NumPy for MATLAB users

Help

MATLAB/Octave Python Description Browse help interactively help() help -i % browse with Info Help on using help help help or doc doc help Help for a function help(plot) Or ?plot help plot Help for a toolbox/library help splines Or doc splines help(pylab) package Demonstration examples demo

Searching available documentation

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
lookfor plot		Search help files
help	help(); modules [Numeric]	List available packages
which plot	help(plot)	Locate functions

Using interactively

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
octave -q	ipython -pylab	Start session
TAB <i>OT</i> M-?	TAB	Auto completion
foo(.m)	execfile('foo.py') or run foo.py	Run code from file
history	hist -n	Command history
diary on [] diary off		Save command history
exit <i>OT</i> quit	CTRL-D	End session
	CTRL-Z # windows	

sys.exit()

Operators

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
help -		Help on operator syntax

Arithmetic operators

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
a=1; b=2;	a=1; b=1	Assignment; defining a number
a + b	a + b <i>OT</i> add(a,b)	Addition

a - b	a - b <i>OT</i> subtract(a,b)	Subtraction
a * b	a $*$ b Or multiply(a,b)	Multiplication
a / b	a / b Or divide(a,b)	Division
a .^ b	a ** b	Power, \$a^b\$
	power(a,b)	
	pow(a,b)	
rem(a,b)	a % b	Remainder
	remainder(a,b)	
	fmod(a,b)	
a+=1	a+=b <i>OT</i> add(a,b,a)	In place operation to save array creation overhead
factorial(a)		Factorial, \$n!\$

Relational operators

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
a == b	a == b Or equal(a,b)	Equal
a < b	a < b O r less(a,b)	Less than
a > b	a > b O r greater(a,b)	Greater than
a <= b	$a \ll b Or less_equal(a,b)$	Less than or equal
a >= b	a >= b <i>OT</i> greater_equal(a,b)	Greater than or equal
a ~= b	a != b <i>OT</i> not equal(a,b)	Not Equal

Logical operators

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
a && b	a and b	Short-circuit logical AND
a b	a or b	Short-circuit logical OR
a & b <i>OT</i> and(a,b)	logical_and(a,b) Or a and b	Element-wise logical AND
a b <i>Or</i> or(a,b)	logical_or(a,b) Or a or b	Element-wise logical OR
xor(a, b)	logical_xor(a,b)	Logical EXCLUSIVE OR
~a <i>OT</i> not(a)	logical_not(a) <i>OT</i> not a	Logical NOT
~a <i>Or</i> !a		
any(a)		True if any element is nonzero
all(a)		True if all elements are nonzero

root and logarithm

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
sqrt(a)	math.sqrt(a)	Square root
log(a)	math.log(a)	Logarithm, base \$e\$ (natural)
log10(a)	math.log10(a)	Logarithm, base 10
log2(a)	math.log(a, 2)	Logarithm, base 2 (binary)
exp(a)	math.exp(a)	Exponential function

Round off

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
round(a)	around(a) Or math.round(a)	Round
ceil(a)	ceil(a)	Round up
floor(a)	floor(a)	Round down
fix(a)	fix(a)	Round towards zero

Mathematical constants

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
pi	math.pi	\$\pi=3.141592\$
exp(1)	math.e Or math.exp(1)	\$e=2.718281\$

Missing values; IEEE-754 floating point status flags

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
NaN	nan	Not a Number
Inf	inf	Infinity, \$\infty\$
	plus_inf	Infinity, \$+\infty\$
	minus_inf	Infinity, \$-\infty\$
	plus_zero	Plus zero, \$+0\$
	minus_zero	Minus zero, \$-0\$

Complex numbers

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
i	z = 1j	Imaginary unit
z = 3+4i	$z = 3+4j \ Or \ z = complex(3,4)$	A complex number, \$3+4i\$
abs(z)	abs(3+4j)	Absolute value (modulus)
real(z)	z.real	Real part
imag(z)	z.imag	Imaginary part
arg(z)		Argument
conj(z)	<pre>z.conj(); z.conjugate()</pre>	Complex conjugate

Trigonometry

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
atan(a,b)	atan2(b,a)	Arctangent, \$\arctan(b/a)\$
	hypot(x,y)	Hypotenus; Euclidean distance

Generate random numbers

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
rand(1,10)	random.random((10,))	Uniform distribution

random.uniform((10,))

2+5*rand(1,10) random.uniform(2,7,(10,)) Uniform: Numbers between 2

and 7

rand(6) random.uniform(0,1,(6,6)) Uniform: 6,6 array randn(1,10) random.standard_normal((10,)) Normal distribution

