EXTRACTING AND ORGANIZING DISASTER-RELATED PHILIPPINE COMMUNITY RESPONSES FOR AIDING NATIONWIDE RISK REDUCTION PLANNING AND RESPONSE

Technical Manual

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1 Overview

This document discusses the contents of a Filipino text analysis tool. It is a Python Application Programming Interface (API) or library with a collection of functions. The list of functions and sample usages are included, located further on the document. Overall, the API's task is to extract valuable information or insights (specifically actions and target subjects) from a group of text, organize that information, and generate a report out of it.

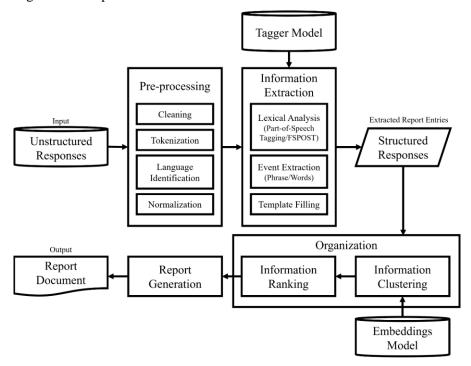


Figure 1.1 Architectural Diagram

It has nine parts that represents the tool's modules, namely Data Utilities, Normalization, Language Identification, Filipino Part-of-Speech Tagger, Information Extraction, Information Organization, Information Clustering, Information Ranking, and Report Generation. Illustrating this, the architectural diagram is shown at Figure 1.1, followed by brief descriptions of every module. As this API has been used primarily on Malasakit Responses dataset, a class object has been created with the following attributes shown on Table 1.1 – this object is used in some of the modules' functions.

Attributes Name	Type	Description
response_id	Integer	A number indicating a response's order in the data (row number).
response	String	A string containing a response.
tag	String	A string indicating a response's category.
fspost_output Tuple		Filipino Stanford Part-of-Speech Tagger (word, tag) tuple output.
fspost_stanford_format String		Filipino Stanford Part-of-Speech Tagger word tag Stanford notation.
pos String		Filipino Stanford Part-of-Speech Tagger 'tags only' string.
insights_phrase List		List of insights extracted from a response.
insights_words	List	List of lists of words (action, target,) insights extracted from a
		response.
location	String	String holder for a response's location (can be added by users).
language String		Language identifier of the response (e.g., tl = Tagalog, en = English).

Table 1.1 MalasakitResponse Object

Data Utilities module (see Table 2.1) contains 11 functions. These functions enable the user to process files outside the program. Main functionalities permit the user to read and write on text or excel files.

Normalization module (see Table 2.2) contains 10 functions, that could be used to utilize or customize the normalizer. There are two normalizers that can be used in this API, namely Nocon, Kho, and Arroyo's (2018) normalizer and another that joins prefixes with root words using Oco and Borra's (2011) resource. As default, both are used in normalizing. There are two ways that normalizations could be done, one is per string or sentence, and another through a list or by batch. The rest of the functions act as means to modify the configuration, that is by setting the file path.

Language Identification module (see Table 2.3) contains 4 functions. These can be used to indicate the language a particular string is under. There are two ways it could be used, one is using a string as input (per sentence evaluation), and another using string or object lists (by batch evaluation). Either way, its output provides a tuple of language and confidence value. Additional functionality enables the user to modify the coverage of languages for identification.

The Filipino Part-of-Speech Tagger module (see Table 2.4) contains 6 functions, that makes use of FSPOST (Go & Nocon, 2017). Three kinds of functions can be seen in the list, which are about modifying the file path (to call the tagger), tagging options (per string, by object or string list), and formatting options (Part-of-Speech only or Stanford word|tag Format). By default, tagging format displays a word and Part-of-Speech tuple.

Information Extraction module (see Table 2.5) contains only 2 functions. These functions enable the user to extract insights in two formats. One is insight phrases which extracts a string starting from a Verb up to a Noun. Another does the same process but formats it with only the Verb and Nouns inside a sub-list or tuple. It is safe to note that on this module, the extractions were made specific to Malasakit responses (dataset used in research). Extractions are performed in an object with the following attributes: Response ID, the Response itself, its Response Category, Language identifier, FSPOST tags, container for the extracted insights, and location (a field that can be added by users).

Information Organization module (see Table 2.6) contains 3 functions that sets the formatting style of the clusters and report. Main functionalities enable the user to organize their extractions or results all in all or uses a per category style of formatting.

Information Clustering module (see Table 2.7) contains 11 functions. Three parts can be taken from this list. First is the main function that invokes the clustering algorithm (i.e., Dice's Coefficient, Word2Vec, or FastText). Then, supporting functions that can retrieve insights from the Malasakit object, remove duplicates in clusters, flatten insights in the cluster, and cluster/lexicalize target/noun words. Last is a list of functions that computes for distance or similarity values between two strings using the selected approach.

Information Ranking module (see Table 2.8) contains only 2 functions. A function that ranks clusters by frequency and arranges them in descending order (highest count first, lowest comes last); and a function that ranks by cluster categories, arranging the order of categories (category prioritization has been determined beforehand) and per categories ranks them by frequency in descending order.

Report Generation module (see Table 2.9) contains 7 functions. Its main function generates the report in a Microsoft Word document or HTML/web version. The other five are functions that was used as support in generating the report. Examples for this includes adding a timestamp, divider, title, and setting the document margins and page columns. The idea for separating or having these functions is for future applications that intends to create their own format in the report.

As a whole, the functions listed are intended to be useful in future researches or application that involves the tasks of data processing, information extraction, language identification, part-of-speech tagging, word clustering, and text ranking.

