager.googleapis.com/v1/project
Waiting for [operations/cp.487779423199901[REDACTED]8] to finish...done.
Enabling service [cloudapis.googleapis.com] on project [hide-this-project-plea
Operation "operations/acat.p2-354690238904-0495d8db-987b-4056-a20e-[REDACTED]5e9e2c
admin_@cloudshell:~$ gcloud projects list --filter=hide
PROJECT_ID: hide-this-project-please
NAME: hide-this-project-please
PROJECT_NUMBER: 35469023[REDACTED]
admin_@cloudshell:~$
```

# Evasion: GCP Hidden dataset



# Evasion/Persistency: Azure access keys

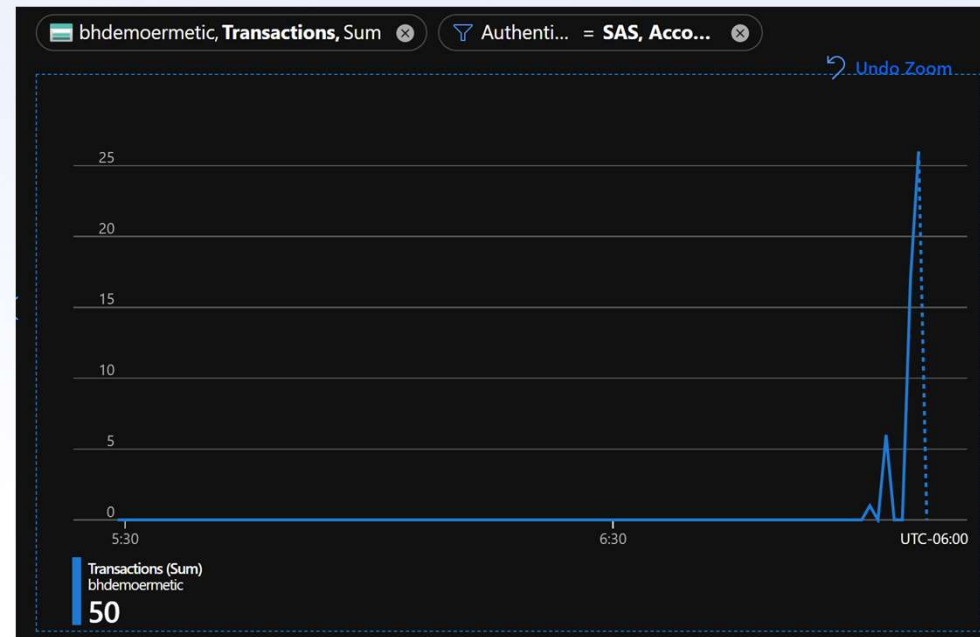
- IAM Bypass
- Created by default

# Azure access keys

Storage account name  
bhdemoermetic

**key1** Rotate key  
Last rotated: 8/9/2022 (0 days ago)  
Key  
..... Show  
Connection string  
..... Show

**key2** Rotate key  
Last rotated: 8/9/2022 (0 days ago)  
Key  
..... Show  
Connection string  
..... Show



Allow storage account key access ⓘ

☒ Disabled ☐ Enabled

⚠ When Allow storage account key access is disabled, any requests to the account that are authorized with Shared Key, including shared access signatures (SAS), will be denied. Client applications that currently access the storage account using Shared Key will no longer work. [Learn more about Allow storage account key access](#)



# Azure access keys

- Access keys can sign **SAS tokens** (shared access signature)
- Ad-hoc signature can only be revoked by deleting/regenerating the underlying key.

# Quick win: AWS ECS Task definitions

- ECS Task definitions: run containers in ECS
- Often: secrets stored as environment variables → ***plaintext***
  - *(docker run --env)*
- This is metadata! (ViewOnlyAccess, SecurityAudit)
- **The correct practice:** AWS Secrets Manager secrets or AWS Systems Manager Parameter Store parameters<sup>1</sup>

```
"linuxParameters": null,  
"cpu": 256,  
"environment": [  
  {  
    "name": "secret",  
    "value": "asdf1234"  
  }  
],
```

<sup>1</sup><https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonECS/latest/developerguide/specifying-sensitive-data-secrets.html>

# AWS ECS Task definitions

- Unfortunately, ECS Task definitions **cannot be deleted**
  - Look up old revisions for secrets!