Vectors

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
a=[2 3 4 5];	a=array([2,3,4,5])	Row vector, \$1 \times n\$-matrix
adash=[2 3 4 5]';	array([2,3,4,5])[:,NewAxis]	Column vector, \$m \times 1\$-
	array([2,3,4,5]).reshape(-1,1)	matrix
	r_[1:10,'c']	

Sequences

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
1:10	arange(1,11, dtype=Float)	1,2,3, ,10
	range(1,11)	
0:9	arange(10.)	0.0,1.0,2.0, ,9.0
1:3:10	arange(1,11,3)	1,4,7,10
10:-1:1	arange(10,0,-1)	10,9,8, ,1
10:-3:1	arange(10,0,-3)	10,7,4,1
linspace(1,10,7)	linspace(1,10,7)	Linearly spaced vector of n=7
		points
reverse(a)	a[::-1] <i>Or</i>	Reverse
a(:) = 3	a.fill(3), a[:] = 3	Set all values to same scalar value

Concatenation (vectors)

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
[a a]	<pre>concatenate((a,a))</pre>	Concatenate two vectors
[1:4 a]	<pre>concatenate((range(1,5),a), axis=1)</pre>	

Repeating

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
[a a]	<pre>concatenate((a,a))</pre>	1 2 3, 1 2 3
	a.repeat(3) <i>Or</i>	1 1 1, 2 2 2, 3 3 3
	a.repeat(a) <i>Or</i>	1, 2 2, 3 3 3

Miss those elements out

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
a(2:end)	a[1:]	miss the first element

a([1:9])		miss the tenth element
a(end)	a[-1]	last element
a(end-1:end)	a[-2:]	last two elements

Maximum and minimum

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
max(a,b)	<pre>maximum(a,b)</pre>	pairwise max
max([a b])	<pre>concatenate((a,b)).max()</pre>	max of all values in two vectors
[v,i] = max(a)	v,i = a.max(0),a.argmax(0)	

Vector multiplication

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
a.*a	a*a	Multiply two vectors
dot(u,v)	dot(u,v)	Vector dot product, \$u \cdot v\$

Matrices

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
a = [2 3;4 5]	a = array([[2,3],[4,5]])	Define a matrix

Concatenation (matrices); rbind and cbind

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
[a ; b]	<pre>concatenate((a,b), axis=0)</pre>	Bind rows
	vstack((a,b))	
[a , b]	<pre>concatenate((a,b), axis=1)</pre>	Bind columns
	hstack((a,b))	
	<pre>concatenate((a,b), axis=2)</pre>	Bind slices (three-way
	dstack((a,b))	arrays)
[a(:), b(:)]	<pre>concatenate((a,b), axis=None)</pre>	Concatenate matrices into
		one vector
[1:4 ; 1:4]	concatenate((r_[1:5],r_[1:5])).reshape(2,-1)	Bind rows (from vectors)
	vstack((r_[1:5],r_[1:5]))	
[1:4 ; 1:4]'		Bind columns (from vectors)

Array creation

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
zeros(3,5)	zeros((3,5),Float)	0 filled array
	zeros((3,5))	0 filled array of integers
ones(3,5)	ones((3,5),Float)	1 filled array
ones(3,5)*9		Any number filled array
eye(3)	identity(3)	Identity matrix

diag([4 5 6])	diag((4,5,6))	Diagonal
magic(3)		Magic squares; Lo Shu
	a = empty((3,3))	Empty array

Reshape and flatten matrices

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
reshape(1:6,3,2)';	arange(1,7).reshape(2,-1)	Reshaping (rows first)
	a.setshape(2,3)	
reshape(1:6,2,3);	arange(1,7).reshape(-1,2).transpose()	Reshaping (columns first)
a'(:)	a.flatten() or	Flatten to vector (by rows, like
		comics)
a(:)	a.flatten(1)	Flatten to vector (by columns)
vech(a)		Flatten upper triangle (by
		columns)

Shared data (slicing)

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
b = a	b = a.copy()	Copy of a

Indexing and accessing elements (Python: slicing)

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
a = [11 12 13 14	a = array([[11, 12, 13, 14],	Input is a 3,4 array
21 22 23 24	[21, 22, 23, 24],	
31 32 33 34]	[31, 32, 33, 34]])	
a(2,3)	a[1,2]	Element 2,3 (row,col)
a(1,:)	a[0,]	First row
a(:,1)	a[:,0]	First column
a([1 3],[1 4]);	a.take([0,2]).take([0,3], axis=1)	Array as indices
a(2:end,:)	a[1:,]	All, except first row
a(end-1:end,:)	a[-2:,]	Last two rows
a(1:2:end,:)	a[::2,:]	Strides: Every other row
	a[,2]	Third in last dimension (axis)
a(:,[1 3 4])	a.take([0,2,3],axis=1)	Remove one column
	a.diagonal(offset=0)	Diagonal