2 Functions List and Sample Usages

Table 2.1 Data Utility Module Functions

Function Name	Description	Arguments	Return
refresh_excel	Clears out values in excel, excluding values under a protected_cell variable.	filename (str): The file location of the spreadsheet. protected_cells (int): The protected cells or number of columns (e.g., 2 columns → response & tag).	Void (save changes on Excel file)
read_candidate_excel	Reads the values in the candidate's excel file and stores the value in a list	filename (str): The file location of the spreadsheet.	phrase_list: a list of strings containing the system extracted (phrases) information. word_set_list: a list of strings containing the system extracted (word sets) information. total_words: a value indicating the total number of words in the input sentence / whole corpus.
read_gold_standard_excel	Reads the values in the gold standard's excel file and stores the value in a list.	filename (str): The file location of the spreadsheet. sheet_num (int): The sheet number to be read (Sheet 2 is designated for insight phrases and Sheet 3 is for word sets).	goldstandard_phrases_list: a list of strings containing the gold standard (phrases) information. goldstandard_word_sets_list: a list of strings containing the gold standard (word sets) information.
read_clusters_excel	Reads the values in an excel file and stores the ranked cluster values in a list.	filename (str): The file location of the spreadsheet. organization_format (str): The organizational format used (i.e., OAE or ORC).	clusters_list: a list of strings containing the clusters. category_count: the number of categories. 0 for OAE.
read_excel	Reads the values in an excel file and stores the first two columns (response and tag) into the MalasakitResponse object.	filename (str): The file location of the spreadsheet.	malasakit_response_list: a list of strings containing the Malasakit responses and their respective tags.

Function Name	Description	Arguments	Return
write_excel	Writes the system output in an excel file.	filename (str): The file location of the spreadsheet. malasakit_response_list (list): The list containing MalasakitResponse objects. clusters_list (list): The list containing clustered information that was extracted from Malasakit. ranked_clusters_list (list): The ranked version of the list containing clustered information.	Void (save changes on Excel file)
text_to_list	Transforms a given text file into a list of list [s1 [w1, w2,, wN],, sN [w1, w2,, wN]].	filename (str): The file location of the text file.	sentence_list: a list of strings containing sentences found on the file.
text_to_list_without_stopwords	Transforms a given text file into a list of lists removing Tagalog/English stopwords in the process.	filename (str): The file location of the text file.	sentence_list: a list of strings containing sentences found on the file (without stopwords).
write_text_file	Writes the strings in a list to a text file.	filename (str): The file location of the text file. string_list: The list to be written in the text file.	Void (save changes on text file)
read_text_file	Reads the strings in a file and transfer them into a list	filename (str): The file location of the text file.	string_list: a list containing the contents of the text file.
get_stopwords_from_file	Transforms stop words in a given file into a list.	filename (str): The file location of the text file.	stopwords_list: a list containing the stopwords found on the text file.

```
# Task: Show changes from original input text to its 'no stopwords' counterpart.
import data_utils
input_file = 'test/in'  # File with input sentences
string_list_1 = data_utils.text_to_list(input_file)  # Get tokenized sentences from input
string_list_2 = data_utils.text_to_list_without_stopwords(input_file)
flattened_string_list_1 = [" ".join(sublist) for sublist in string_list_1]  # Join tokens into regular sentences
flattened_string_list_2 = [" ".join(sublist) for sublist in string_list_2]
combined_list = []  # Join the lists
for fsl1, fsl2 in zip(flattened_string_list_1, flattened_string_list_2):
    combined_list.append(fsl1 + ' --> ' + fsl2)
data_utils.write_text_file('test/sample_code_result.txt', combined_list)  # Display using write feature
```

Table 2.2 Normalization Module Functions

Function Name	Description	Arguments	Return Type
normalize_object	Normalizes the MalasakitResponse object and updates the object after.	malasakit_response_list (list): The list containing MalasakitResponse objects with responses to be normalized.	Void (updates MalasakitResponse Object)
normalize_list	Normalizes a given list of strings and returns the normalized list.	string_list (list): The list of strings to be normalized.	normalized_string_list: normalized version of the input string list.
normalize_string	Normalizes a given string and returns the normalized string.	string (string): The string to be normalized.	normalized_string: normalized version of the input string.
join_prefix_word	Joins the prefixes that are separated with a word by whitespace. More prefixes can be added in the tl_prefixes.txt file.	string_list (list): The list of string to be processed.	joined_prefix_word_string_list: a list of string with joined prefix-word modifications.
translate_filipino_colloquialism	Runs the Filipino Colloquialism Translator or Normalizer through command prompt. The file path parameters can be changed by the user.	moses_file (str): The file location of Moses executable file. model_file (str): The file location of the normalizer model. input_file (str): The file location of the input text (source - to be normalized). output_file (str): The file location of the output text (target - normalized version of the input).	Void (updates out file)
set_moses_file_path	Sets Moses' executable file path with the one provided by the user	filename (str): The file location of the Moses executable file.	Void (updates file location)
set_model_file_path	Sets Moses' model configuration file path with the one provided by the user	filename (str): The file location of the normalizer model.	Void (updates file location)
set_input_file_path	Sets Moses' input text file path with the one provided by the user	filename (str): The file location of the input text.	Void (updates file location)
set_output_file_path	Sets Moses' output text file path with the one provided by the user	filename (str): The file location of the output text.	Void (updates file location)
set_prefix_file_path	Sets a user-provided prefix list text file.	filename (str): The file location of the prefix list.	Void (updates file location)

```
# Task: Normalize a list of irregular strings.
import normalize
string_list = ['cge n nga', 'sn n kyo?', 'bro, g k b mmya mag laro?', 'edewups na mudrakels ko sa trip']
print(normalize.normalize_list(string_list))

Output:
['sige na nga', 'saan na kyo?', 'bro, game ka ba mamaya maglaro?', 'puwede na nanay ko sa trip']
```

Table 2.3 Language Identification Module Functions

Function Name	Description	Arguments	Return Type
	Changes the scope of languages.	code_list (list): List of languages	Void (updates language scope)
set_language		to be considered. Must follow ISO	
		639-1 code.	
	Identifies language (ISO 639-1 code)	sentence (str): The sentence to be	language: a tuple consisting of
identify_language_string	of a given string. Returns a (language,	language identified.	(language, confidence) fields.
	confidence) tuple.		
	Identifies language ('tl' = Tagalog or	malasakit_response_list (list): The	Void (updates MalasakitResponse
identify_language_object_list	'en' = English) of MalasakitResponse	list containing MalasakitResponse	Object)
identify_language_object_nst	object's responses and updates the	objects.	
	language field in the object.		
	Identifies language of sentences in a	sentence_list (list): The list of	language_identified_list: a list
identify_language_string_list	list. Returns a list of languages	strings to be language identified.	containing the language result.
	respective to the sentences.		

```
# Task: Identify Languages of strings in a list, set Language code limits, and identify again.
import lang_id
string_list = ["I love you", "我爱你", "愛してる", "사랑해", "Σ´αγαπώ", "Ich liebe Dich"]
print(lang_id.identify_language_string_list(string_list))
lang_id.set_language(['en', 'zh', 'ja'])
print(lang_id.identify_language_string_list(string_list))

Output:
[('en', 9.061840057373047), ('zh', -40.14874768257141), ('ja', -105.30295419692993), ('ko', -54.02418255805969),
('el', -85.62207746505737), ('de', -24.075527667999268)]
[('en', 9.061840057373047), ('zh', -40.14874768257141), ('ja', -105.30295419692993), ('ja', -98.81557035446167),
('zh', -155.25258898735046), ('en', -28.10593557357788)]
```

