1) Universal Containers (UC) has two subsidiaries which operate independently. UC has made the decision to operate two of separate Salesforce orgs, one for each subsidiary. However, certain functions and processes between the two orgs must be standardized.

Which two approaches should UC take to develop customizations once, and make them available in both orgs? Choose 2 answers

A. Develop the functionality in a sandbox and deploy it to both production orgs.

B. Set up Salesforce-to-Salesforce to deploy the functionality from one org to the other.

C. Create a managed package in a sandbox and deploy it to both production orgs.

D. Create a package in a Developer Edition org and deploy it to both production orgs.

2) UC has just acquired planetary storage. Both companies use salesforce.com to manage their sales activities. The two companies have many customers in common and the company plans to merge the two sales organizations, but the products and sales processes between the two original companies will remain different and distinct.

What factor should the company consider in merging the two Salesforce.com orgs into a single org?

A. Transactional sales data could be combined without modification since standard objects are used.

B. Salespersons selling both product lines would need two logins, once for each product line.

C. Business processes on standard objects can be merged without modifications.

D. Customer data could be merged with modifications using standardization and de - duplication.

3) What sandbox type would be appropriate for diagnosing reports of poor performance when accessing certain Visualforce pages?

A. Partial Copy Sandbox

B. Full Sandbox

C. Developer Pro Sandbox

D. Developer Sandbox

4) Universal Containers has dozens of independent user acceptance and functional teams that need to test independently in isolation, and on current production data that was modified within the last week.

Which Sandbox type should a Technical Architect recommend?

A. Developer Pro Sandbox

B. Partial Copy Sandbox

C. Developer Sandbox

D. Full Sandbox

5) Universal Containers has proposed using a Developer Edition org to stage changes to their Customer Community, which includes multiple custom Visualforce pages and components.

Which three risks should a Technical Architect consider in this strategy? Choose 3 answers

A. Developer Edition orgs cannot have sandboxes, which will make team development difficult.

B. Dev Edition orgs have limited user counts and low data volume limits, which will make User Testing difficult.

C. Developer Edition orgs do not run on production servers, and will not perform well during testing.

D. Change Sets cannot be used to deploy from Developer Edition to prod, which will make deployment more complex.

E. Code changes cannot be deployed from a Developer Sandbox to Production.

6) Universal Containers requires its developers to develop and test code in one sandbox per developer before deploying to a common sandbox for code review.
Which deployment strategy should be used in this environment?

A. Refresh the developer's sandbox, develop changes, refresh the common sandbox, deploy to the common sandbox, and test changes.

B. Refresh the developer's sandbox, develop changes, test changes, refresh the developer's sandbox, deploy to the common sandbox.

C. Refresh the developer's sandbox, develop changes, refresh the developer's sandbox, deploy to the common sandbox, and test changes.

D. Refresh the common sandbox, develop changes, refresh the developer sandbox, deploy to the common sandbox, and test changes.

7) Universal Containers is preparing for the new Salesforce Release in a couple of months, and has several ongoing development projects that may be affected.
Which three steps should the team at UC take to prepare for this release? Choose 3 answers

A. Contact Salesforce to schedule a time to upgrade the Full sandbox.

B. Refresh a Sandbox during the Release Preview Window to ensure they have the upcoming release.

C. Run regression tests in an upgraded sandbox to detect any issues with the upgrade.

D. Review the release notes for automatically -enabled features and technical debt.

E. Upgrade any SOAP integrations to the newest WSDL as early as possible.

8) Universal Containers' developers are working on a Visualforce page in a sandbox when an administrator adds a new field to Production.
Which two approaches could an architect suggest to an administrator that would assist the developers in their development process? Choose 2 answers

A. Use a Change Set to deploy the changes from Production to the sandbox, to ensure that changes made in production are reflected in the sandbox that the developers are working on.

B. Use Salesforce-to-Salesforce to deploy the changes from Production to the sandbox, to ensure that changes made in production are reflected in the sandbox that the developers are working on.

C. Manually replicate the same changes in the developer sandbox to ensure that changes made in production are reflected in the sandbox that the developers are working on.

D. Refresh the developer sandbox to ensure that changes made in production are reflected in the sandbox that the developers are working on.