Assignment

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
a(:,1) = 99	a[:,0] = 99	
a(:,1) = [99 98 97]'	a[:,0] = array([99,98,97])	
a(a>90) = 90;	(a>90).choose(a,90)	Clipping: Replace all elements
	a.clip(min=None, max=90)	over 90

a.clip(min=2, max=5)

Clip upper and lower values

Transpose and inverse

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
a'	a.conj().transpose()	Transpose
a.' <i>OT</i> transpose(a)	a.transpose()	Non-conjugate transpose
det(a)	linalg.det(a) or	Determinant
inv(a)	linalg.inv(a) or	Inverse
pinv(a)	linalg.pinv(a)	Pseudo-inverse
norm(a)	norm(a)	Norms
eig(a)	linalg.eig(a)[0]	Eigenvalues
svd(a)	linalg.svd(a)	Singular values
chol(a)	linalg.cholesky(a)	Cholesky factorization
[v,l] = eig(a)	linalg.eig(a)[1]	Eigenvectors
rank(a)	rank(a)	Rank

Sum

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
sum(a)	a.sum(axis=0)	Sum of each column
sum(a')	a.sum(axis=1)	Sum of each row
sum(sum(a))	a.sum()	Sum of all elements
	a.trace(offset=0)	Sum along diagonal
cumsum(a)	a.cumsum(axis=0)	Cumulative sum (columns)

Sorting

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
a = [4 3 2 ; 2 8 6 ; 1 4 7]	a = array([[4,3,2],[2,8,6],	Example data
	[1,4,7]])	
sort(a(:))	a.ravel().sort() <i>O</i>	Flat and sorted
sort(a)	a.sort(axis=0) <i>OT</i> msort(a)	Sort each column
sort(a')'	a.sort(axis=1)	Sort each row
sortrows(a,1)	a[a[:,0].argsort(),]	Sort rows (by first row)
	a.ravel().argsort()	Sort, return indices
	a.argsort(axis=0)	Sort each column, return indices
	a.argsort(axis=1)	Sort each row, return indices

Maximum and minimum

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
max(a)	a.max(0) Or amax(a [,axis=0])	max in each column
max(a')	a.max(1) Or amax(a, axis=1)	max in each row

<pre>max(max(a))</pre>	a.max() <i>Or</i>	max in array
[v i] = max(a)		return indices, i
max(b,c)	maximum(b,c)	pairwise max
cummax(a)		
	a.ptp(); a.ptp(0)	max-to-min range

Matrix manipulation

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
fliplr(a)	fliplr(a) <i>Or</i> a[:,::-1]	Flip left-right
flipud(a)	flipud(a) <i>OT</i> a[::-1,]	Flip up-down
rot90(a)	rot90(a)	Rotate 90 degrees
repmat(a,2,3)	kron(ones((2,3)),a)	Repeat matrix: [a a a ; a a a]
kron(ones(2,3),a)		
triu(a)	triu(a)	Triangular, upper
tril(a)	tril(a)	Triangular, lower

Equivalents to "size"

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
size(a)	a.shape Or a.getshape()	Matrix dimensions
size(a,2) <i>OT</i> length(a)	a.shape[1] Or size(a, axis=1)	Number of columns
length(a(:))	a.size <i>Or</i> size(a[, axis=None])	Number of elements
ndims(a)	a.ndim	Number of dimensions
	a.nbytes	Number of bytes used in
		memory

Matrix- and elementwise- multiplication

operations
ct (dot product)
vector n \$a\cdot b'\$
t
oduct
on, -1}\$
ivision, \$b^{-1} wline (solve linear
oduct
t
() ()

Find; conditional indexing

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
find(a)	a.ravel().nonzero()	Non-zero elements, indices
[i j] = find(a)	(i,j) = a.nonzero()	Non-zero elements, array
	(i,j) = where(a!=0)	indices
[i j v] = find(a)	<pre>v = a.compress((a!=0).flat)</pre>	Vector of non-zero values
	<pre>v = extract(a!=0,a)</pre>	
find(a>5.5)	(a>5.5).nonzero()	Condition, indices
	a.compress((a>5.5).flat)	Return values
a .* (a>5.5)	where(a>5.5,0,a) Or a * (a>5.5)	Zero out elements above 5.5
	a.put(2,indices)	Replace values

