Day 11 - Elf Applications

Scenario

so it seems that McSkidy them all can't access the services that hosted on the server, let's perform nmap scanning to see the services that's running

```
-(nobodyatall⊛0×DEADBEEF)-[~]
└$ nmap -sC -sV 10.10.1.202
Starting Nmap 7.91 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2020-11-29 04:12 EST
Nmap scan report for 10.10.1.202
Host is up (0.20s latency).
Not shown: 995 closed ports
        STATE SERVICE VERSION
PORT
21/tcp open ftp vsftpd 3.0.2
 ftp-anon: Anonymous FTP login allowed (FTP code 230)
 _Can't get directory listing: PASV failed: 500 OOPS: invalid pasv_address
  ftp-syst:
   STAT:
  FTP server status:
      Connected to 10.8.20.97
      Logged in as ftp
      TYPE: ASCII
      No session bandwidth limit
      Session timeout in seconds is 300
      Control connection is plain text
      Data connections will be plain text
      At session startup, client count was 3
      vsFTPd 3.0.2 - secure, fast, stable
 _End of status
22/tcp
         open ssh OpenSSH 7.4 (protocol 2.0)
 ssh-hostkey:
   2048 14:6f:fc:4d:82:43:eb:e9:6e:f3:0e:01:38:f0:cb:23 (RSA)
   256 83:33:03:d0:b4:1d:cb:8e:59:6f:13:14:c5:a2:75:b3 (ECDSA)
   256 ec:b1:63:c0:6d:98:fd:be:76:31:cd:b9:78:35:2a:bf (ED25519)
111/tcp open rpcbind 2-4 (RPC #100000)
```

if we notice that there's nfs share that hosted on the server

```
111/tcp open rpcbind 2-4 (RPC #100000)
  rpcinfo:
    program version
                       port/proto
                                   service
                         111/tcp
            2,3,4
                                   rpcbind
    100000
            2,3,4
                         111/udp
                                   rpcbind
    100000
            3,4
                         111/tcp6
                                   rpcbind
    100000
            3,4
    100000
                         111/udp6
                                   rpcbind
                        2049/udp
                                   nfs
    100003
            3
                        2049/udp6
            3
                                   nfs
    100003
                        2049/tcp
           3,4
                                   nfs
    100003
           3,4
    100003
                        2049/tcp6
                                   nfs
                       20048/tcp
           1,2,3
    100005
                                   mountd
            1,2,3
                       20048/tcp6
                                   mountd
    100005
            1,2,3
                       20048/udp
                                   mountd
    100005
            1,2,3
    100005
                       20048/udp6
                                   mountd
           1,3,4
                       44995/tcp6
                                   nlockmgr
    100021
                       45879/udp
            1,3,4
                                   nlockmgr
    100021
                       46127/tcp
    100021
            1,3,4
                                   nlockmgr
                       55475/udp6
            1,3,4
                                   nlockmgr
    100021
                       38465/udp
    100024
                                   status
            1
                       43721/tcp
    100024
            1
                                   status
    100024
           1
                       53473/tcp6
                                   status
                       58985/udp6
    100024
           1
                                   status
                        2049/tcp
                                   nfs_acl
            3
    100227
                        2049/tcp6
                                   nfs_acl
            3
    100227
                        2049/udp
                                   nfs_acl
    100227
            3
                        2049/udp6
                                   nfs acl
    100227
            3
```

let's use showmount to enumerate the exported list & we found /opt/files we're mounted

```
(nobodyatall® 0×DEADBEEF)-[~]

$ sudo showmount -e 10.10.1.202

Export list for 10.10.1.202:
/opt/files *
```

let's mount it to our local directory to gain access into it

```
(nobodyatall® 0×DEADBEEF)-[~/Desktop/research]
$ sudo mount -t nfs 10.10.1.202:/opt/files files
```

let's check out the mounted nfs share & we've found the creds.txt

```
(nobodyatall® 0×DEADBEEF)-[~/Desktop/research/files]
$ ls
creds.txt
```

the content of creds.txt

```
_____(nobodyatall® 0×DEADBEEF)-[~/Desktop/research/files]
$ cat creds.txt
the password is securepassword123
_____(nobodyatall® 0×DEADBEEF)-[~/Desktop/research/files]
```