9) What are three advantages of using a Source Control system alongside a multi -sandbox development strategy? Choose 3 answers

A. Perform code reviews before promoting to a pre -production sandbox.

B. Automatically deploy changes from sandbox to production.

C. Keep a history of changes made by each developer.

D. Create a branching strategy that tracks each feature or change separately.

E. Act as a backup in case of catastrophic data loss.

10) Universal Containers (UC) is developing a new Customer Community. Requirements for the Community are not fully defined. UC is planning on using an agile methodology for this work and has promised delivery of the complete system in three months.

What are two risks associated with this approach? Choose 2 answers

A. The functionality that can be delivered in 3 months is unknown, and may not meet the needs of the business.

B. Given the lack of requirements and the three-month timeline commitment, the project may not be feasible.

C. Agile is not an appropriate development methodology for Customer Community implementations.

D. Agile does not allow for changes to requirements, so customers might not like the resulting solution.

11) Which two project situations favor an agile methodology? Choose 2 answers

A. A digitization project to update an existing customer -facing process and enable quick adjustments.

B. A project to be executed by a third party, with a fixed and formal scope, budget, and timeline.

C. An environment with a heavy investment in DevOps capabilities for rapid testing and deployment.

D. A project with well-defined requirements and complex interactions between front- and back -end systems.

12) Which two project situations favor a waterfall methodology? Choose 2 answers

A. An application with many systems and inter -dependencies between components.

B. An application in post -production, with incremental changes made by a small team.

C. An application with regulatory compliance requirements to be validated by outside agencies.

D. An in-house application with a fixed team size, but an open timeline and flexible requirements.

13) UC is working on a project to support environmental cleanup projects with specially designed containers. To support this project, UC is developing a portal for regulatory agencies to use for tracking and reporting of the containers, and these regulatory requirements are well-defined. Many non-regulatory requirements have not been defined yet. The project is on a strict budget and timeline. Which two approaches should UC consider to meet regulatory requirements and to satisfy the needs of end users? Choose 2 answers

A. Initiate a waterfall project and start building the features of the solution based on regulatory requirements. In parallel, gather the remaining non -regulatory requirements for the solution, then go back and reconcile the two sets of requirements and re -work the solution as necessary.

B. Initiate an Agile project, beginning with a "sprint 0" to scope and estimate the project and to build the product backlog. Identify the minimum viable product. Initiate building the solution based on the backlog, and co -create the design with the project stakeholders.

C. Initiate a waterfall project by gathering the remaining requirements and completing the architecture and design. Initiate the build/test processes with frequent reviews by the stakeholders. On build completion, perform acceptance testing and validate compliance with regulatory requirements.

D. Initiate an Agile project based on the known requirements, begin building immediately, and work through remaining requirements as they come up. Budget and timeline will not be a factor with an Agile methodology.

14) When replacing an old legacy system with Salesforce, which two strategies should the plan consider to migrate the risks associated with migrating data from the legacy system to salesforce? Choose 2 answers

A. Use a full sandbox environment for all the systems involved, a full deployment plan with test data generation scripts, and full testing including integrations.

B. Use a full sandbox environment and perform test runs of data migration scripts/processes with real data from the legacy system.

C. Migrate users in phases based on their function, requiring parallel use of legacy system and Salesforce for certain period of time.

D. Identify the data relevant to the new system, including dependencies, and develop a plan/scripts for verification of data integrity.

15) Universal Containers is working on the next phase of development for their Salesforce implementation involving a large amount of custom development.

Which two strategies should be considered to address a critical production issue occurring in the middle of development? Choose 2 answers

A. Create separate branches for current development and production bug fixes and deploy the fix with current development when ready.

B. Utilize one branch for both development and production bug fixes to avoid out-of-sync branches and simplify deployment.

C. Utilize a source control system to allow separate branches for current development and production bug fixes.

D. Refresh a sandbox for replication of the issue and testing the use -case scenarios once the code is fixed.

16) Universal Containers (UC) is working on a major project release and is using the environments depicted in the following diagram.

The release will be deployed over a weekend, one week after Salesforce updates the production environment (e.g., from winter to spring). UC has found that a full sandbox refresh can take several days. What should the architect suggest as an optimal deployment plan?

A. Two weeks before go -live, deploy to Staging and then refresh the Staging and Production support sandboxes. Deploy from Staging to Production at go -live.

B. Approximately six weeks before go -live, ensure the sandbox will be on the release preview. One week before go live, deploy to Staging. Deploy from Staging to Production at go -live.