Table 2.4 FSPOST Module Functions

Function Name	Description	Arguments	Return Type
set jeve neth	Sets the java path to make Stanford	file_path (str): The java file path /	Void (updates file location)
set_java_path	POS Tagger work.	location.	
	Tags a sentence/string. Returns a	sentence (str): The string to be tagged.	tagged_string: a list of string tokens
tag_string	(word, pos) tuple.		containing POS labeled (word, pos)
			tuples.
	Tagging a list of MalasakitResponse	malasakit_response_list (list): The list	Void (updates MalasakitResponse
tag_object_list	object's sentence. This updates the	containing the MalasakitResponse	Object)
	MalasakitResponse object.	objects.	
	Tags a list of sentences. Returns a list	sentence_list (list): The list of strings to	tagged_list: a list of strings
tag_string_list	of (word, pos) tuple.	be tagged.	containing POS labelled (word, pos)
			tuples.
format_pos	Formats a tuple into a POS-only	input_tuple (tuple): The tuple to be	tagged_string: a string containing
	string.	formatted.	POS labels.
	Formats a tuple into Stanford	input_tuple (tuple): The tuple to be	tagged_string: a string containing
format_stanford	word tag string.	formatted.	POS labels in Stanford's word tag
			notation.

```
# Task: Tag a string and change its formatting.
import fspost

fspost.set_java_path("") # Empty string for default tagger model path
  tagged_string = fspost.tag_string('ako nalang ba dito o sasamahan ako ni Nicco?')

print("Tuple: ", tagged_string)
print("Stanford: ", fspost.format_stanford(tagged_string))
print("POS: ", fspost.format_pos(tagged_string))

Output:
Tuple: [('ako', 'PRS'), ('nalang', 'VBTS_CCP'), ('ba', 'RBI'), ('dito', 'PRL'), ('o', 'CCT'), ('sasamahan', 'VBOF'), ('ako', 'PRS'), ('ni', 'DTP'), ('Nicco', 'NNP'), ('?', 'PMQ')]

Stanford: ako|PRS nalang|VBTS_CCP ba|RBI dito|PRL o|CCT sasamahan|VBOF ako|PRS ni|DTP Nicco|NNP ?|PMQ
POS: PRS VBTS_CCP RBI PRL CCT VBOF PRS DTP NNP PMQ
```

Table 2.5 Information Extraction Module Functions

Function Name	Description	Arguments	Return Type
	Extracts phrase insights (action word to	malasakit_response_list (list): The list	Void (updates MalasakitResponse
extract_insights_phrases	target/s). The MalasakitResponse object	containing MalasakitResponse objects	Object)
	is updated after.	with responses to be extracted.	
	Extracts word insights or word sets	malasakit_response_list (list): The list	Void (updates MalasakitResponse
extract_insights_words	(action word and target/s). The	containing MalasakitResponse objects	Object)
extract_msignts_words	MalasakitResponse object is updated	with responses to be extracted.	
	after.		

```
# Task: Build a MalasakitResponse object.
import malasakit response
import fspost
import lang id
import extract
fspost.set java path("")
response = 'Maglinis ng mga kanal at kalye o itapon ang mga basura'
response object = malasakit response.MalasakitResponse(1, response, 'Sanitation')
response object.fspost output = fspost.tag string(response object.response)
response object.fspost stanford format = fspost.format stanford(response object.fspost output)
response object.pos = fspost.format pos(response object.fspost output)
response object.location = 'Manila, Philippines'
response_object.language = lang_id.identify_language_string(response object.response)[0]
extract.extract insights phrases([response object]) # Extraction
extract.extract insights words([response object])
print('Response ID: ', response object.response id)
print('Response: ', response_object.response)
print('Category: ', response_object.tag)
print('FSPOST Tuple: ', response object.fspost output)
print('FSPOST Stanford: ', response_object.fspost_stanford format)
print('FSPOST POS only: ', response_object.pos)
print('Insight Phrases: ', response object.insights phrase)
```

```
print('Insight Word Sets: ', response_object.insights_words)
print('Location: ', response_object.location)
print('Language: ', response object.language)
Output:
Response ID: 1
Response: Maglinis ng mga kanal at kalye o itapon ang mga basura
Category: Sanitation
FSPOST Tuple: [('Maglinis', 'VBW'), ('ng', 'CCB'), ('mga', 'DTCP'), ('kanal', 'NNC'), ('at', 'CCA'), ('kalye',
'NNC'), ('o', 'CCT'), ('itapon', 'VBTF'), ('ang', 'DTC'), ('mga', 'DTCP'), ('basura', 'NNC')]
FSPOST Stanford: Maglinis|VBW ng|CCB mga|DTCP kanal|NNC at|CCA kalye|NNC o|CCT itapon|VBTF ang|DTC mga|DTCP
basura|NNC
FSPOST POS only: VBW CCB DTCP NNC CCA NNC CCT VBTF DTC DTCP NNC
Insight Phrases: [1, 'Maglinis ng mga kanal at kalye', 'itapon ang mga basura']
Insight Word Sets: [[1, 'Maglinis', 'kanal', 'kalye'], [1, 'itapon', 'basura']]
Location: Manila, Philippines
Language: tl
```

