Contents

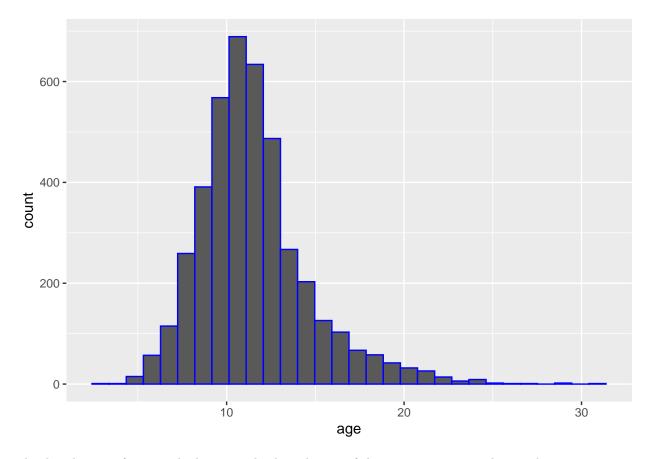
Pstat 131 Hw 2	1
Libraries	1
Question 1	2
Question 2	3
Question 3	3
Question 4	4
Question 5	4
Question 6	7
Question 7	7
Pstat 131 Hw 2	
Noe Arambula ID: 3561131	
4/5/22	
Libraries	
<pre># install.packages('ggthemes') library(ggplot2) library(tidyverse)</pre>	
## Attaching packages tidyverse 1.3.1	
## v tibble 3.1.6 v dplyr 1.0.8 ## v tidyr 1.2.0 v stringr 1.4.0 ## v readr 2.1.2 v forcats 0.5.1 ## v purrr 0.3.4	
<pre>## Conflicts tidyverse_conflicts() ## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter() ## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()</pre>	
library(tidymodels)	
## Attaching packages tidymodels 0.2.0	

```
## v broom 0.7.12 v rsample ## v dials 0.1.0 v tune
                                     0.1.1
                                      0.2.0
              1.0.0
## v infer
                        v workflows 0.2.6
## v modeldata 0.1.1
                        v workflowsets 0.2.1
            0.2.1
## v parsnip
                       v yardstick 0.0.9
               0.2.0
## v recipes
## -- Conflicts ------ tidymodels_conflicts() --
## x scales::discard() masks purrr::discard()
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x recipes::fixed() masks stringr::fixed()
## x dplyr::lag()
                 masks stats::lag()
## x yardstick::spec() masks readr::spec()
## x recipes::step() masks stats::step()
## * Learn how to get started at https://www.tidymodels.org/start/
library(corrplot)
## corrplot 0.92 loaded
library(ggthemes)
tidymodels_prefer()
library(readr)
abalone <- read_csv("abalone.csv")</pre>
## Rows: 4177 Columns: 9
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (1): type
## dbl (8): longest_shell, diameter, height, whole_weight, shucked_weight, visc...
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
```

Question 1

```
new_abalone = abalone %>%
  mutate(age = (rings + 1.5))

## Distribution of age
ggplot(new_abalone, aes(x = age)) + geom_histogram(color = 'blue', bins = 30)
```



The distribution of age is a little positively skewed most of the points are centered around age 11

Question 2

Question 3

```
simple_abalone_recipe = recipe(age ~ type + longest_shell + diameter + height + whole_weight + shucked_simple_abalone_recipe
```

Recipe

##

Inputs:

```
##
##
        role #variables
##
      outcome
## predictor
  ## we did not include rings to predict age because age is just rings + 1.5 this would scew the data
abalone_recipe <- recipe(age ~ type + longest_shell + diameter + height + whole_weight + shucked_weight
  step_dummy(all_nominal_predictors()) %>% # creates dummy variables
  step_normalize(all_predictors()) %>%
                                         # centers and scales all predictors
  step_interact(terms = type ~ shucked_weight) %>%
  step_interact(terms = longest_shell ~ diameter) %>%
  step_interact(terms = shucked_weight ~ shell_weight)
abalone_recipe
## Recipe
##
## Inputs:
##
        role #variables
     outcome
## predictor
## Operations:
##
## Dummy variables from all_nominal_predictors()
## Centering and scaling for all_predictors()
## Interactions with type, shucked_weight
## Interactions with longest_shell, diameter
## Interactions with shucked_weight, shell_weight
Question 4
```

```
lm_model <- linear_reg() %>%
set_engine("lm")
```

Question 5

```
lm_wflow <- workflow() %>%
  add_model(lm_model) %>%
  add_recipe(abalone_recipe)

lm_fit <- fit(lm_wflow, abalone_train)

## Warning: Interaction specification failed for: type ~ shucked_weight. No
## interactions will be created.</pre>
```