C. One month before go -live, deploy to Staging and to Production Support. Deploy from Production Support to Production at go -live.

D. One week before go -live, initiate the Staging sandbox refresh and then immediately deploy to Staging. Deploy from Staging to Production at go -live.

17) Universal Containers (UC) is working on a major project and has determined that its approach to a certain feature will no longer work with an upcoming Salesforce platform release (e.g., Winter to Spring).

What should a Technical Architect recommend to address this issue?

A. Continue with the current approach, since Salesforce will rectify the issue prior to updating the production environment to the new platform release.

B. Continue development in a non -upgraded sandbox, and have the developer update the API version of the code to the upcoming API version for testing purposes.

C. Submit a request to Salesforce to enable the 'delay upgrade' feature in their org. Have the UC administrator schedule the upgrade for a later date.

D. Determine the developer sandbox upgrade schedule, and have the developer refactor the approach to the feature in the upgraded sandbox.

18) Which statement is true for the Staging sandbox in the following diagram?

A. When created or refreshed, the Staging sandbox is a full replica of Production.

B. the Staging sandbox is automatically refreshed on a schedule set by the administrator.

C. Salesforce major releases (e.g., winter to spring) always occur in Staging and Production at the same time.

D. the Staging environment can only be updated once every two weeks.

19) Which two groups are responsible for the creation and execution of Release mgmt processes? Choose 2

A. Steering Committee

B. End Users

C. Dev/Build Team

D. Center of Excellence

20) Universal Containers has written several validation rules and workflow rules for the lead object. Which two test types should an Architect suggest to ensure that a large inbound call center does not experience platform slowdowns under high call volume for the Lead object? Choose 2 answers

A. Unit Test

B. Stress Test

C. Load Test

D. Performance Test

21) Why does Salesforce prohibit Stress Testing against Production?

A. There is not enough CPU.

B. It is a shared environment.

C. It is blocked by data center infrastructure.

D. It causes Internet congestion.

22) A year has passed since a project has gone live and a developer is looking to make an update to an existing Apex class, but is unsure of its purpose.

What artifact from the original project should be leveraged to determine the purpose of the class?

A. User Acceptance Test Scripts

B. Test Execution Plan

C. Requirements Traceability Matrix

D. Test Sign off Document

23) Universal Containers has a large call center that has a limited inventory and must ensure there is product availability before an Opportunity is marked as Closed. Custom Apex has been implemented to check inventory levels before an Opportunity is saved.

What should architect consider before recommending Performance testing?

A. Number of unit tests.

B. Number of Apex Hammer failures.

C. Number of debug log entries.

D. Number of concurrent transactions.

24) Universal Containers wants to do weekly releases to production.
What approach will mitigate the risk of bugs being inadvertently introduced to production?

A. User Acceptance Testing

B. Use of an Agile Methodology

C. Requirements Traceability

D. Automated Testing

25) Universal Containers recently added a new sales division to their Org. All configuration, including new fields, validation rules, Record Types, and code, was developed in the same Developer Sandbox but, when migrating to prod, Developer reports that Unit Tests are failing.
What should Architect do to ensure tests execute predictably?

A. Ensure that Record Type Ids match both Production and Sandbox orgs.

B. Ensure executed Apex test run as valid users.

C. Ensure unit tests generate their own test data.

D. Ensure unit tests execute with seeAllData=true.

26) Universal Containers has asked the salesforce architect to establish a governance framework to manage all of those Salesforce initiatives within the company.

What is the first step the Architect should take?

A. Implement a comprehensive DevOps framework for all initiatives within Universal Containers.

B Establish a global Center of Excellence to define and manage Salesforce development standards across the org.

C. Identify relevant Stakeholders from within Universal Containers to obtain governance goals and objectives.

D. Implement a project management tool to manage all change requests on the project.

27) What are three necessary components for establishing a governance framework? Choose 3 answers

A. Automated Testing

B. Requirements Management

C. Change Control Log

D. Documentation Repository

E. Continuous Integration

28) Universal Containers (UC) is implementing a governance framework and has asked the architect to make recommendations regarding release planning.