Table 2.6 Information Organization Module Functions

Function Name	Description	Arguments	Return Type
Organizes a g sublist (a si category or current category or current category		sub_malasakit_response_list_copy (list): The list containing a subset of MalasakitResponse objects. clusters_list (list): The list of clustered responses. ranked_clusters_list (list): The list of clustered and ranked responses. clustering_technique (str): Select a clustering technique from the following: 'dice', 'word2vec', or 'fasttext'. current_category (str): The label of the current category being processed. clustering_time (float): The variable for tracking the execution time of the clustering process. ranking_time (float): The variable for tracking the execution time of the ranking process.	clusters_list: a list containing clustered responses. ranked_clusters_list: a list containing clustered and ranked responses. clustering_time: a float variable for tracking the execution time of the clustering process. ranking_time: a float variable for tracking the execution time of the ranking process.
Organizes the information based on (or per) response categories.		malasakit_response_list_copy (list): The list containing MalasakitResponse objects. clustering_technique (str): Select a clustering technique from the following: 'dice', 'word2vec', or 'fasttext'. priority_categories (list): [] if prioritization of categories will use the default, otherwise pass a list.	clusters_list: a list containing clustered responses. ranked_clusters_list: a list containing clustered and ranked responses.
organize_all_entries	Organizes the entire information (per entry).	malasakit_response_list_copy (list): The list containing MalasakitResponse objects. clustering_technique (str): Select a clustering technique from the following: 'dice', 'word2vec', or 'fasttext'.	clusters_list: a list containing clustered responses. ranked_clusters_list: a list containing clustered and ranked responses.

```
# Task: Organize and cluster a set of insights.
import malasakit response
import organize
response object 1 = malasakit response.MalasakitResponse(1, 'response1', 'tag1')
response_object_1.insights_words = [[1, 'maglinis', 'kanal', 'kalye'], [1, 'itapon', 'basura']]
response object 2 = malasakit response.MalasakitResponse(2, 'response2', 'tag2')
response object 2.insights words = [[2, 'magkaisa', 'tao']]
response object 3 = malasakit response.MalasakitResponse(3, 'response3', 'tag3')
response object 3.insights words = [[3, 'magkaroon', 'komunikasyon']]
response object 4 = malasakit response.MalasakitResponse(4, 'response4', 'tag4')
response object 4.insights words = [[4, 'wastong', 'pagtatapon'], [4, 'bantayan', 'gamit']]
response object 5 = malasakit response.MalasakitResponse(5, 'response5', 'tag5')
response object 5.insights words = [[5, 'dumating', 'pagkain'], [5, 'magkaroon', 'equipment'], [5, 'maglinis',
'kalsada']]
response list = [response object 1, response object 2, response object 3, response object 4, response object 5]
cluster list, ranked cluster list = organize.organize all entries(response list, 'dice')
print(cluster list)
print(ranked cluster list)
Output:
[['1|5', 2, 'maglinis', 'kanal, kalye, kalsada'], ['1', 1, 'itapon', 'basura'], ['2', 1, 'magkaisa', 'tao'],
['3|5', 2, 'magkaroon', 'komunikasyon, equipment'], ['4', 1, 'wastong', 'pagtatapon'], ['4', 1, 'bantayan',
'gamit'], ['5', 1, 'dumating', 'pagkain']]
[['1|5', 2, 'maglinis', 'kanal, kalye, kalsada'], ['3|5', 2, 'magkaroon', 'komunikasyon, equipment'], ['1', 1,
'itapon', 'basura'], ['2', 1, 'magkaisa', 'tao'], ['4', 1, 'wastong', 'pagtatapon'], ['4', 1, 'bantayan', 'gamit'],
['5', 1, 'dumating', 'pagkain']]
```

Table 2.7 Information Clustering Module Functions

Function Name	Description	Arguments	Return Type
	Computes FastText's vector	string1 (str): The string to be	similarity: resulting score of
string_similarity_fasttext	similarity (how close) between two	compared to.	pairs based on how close they
string_similarity_tasttext	strings.	string2 (str): The string to be	are from each other (higher
		compared to.	value is better).
	Computes FastText's vector distance	string1 (str): The string to be	distance: resulting score of pairs
string_distance_fasttext	(how far) between two strings.	compared to.	based on how far they are from
		string2 (str): The string to be	each other (lower value is
	~	compared to.	better).
	Computes Word2Vec's vector	string1 (str): The string to be	similarity: resulting score of
string_similarity_word2vec	similarity (how close) between two	compared to.	pairs based on how close they
	strings.	string2 (str): The string to be	are from each other (higher
	Comment was 12V and a section	compared to.	value is better).
	Computes Word2Vec's vector	string1 (str): The string to be	distance: resulting score of pairs
string_distance_word2vec	distance (how far) between two	compared to. string2 (str): The string to be	based on how far they are from each other (lower value is
	strings.	compared to.	better).
	Computes Dice's Coefficient	string1 (str): The string to be	similarity: resulting score of
	similarity (how close) between two	compared to.	pairs based on how close they
string_similarity_dice	strings.	string2 (str): The string to be	are from each other (higher
	sumgs.	compared to.	value is better).
	Computes Dice's Coefficient	string1 (str): The string to be	distance: resulting score of pairs
	distance (how far) between two	compared to.	based on how far they are from
string_distance_dice	strings.	string2 (str): The string to be	each other (lower value is
	C	compared to.	better).
	Retrieves all insights in the	malasakit_response_list (list): The	insights_list: a list containing all
	MalasakitResponse object and stores	list containing MalasakitResponse	insights taken from the object
	them in one list.	objects.	list.
collect_all_insights_from_object		insights_type (str): A	
		character/string indicating the type	
		of insights to be collected. 'p' for	
		phrases and 'w' for word sets.	

Function Name	Description	Arguments	Return Type
merge_cluster_insights	Merges the insights in one cluster into a single line.	cluster (list): The list containing the current cluster. clustering_technique (str): Select a clustering technique from the following: 'dice', 'word2vec', or 'fasttext'.	cluster: a list containing modified (merged) words in the cluster's insights.
remove_duplicate	Removes duplicate strings in the list (cluster).	cluster_zero (list): The list containing the current cluster.	filtered_cluster_zero: a list containing the modified (filtered-off duplicates) words in the cluster.
cluster_words	Clusters target/noun words. Given a list it will join similar words using the 'word1 (word2,, wordN)' notation.	target_word_list (list): The list containing the words to be clustered. clustering_technique (str): Select a clustering technique from the following: 'dice', 'word2vec', or 'fasttext'.	new_target_word_list: a list containing the clustered and formatted words.
cluster_information	Clusters text using either Sørensen- Dice Coefficient (String Clustering), Word2Vec, or FastText Word Embeddings (Semantic Clustering) and returns a list of clusters.	malasakit_response_list (list): The list containing the MalasakitResponse objects. clustering_technique (str): Select a clustering technique from the following: 'dice', 'word2vec', or 'fasttext'.	clusters_list: a list containing the clustered insights.

```
# Task: Compare two words using the three clustering approaches.
import cluster
string1 = 'malinis'
string2 = 'kalinisan'
print('Dice:', cluster.string_similarity_dice(string1, string2))
try:
    similarity = cluster.string_similarity_word2vec(string1, string2)
except KeyError:
```

