

# Constructing a galvanic cell

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Commenced on: 22 Apr 2024

Expires: 22 Jul 2025

**Classes for which experiment is required****Teacher:** Ian D Sonter **Year Group:** 12 Chemistry**Items to be prepared by laboratory technician**

1M Copper sulphate  
1M Ferric chloride  
1M Zinc nitrate  
1M Aluminum nitrate  
1M Potassium nitrate  
100ml beaker  
Copper strip  
Iron nail  
Zinc strip  
Aluminum strip  
Filter paper  
alligator clip with lead  
tweezers plastic  
Voltmeter  
Wash bottle RO Water  
lab coat  
safety glasses  
disposable gloves

**Procedure or reference, including variations**

Oxford Chemistry units 3 and 4  
MP 7.1

**Equipment to be used****alligator clip with lead***Potential hazards*

Clip may cause pain and injury if applied to skin.

**glass beaker, 200 mL or less***Potential hazards*

Breakage of beaker. Cuts from chipped rims.

*Standard handling procedures*

Inspect and discard any chipped or cracked beakers, no matter how small the damage. Sweep up broken glass with brush and dustpan; do not use fingers.

**metal tweezers***Potential hazards*

Can be used as a weapon if long and sharply pointed.

**disposable plastic gloves***Potential hazards*

ALLERGY ALERT. May easily be punctured, allowing entry of liquid. Latex gloves may cause an allergic reaction to some people; check for latex allergies before use. Check for talc allergies, if gloves are powdered with talc. Organic solvents may damage gloves.

*Standard handling procedures*

Take care not to puncture. Check for punctures before use. Use a type of glove that is suitable for the chemicals to be used.

**lab coat***Potential hazards*

Flammable. Sleeves may catch on objects and knock them over.

*Standard handling procedures*

Clean regularly. Keep clear of naked flames.

**safety glasses***Potential hazards*

May transfer pathogens from one user to the next, e.g. eye infections, flu or coronavirus, which may enter the

*Standard handling procedures*

Each student should preferably have own safety glasses. If safety glasses are shared, they should be disinfected

body through the conjunctiva. Scratched or dirty glasses may hinder vision, causing headaches during prolonged use.

between use. Safety goggles may be stored in a tank of detergent solution and removed as needed, rinsed and dried before use. Avoid scratching lenses during storage. Check and, if necessary, clean glasses before each use. Ensure that the safety glasses fit the shape of the face and provide protection around the edges, especially at the bottom (against upward splashes of liquid).

### spatula

#### Potential hazards

Properties depend on spatula material. A nickel spatula may cause an allergic skin reaction, especially if used repeatedly.

#### Standard handling procedures

People with nickel allergy should wear gloves if using a nickel spatula.

### DC voltmeter

#### Potential hazards

Breakage of glass.

#### Standard handling procedures

Sweep up broken glass with brush and dustpan; do not use fingers.

### wash bottle

#### Potential hazards

May be used to spray others.

#### Standard handling procedures

Preferably use distilled water. Change water regularly to avoid microbial growth.

### filter paper

#### Potential hazards

Flammable. Used filter paper may contain harmful residues.

#### Standard handling procedures

After use, dispose of residue and filter paper appropriately.

## Chemicals to be used

### aluminium, pieces

Class: 9

PG: III

Users: K-12

Training: 1-6

UN: 3077

CAS: 7429-90-5

Al

GHS data: Not classified as a hazardous chemical.

#### Potential hazards

Not toxic. Sharp points and edges may cause injury to skin and eyes.

#### Disposal

May be placed in the garbage.

### copper, sheet

Class: nc

PG: none

Users: K-12

Training: 1-6

CAS: 7440-50-8

Cu

GHS data: Not classified as a hazardous chemical.

#### Potential hazards

Not toxic.

#### Disposal

<1 kg/day may be placed in the garbage. Larger quantities should be retained for collection by a waste service or metal recycler.

### copper(II) sulfate >0.94 M (>15% wt/wt)

Class: nc

PG: none

Users: K-12

Training: 1-6

CuSO<sub>4</sub>(aq)

CAS: 7758-99-8

GHS data:

**WARNING**



Harmful if swallowed  
Causes serious eye irritation  
Causes skin irritation  
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### Potential hazards

Toxic. Irritates skin and eyes. Not recommended for use by K-2 students; teacher demonstration only. Careful teacher supervision required with students in Years 3-6.

#### Standard handling procedures

Solubility ~200 g/L at 20°C.

#### Disposal

<5 mL/day may be poured down the drain. Larger quantities should be placed in a Copper waste container.

**iron, nails****Fe**

Class: nc PG: none Users: K-12 Training: 1-6

CAS: 7439-89-6

GHS data: Not classified as a hazardous chemical.

*Potential hazards*

Not toxic. Usually mild steel. Sharp edges and points may cause injury.

*Standard handling procedures*

Store in a dry location to prevent rusting of iron surfaces.

*Disposal*

May be placed in the garbage.

**iron(III) chloride >0.93 M (>15% wt/wt)** (ferric chloride)**FeCl<sub>3</sub>(aq)**

Class: 8 PG: III Users: 7-12 Training: 1,2,5

UN: 2582

CAS: 10025-77-1

GHS data:

**DANGER**May be corrosive to metals  
Harmful if swallowed  
Causes skin irritation  
Causes serious eye damage*Potential hazards*

CORROSIVE TO SKIN, EYES AND LUNGS.

