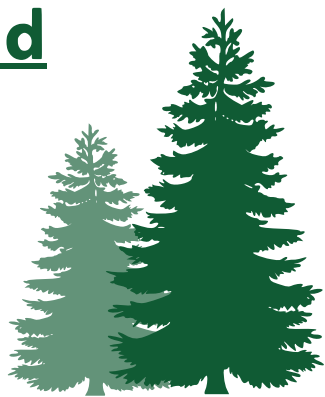


Additional Materials - Networking and Wireshark

The challenges under the “WPA2” category require a basic understanding of networking and wireshark.

First, if you never heard of or worked with packets and network traffic at all, don't worry! You can absolutely still participate in and enjoy the CTF. We are glad that we can be the ones to introduce you to this great topic :) Before you continue, you should read [an introduction to networking and packets here](#).



Additional Materials - Networking and Wireshark

**Below, we provide you with only the
necessary information about
wireshark to be able complete our
CTF.**

**As networking is a really interesting
and important topic, we strongly
encourage you to use this
opportunity to study it further!**

**You can find a more detailed
wireshark [here](#).**



Wireshark Introduction

In our challenges, we provide you with .pcap files.

Pcap is a file format used to store network traffic data captured from a network interface. These files contain a detailed record of packets that have traversed the network, including their headers and payloads.

In our case, we provide you with captures of a connection to a wifi network, that used the WPA2 protocol, and ask you to analyze it.

Don't worry! For the beginner level, we provided ONLY the 5 necessary packets to complete our challenges.

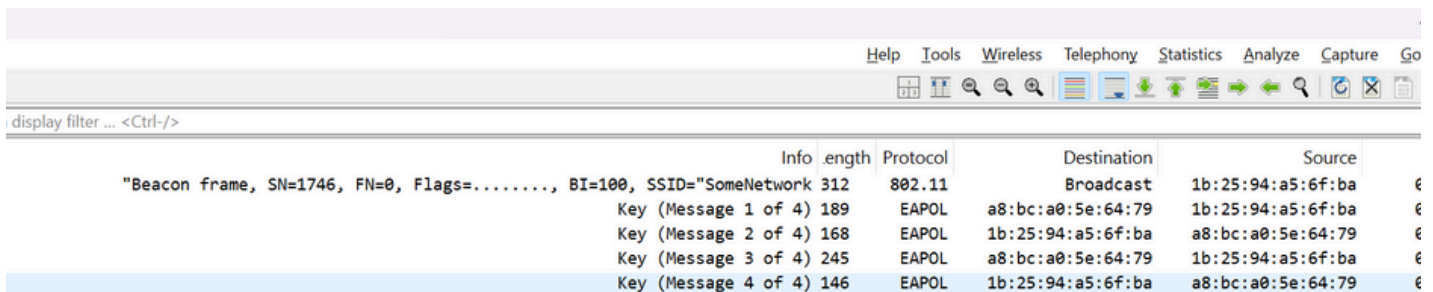


Downloading and Using Wireshark

First, download wireshark [here](#).

When you open the app, select File at the top corner, then Open, and choose the .pcap file in your challenge directory (each of the WPA2 category challenges should have a .pcap file).

Your screen should now look like this:



	Info	length	Protocol	Destination	Source
"Beacon frame, SN=1746, FN=0, Flags=....., BI=100, SSID=SomeNetwork	312	802.11	Broadcast	1b:25:94:a5:6f:ba	€
Key (Message 1 of 4)	189	EAPOL	a8:bc:a0:5e:64:79	1b:25:94:a5:6f:ba	€
Key (Message 2 of 4)	168	EAPOL	1b:25:94:a5:6f:ba	a8:bc:a0:5e:64:79	€
Key (Message 3 of 4)	245	EAPOL	a8:bc:a0:5e:64:79	1b:25:94:a5:6f:ba	€
Key (Message 4 of 4)	146	EAPOL	1b:25:94:a5:6f:ba	a8:bc:a0:5e:64:79	€

and you should be able to see the 5 packets that we filtered out for you.



Downloading and Using Wireshark

Each row here is a packet. When you click on a packet, you should be able to see its fields and raw hex bytes below the packet list:

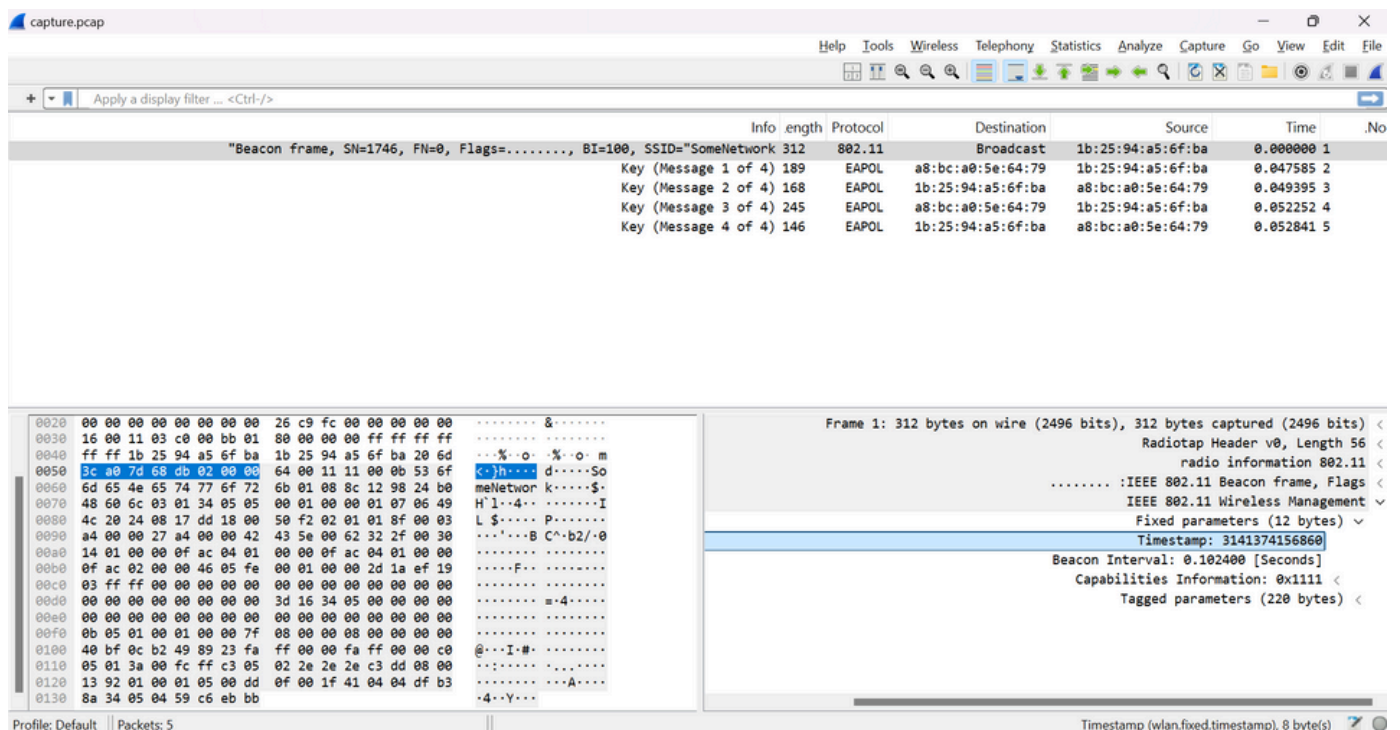
	Info	length	Protocol	Destination	Source	Time	.No
"Beacon frame, SN=1746, FN=0, Flags=....., BI=100, SSID="SomeNetwork		312	802.11	Broadcast	1b:25:94:a5:6f:ba	0.000000	1
Key (Message 1 of 4)		189	EAPOL	a8:bc:a0:5e:64:79	1b:25:94:a5:6f:ba	0.047585	2
Key (Message 2 of 4)		168	EAPOL	1b:25:94:a5:6f:ba	a8:bc:a0:5e:64:79	0.049395	3
Key (Message 3 of 4)		245	EAPOL	a8:bc:a0:5e:64:79	1b:25:94:a5:6f:ba	0.052252	4
Key (Message 4 of 4)		146	EAPOL	1b:25:94:a5:6f:ba	a8:bc:a0:5e:64:79	0.052841	5

0020 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 26 c9 fc 00 00 00 00 00&.....
0030 16 00 11 03 c0 00 bb 01 80 00 00 00 ff ff ff ff
0040 ff ff 1b 25 94 a5 6f ba 1b 25 94 a5 6f ba 20 6d ...-%-o-...%-o-m
0050 3c a0 7d 68 db 02 00 00 64 00 11 11 00 0b 53 6f <-)h....d....So
0060 6d 65 4e 65 74 77 6f 72 6b 01 08 8c 12 98 24 b0 meNetwor k....\$-
0070 48 60 6c 03 01 34 05 05 00 01 00 00 01 07 06 49 H'1..4...I
0080 4c 20 24 08 17 dd 18 00 50 f2 02 01 01 8f 00 03 L \$....P....
0090 a4 00 00 27 a4 00 00 42 43 5e 00 62 32 2f 00 30B C^b2/-0
00a0 14 01 00 00 0f ac 04 01 00 00 0f ac 04 01 00 00F.....
00b0 0f ac 02 00 00 46 05 fe 00 01 00 00 2d 1a ef 19F.....
00c0 03 ff ff 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00d0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 3d 16 34 05 00 00 00=-4.....
00e0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00f0 0b 05 01 00 01 00 00 7f 00 00 00 00 00 00
0100 40 bf 0c b2 49 83 23 fa ff 00 00 fa ff 00 00 c0 B...I.#.....
0110 05 01 3a 00 fc ff c3 05 02 2e 2e 2e c3 dd 08 00
0120 13 92 01 00 01 05 00 dd 0f 00 1f 41 04 04 df b3-A.....
0130 8a 34 05 04 59 c6 eb bb4..Y...

Frame 1: 312 bytes on wire (2496 bits), 312 bytes captured (2496 bits) <
Radiotap Header v0, Length 56 <
radio information 802.11 <
.....:IEEE 802.11 Beacon frame, Flags <
IEEE 802.11 Wireless Management >
Fixed parameters (12 bytes) >
Timestamp: 3141374156860 <
Beacon Interval: 0.102400 [Seconds] <
Capabilities Information: 0x1111 <
Tagged parameters (220 bytes) <

Downloading and Using Wireshark

You can also select a specific field in the packet and see the raw bytes for this field only:



If you right click a certain field, you can use “Copy” and then “as C string” to copy the field to your C code, for example as a constant in your code.



**If you face any
trouble with
wireshark during
the challenges, or
have any
questions, feel
free to ask us!**

