

INNA WILLIAMS

Section 5.1.

3] b) $f'(\frac{\pi}{3})$ - ? $f(x) = \sin x$, $f'(x) = \cos x$, $f''(x) = -\sin x$

a) $h = 0.1$

$$f'(x) = \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot f''(c) \quad \frac{\pi}{3} < c < \frac{\pi}{3} + 0.1$$

$$f'(\frac{\pi}{3}) = \frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{3} + 0.1) - \sin \frac{\pi}{3}}{0.1} = \frac{0.9116156 - 0.8660254}{0.1} = \boxed{0.4559019}$$

$$|\text{approximation error}| = \left| 0.4559019 - \cos \frac{\pi}{3} \right| = \boxed{0.044098}$$

$$\left| \frac{0.1}{2} \cdot \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{3} \right) \right| < |\text{error bounds}| < \left| \frac{0.1}{2} \cdot \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{3} + 0.1 \right) \right|$$

$$0.04330127 < |\text{error bounds}| < 0.04558078 \Rightarrow$$

$$\boxed{0.04330 < 0.044098 < 0.0456} \rightarrow \text{containing}$$

actual approximation error as expected

Answer: $f'(\frac{\pi}{3}) = 0.4559019$

$$\text{app. error} = 0.044098$$

$$\text{error bounds: } [0.04330, 0.0456]$$

b) $h = 0.01$

$$f'(\frac{\pi}{3}) = \frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{3} + 0.01) - \sin \frac{\pi}{3}}{0.01} = 0.4956616 \approx 0.495662$$

$$|\text{approximation error}| = \left| 0.495662 - \cos \frac{\pi}{3} \right| = 0.0043384$$

$$\left| \frac{0.01}{2} \cdot \sin \frac{\pi}{3} \right| < |\text{error bounds}| < \left| \frac{0.01}{2} \cdot \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{3} + 0.01 \right) \right|$$

$$0.004330127 < |\text{error bounds}| < 0.00435491$$

$$0.004330 < |\text{error bounds}| < 0.004355$$

$$0.004330 < 0.0043384 < 0.004355 \rightarrow$$

containing actual approximation error as expected

Answer: $f'\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = 0.495662$

$$\text{app error} = 0.0043384$$

$$\text{error bounds: } [0.004330, 0.004355]$$

(C) $h = 0.001$

$$f'\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3} + 0.001\right) - \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)}{0.001} = 0.4995665 \approx 0.499567$$

$$|\text{approximation error}| = |0.499567 - \cos\frac{\pi}{3}| = 0.0004331$$

$$\left| \frac{0.001}{2} \cdot \sin \frac{\pi}{3} \right| < \text{error bounds} / 2 \quad \left| \frac{0.001}{2} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3} + 0.001\right)\right|$$

$$0.0004330127 < |\text{error bounds}| < 0.0004332625$$

$$0.0004330 < |\text{error bounds}| < 0.0004333$$

$$0.0004330 < 0.0004331 < 0.0004333 \rightarrow$$

containing actual approximation error as expected

Answer: $f'\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = 0.499567$

$$\text{app. error} = 0.0004331$$

$$\text{error bounds: } [0.0004330, 0.0004333]$$

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Section 5.1

Q1

Three point centered-difference formula

$$f'(\frac{\pi}{3}) - ? \quad f(x) = \sin x \quad f'(x) = \cos x \quad f''(x) = -\sin x \quad f'''(x) = -\cos x$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{f(x+h) - f(x-h)}{2h} - \frac{h^2}{6} \cdot f'''(c) \quad x-h < c < x+h$$

(a) $\underline{h = 0.1}$

$$f'(\frac{\pi}{3}) = \frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{3} + 0.1) - \sin(\frac{\pi}{3} - 0.1)}{2 \cdot 0.1} = 0.4991671$$

$$\text{approximation error} = |0.4991671 - \cos \frac{\pi}{3}| = 0.0008329$$

$$\left| \frac{0.1^2}{2} \cdot \cos^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{3} - 0.1 \right) \right| \geq \text{error bounds} \geq \left| \frac{0.08}{6} \left(\frac{\pi}{3} + 0.1 \right) \cdot \frac{0.1^2}{6} \right|$$

