## Problem Set 7

Noella James

04/17/2017

collaborators: none

## Problem 7-1: Reductions

Assuming that a variable  $x_i$  occurs in k clauses, then for each occurence of  $x_i$ , we can substitute with a variable  $x_{i,j}$  where  $1 \leq j \leq k$  and adding the following clause to the formula:  $(x_{i,1} \vee x'_{i,2}) \wedge (x_{i,2} \vee x'_{i,3}) \dots \wedge (x_{i,k} \vee x'_{i,1})$ . Note that  $x_i \Rightarrow x_{i,1} \Rightarrow x_{i,2} \Rightarrow \dots x_{i,k}$ . Thus when  $x_i$  is true, the value of this additional clause is true. When  $x_i$  is false, the value of this clause is still true. Thus, the value of the original formula is not impacted.

The Reduction Algorithm is as follows:

## Algorithm

## Algorithm 1 3SAT to SAT(10)

```
1: procedure 3SAT TO SAT(10)(\varphi)
                                                  \triangleright \varphi is the boolean formula in which
    each variable appears in at most 10 clauses
        for each variable x_i in \varphi do
 2:
            if the count is \leq 10 then
 3:
 4:
                do nothing
            else
 5:
                for each instance of variable x_i > 10 do
 6:
                    Let n be number of instances of x_i
 7:
                     k \leftarrow n - 10
 8:
                     We replace each instance of x_i after 10 by x_{i,j} where 1 \leq j \leq k
 9:
                     Add the clause (x_{i,1} \lor x'_{i,2}) \land (x_{i,2} \lor x'_{i,3}) \dots \land (x_{i,k} \lor x'_{i,1})
10:
                     this reduces to true
11:
                end for
12:
            end if
13:
        end for
14:
15: end procedure
```