Multi-way arrays

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
a = cat(3, [1 2; 1 2],[3 4; 3 4]);	a = array([[[1,2],[1,2]], [[3,4],	Define a 3-way array
	[3,4]]])	
a(1.:.:)	a[0]	

File input and output

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
<pre>f = load('data.txt')</pre>	<pre>f = fromfile("data.txt")</pre>	Reading from a file (2d)
	<pre>f = load("data.txt")</pre>	
<pre>f = load('data.txt')</pre>	f = load("data.txt")	Reading from a file (2d)
<pre>x = dlmread('data.csv', ';')</pre>	<pre>f = load('data.csv', delimiter=';')</pre>	Reading fram a CSV file (2d)
save -ascii data.txt f	<pre>save('data.csv', f, fmt='%.6f',</pre>	Writing to a file (2d)
	delimiter=';')	
	<pre>f.tofile(file='data.csv',</pre>	Writing to a file (1d)
	format='%.6f', sep=';')	
	<pre>f = fromfile(file='data.csv',</pre>	Reading from a file (1d)
	sep=';')	

Plotting

Basic x-y plots

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
plot(a)	plot(a)	1d line plot
plot(x(:,1),x(:,2),'o')	plot(x[:,0],x[:,1],'o')	2d scatter plot
plot(x1,y1, x2,y2)	plot(x1,y1,'bo', x2,y2,'go')	Two graphs in one plot
plot(x1,y1)	plot(x1,y1,'o')	Overplotting: Add new plots to
hold on	plot(x2,y2,'o')	current
plot(x2,y2)	show() # as normal	
subplot(211)	subplot(211)	subplots
plot(x,y,'ro-')	plot(x,y,'ro-')	Plotting symbols and color

Axes and titles

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
grid on	grid()	Turn on grid lines
axis equal	<pre>figure(figsize=(6,6))</pre>	1:1 aspect ratio
axis('equal')		
replot		
axis([0 10 0 5])	axis([0, 10, 0, 5])	Set axes manually
title('title')		Axis labels and titles
<pre>xlabel('x-axis')</pre>		
ylabel('y-axis')		
	text(2,25,'hello')	Insert text

Log plots

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
semilogy(a)	semilogy(a)	logarithmic y-axis
semilogx(a)	semilogx(a)	logarithmic x-axis
loglog(a)	loglog(a)	logarithmic x and y axes

Filled plots and bar plots

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
fill(t,s,'b', t,c,'g')	fill(t,s,'b', t,c,'g', alpha=0.2)	Filled plot
% fill has a bug?		

Functions

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
f = inline('sin(x/3) - cos(x/5)')		Defining functions
ezplot(f,[0,40])	x = arrayrange(0,40,.5)	Plot a function for given range
fplot('sin(x/3) - cos(x/5)',[0,40])	$y = \sin(x/3) - \cos(x/5)$	
% no ezplot	plot(x,y, 'o')	

Polar plots

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
theta = 0:.001:2*pi;	theta = arange($0,2*pi,0.00$	01)
<pre>r = sin(2*theta);</pre>	r = sin(2*theta)	
polar(theta, rho)	polar(theta, rho)	

Histogram plots

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
hist(randn(1000,1))		
hist(randn(1000,1), -4:4)		

plot(sort(a))

3d data

Contour and image plots

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
contour(z)	<pre>levels, colls = contour(Z, V,</pre>	Contour plot
	origin='lower', extent=(-3,3,-3,3))	
	<pre>clabel(colls, levels, inline=1,</pre>	
	<pre>fmt='%1.1f', fontsize=10)</pre>	
<pre>contourf(z); colormap(gray)</pre>	contourf(Z, V,	Filled contour plot
	cmap=cm.gray,	
	origin='lower',	
	extent=(-3,3,-3,3))	
image(z)	<pre>im = imshow(Z,</pre>	Plot image data
colormap(gray)	interpolation='bilinear',	
	origin='lower',	
	extent=(-3,3,-3,3))	
	<pre># imshow() and contour() as above</pre>	Image with contours
quiver()	quiver()	Direction field vectors

Perspective plots of surfaces over the x-y plane

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
n=-2:.1:2;	n=arrayrange(-2,2,.1)	
[x,y] = meshgrid(n,n);	[x,y] = meshgrid(n,n)	
$z=x.*exp(-x.^2-y.^2);$	z = x*power(math.e,-x**2-y**2)	
mesh(z)		Mesh plot
surf(x,y,z) <i>Or</i> $surfl(x,y,z)$		Surface plot
% no surfl()		

