.1.	Client File #:		Appraisal File #:					
.illh.	Residential Green and Energy Efficient Addendum							
	Client:							
AI Reports®	Subject Property:							
.Form 820.06*	City:		State:		Zip:			

Additional resources to aid in the valuation of green properties and the completion of this form can be found at http://www.appraisalinstitute.org/education/green_energy_addendum.aspx

The appraiser hereby certifies that the information provided within this addendum:

- has been considered in the appraiser's development of the appraisal of the subject property only for the client and intended user(s) identified in the appraisal report and only for the intended use stated in the report.
- is not provided by the appraiser for any other purpose and should not be relied upon by parties other than those identified by the appraiser as the client or intended user(s) in the report.
- is the result of the appraiser's routine inspection of and inquiries about the subject property's green and energy efficient features. Extraordinary assumption: Data provided herein is assumed to be accurate and if found to be in error could alter the appraiser's opinions or conclusions.
- is not made as a representation or as a warranty as to the efficiency, quality, function, operability, reliability or cost savings of the reported items or of the subject property in general, and this addendum should not be relied upon for such assessments.

Green Building: The practice of creating structures and using processes that are environmentally responsible and resource-efficient throughout a building's lifecycle from siting to design, construction, operation, maintenance, renovation, and deconstruction. This practice expands and complements the classic building design concerns of economy, utility, durability, and comfort (US EPA). High Performance building and green building are often used interchangeably.

Six Elements of Green Building: A green building has attributes that fall into the six elements of green building known as (1) site, (2) water, (3) energy, (4) materials, (5) indoor environmental quality, and (6) maintenance and operation. The energy and water elements are the most measurable elements of green or high performance housing. Appraisers need savings amounts to develop an income approach to support energy efficient contributory value.

THIRD-PARTY VERIFICATIONS (See types defined in glossary).								
The following verified items are considered within the appraisal analysis of the subject property:								
Green Certification Certifications attest that the home meets	Energy Depart Home Innovat Home Innovat	ment (DOE ion Researd ion Researd	ch Labs NGBS Home Remodel: ch Labs NGBS New Home:	Bronze	gy Ready Home Silver	Emerald		
certain minimum thresholds.	Living Building	_	(LBC):	_	Building Certified Petal Certification W Energy EnerPhit Passive House			
tinesholds.	Passive House Institute US:			PHIUS+ 20 Certified		Gold	Platinum	
	Date Verified://	Green Cer Organizati	tification Version: on URL:		ABOVE VALID ONLY IF CHECKED: Verification reviewed on site Verification attached to this report			
Energy Label Labels disclose the state the home's energy assets.	RESNET's HERS Rating (0 to 150):				a Cooling. Expected to be lower than average local ort estimates energy cost based on simed rating" is a diagnostic test. /year¢kWh rate dated// Expected to be lower than average local cost based on state average energy			
	Date Verified:	Organizati <u>www.h</u>	r Rating Version: ation URL: www.resnet.us/ chomeenergyscore.gov verification attached to this repo				d on site	
Verified Energy Improvements Only include	Explain energy Cost of improv							
improvements with verified documentation.	Date Verified:					n reviewe	-	
Completed by:			Title:			Date:		