cos

$$0.000685073 < \text{error bounds} < 0.000973269$$

$$0.0006851 < \text{error bounds} < 0.0009733$$

$$0.000685 < 0.0008329 < 0.0009733 \rightarrow$$

→ containing actual approximation error
as expected

Answer : $f'(\frac{\pi}{3}) = 0.4991671$

$$\text{app error} = 0.0008329$$

$$\text{error bounds} = [0.0006851, 0.0009733]$$

) $h = \underline{0.01}$

$$f'(\frac{\pi}{3}) = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3} + 0.01\right) - \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3} - 0.01\right)}{2 \cdot 0.01} = 0.499992$$

$$|\text{approximation error}| = \left| 0.499992 - \cos\frac{\pi}{3} \right| = 8.3 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

$$\left| \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3} + 0.01\right) \cdot \frac{0.01^2}{6} \right| < |\text{error bounds}| < \left| \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3} - 0.01\right) \cdot \frac{0.01^2}{6} \right|$$

$$0.00000819 < |\text{error bounds}| < 0.00000848$$

$$0.0000082 < |\text{error bounds}| < 0.0000085$$

$$0.0000082 < 8.3 \cdot 10^{-6} < 0.0000085 \rightarrow$$

containing actual approximation error

Answer : $f'(\frac{\pi}{3}) = 0.499992$
 $\text{app. err} = 8.3 \cdot 10^{-6}$
 error bounds : $[0.0000082, 0.0000085]$

(c) $h = 0.001$

$$f'(\frac{\pi}{3}) = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3} + 0.001\right) - \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3} - 0.001\right)}{2 \cdot 0.001} = 0.49999992$$

$$|\text{approximation error}| = \left| 0.49999992 - \cos\frac{\pi}{3} \right| = 8.3333396 \cdot 10^{-8}$$

$$\left| \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3} + 0.001\right) \cdot \frac{0.001^2}{2} \right| < |\text{error bounds}| < \left| \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3} - 0.001\right) \cdot \frac{0.001^2}{6} \right|$$

$$8.31890 \cdot 10^{-8} < |\text{error bounds}| < 8.34776 \cdot 10^{-8}$$

$$8.31890 \cdot 10^{-8} < 8.33334 \cdot 10^{-8} < 8.34776 \cdot 10^{-8} \rightarrow$$

→ containing actual approximation error.

Answer : $f'(\frac{\pi}{3}) = 0.49999992$, app. err = $8.33334 \cdot 10^{-8}$
 error bounds : $[8.31890 \cdot 10^{-8}, 8.34776 \cdot 10^{-8}]$

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Section 5.1

[?] According to Taylor theorem if f is twice continuously differentiable then

$$f(x-h) = f(x) - h \cdot f'(x) + \frac{h^2}{2} \cdot f''(c) \quad \text{where } x-h < c < x \quad \Rightarrow$$

$$f'(x) \cdot h = f(x) - f(x-h) + \frac{h^2}{2} f''(c)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{f(x) - f(x-h)}{h} + \frac{h}{2} f''(c)$$

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Section 5.2

(6) Trapezoidal Rule: $m=1, 2, 4$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} \int_0^{\pi} \cos x dx - ? \quad \int_a^b f(x) dx = \frac{h}{2} (y_0 + y_m + 2 \sum_{i=1}^{m-1} y_i) - \frac{(b-a)h^2}{12} f''(x)$$

$$[m=1] \quad h = \frac{b-a}{m} = \frac{\frac{\pi}{2} - 0}{1} = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} \int_0^{\pi} \cos x dx = \frac{\pi}{2 \cdot 2} (\cos 0 + \cos \frac{\pi}{2} + 2(0)) = \frac{\pi}{4}(1+0) = \boxed{\frac{\pi}{4}}$$

$$|\text{approximation error}| = \left| \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x dx - \frac{\pi}{4} \right| = \left| 1 - \frac{\pi}{4} \right| = \boxed{0.214602}$$

$$[m=2] \quad h = \frac{b-a}{m} = \frac{\frac{\pi}{2} - 0}{2} = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x dx = \frac{\pi}{4 \cdot 2} (\cos 0 + \cos \frac{\pi}{4} + 2 y_1) = \frac{\pi}{8} \left(1 + 0 + 2 \left(\frac{0+\frac{\pi}{2}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{8} (1 + 2 \cdot \cos \frac{\pi}{4}) = \frac{\pi}{8} \left(1 + 2 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) = \boxed{\frac{\pi}{8} (1 + \sqrt{2})}$$

$$|\text{approximation error}| = \left| \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x dx - \frac{\pi}{8} (1 + \sqrt{2}) \right| =$$