Table 2.8 Information Ranking Module Functions

Function Name	Description	Arguments	Return Type
	Ranks the clusters based on their	clusters_list (list): The list	updated_clusters_list: a list
rank_clusters_by_frequency	frequency counts (descending order:	containing the clustered insights.	containing the ranked
	highest count first).		clusters.
	Ranks the clusters (rearranges the groups)	clusters_list (list): The list	updated_clusters_list: a list
	based on their response category	containing the clustered insights.	containing the ranked
rank_by_response_categories	prioritization order. Categories follow the	priority_categories (list): [] if	clusters.
	Malasakit Codebook 4.7.	prioritization of categories will use	
		the default, otherwise pass a list.	

Table 2.9 Report Generation Module Functions

Function Name	Description Arguments		Return Type
	Adds a timestamp in the document.	document (object): The instance of the document to be	Void (updates
add_timestamp	Follows Month-Date-Year Hours-	edited.	the file)
acc_miestamp	Minutes-Seconds format (e.g.,		
	Oct-02-2019 18:51:50).		** * 1 / 1 /
add_divider	Adds a divider in the document that	document (object): The instance of the document to be	Void (updates
	is made from a 1x1 table object.	edited.	the file)
	Adds the title in the document and	document (object): The instance of the document to be	Void (updates
add_title	formats it for display.	edited.	the file)
	Sets the document's margin (in	title_text (str): The string input for the title label. document (object): The instance of the document to be	Void (updates
	inches).	edited.	the file)
	menes).	section_number (int): The section to be changed1 is for	the me)
		the first section.	
set_document_margin		top (int): The number to be set on the top margin.	
		bottom (int): The number to be set on the bottom margin.	
		left (int): The number to be set on the left margin.	
		right (int): The number to be set on the right margin.	
set_number_of_page_columns	Sets the number of columns in a	section (object): The section to be modified.	Void (updates
set_number_or_page_corumns	section through xpath.	columns (int): The number of columns to be applied.	the file)
	Generates the report in word	filename (str): The file path of the word document.	Void (creates
	document (.docx) format. Default	malasakit_response_list (list): The list containing the	Word
write_report	filename: Report.docx	MalasakitResponse objects.	Document
		ranked_clusters_list: The list containing the clustered and	file)
		ranked insights.	
	Generates the report in web/HTML	web_filename (str): The file path of the generated HTML	Void (creates
	format. It takes the contents of an	file.	HTML file)
	excel file and displays the indicated number of entries for	excel_filename (str): The file path of the excel file to be	
generate_web	organize all entries and organize	converted into web version.	
	per response categories. Target	organization_format (str): The organizational format used (i.e., OAE or ORC).	
	words are linked to their respective	cluster_limit (int): The limited number of clusters to be	
	Malasakit responses.	shown (Top 5, 10, 25). 0 value for unlimited.	
	Transmit Tesponses.	5110 WII (10p 5, 10, 25). 0 value for annimica.	

```
# Task: Generate a customized report.
import generate
from docx import Document
document = Document() # Create an instance of the document
# Use API functions
generate.set document margin(document, -1, 2, 2, 2, 2)
generate.add divider(document) # Divider
generate.add title(document, 'THIS IS MY FIRST CUSTOMIZED REPORT') # Title text
generate.add divider(document) # Divider
generate.add timestamp(document) # Timestamp
# Carry on with basic document function/s
p = document.add paragraph("This is a paragraph.")
p.add run(' In ')
p.add_run('BOLD').bold = True
p.add_run(' and ')
p.add_run('italic.').italic = True
table = document.add table(rows=1, cols=3)
hdr cells = table.rows[0].cells
hdr cells[0].text = 'Item'
hdr cells[1].text = 'Quantity'
hdr cells[2].text = 'Description'
table elements = (
    ('Food', '350,000', 'Contains canned goods, vegetables, eggs, and meat.'),
    ('Medicine', '93,500', 'Includes vaccines, herbs, and prescription drugs.'),
    ('Clothes', '51,926', 'Donations consisting of shirt, pants, and underwear.')
for item, quantity, description in table elements:
   row_cells = table.add_row().cells
   row cells[0].text = str(item)
   row cells[1].text = quantity
   row cells[2].text = description
p = document.add paragraph("Additional document functions at: \n")
p.add run("https://python-docx.readthedocs.io/en/latest/").bold = True
document.save('test/My First Report.docx')
```

THIS IS MY FIRST CUSTOMIZED REPORT

May-20-2020 21:42:23

This is a paragraph. In ${\bf BOLD}$ and it alic.

Item Quantity Description

Food 350,000 Contains canned goods, vegetables, eggs, and meat.

Medicine 93,500 Includes vaccines, herbs, and

prescription drugs.

Clothes 51,926 Donations

consisting of shirt, pants, and underwear.

Additional document functions at:

https://python-docx.readthedocs.io/en/latest/

3 Full Run and Evaluation

Included in the API are modules for running the entire tasks as indicated in the Architectural Diagram, and quantitatively evaluating two files (candidate and gold standard). There are two main parts in running the analysis tool, namely configurations and software modules. In configurations, there are a set of variables that could be modified by the user (see Table 3.1 for the list).

Variable	Default Value	Description
iovo poth	"	Path for Java compiled Stanford POS Tagger
java_path		(empty string used to indicate default value).
malasakit_filename	'test/MalasakitResponses.xlsx'	File path of input dataset.
report_filename 'test/Report.docx' File pa		File path and filename of generated report.
protected_cells	2	Untouched cells in input dataset.
	"	Organization style for clustering, empty string
organization_type		for organize all entries and 'categories' for
		organize by response categories.
clustering_technique	'dice'	Technique used for clustering (keywords: 'dice',
crustering_technique		'word2vec', 'fasttext')
priority estagories		Order of priority in response categories. Users
priority_categories		can modify the order and title of categories.