Certain fields in this form were auto-populated by AXIS on

Subject Property:						Appraisa	l File #:		
EFFICIENCY FEATURES (Water, Energy, and Environmental. See types defined in glossary). The following items are considered within the appraisal analysis of the subject property:									
Insulation	Fiberglass Blown-		Insulation			Fiberglass B	att Insulat	ion	
	R-ValueWallCeiling Other (Describe): Envelope Tightness:Unit:CFM25CFM50ACH50ACH natural								
Building Envelope	Instructions: Insert the rating as a number that could be 0.5 to 7ACH50 or higher. The lower the number, the more air tight the envelope. Building Codes for area show maximum Envelope Tightness allowed based on the climate zone. Not all areas have adopted a building code. http://bcap-energy.org/								
							ole Pane		Solar
Windows	ENERGY STAR®	Low E	High Imp		Storm Other (De		e Pane	Tinted	Shades
Day Lighting	☐ # Of Skylights:				(% Of lighting	ng LEDs):			
ENERGY STAR® Appliances			Electric s do not resul		Natural Ga	yer Otho s Otho AR® Home.			
Water Heater	ENERGY STAR®	Size: Tankles:		So	olar (next pag	ge) Hea	at Pump	Coil	
HVAC & Related Equipment Describe in comments area.	High Efficiency HV SEER: Efficiency Rating: AFUE* *Annual Fuel-Utilizat Efficiency	% %	Heat Pun Efficiency Rating: COP: HSPF: SEER: EER:	- -	Programma Auxiliary he Radiant Floo Geothermal	or Heat?	tat?	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	s No No No No
Indoor Environmental Quality	Other Measured \	Energy (ERV) or Heat Recovery Ventilator (HRV) Other Measured Whole-House Ventilation Device (See glossary) Humidity Monitoring Device installed Non Toxic Pest Control Radon System: Active Passive							
Water Efficiency	Reclaimed Water System (Describe): Rain Barrels Used in Irrigation Greywater reuse system Cistern size: gallons Water Saving Fixtures Location of cistern:								
Utility Costs	Annual Utility Cost: \$ Includes (check all th						year). r:	# Of Occup	oants:
Comments Include source for information provided in this section.	If a property is built in the features. The manalysis of its label a building code. This dinclude higher energing	arket analys lone. Provid ocument is i	is is of the str e additional i intended for	uctur nforn	e's physical, and the control of the	economic, ar ustrates hov	nd location this prop	nal attribute erty exceed	s and not an s local
Identifying the feat Builders, contractor appraisers, agents, appraiser prior to the them in understand	s Addendum is to star ures not found on the rs, homeowners, and lenders, and homeow ne completion of an a ling the property type al to meet secondary i	e appraisal fo third party v ners. Comp ppraisal. Pr e so an appra	orm provides verifiers are e lete the page ovide the Ad aiser with su	a ba encou es tha Idend fficier	sis for compa raged to con t apply to the um to the le	arable select aplete this A e property a ander at the t	ion and ard ddendum ppraised a ime of loa	nalysis of the and presen and provide an applicatio	e features. t to to n to assist
Completed by:				Ti1	le:			Date:	

Client File #:

Certain fields in this form were auto-populated by AXIS on

Client:

Solar Panels								
The following items are considered within the appraisal analysis of the subject property:								
Solar Photovoltaic (Electric) System Array # Array # (if applicable)								
Type of Ownership	Leased Owned * Solar Loan with UCC Filing Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) If solar loan has UCC Filing, it is considered personal property and should not be included in market value.							
Panel Specifications	System Size: kW (1kW = 1000 Watts) Year Installed: Energy Production: kWh Source of Energy Production Estimate: Manufacturer: years	Year Installed:						
Array Placement Affects energy production. *Orientation Inverter	I ^Δ Δzimiith:	Tilt / Slope: Azimuth:	Tracking Mount rters per Array:					
Specifications	Year Installed:watts Wattage:watts Manufacturer: Warranty Term:years	Year Installed: watts Manufacturer:						
Energy Storing Batteries	Battery Type: Lithium-ion Lithium-ion Polymer Lea Manufacturer: Storage Capacity: _ Warranty Term: years Year Installed:	kWh	Calcium AGM GEL					
Name of Utility Company:		Charge / kWh from Utility	\$ / kWh					
	Solar Thermal Water Heati	ng System						
Type of System	Active: Direct Indirect Passive: Integral collector Thermo-syphon	Storage Tank Size	Gallons:					
Collector Type	Flat-Plat Integral Evacuated-Tube Solar	System Age	Year Installed:					
Back-Up System	Conventional Water Heater Tankless On Demand Tankless Heat Pump	Warranty Term						
Solar Energy Factor (SEF)	*Rating ranges 1 to 11. Higher number is more efficient.	Manufacturer						
	Proposed Solar Install	ation						
A free online tool and manual for valuing the energy production of the Solar PV System is available at www.pvvalue.com. Download the PV Value™ Manual for explanation of the solar terms on this form and inputs used in the PV Value Tool.	Roof Shape: Pitched Flat Rounded Multiple Rafters: Typical Engineered Wood Trim Rough Sawn Decking: No decking Plywood Tongue & Groove O Slope/Roof Pitch:	SB Skip sheath 2_) e Tile Clay Tile Gravel Wood S otograph of roof anel Fuse Box in garage), and ut or closed and a pi man 3 layers of roo out Decking Co addition Metal	Slate Corrugated Metal Standing hake material and attic space) Amperage: tility meter (if located separate from MSP): cture of three feet back to show space of covering Wood Shake Shingles mposition Shingle less than 2:12 pitch Trusses No permanent foundation					
Completed by:_	Title:		Date:					

Client File #:

Appraisal File #:

Client:

Subject Property:

Subject Property:	Appraisal File #:								
Location - Site									
The following items are considered within the appraisal analysis of the subject property:									
Walk Score	Score:	Source: <u>h</u>	nttp://www.walkscore	.com Oth	er:				
Public Transportation	Bus Distance:	Blocks	Train: Distance:	Blocks	Subway D	oistance: _	Blocks		
Site	Orientation (front face East / West No	es): orth / South	Landscaping: Water Efficient	Natural	Pond/Lake o	on site	Rain Garden		
Comments									
Incentives – Amount	of Incentive and T	erms							
The following items are of Federal	considered within the a	appraised vali	ue of the subject prop	erty and based	l on effective	date of va	alue.		
State									
Local									
Comments	Incentives offset cost Clearly identify the inc Incentives are typicall the property and are available as of the dat to offset repairs or de properties can be foun	centives that y not a sales on not paid by the e of value shof ferred mainto	offset the gross cost of concession in sales cone seller. Incentives a ould be addressed in enance items as well.	of construction mparison appr re typically for the appraisal pr	to meet approach since the a specified perocess. Incention	raisal stand ey do not eriod and d itives may	dards. transfer with only those be available		
The objective of this A properties. Identifying analysis of the feature	g the features not fo				_				
present to app	ractors, homeowners oraisers, agents, lend nis addendum withou	ers, and hor	meowners. Apprais	ers typically d	o not have s	ufficient			
 Attach this completed document to the MLS listing to provide sufficient detail on sales and listings to assist buyers, appraisers, and real estate agents in understanding the high performance features of the property. 									
 Complete the pages that apply to the property appraised and provide to appraiser prior to the completion of an appraisal. 									
 Provide the Addendum to the lender at the time of loan application to assist them in understanding the property type so an appraiser with sufficient knowledge of this property type will be engaged to provide an appraisal to meet secondary mortgage market guidelines. 									
Completed by:			Title:		D	ate:			

Client File #:

Client:

Client:	Client File #:	
Subject Property:	Appraisal File #:	

Residential Green and Energy Efficient Addendum Additional Resources

Appraised Value and Energy Efficiency: Getting it Right. This document provides links to resources in understanding the secondary mortgage market guidelines on appraisals of energy efficient and green features. It addresses the following:

- What can builders do?
- For Buyers: Assuring a competent appraiser for your home
- For Lenders: A sample letter that should be completed and provided to the lender at the time of mortgage application alerts the lender to the special features that requires an appraiser with knowledge of the property type.

https://www.appraisalinstitute.org/assets/1/29/AI-BCAP Flyer.pdf

Residential Green Valuation Tools. A textbook resource for completing the AI Residential Green and Energy Efficient Addendum is available. It can be purchased at the following website: http://www.appraisalinstitute.org/residential-green-valuation-tools/

Glossary

ASHRAE 700 / ICC National Green Building Standard (NGBS): An ANSI-approved residential green building standard developed by the National Association of Home Builders (NAHB) and the International Code Council (ICC). It is applicable to single and multifamily projects, renovations and additions and residential land development. To comply, all buildings must incorporate sustainable lot development techniques and address energy, water & material resource efficiency and indoor environmental quality. Also, all owners must be educated about building operation and maintenance. https://www.nahb.org/en/research/nahb-priorities/green-building-remodeling-and-development/icc-700-national-green-building-standard.aspx

Building Envelope: The building envelope is everything that separates the building's interior from the exterior. This includes the foundation, exterior walls, roof, doors and windows. The envelope rating should be compared to the local building code requirements for this rating to identify a structure that exceeds the building code.

Energy Recovery Ventilation System (ERV) or Heat Recovery Ventilators (HRV): These systems provide fresh air without wasting all the energy already used to heat the indoor air. By recovering sensible (heat) or latent (moisture) energy from the stale indoor air, they offer fresh air ventilation with reduced energy loss.