Question: What is the password inside the creds.txt file? -securepassword123

back to the nmap result it shows that the ftp service we can login into it anonmously

```
21/tcp open ftp vsftpd 3.0.2
| ftp-anon: Anonymous FTP login allowed (FTP code 230)
```

let's login anonymously into the ftp service

```
(nobodyatall® 0×DEADBEEF)-[~/Desktop/research]
$ ftp 10.10.1.202
Connected to 10.10.1.202.
220 (vsFTPd 3.0.2)
Name (10.10.1.202:nobodyatall): anonymous
331 Please specify the password.
Password:
230 Login successful.
Remote system type is UNIX.
Using binary mode to transfer files.
```

the content in the ftp server

```
ftp> ls
200 PORT command successful. Consider using PASV.
150 Here comes the directory listing.
-rwxrwxrwx
             1 0
                                         39 Dec 10
                                                    2019 file.txt
                                                    2019 pub
drwxr-xr-x
              2 0
                         0
                                          6 Nov 04
                                          6 Nov 04
              2 14
                         50
                                                    2019 uploads
d-wx-wx--x
-rw-r--r--
             1 0
                         0
                                        224 Nov 04
                                                    2019 welcome.msg
226 Directory send OK.
```

Question: What is the name of the file running on port 21?

```
-rwxrwxrwx 10 0 39 Dec 10 2019 file.txt
```

the content in file.txt, root credential?

```
ftp> !cat file.txt
remember to wipe mysql:
root psweep
ff912ABD*
ftp>
```

Based on the nmap result we've found the mysql service port were open so we can use it to access the mysql database remotely

```
3306/tcp open mysql MySQL 5.7.28
 mysql-info:
   Protocol: 10
   Version: 5.7.28
   Thread ID: 5
   Capabilities flags: 65535
   Some Capabilities: LongColumnFlag, SupportsLoadDataLocal, IgnoreSpaceBeforeParenthesis, Speaks41Pr
otocolOld, SupportsCompression, FoundRows, SupportsTransactions, IgnoreSigpipes, LongPassword, ODBCCli
ent, ConnectWithDatabase, InteractiveClient, SwitchToSSLAfterHandshake, Speaks41ProtocolNew, Support41
Auth, DontAllowDatabaseTableColumn, SupportsMultipleStatments, SupportsAuthPlugins, SupportsMultipleRe
sults
   Status: Autocommit
   Salt: qv\&{)m\x08`Bh/uvB\x0Ewl}N
   Auth Plugin Name: mysql_native_password
 ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=MySQL_Server_5.7.28_Auto_Generated_Server_Certificate
 Not valid before: 2019-12-10T23:10:36
 Not valid after: 2029-12-07T23:10:36
 ssl-date: TLS randomness does not represent time
```

let's use the credential that we found in the ftp server to login into the mysql db, & it works!

```
(nobodyatall® 0×DEADBEEF)-[~/Desktop/research]
$ mysql -h 10.10.1.202 -u root -p
Enter password:
Welcome to the MariaDB monitor. Commands end with; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 11
Server version: 5.7.28 MySQL Community Server (GPL)

Copyright (c) 2000, 2018, Oracle, MariaDB Corporation Ab and others.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

MySQL [(none)]>
```

let's enumerate the mysql db

show the databases, the data database seems interesting here

& we found the USER table in data db

```
MySQL [(none)]> connect data
Reading table information for completion of t
You can turn off this feature to get a quicke

Connection id: 12
Current database: data

MySQL [data]> show tables;

+ Tables_in_data |
+ USERS |
+ Tow in set (0.197 sec)

MySQL [data]> 

To direct input to this VM, move the mouse pointer inside or press Ctrl
```

& we just found the admin credential!

Question: What is the password after enumerating the database?