Table 3.1 Main Module Functions

In software modules part, this follows the main tasks involved in analyzing the texts. The tasks are written in order with their corresponding function calls intact. In each task, there are system prints that indicate its beginning and end. After each task and at the end of the program, its runtime and total execution time are displayed, respectively. A sample progress display of this run is shown at Figure 3.1 and sample outputs are shown at Figure 3.2 to 3.8.



Figure 3.1 Progress Display

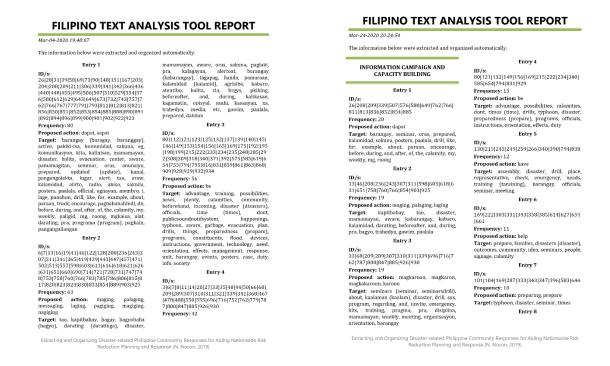


Figure 3.2 Report Organize All Entries

Figure 3.3 Report Organize by Category

	A	В	С	D
1	magkaisa dapat ang mga tao	Filipino values	tl	magkaisa dapat ang mga tao
2	mag karoon ng pagkakaiisa upang sa mga	Filipino values	tl	magkaroon ng pagkakaiisa upang sa mga darating na mga sakuna ay malalagpasan
3	magkaroon ng komunikasyon kung saan m	early warning system	tl	magkaroon ng komunikasyon kung saan magkikita sa panahon ng kalamaidad
4	paglilinis ng kanal wastong pagtatapon ng	infrastructure maintenance and management	tl	paglilinis ng kanal wastong pagtatapon ng basura at kailangan magikot ikot ang mga ta
5	malawakang information drive	information campaign and capacity building	tl	malawakang information drive
6	bago dumating ang bagyo magkaroon ng e	early warning system	tl	bago dumating ang bagyo magkaroon ng early warning system para mas maging hanc
7	magkaroon ng early warning upang magin	early warning system	tl	magkaroon ng early warning upang maging handa ang mga tao sa darating na bagyo
8	higit na pagtibayin ang early warning syste	early warning system	tl	higit na pagtibayin ang early warning system device magkaroon ng maintenance quart
9	lalo pang lumawat at lumago ang pagmam	Filipino values	tl	lalo pang lumawat at lumago ang pagmamalasakit sa aming kabarangay
10	pagsunod sa sinasabi sa kung ano ang dapa	preparedness for emergency	tl	pagsunod sa sinasabi sa kung ano ang dapat gawin paghandaan ang lahat ng bibitbitin
11	pagkakaroon ng early warning device	early warning system	tl	pagkakaroon ng early warning device
12	pagbibigay ng humanitarian assistance goo	disaster relief	tl	pagbibigay ng humanitarian assistance goods sa panahon ng kalamidad
13	nais ko po sana magkaroon pa po ngmga i	information campaign and capacity building	tl	nais ko po sana magkaroon pa po ngmga ibat ibang paraan upang lalo pang maging ha
14	siguruhing magkaroon ng mga basurahan	infrastructure maintenance and management	tl	siguruhing magkaroon ng mga basurahan sa buong barangay dahil ito ang pangunahir

Figure 3.4 Excel Output (Responses, Categories, Language, and Normalized)

	E
1	magkaisa VBW dapat VBS ang DTC mga DTCP tao NNC
2	magkaroon VBAF ng CCB pagkakaiisa NNC upang CCB sa CCT mga DTCP darating NNC na CCP mga DTCP sakuna NNC ay LM malalagpasan VBTF
3	magkaroon VBAF ng CCB komunikasyon NNC kung RBK saan RBQ magkikita VBTF sa CCT panahon NNC ng CCB kalamaidad NNC
4	paglilinis NNC ng CCB kanal NNC wastong JJD_CCP pagtatapon NNC ng CCB basura NNC at CCA kailangan VBS magikot VBW ikot NNC ang DTC m
5	malawakang JJD_CCP information FW drive FW
6	bago RBW dumating VBAF ang DTC bagyo NNC magkaroon VBW ng CCB early FW warning FW system FW para CCT mas JJCC maging VBW handa
7	magkaroon VBAF ng CCB early FW warning FW upang CCB maging VBW handa JJD ang DTC mga DTCP tao NNC sa CCT darating NNC na CCP bag
8	$higit JJCC\ na CCP\ pagtibayin VBOF\ ang DTC\ early FW\ warning FW\ system FW\ device FW\ magkaroon VBAF\ ng CCB\ maintenance FW\ quarterly FW\ magkaroon VBAF\ ng CCB\ magkaroon $
9	lalo JJCC pang RBI_CCP lumawat VBAF at CCA lumago VBAF ang DTC pagmamalasakit NNC sa CCT aming PRSP_CCP kabarangay NNC
10	$pagsunod NNC\ sa CCT\ sinasabi VBTR\ sa CCT\ kung RBK\ ano RBQ\ ang DTC\ dapat VBS\ gawin VBOF\ paghandaan VBOF\ ang DTC\ lahat PRI\ ng CCB\ biblionia NBC\ sa CCT\ sinasabi VBTC\ sa CTT\ s$
11	pagkakaroon VBW ng CCB early FW warning FW device FW
12	pagbibigay VBW ng CCB humanitarian VBTR assistance FW goods FW sa CCT panahon NNC ng CCB kalamidad NNC
13	nais VBS ko PRS po RBS sana VBS magkaroon VBW pa RBI po RBS ngmga NNC ibat JJD ibang PRI_CCP paraan NNC upang CCB lalo JJCC pang RBI
14	siguruhing RBD_CCP magkaroon VBW ng CCB mga DTCP basurahan NNC sa CCT buong PRI_CCP barangay NNC dahil CCR ito PRO ang DTC pangur

Figure 3.5 Excel Output (Part-of-Speech Tagged)