ENERGY STAR Certified New Homes: EPA's ENERGY STAR certified homes are independently verified to be at least 15 percent more efficient that code-built homes, and include additional energy efficiency measures that can deliver savings of up to 30 percent compared to standard new homes. More than just a collection of ENERGY STAR products, an ENERGY STAR certified home includes a comprehensive package of energy efficiency systems and features that work together to deliver better performance, including a High-Efficiency Heating & Cooling System, a Complete Thermal Enclosure System; a Water Protection System; and Efficient Lighting & Appliances. www.energystar.gov/newhomes

ENERGY STAR Products: Behind each blue label is a product, building, or home that is independently certified to use less energy and cause fewer of the emissions that contribute to climate change. Today, ENERGY STAR is the most widely recognized symbol for energy efficiency in the world. In order to earn the label, ENERGY STAR products must be third-party certified based on testing in EPA-recognized laboratories. In addition to up-front testing, a percentage of all ENERGY STAR products are subject to "off–the–shelf" verification testing each year. The goal of this testing is to ensure that changes or variations in the manufacturing process do not undermine a product's qualification with ENERGY STAR requirements. https://www.energystar.gov/about/origins_mission

Geothermal: A geothermal heat pump uses the constant below ground temperature of soil or water to heat and cool your home. http://energy.gov/energysaver/articles/geothermal-heat-pumps

HERS Index: The Home Energy Rating System (HERS) Index is an industry standard by which a home's energy efficiency is measured. It's also the nationally recognized system for inspecting and calculating a home's energy performance. A qualified third party certifier assesses the house based on its physical characteristics. The energy estimates from this assessment may vary depending on the lifestyle of the occupants, increasing utility expenses, and changes in the maintenance or characteristics of the energy features. There are three rating types: sampling rating, projected rating, and confirmed rating. A Sampling Rating is an application of the Home Energy Rating process whereby fewer than 100% of a builder's new homes are randomly inspected and tested to evaluate compliance with a set of threshold specifications. A Projected Rating: A Rating Type that encompasses one individual dwelling or dwelling unit and is conducted in accordance with Section 5.1.4.3.1 through 5.1.4.3.5 of the ANSI/RESNET/ICC Standard 301. A Confirmed Rating is a rating type that encompasses one individual dwelling or dwelling unit and is conducted in accordance with Sections 5.1.4.1.1 through 5.1.4.1.3. More information: http://www.resnet.us/hers-index. The ANSI standard utilized in the HERS Index is posted at http://codes.iccsafe.org/app/book/content/PDF/ICC%20Standards/ICC 301-2014/ICC RESNET 301.pdf.

Home Energy Score (HES): The Home Energy Score, developed and managed by the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), is a national system that allows homes to receive an energy rating, like the MPG rating available for cars. The Home Energy Score uses a 10-point scale to reflect how much energy a home is expected to use under standard operating conditions. The Home Energy Score uses a standard calculation method and considers the home's structure and envelope (walls, windows, foundation) and its heating, cooling, and hot water systems. Only Assessors who pass DOE's Simulation Training can provide the Home Energy Score.

www.HomeEnergyScore.gov

Indoor airPLUS: EPA's Indoor airPLUS is a voluntary EPA label for new homes that integrate a set of construction practices and technologies to reduce indoor air pollutants and improve the indoor air quality in a new home beyond minimum code requirements. It is only available to homes that first meet ENERGY STAR® Certified Home requirements. https://www.epa.gov/indoorairplus

LEED: Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design is a green certification program created by the U.S. Green Building Council (USGBC). As an internationally recognized mark of excellence, LEED provides building owners and operators with a framework for identifying and implementing practical and measurable green building design, construction, operations and maintenance solutions. http://www.usgbc.org/DisplayPage.aspx?CMSPageID=1988

Living Building Challenge: Created by the Living Future Institute, the Living Building Challenge is the world's most rigorous proven performance standard for buildings. People can use the regenerative design framework to create spaces that, like a flower, give more than they take. Living Building Challenge certification requires actual rather than modeled performance. Therefore, projects must be operational for at least twelve consecutive months prior to evaluation. https://living-future.org/lbc/basics/

Low E: "Low emissivity" indicates a coating is added to the glass surface. The coating allows visible light to pass through the glass while stopping radiant heat energy from entering the building by passing through the glass. Approximately 40% of the sun's harmful ultra violet rays are blocked and insulation enhanced. https://energy.gov/energysaver/energy-efficient-windows

NGBS Small Project Remodel: Run by the Home Innovation Research Labs, this program certifies whole house and small project remodels as energy efficient. Unlike the Whole–House Remodel, the Small Project certification is prescriptive. Chapter 12 of the National Green Building Standard includes a list of mandatory practices, related to materials use, sustainable products, energy efficiency, and indoor environmental quality. A Home Innovation Accredited NGBS Green Verifier gives a final inspection to verify Small Project certification. During inspection, the Verifier will ensure the applicable practices have been met. http://www.homeinnovation.com/services/certification/green homes/remodeling certification/remodel home certification process