- Rotate everything

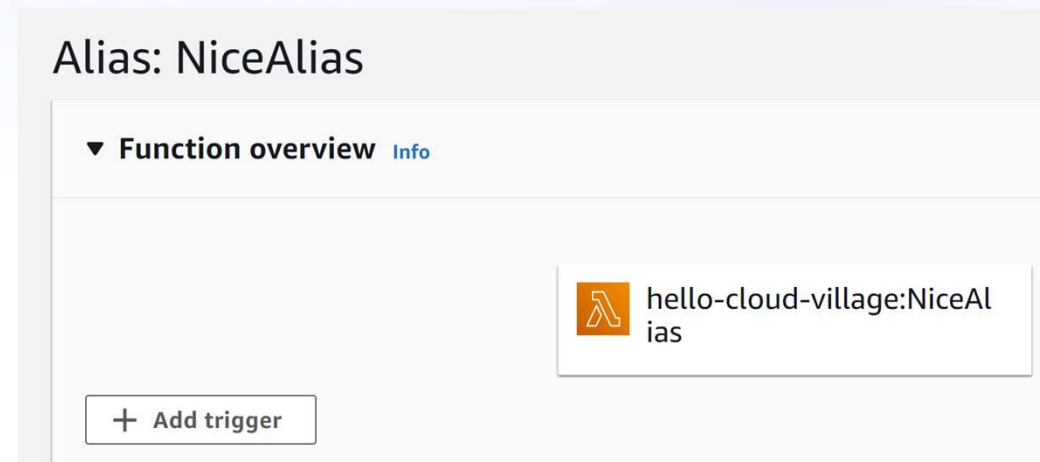


# ***Hard knock life***

Complicated things are complicated

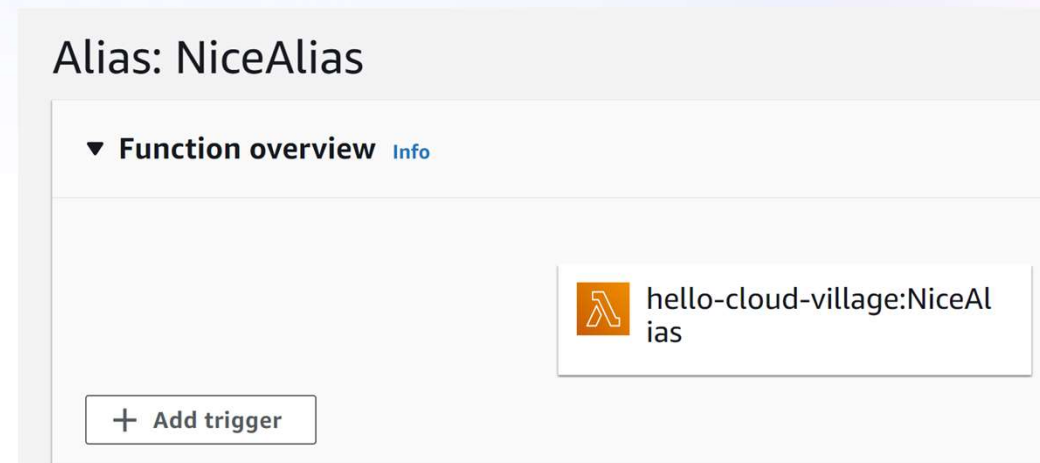
# Evasion/Persistency: AWS Lambda alias backdoor

- Pointers to lambda function versions
- But not only that:
  - Different permissions
  - Different triggers
  - Different function URLs



# AWS Lambda alias backdoor

- TTPs:
  - Add an alias to backdoor access to powerful function
  - Add an “evil” version with backdoored access, then add back the regular version
- Depends on detection model





## Policy statements (2)

[Edit](#)[Delete](#)[Add permissions](#)[<](#) **1** [>](#)

	Statement ID ▾	Principal ▲	PrincipalOrgID ▾	Conditions	Action ▾	
<input type="radio"/>	<a href="#">LetEvilUserGetFunction</a>	arn:aws:iam::0428	:role/EvilLambdaUser	-	None	lambda:GetFunction
<input type="radio"/>	<a href="#">LetEvilUserExecute</a>	arn:aws:iam::0428	:role/EvilLambdaUser	-	None	lambda:InvokeFunction

### Function URL [Info](#)

Use function URLs to assign HTTP(S) endpoints to your Lambda function.

#### Auth type

Choose the auth type for your function URL. [Learn more](#) [↗](#)

☐ AWS\_IAM

Only authenticated IAM users and roles can make requests to your function URL.

☒ NONE

Lambda won't perform IAM authentication on requests to your function URL. The URL endpoint will be public unless you implement your own authorization logic in your function.

\$LATEST

Good version duplicate

Backdoored version

Latest good version: 101

Version 100

Version 99

Version 98

Version 97

# Quick win: “Allow Azure services” – the little checkbox that could

**Network connectivity**

You can connect to your server by specifying a public IP address specified below or from within a selected virtual network.