1	F G	Ĥ	1
1	1 magkaisa dapat ang mga tao		
2	2 magkaroon ng pagkakaiisa		
3	3 magkaroon ng komunikasyon	magkikita sa panahon	
4	4 wastong pagtatapon	kailangan magikot ikot	bantayan mga gamit
5	5 malawakang information drive		
6	6 dumating ang bagyo	magkaroon ng early warning system	maging handa ang mga tao
7	7 magkaroon ng early warning	maging handa ang mga tao	
8	8 pagtibayin ang early warning system device	magkaroon ng maintenance quarterly	masigurong maayos ito bago dumating an
9	9 lumawat at lumago ang pagmamalasakit		
10	10 sinasabi sa kung ano ang dapat gawin paghandaan ang lahat ng bi	bitbitin sa tuwing may sakuna	
11	11 pagkakaroon ng early warning device		
12	12 pagbibigay ng humanitarian assistance goods		
13	13 nais ko po sana magkaroon pa po ngmga	ibat ibang paraan	maging handa ang aming mga kapitbahay
14	14 magkaroon ng mga basurahan	pangunahing sanhi	

Figure 3.6 Excel Output (Insight Phrases)

	Α	В	С	D	Е	F
1	1	magkaisa	tao			
2	2	magkaroon	pagkakaiisa			
3	3	magkaroon	komunikasyon			
4	3	magkikita	panahon			
5	4	wastong	pagtatapon			
6	4	kailangan	ikot			
7	4	bantayan	gamit			
8	5	malawakang	information	drive		
9	6	dumating	bagyo			
10	6	magkaroon	early	warning	system	
11	6	maging	tao			
12	7	magkaroon	early	warning		
13	7	maging	tao			
14	8	pagtibayin	early	warning	system	device
15	8	magkaroon	maintenance	quarterly		
16	8	masigurong	kalamidad			
17	9	lumawat	pagmamalasak	it		
18	10	sinasabi	sakuna			
19	11	pagkakaroon	early	warning	device	
20	12	pagbibigay	assistance	goods		
21	13	nais	ngmga			
22	13	ibat	paraan			

Figure 3.7 Excel Output (Insight Word Sets / Verb-Noun Tuples)

	A	В	С	D	E	F
1	INFORMATION CAMPAIGN AND CAPACITY	BU	ILDING			
2	Cluster 1					
3	13 46 208 236 243 307 311 598 603	19	maging, palaging, laging	kapitbahay, tao, d	isaster, mamam	ayan, awa
4	Cluster 2					
5	26 208 209 339 507 576 649 762 766	18	dapat	barangay, seminar	, oras, prepared	l, kalamida
6	Cluster 3					
7	33 68 209 307 310 311 339 696 716	16	magkaroon, magkakaroon	seminars (seminar	, seminarsdrill),	about, ka
8	Cluster 4					
9	80 121 132 149 156 169 215 222 234	15	be	advantage, possib	lities, calamities	, baranga
10	Cluster 5					
11	130 215 245 249 259 266 340 390 79	12	have	assembly, disaster	, drill, place, rep	resentativ
12	Cluster 6					
13	207 238 269 289 332 343 344 382 39	12	conducting, magconduct, conduct	ct, pag seminars (seminar), drills, commu	nity, asser
14	Cluster 7					
15	101 104 169 287 333 343 347 396 58	10	preparing, prepare	typhoon, disaster,	seminar, times	
16	Cluster 8					
17	169 222 303 331 343 358 614 627 65	10	help	prepare, families,	disasters (disaste	er), outcor
18	Cluster 9					
19	26 362 764 813 852 883 903 926	9	may	pangangailangan,	seminar, meetin	gs, kalami
20	Cluster 10					
21	101 104 179 218 337 347 350 386 40	9	inform, informs, informing	consequence, peo	ple, neighbor, su	ubordinate
22	Cluster 11					
23	152 200 216 303 594 627 798 876 92	9	giving, living	disaster, drill, know	vledge, seminar	s, leaflets,
24	Cluster 12					
25	344 382 390 398 485 700 842 846 86	9	regarding	prevention, disaste	er (disasters), av	vareness,
26	Cluster 13					

Figure 3.8 Excel Output (Ranked Clusters)

Evaluating an output, two files must be provided: candidate (file to be compared) and gold standard (file to be based). These can be indicated in system output and gold standard variables. Under this module constitute functions that computes and compares the two files. Shown on Table 3.2 are the list of usable functions with their descriptions. It is important to note that running the module executes the necessary set of codes that outputs a summary of the evaluation results.

Given the two files, several statistics and standard metrics will be computed and displayed as output. The statistics for insight phrases consist of extraction counts, complete matches, over extractions, under extractions, overlapping extractions, and complete mismatches. On the other hand, statistics for word sets (verb-noun tuples) are extraction counts, exact matches, partial matches, action matches, target matches, crossover matches, and no matches. For both, standard metrics consists of Precision, Recall, Accuracy and F-Measure, computed through True Positive, False Positive, False Negative, and True Negative values. Adding to the display, members of some of these values are displayed on a list, where it can be reviewed.

```
EVALUATION RESULTS

Word Count: 11906

Gold Standard Extraction Count: 1170

System Extraction Count: 1363

False Positive (TP) Word Count: 2097

False Positive (TP) Word Count: 1273

Total Possible Extraction Count: 1657

False Positive (TP) Word Count: 1273

True Negative (TN) Word Count: 1273

True Negative (TN) Word Count: 3704

Complete Matches: 302 0.18225709112854557

Over-extractions: 149 0.8099215449607748

Under-extractions: 414 0.24984912492456246

Over-extractions: 414 0.24984912492456246

Overlapping-extractions: 11 0.006663869319251659

Complete Matches: 301 0.4713337356668678

True Positive (TP): 876

False Positive (TP): 887

False Positive (TP): 887

False Negative (FN): 294

True Negative (TN): 9

Under-Extractions: ['1 / magkaisa dapat ang mga tao / magkaisa dapat ang mga tao', '2 / magkaroon ng pag false Negative (TN): 9

Ver-ixtractions: ['1 / sansabi sa kung ano ang dapat gawin paghandaan ang lahat ng bibibitin sa tu under-Extractions: ['3 / kaylangan maging aware / maging aware sa balita', '26 / provide first Precision: 0.6426999266324285

Complete Mismatches: ['3 / magkikita sa panahon', '4 / paglilinis ng kanal', '6 / dumating ang bago', '8 / masigurong pagka Ccuracy: 0.528662643331321

False Positives: ['1 / magkisis dapa ang mga tao / magkaisa dapat ang mga tao / magkaisa d
```