NGBS Whole Home Remodel: Run by the Home Innovation Research Labs, this program certifies whole house and small project remodels as energy efficient. Certification of a whole-building remodel requires demonstrating that there has been a minimum of a 15% reduction in energy consumption and at least a 20% reduction in water consumption over the pre-remodel condition. There are some mandatory practices that must be met. A minimum number of points must be obtained from practices related to Lot Design, Resource Efficiency, Indoor Environmental Quality, and Homeowner Education.

https://www.homeinnovation.com/services/certification/green_homes/remodeling_certification/remodel_home_certification_process

Passivhaus Standard: German standard for low energy homes that began in the 1980s. Passivhaus is a rigorous, voluntary standard

for energy efficiency in a building, reducing its ecological footprint. It results in ultra-low energy buildings that require little energy for space heating or cooling. The Passive House Institute (PHI) is an independent research institute that has played an especially crucial role in the development of the Passive House concept - the only internationally recognized, performance-based energy standard in construction. http://passiv.de/en/

Passive House Institute US (PHIUS): Buildings designed and built to the PHIUS+ 2015 Passive Building Standard consume 86% less energy for heating and 46% less energy for cooling (depending on climate zone and building type) when compared to a code-compliant building. PHIUS+ 2015 is the first and only passive building standard based upon climate-specific comfort and performance criteria aimed at presenting a cost-optimized solution to achieving the most durable, resilient, and energy-efficient building possible for a specific location. http://www.phius.org/home-page

Passive Solar: Passive solar is technology for using sunlight to light and heat buildings with no circulating fluid or energy conversion system. http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/glossary. A complete passive solar building design has the following five elements: (1) aperture (collector) (2) absorber (3) thermal mass (4) distribution (5) control. http://www.nrel.gov/docs/fy01osti/27954.pdf

Rain Garden: A rain garden is a depressed area in the landscape that collects rain water from a roof, driveway or street and allows it to soak into the ground. Planted with grasses and flowering perennials, rain gardens can be a cost effective and beautiful way to reduce runoff from your property. Rain gardens can also help filter out pollutants in runoff and provide food and shelter for butterflies, songbirds and other wildlife. More complex rain gardens with drainage systems and amended soils are referred to as bio-retention. https://www.epa.gov/soakuptherain/rain-gardens

SEER: Seasonal energy efficiency ratio - The higher the SEER rating, the more energy efficient the equipment is. A higher SEER can result in lower energy costs. https://energystar.zendesk.com/hc/en-us/articles/212111387-What-is-SEER-EER-HSPF-

Smart House: A smart house is a home that has highly advanced, automated systems to control and monitor any function of a house – lighting, temperature control, multi-media, security, window and door operations, air quality, or any other task of necessity or comfort performed by a home's resident. http://architecture.about.com/od/buildyourhous1/g/smarthouse.htm

Water Heaters: Types are described here: http://energy.gov/energysaver/articles/solar-water-heaters.

WaterSense: EPA released its Final Version 1.1 WaterSense New Home Specification. This specification will be effective January 1, 2013 and establishes the criteria for new homes labeled under the WaterSense program and is applicable to newly constructed single-family and multi-family homes. http://www.epa.gov/watersense/new_homes/homes_final.html

Whole Building Ventilation System: A whole building ventilation system assists in a controlled movement of air in tight envelope construction. Whole building ventilation equipment is often a part of the forced air heating or cooling systems. There are various methods of providing whole home ventilation including a heat recovery ventilator (HRV) or an energy recovery ventilator (ERV). Four primary types of systems here: https://energy.gov/energysaver/whole-house-ventilation

Zero Energy Ready Home (ZERH): To qualify as a DOE Zero Energy Ready Home, a home shall meet certain minimum requirements, be verified and field-tested in accordance with HERS Standards by an approved verifier, and meet all applicable codes. Builders may meet the requirements of either the Performance Path or the Prescriptive path to qualify a home. http://energy.gov/eere/buildings/zero-energy-ready-home

*NOTICE: The Appraisal Institute publishes this form for use by appraisers where the appraiser deems use of the form appropriate. Depending on the assignment, the appraiser may need to provide additional data, analysis and work product not called for in this form. The Appraisal Institute makes no representations, warranties or guarantees as to, and assumes no responsibility for, the data, analysis or work product provided by the individual appraiser(s) in the specific contents of the AI Reports® 820.06 Residential Green and Energy Efficient Addendum © Appraisal Institute 2017, All Rights Reserved

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