head(lm_fit)

```
## $pre
## $actions
## $actions$recipe
## $recipe
## Recipe
##
## Inputs:
##
##
         role #variables
##
      outcome
   predictor
##
## Operations:
##
## Dummy variables from all_nominal_predictors()
## Centering and scaling for all_predictors()
## Interactions with type, shucked_weight
## Interactions with longest_shell, diameter
## Interactions with shucked_weight, shell_weight
##
## $blueprint
## Recipe blueprint:
##
## # Predictors: 0
##
    # Outcomes: 0
      Intercept: FALSE
## Novel Levels: FALSE
  Composition: tibble
##
## attr(,"class")
## [1] "action_recipe" "action_pre"
                                       "action"
##
## $mold
## $mold$predictors
## # A tibble: 3,340 \times 9
      longest shell diameter height whole weight shucked weight viscera weight
##
##
             <dbl>
                      <dbl> <dbl>
                                           <dbl>
                                                          <dbl>
                                                                          <dbl>
## 1
             -1.45
                      -1.44 - 1.17
                                          -1.23
                                                                         -1.21
                                                          -1.17
## 2
            -1.62
                     -1.54 -1.40
                                          -1.27
                                                          -1.22
                                                                         -1.29
## 3
            -1.41
                      -1.29 -1.29
                                          -1.10
                                                          -1.19
                                                                         -1.29
## 4
            -0.492
                     -0.535 -0.814
                                          -0.714
                                                          -0.596
                                                                         -0.515
## 5
             -0.617
                      -0.535 -0.814
                                          -0.626
                                                          -0.551
                                                                         -0.583
## 6
            -2.37
                      -2.35 -2.23
                                          -1.55
                                                          -1.48
                                                                         -1.43
## 7
            -2.66
                      -2.60 - 1.99
                                          -1.61
                                                          -1.51
                                                                         -1.51
## 8
             -2.62
                      -2.60 -2.11
                                          -1.61
                                                          -1.54
                                                                         -1.53
## 9
             -1.12
                      -1.14 -1.05
                                          -1.28
                                                          -1.23
                                                                         -1.24
                      -0.333 -0.460
## 10
             -0.534
                                          -0.752
                                                          -0.820
                                                                         -0.643
## # ... with 3,330 more rows, and 3 more variables: shell_weight <dbl>,
       type_I <dbl>, type_M <dbl>
##
```

```
## $mold$outcomes
## # A tibble: 3,340 \times 1
##
        age
##
      <dbl>
## 1
       8.5
## 2
       8.5
## 3
       8.5
       9.5
## 4
## 5
       9.5
## 6
       6.5
## 7
       6.5
## 8
       5.5
## 9
       8.5
## 10
       8.5
## # ... with 3,330 more rows
##
## $mold$blueprint
## Recipe blueprint:
##
## # Predictors: 8
##
   # Outcomes: 1
     Intercept: FALSE
## Novel Levels: FALSE
##
   Composition: tibble
##
## $mold$extras
## $mold$extras$roles
## NULL
##
##
##
## attr(,"class")
## [1] "stage_pre" "stage"
##
## $fit
## $actions
## $actions$model
## $spec
## Linear Regression Model Specification (regression)
##
## Computational engine: lm
##
## $formula
## NULL
##
## attr(,"class")
## [1] "action_model" "action_fit"
                                    "action"
##
##
## $fit
## parsnip model object
##
##
```

```
## Call:
## stats::lm(formula = ..y ~ ., data = data)
## Coefficients:
##
      (Intercept)
                  longest_shell
                                         diameter
                                                           height
                                                                     whole_weight
         11.4476
                         -0.2798
                                           1.3061
                                                           0.4166
                                                                          4.7863
##
## shucked_weight viscera_weight
                                    shell_weight
                                                           type_I
                                                                           type_M
         -4.5335
                         -1.2754
                                                                           0.0510
##
                                           1.1633
                                                          -0.3547
##
##
## attr(,"class")
## [1] "stage_fit" "stage"
## $post
## $actions
## list()
## attr(,"class")
## [1] "stage_post" "stage"
## $trained
## [1] TRUE
```

Question 6

```
# variables represents the new data we will be using to predict an age
variables = data.frame(type = 'F',longest_shell = 0.50, diameter = 0.10, height = 0.30, whole_weight = predict(lm_fit, new_data = variables)
## # A tibble: 1 x 1
```

Question 7

.pred
<dbl>
1 12.2

```
## Creating a metric set
abalone_metrics = metric_set(rmse, rsq, mae)

## My predictions of the data
abalone_pred <- predict(lm_fit, new_data = abalone_train %>% select(-age))
abalone_pred = bind_cols(abalone_pred, abalone_train %>% select(age))
abalone_pred %>%
head()
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 2
```

```
##
     .pred
             age
##
     <dbl> <dbl>
     9.33
## 1
             8.5
## 2
     8.26
             8.5
## 3
     9.81
             8.5
## 4 9.85
             9.5
## 5 10.2
             9.5
## 6 6.84
             6.5
```

apply your metric set to the tibble, report the results, and interpret the R^2 value.
abalone_metrics(abalone_pred, truth = age, estimate = .pred)

```
## # A tibble: 3 x 3
     .metric .estimator .estimate
##
##
     <chr>
             <chr>>
                             <dbl>
                             2.18
## 1 rmse
             standard
## 2 rsq
             standard
                             0.548
## 3 mae
             standard
                             1.57
```

The r-squared value is the goodness of fit measure and measures the relationship between my model and the dependent variable, in this case age. Here the r-squared value is 0.548 for my model meaning 54.8% of the variance of age was explained by my model. This suggests that this model was not that great at estimating values, although still some correlation.