Figure 3.9 Evaluation Output (Insight Phrases)

```
Gold Standard Extraction Count: 1239

System Extraction Count: 1367
Total Possible Extraction Count: 1239

Exact Matches: 213 0.17191283392978207

Partial Matches: 309 0.24939467312348668
Action/verb Matches: 108 0.86797417271993543
Target/Noun Matches: 108 0.15173527037933818
Crossover Matches: 108 0.15173527037933818
Crossover Matches: 209 0.08397545871933
No Matches (Soid Standard on System Output): 321 0.25997990314769974

True Positive (FP): 848
False Positive (FP): 519
False Negative (FN): 321
True Nogative (FN): 321
True Nogative (FN): 321
True Nogative (FN): 321
True Nogative (FN): 321
Free Masure: 0.668769716088328

EVALUATION LISTS
Exact Matches: [1, 'magkaisa', 'tao'], [2, 'magkaroon', 'pagkakaiisa'], [3, 'magkaroon', 'komunikasyon Partial Matches: ["17, 'magkaroon', 'araly', 'warning'] / [7, 'magkaroon', 'early', 'warning', 'system' Action/Verb Matches: ["16, 'maging', 'bagay'] / [16, 'maging', 'alerto']", "[17, 'magkara', 'tungkuli araget/Noun Matches: ["16, 'maging', 'bagay'] / [16, 'maging', 'alerto']", "[17, 'magkara', 'tungkuli araget/Noun Matches: ["16, 'wastong', 'pagtatapon'] / [4, 'pagtatapon', 'basura']", "4, 'kanal', 'system' Action/Verb Matches: ["16, 'wastong', 'pagtatapon'] / [4, 'pagtatapon', 'basura']", "4, 'kanal', 'langana', 'l', 'ko Natches (Gold Standard on System Output): [[4, 'paglilinis', 'kanal'], [17, 'maging', 'totoo', 'tung
```

Figure 3.10 Evaluation Output (Insight Word Sets)

Table 3.2 Evaluation Module Functions

Function Name	Description	Arguments	Return Type
precision	Computes Precision	true_positive (int): System EXTRACTED a text that is an insight / in the Gold Standard. false_positive (int): System EXTRACTED a text that is not an insight / not in the Gold Standard.	precision_value: score from TP / (TP + FP).
recall	Computes Recall	true_positive (int): System EXTRACTED a text that is an insight / in the Gold Standard. false_negative (int): System did NOT EXTRACT a text that is an insight / in the Gold Standard.	recall_value: score from TP / (TP + FN).
accuracy	Computes accuracy	true_positive (int): System EXTRACTED a text that is an insight / in the Gold Standard. false_positive (int): System EXTRACTED a text that is not an insight / not in the Gold Standard. false_negative (int): System did NOT EXTRACT a text that is an insight / in the Gold Standard. true_negative: System did NOT EXTRACT a text that is not an insight / not in the Gold Standard.	accuracy_value: score from (TP + TN) / (TP + FP + FN + TN).
f_measure	Computes F-Measure or F1	precision_value (float): System EXTRACTED a text that is an insight / in the Gold Standard. recall_value (float): System EXTRACTED a text that is not an insight / not in the Gold Standard.	f_measure_value: score from (2 * P * R) / (P + R).
retrieve_text	Reads contents in candidate and gold standard excel files and stores their values in lists.	candidate_filename (str): file location of the candidate.	phrase_list: a list of strings containing the system extracted (phrases) information.

Function Name	Description	Arguments	Return Type
		reference_filename (str): file location of the reference / gold standard.	word_set_list: a list of strings containing the system extracted (word sets) information. reference_phrase_list: a list of strings containing the gold standard (phrases) information. reference_word_set_list: a list of strings containing the gold standard (word sets) information. word_counter: a value indicating the total number of words in the input sentence / whole corpus.
compare_ie_phrases	Evaluates insight phrases. Displays statistics and results of computed standard metrics.	system_output_list (list): a list of strings containing the system extracted (phrases) information. gold_standard_list (list): a list of strings containing the gold standard (phrases) information. word_count (int): a value indicating the total number of words in the input sentence / whole corpus.	Void (displays evaluation results)
compare_ie_word_sets	Evaluates insight word set. Displays statistics and results of computed standard metrics.	system_output_list (list): a list of strings containing the system extracted (phrases) information. gold_standard_list (list): a list of strings containing the gold standard (phrases) information.	Void (displays evaluation results)

4 Resources

Incorporated in the API package are the necessary resources needed in order to run the modules. Details of these files are shown at Table 4.1 and its file structure on Figure 4.1.

Table 4.1 Resource Folders and Files

Resource Location		Description	
[Nokhonfusion]-Filipino-	model/	Folder containing resources used by the Filipino	
Colloquialism-MT/		Colloquialism normalizer.	
dictionary/	model/	Folder containing modifiable dictionary files such as	
dictionary/		Tagalog prefix list and stopwords.	
tl fasttext/	model/	Folder containing FastText's pre-trained Tagalog word	
ti_tastiext/		embeddings model.	
tl word2vec/	model/	Folder containing Word2Vec's pre-trained Tagalog	
ti_wordzvec/		word embeddings model.	
filipino-left5words-owlqn2-	model/	Filipino Stanford Part-of-Speech Tagger model file.	
distsim-pref6-inf2.tagger			
in	test/	Input file of Filipino Colloquialism normalizer.	
out	test/	Output file of Filipino Colloquialism normalizer.	
	test/	Malasakit dataset. Upon running full run of API. This	
MalasakitResponses.xlsx		file will be used as input and output (sheets will be	
		overwritten while retaining protected cells).	
Report.docx test/		Generated report.	

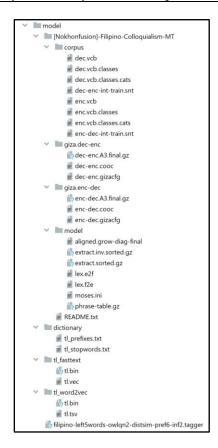


Figure 4.1 Resource File Structure

5 References

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- Oco, N., & Borra, A. (2011). A grammar checker for tagalog using languagetool. In *Proceedings of the 9th workshop on asian language resources* (pp. 2–9).