*Standard handling procedures*

Solubility ~550 g/L at 20°C. Undergoes hydrolysis at low concentrations with precipitation of iron(III) hydroxide.

*Disposal*

&lt;200 mL/day may be poured into 10 times the volume of water and poured down the drain in a stream of water.

**zinc, pieces****Zn**

Class: nc PG: none Users: K-12 Training: 1-6

CAS: 7440-66-6

GHS data:

**WARNING**

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

*Potential hazards*

Not toxic to humans.

*Disposal*

May be placed in the garbage.

**zinc nitrate 0.79-1 M (15-20% wt/wt)****Zn(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(aq)**

Class: nc PG: none Users: 7-12 Training: 1-5

CAS: 10196-18-6

GHS data:

**DANGER**Harmful if swallowed  
Causes skin irritation  
Causes serious eye irritation  
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects*Potential hazards*

Toxic. Irritates skin, eyes and lungs.

*Disposal*

&lt;5 mL/day may be diluted with 10 times the volume of water and poured down the drain. Larger quantities should be placed in a Zinc waste container.

**potassium nitrate 0.1-1 M (1-10% wt/wt)****KNO<sub>3</sub>(aq)**

Class: nc PG: none Users: 7-12 Training: 1-5

CAS: 7757-79-1

GHS data:

**WARNING**

Causes mild skin irritation

*Potential hazards*

May irritate eyes and skin.

*Disposal*

&lt;1 L/day may be poured down the drain in a stream of water.

**aluminium nitrate >0.5 M (>10% wt/wt)****Al(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>(aq)**

Class: nc

PG: none

Users:

**7-12**

Training: 1-5

CAS: 13473-90-0

GHS data:

**WARNING**Causes skin irritation  
Causes serious eye irritation*Potential hazards*

Irritates skin and eyes, due to acidity as a result of reaction with water.

*Disposal*

&lt;100 mL/day may be added slowly with stirring to 20 times the mass of water, then poured down the drain in a stream of water.

**Knowledge**

I have read and understood the potential hazards and standard handling procedures of all the equipment, chemicals and biological items, including living organisms.

I have read and understood the Safety Data Sheets for all hazardous chemicals used in the experiment.

I have copies of the Safety Data Sheets of all the hazardous chemicals available in or near the laboratory.

**Risk assessment**

I have considered the risks of:

fire or explosion	injuries from equipment	biohazards	waste disposal
chemicals in eyes	rotating equipment	injuries from animals	improper labelling/storage
inhalation of gas/dust	electrical shock	environmental impact	inappropriate behaviour
chemicals on skin	vibration or noise	intense light/lasers	communication issues
ingestion of chemicals	sharp objects	UV, IR, nuclear radiation	allergies
runaway reaction	falling or flying objects	pressure inside equipment	special needs
heat or cold	contamination of area	heavy lifting	ethical issues
breakage of equipment	exposure to pathogens	slipping, tripping, falling	other risks

For **outdoor activities**, consider wind, temperature, rain/hail/snow, UV, air quality, fire danger, pollen, bites/stings etc**Certification by Teacher**

I have assessed the risks associated with performing this experiment in the classroom on the basis of likelihood and consequences using the School's risk matrix, according to International Organization for Standardization Standard ISO 31000:2018.

I consider the inherent level of risk (risk level without control measures) to be:

☐ Low risk    ☐ Medium risk    ☐ High risk    ☐ Extreme risk

Where the risk level is "medium risk", "high risk" or "extreme risk", the following control measures will be employed:

*Control measures (attach further pages as required):*☐ safety glasses    ☐ gloves    ☐ lab coat    ☐ apron    ☐ fume cupboard    ☐ demonstration

With the specified control measures in place, I have found that all the risks are "low risk". Risks will therefore be managed by routine procedures in the classroom, in combination with the specified control measures.

**Name:** ..... **Signature:** ..... **Date:** .....**Certification by Laboratory Technician**

I have assessed the risks associated with preparing the equipment, chemicals and and biological items, including living organisms, for this experiment and subsequently cleaning up after the experiment and disposing of wastes, on the basis of likelihood and consequences using the School's risk matrix, according to International Organization for Standardization Standard ISO 31000:2018.

I consider the inherent level of risk (risk level without control measures) to be:

**Low risk**    Medium risk    High risk    Extreme risk

Risks will therefore be managed by routine procedures in the laboratory.

**Electronic Signature:** Dianne Turner ..... **Date:** 22 Apr 2024 .....*You have provided an electronic signature which is the equivalent of signing your name with a pen and as such will constitute a legally binding agreement between the relevant parties. We can give no warranty in respect to fraud or security breach resulting from the use of an electronic signature.*

### Approval by Authorized Person

(An authorized person, e.g. Head of Department, Laboratory Manager or Principal, is required to approve the experiment when the inherent level of risk in the classroom is "high" or "extreme")

I note that the inherent level of risk for this experiment is "high" or "extreme". As an authorized person, I approve this experiment, on the condition that the above control measures are put in place in the classroom.

**Name:** ..... **Signature:** ..... **Date:** .....

### Monitoring and review

This risk assessment will be monitored using electronic review notes or hand-written notes on a printout. It will be reviewed within 15 months as part of the regular review process.