What are two considerations the architect should make when planning for releases?
Choose 2 answers

A. How to test existing functionality to ensure no regressions are introduced.

B. How to roll back to the previous Salesforce release if there are issues.

C. Whether Salesforce will wait to upgrade the pod until after a UC release is complete.

D. Whether to test a new UC feature release on a preview sandbox.

29) Which two decisions should be made by an Architecture Review Board (ARB)? Choose 2 answers

A. Whether to create a new Salesforce object or override an existing object using a new Record Type.

B. Whether to utilize the Waterfall or Agile methodology on the project.

C. What testing tools should be used to track integration testing requirements?

D. Whether to implement Single Sign -On with SAML or delegated authentication.

30) Which are two characteristics of an effective communication plan? Choose 2 answers

A. Requesting feedback for outstanding architectural questions.

B. Consistent communication to a pre -defined list of stakeholders.

C. Reporting project status, timelines, and impacts.

D. Communication to stakeholders on a "need -to -know" basis.

31) Universal Container has multiple departments who use Salesforce and request changes: Sales, Service, Back Office, Marketing, etc. Each of these departments makes independent purchase decisions for AppExchange apps, field requests, and page layouts, resulting in excessive licensing spend and an overly -complex Salesforce org.
What should a Technical Architect recommend to reduce overlap (duplicate fields, excessive page layouts, etc.)?

A. RACI Matrix

B. Change Control Board

C. Requirements Traceability Matrix

D. Steering Committee

32) Universal Container has multiple departments who use Salesforce and request changes: Sales, Service, Back Office, Marketing, etc. Each of these departments makes independent purchase decisions for AppExchange apps, field requests, and page layouts, resulting in low adoption and under -use of standard Salesforce capabilities.

What mechanism should a Technical Architect recommend to increase use of standard Salesforce functionality?

A. Change Control Board

B. Requirements Traceability Matrix

C. Center of Excellence

D. Project Management Office

33) What is the responsibility of the Technical Architect within a Change Control Board meeting?

A. Prioritize the Salesforce product roadmap with business stakeholders.

B. Conduct code reviews for projects in the development phase.

C. Troubleshoot deployment errors that occurred during the last release.

D. Approve the upcoming release for deployment into production.

34) What is the responsibility of an executive sponsor on a project?

A. Communicate project status.

B. Determine project methodology.

C. Design executive dashboards.

D. Approve changes to project scope.

35) What are two roles a project Steering Committee plays in determining what methodologies are used? Chose 2

A. Enforcing that corporate project stage gates are part of the chosen methodology.

B. Designing a methodology that will meet a particular project's requirements.

C. Approving deviations from the chosen methodology, when required to address project issues.

D. Setting the criteria for selecting Agile or Waterfall methodology to be used on internal projects.

36) Universal Containers is building a new complex integration to a legacy system. The legacy system is also going through a major upgrade. Senior leadership has committed to the board that the combined programs will be completed on time.
What is the risk with this plan?

A. The deadline is scheduled during a Salesforce release.

B. The project team has decided to use the Waterfall methodology.

C. The legacy system team is using an agile methodology.

D. Multiple work -streams with dependencies could impact the go -live.

37) Universal Containers has a deadline to retire a business -critical application that will no longer be supported on a specific date. What should an Architect recommend?

A. Executive Leadership

B. Requirements Traceability Matrix

C. Business Continuity Plan

D. Agile Methodology

38) Universal Containers is building a custom application on the Force.com platform. There is a budget and release date that has been set by the board of directors, but the application must meet the requirements that will be submitted and voted on by a public user community.

What is the risk associated with the scenario?

A. The requirements should not be solicited by an external community.

B. The project is not using the Waterfall methodology.

C. The project is not using an agile methodology.

D. The requirements are unknown and the release date has been set.

39) Universal Containers (UC) has a large user base (>300 users) and was originally implemented eight years ago by a Salesforce Systems Implementation Partner. Since then, UC has made a number of changes to their Visualforce pages and Apex classes in response to customer requirements, made by a variety of Vendors and internal teams.
Which three issues would a new Technical Architect expect to see when evaluating the code in this Salesforce org? Choose 3 answers

A. Multiple triggers on the same object, making it hard to understand the order of operations.

B. Duplicated logic across Visualforce pages and Apex classes performing similar tasks.

C. Custom-built JSON and String manipulation classes that are no longer required.

D. Broken functionality due to Salesforce upgrades.

E. Multiple unit test failures would be encountered.

40) Universal Containers is in the final stages of building a new application to track custom containers. During a review of the application, a business Subject Matter Expert mentioned that it would be nice to be able to track additional container types beyond what was originally scoped during the plan and design phase.
What are two things that should be done to mitigate the risk? Choose 2 answers

A. Have a discussion with the business Subject Matter Expert and communicate that a new developer environment will be needed to mitigate the risk.