$$= \left| 1 - \frac{\pi}{8} (1 + \sqrt{2}) \right| = \boxed{0.051941}$$

$$[m=4] \quad h = \frac{b-a}{4m} = \frac{\frac{\pi}{2} - 0}{4 \cdot 1} = \frac{\pi}{8}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{8} \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x dx = \frac{\pi}{8 \cdot 2} (\cos 0 + \cos \frac{\pi}{4} + 2(y_1 + y_2 + y_3)) = \frac{\pi}{16} (1 + 0 +$$

$$2 \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{8} + \cos \frac{2\pi}{8} + \cos \frac{3\pi}{8} \right) = \frac{\pi}{16} \left(1 + 2(0.92388 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + 0.38268) \right)$$

$$= \boxed{0.387116}$$

$$|\text{approximation error}| = \left| \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x dx - 0.987116 \right| = |\pi - 0.987116|$$
$$= \boxed{0.012884}$$

Answer:

$$m=1 \quad \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x dx = \frac{\pi}{4}, \quad \text{error} = 0.214602$$

$$m=2 \quad \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x dx = \frac{\pi}{8}(1+\sqrt{2}), \quad \text{error} = 0.051941$$

$$m=4 \quad \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x dx = 0.987116, \quad \text{error} = 0.012884$$

Section 5.2

3 (6) Simpson Rule $m = 1, 2, 4$.

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x dx - ? \quad \int_a^b f(x) dx = \frac{h}{3} \left[y_0 + y_{2m} + 4 \sum_{i=1}^{m-1} y_{2i-1} + 2 \sum_{i=1}^{m-1} y_{2i} \right] - \frac{(b-a)}{180} \cdot h^4 \cdot f''(c)$$

$$\boxed{m=1} \quad h = \frac{b-a}{2 \cdot m} = \frac{\pi/2 - 0}{2 \cdot 1} = \frac{\pi}{2 \cdot 2} = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x dx = \frac{\pi}{4 \cdot 3} \left[\cos 0 + \cos \frac{\pi}{2} + 4 \cdot \cos \frac{\pi}{4} \right] = \frac{\pi}{12} \left[1 + 0 + 4 \cdot \cos \frac{\pi}{4} \right] = 1.00228$$

$$|\text{approximation error}| = \left| \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x dx - 1.00228 \right| = |1 - 1.00228| = \underline{0.00228}$$

$$\boxed{m=2} \quad h = \frac{b-a}{2 \cdot m} = \frac{\pi/2 - 0}{2 \cdot 2} = \frac{\pi}{8}$$

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x dx = \frac{\pi}{8 \cdot 3} \left[\cos 0 + \cos \frac{\pi}{2} + 4 \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{8} + \cos \frac{3\pi}{8} \right) + 2 \left(\cos \frac{2\pi}{8} \right) \right] =$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{24} \left[1 + 6.640485 \right] = \frac{\pi \cdot 7.640485}{24} = \underline{1.000135}$$

$$|\text{approximation error}| = \left| \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x dx - 1.000135 \right| = |1 - 1.000135| =$$

$$= \underline{0.000135}$$

$$\boxed{m=4} \quad h = \frac{b-a}{2 \cdot m} = \frac{\pi/2 - 0}{2 \cdot 4} = \frac{\pi}{16}$$

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x dx = \frac{\pi}{16 \cdot 3} \left[\cos 0 + \cos \frac{\pi}{2} + 4 \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{16} + \cos \frac{3\pi}{16} + \cos \frac{5\pi}{16} + \cos \frac{7\pi}{16} \right) + 2 \left(\cos \frac{2\pi}{16} + \cos \frac{4\pi}{16} + \cos \frac{6\pi}{16} \right) \right] = \frac{\pi}{48} \left[1 + 0 + 4(2.562915) + 2(2.0136) \right] = \frac{\pi}{48} [1 + 14.279] = \frac{\pi \cdot 15.279}{48} = \underline{1.000008}$$

$$|\text{approximation error}| = \left| \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x dx - 1.000008 \right| = \\ = |1 - 1.000008| = \underline{\underline{0.000008}}$$

Answer:

$$m=1 \quad \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x dx = 1.00228 \quad , \text{error} = 0.002280$$

$$m=2 \quad \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x dx = 1.000135 \quad , \text{error} = 0.000135$$

$$m=4 \quad \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x dx = 1.000008 \quad , \text{error} = 0.000008$$