Connectivity method ⓘ

☒ Public access (allowed IP addresses)

☐ Private access (VNet Integration)

**i** Connections from the IP addresses configured in the Firewall rules section below will have access to this server. By default, no public IP addresses are allowed. [Learn more](#) ↗

**Firewall rules**

Inbound connections from the IP addresses specified below will be allowed to port 5432 on this server. [Learn more](#) ↗

☒ Allow public access from any Azure service within Azure to this server ⓘ

# “Allow Azure services” – the little checkbox that could

- “any Azure service within Azure”  $\supseteq$  VMs in different subscriptions

# “Allow Azure services” – the little tooltip that tried

## Firewall rules


Inbound connections from the IP a

This option configures the firewall to allow connections from IP addresses allocated to any Azure service or asset, including connections from the subscriptions of other customers.

☒ Allow public access from any Azure service within Azure to this server ⓘ


## Create SQL Database ...

Microsoft

Configure network access and connectivity for your server. The configuration selected below will apply to the selected server 'ermetic-rsc-sql-server' and all databases it manages. [Learn more](#) 


### Network connectivity

Choose an option for configuring connectivity to your server via public endpoint or private endpoint. Choosing no access creates with defaults and you can configure connection method after server creation. [Learn more](#) 

Connectivity method \* 

- ☐ No access
- ☒ Public endpoint
- ☐ Private endpoint

### Firewall rules

Setting 'Allow Azure services and resources to access this server' to Yes allows communications from all resources inside the Azure boundary, that may or may not be part of your subscription. [Learn more](#) 

Setting 'Add current client IP address' to Yes will add an entry for your client IP address to the server firewall.

Allow Azure services and resources to access this server \*

No Yes



# Trying to connect...

- From local machine

```
PS C:\Users\Noam\az-sql-test> go run .\main.go
2022/08/11 20:04:00 mssql: login error: Cannot open server 'ermetic-research-sql-db' request
ed by the login. Client with IP address '21.70' is not allowed to access the server.
  To enable access, use the Windows Azure Management Portal or run sp_set_firewall_rule on t
he master database to create a firewall rule for this IP address or address range. It may t
ake up to five minutes for this change to take effect.
exit status 1
```

- From VM in different Azure subscription

```
PS C:\Users\noam\az-sql-test> go run .\main.go
Connected!
PS C:\Users\noam\az-sql-test>
```

# ***Getting too old for this...***

Legacy support

# Quick win: GCP Basic Roles

- **Basic roles** (Viewer, Editor) have strong and broad permissions
- GCE legacy mechanism: **Access scopes**
- **Default service accounts**
- Compute engine default service account

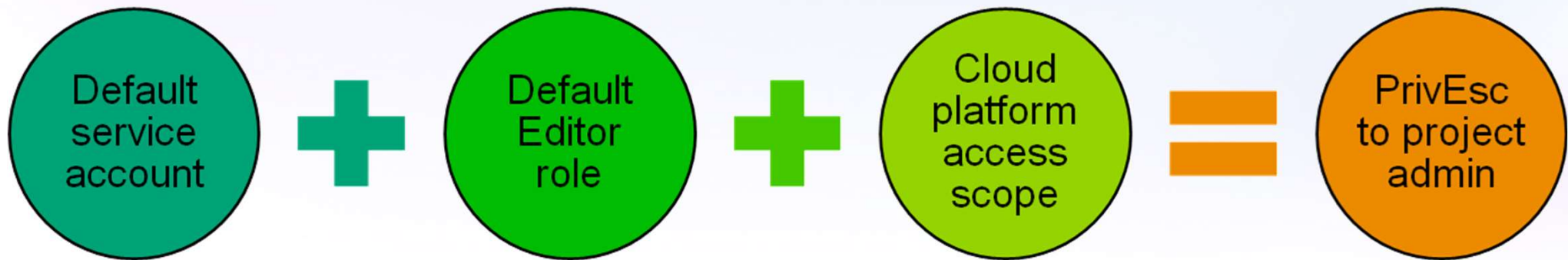
ID	roles/editor
Role launch stage	General Availability

## Description

View, create, update, and delete most Google Cloud resources. See the list of included permissions.

**5393 assigned permissions**

# GCP Basic Roles



# Evasion/Persistency: AWS KMS Grants

- Give direct permission to use keys
- Revoking is your responsibility
- Meant as temporary, but weakly enforced
- Persistence + evasion

# Final thoughts

- CSPs: Should treat and manage these things even if they're not 0-dAy vUINerAbiliTies, they form TTPs and direct behavior
- Red team: TTPs to use
- Blue team:
  - note the stuff that's outside the limelight
  - Build detections for these!



# Questions?

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