B. Have a discussion with the business Subject Matter Expert and communicate that salesforce has limitations in supporting such a feature to mitigate the risk.

C. Escalate and communicate to stakeholders the risk and mitigate it by allocating additional resources to support the new requirement based on stakeholders input.

D. Escalate and communicate to stakeholders the risk and mitigate it by extending the timeline of the project to support the new requirement based on stakeholders input.

41) Universal Containers has just initiated a project to implement a partner community. The application will be deployed into a production environment currently in use by a large salesforce user base. The project manager has insisted that the development & testing team use a single devloper sandbox.
What is the risk with this approach?

A. Testers will encounter platform limits due to developer sandbox capacity limits.

B. Testers will experience functional changes throughout testing due to not having isolation from development.

C. Refreshing the developer sandbox will take significant time.

D. Testers will hit governor limits due to the large volume of users in the developer sandbox.

42) Universal Containers has just initiated a project to implement a custom container tracking application with a large development team. The project manager is concerned that the large number of developers in a single developer pro sandbox could lead to challenges with code being overwritten.
Which two methods should be used to mitigate this risk? Choose 2 answers

A. Provide each developer their own sandbox developer org and implement a code repository and continuous integration to merge code into the developer pro sandbox.

B. Replace the developer pro sandbox with a Partial copy sandbox.

C. Use a single sandbox and strictly coordinate development across shared components, and implement a code repository to allow developers to merge code into a common repository.

D. Provide each developer their own sandbox devel org, and implement managed packages to deploy to the merge.

43) Universal Containers is a global organization that maintains regional production instances of Salesforce. One region has created a new custom object to track Shipping Containers. The CIO has requested that this new object be used globally by all Salesforce instances and further maintained and modified regionally by local administrators.
Which two deployment tools will support this request? Choose 2 answers

A. Tooling API

B. Force.com IDE

C. Change sets

D. Force.com Migration Tool

44) What is the process used to initiate a connection for change sets?Choose 2

A. Modify the source org to allow an outbound connection to the target org.

B. Modify the target org to accept an outbound connection from the source org.

C. Modify the target org to accept an inbound connection from the source org.

D. Modify the source org to allow an inbound connection to the target org.

45) Universal Containers is validating an outbound change set from the Developer Sandbox to the production org.

Which two locking behaviors will occur during a deployment? Choose 2 answers

A. The production org will be locked. Administrators cannot modify metadata during this time.

B. The sandbox org will be locked. Administrators cannot modify metadata.

C. The production org will be locked. Users can only Read data during this time.

D. The production org will be locked. Users will still be able to Read/Write data to the org.

46) Universal Containers requires that all sandboxes that have not been recently refreshed must also receive the newest changes to production. This must be done before any functionality from that environment can be moved to prod.
Which deployment tool would allow this deployment process to be managed in an automated fashion?

A. Workbench

B. Force.com Migration Tool

C. Change Sets

D. Force.com IDE

47) As a part of technical debt cleanup project, a large list of medtadata components has been identified by the business analysts at Universal Containers for removal from the Salesforce org.
How should an Architect manage these deletions across sandbox environments and production with minimal impact on other work streams?

A. Generate a destructivechanges.xml file and deploy the package via the Force.com Migration Tool.

B. Perform deletes manually in a sandbox and then deploy a Change Set to production.

C. Assign business analysts to perform the deletes and split up the work between them.

D. Delete the components in production and then refresh all sandboxes to receive the changes.

48) Universal Containers has a complex deployment coming up. The deployment will include several Apex classes which depend on custom settings that hold important configuration.
How should an Architect manage this deployment?

A. Script the deployment of all functionality via the Force.com Migration Tool.

B. Manually deploy and populate custom settings in production using a change set.

C. Create a custom metadata type and include this in your deployment to production.

D. Manually deploy and populate the custom settings in production prior to the Apex Class deployment.

49) An Architect is working on a Universal Containers project, and due to security concerns they cannot provide the Architect with production access. Instead, a central release management team will be responsible for performing production deployments for all development teams.

How should an Architect leverage the Metadata API to ensure any metadata components necessary to deploy the project's functionality are properly communicated to the release management team?