Scatter (cloud) plots

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
plot3(x,y,z,'k+')		3d scatter plot

Save plot to a graphics file

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
plot(1:10)	<pre>savefig('foo.eps')</pre>	PostScript
print -depsc2 foo.eps		
gset output "foo.eps"		
gset terminal postscript eps		
plot(1:10)		
	<pre>savefig('foo.pdf')</pre>	PDF
	<pre>savefig('foo.svg')</pre>	SVG (vector graphics for www)

print -dpng foo.png

savefig('foo.png')

PNG (raster graphics)

Data analysis

Set membership operators

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
a = [1 2 2 5 2];	a = array([1,2,2,5,2])	Create sets
b = [2 3 4];	b = array([2,3,4])	
	a = set([1,2,2,5,2])	
	b = set([2,3,4])	
unique(a)	uniqueld(a)	Set unique
	unique(a)	
	set(a)	
union(a,b)	unionld(a,b)	Set union
	a.union(b)	
intersect(a,b)	intersectld(a)	Set intersection
	a.intersection(b)	
setdiff(a,b)	setdiffld(a,b)	Set difference
	a.difference(b)	
setxor(a,b)	setxorld(a,b)	Set exclusion
	a.symmetric_difference(b)	
ismember(2,a)	2 in a	True for set member
	setmember1d(2,a)	
	contains(a,2)	

Statistics

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
mean(a)	a.mean(axis=0)	Average
	mean(a [,axis=0])	
median(a)	median(a) Or median(a [,axis=0])	Median
std(a)	a.std(axis=0) Or std(a [,axis=0])	Standard deviation
var(a)	a.var(axis=0) <i>Or</i> var(a)	Variance
corr(x,y)	<pre>correlate(x,y) Or corrcoef(x,y)</pre>	Correlation coefficient
cov(x,y)	cov(x,y)	Covariance

Interpolation and regression

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
<pre>z = polyval(polyfit(x,y,1),x)</pre>	(a,b) = polyfit(x,y,1)	Straight line fit
plot(x,y,'o', x,z ,'-')	plot(x,y,'o', x,a*x+b,'-')	
a = x\y	linalg.lstsq(x,y)	Linear least squares \$y = ax + b\$
polyfit(x,y,3)	polyfit(x,y,3)	Polynomial fit

Non-linear methods

Polynomials, root finding

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
	poly()	Polynomial
roots([1 -1 -1])	roots()	Find zeros of polynomial
f = inline('1/x - (x-1)')		Find a zero near $x = 1$
fzero(f,1)		
solve('1/x = x-1')		Solve symbolic equations
polyval([1 2 1 2],1:10)	polyval(array([1,2,1,2]),arange(1,11)) Evaluate polynomial

Differential equations

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
diff(a)	<pre>diff(x, n=1, axis=0)</pre>	Discrete difference function and approximate derivative
		Solve differential equations

Fourier analysis

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
fft(a)	fft(a) <i>Or</i>	Fast fourier transform
ifft(a)	ifft(a) <i>Or</i>	Inverse fourier transform
	convolve(x,y)	Linear convolution

Symbolic algebra; calculus

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
factor()		Factorization

Programming

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
. m	.py	Script file extension
%	#	Comment symbol (rest of line)
% <i>or</i> #		
% must be in MATLABPATH	from pylab import *	Import library functions
% must be in LOADPATH		
string='a=234';	string="a=234"	Eval
eval(string)	eval(string)	

Loops

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
for i=1:5; disp(i); end	for i in range(1,6): print(i)	for-statement

Multiline for statements for i=1:5 for i in range(1,6): disp(i) print(i) disp(i*2) print(i*2) end

Conditionals

MATLAB/Octave Python Description if-statement if 1>0 a=100; end if 1>0: a=100 if-else-statement if 1>0 a=100; else a=0; end

Debugging

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
ans		Most recent evaluated
		expression
whos <i>OT</i> who		List variables loaded into
		memory
clear x <i>OT</i> clear [all]		Clear variable \$x\$ from
		memory
disp(a)	print a	Print

Working directory and OS

MATLAB/Octave	Python	Description
dir <i>OT</i> ls	os.listdir(".")	List files in directory
what	grep.grep("*.py")	List script files in directory
pwd	os.getcwd()	Displays the current working directory
cd foo	os.chdir('foo')	Change working directory
!notepad	os.system('notepad')	Invoke a System Command
<pre>system("notepad")</pre>	os.popen('notepad')	

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