A. Create a change set in each sandbox and download the package.xml file for the release management team.

B. Provide a spreadsheet of all components and utilize the metadata API's readMetadata call.

C. Provide the Release Management team a copy of the audit trail from the sandbox you wish to deploy from.

D. Send a package.xml file with associated metadata in a .zip file to the Release Management team.

50) An architect is working on a project that relies on functionality that cannot be deployed via the Metadata API. What is the best practice for making sure these components are deployed successfully?

A. Generate and deploy a change set that enables the required settings.

B. Generate and install a managed package that enables the required settings.

C. Utilize the metadata API's deployAllComponents call.

D. Document deployment steps for any components that cannot be automatically deployed.

51) An Architect has been working on a large project for the past 6 months. This project must be live by the end of the current month.
Which two planning techniques should the Architect use to ensure all metadata changes deploy smoothly and on time? Choose 2 answers

A. Ensure all code that is being deployed is checked into source control.

B. Validate the final deployment package against production prior to go -live.

C. Create a new sandbox and perform a test deployment to that environment.

D. Upload a change set from sandbox to production as early as possible.

52) Universal Containers business users often observe that newly released features are resulting in other previously existing and stable functionality being broken.
Which approach should an Architect recommend to prevent regression?

A. Utilize the developer console to run test suites for the affected functionality.

B. Utilize unit and functional test automation as part of a continuous integration strategy.

C. Utilize Salesforce Apex Hammer to automatically test all functionality.

D. Freeze development of new features and re -architect the system to remove the bugs.

53) Universal Containers (UC) is implementing Salesforce for the first time. Their legacy CRM system is an on premise home-grown application written in Java. UC plans to implement a continuous integration process that mirrors their current standard. Under what conditions should an Architect recommend against continuous integration?

A. Test scripts will be generated as part of the testing phase.

B. There isn't a full sandbox available to leverage.

C. the Salesforce instance has only standard functionality.

D. The client does not have budget for additional software.

54) At any given time, Universal Containers has 10 Apex developers building new functionality and fixing bugs.
Which branching strategy should Architect recommend that mitigates the risk of developers overwriting others changes?

A. Have all developers build new functionality in new branches, but fix bugs in the HEAD.

B. Have all developers work in the same branch, continuously testing for regressions.

C. Have developers work in separate branches and merge their changes in a common branch for testing.

D. Don't use source control. Rely on Salesforce's built-in conflict detection mechanism.

55) Universal Containers has several concurrent projects building new functionality, fixing bugs, and modifying existing functionality. Management would like features to be available to users as quickly as possible, even if the entire project is incomplete.
What should an Architect recommend to maintain quality?

A. Require developers to deploy completed code and unit tests directly to production.

B. Deploy all functionality together to ensure all functionality works together without error.

C. Use a spreadsheet to track approved changes that should be released with change sets.

D. Utilize automated source control, test, and build systems to test and deploy to production.

56) Universal Containers is looking to construct a continuous integration process to help manage code quality.
Which three tools should be used to enable this? Choose 3 answers

A. Force.com Migration Tool

B. Full Sandbox Environment

C. Source Control Tool

D. Project Management Tool

E. Continuous Integration Build Tool

57) Universal Containers has just initiated a project involving a large distributed development and testing team. The development team members need access to a tool to manage requirements and the testing team needs access to a tool to manage defects. Additionally, stakeholders are requesting ad -hoc status reports.

What tool should an Architect recommend to support the project?

A. Spreadsheets

B. Code Repository

C. Wave

D. Project management tool

58) What are two advantages of using an Agile Project Management tool? Choose 2 answers

A. Increased visibility into sprint and project status.

B. Better relationships with business stakeholders.

C. Consolidate project artifacts to a common repository.

D. Improve governance with gate steps in development.

59) Universal containers is looking to install a new application to enable advanced quoting in its current Professional Edition org. The org is near capacity with object and tab limits. Which two solutions should the Architect recommend? Choose 2 answers

A. Install an Aloha certified App.

B. Upgrade to an Enterprise Edition org.

C. Create and install an unmanaged package.

D. Buy more user licenses to increase org limits.

60) Which two environments are appropriate for creating a managed package? Choose 2 answers

A. Developer Pro Sandbox Org

B. Partner Developer Edition Org

C. Production Org with LMA

D. Developer Edition Org