

## Hands-on Lab: Build an Interactive Dashboard with Plotly Dash

In this lab, you will be building a Plotly Dash application for users to perform interactive visual analytics on SpaceX launch data in real-time

This dashboard application contains input components such as a dropdown list and a range slider to interact with a pie chart and a scatter point chart. You will be guided to build this dashboard application via the following tasks:

- TASK 1: Add a Launch Site Drop-down Input Component
- TASK 2: Add a callback function to render success-pie-chart based on selected site dropdown
- TASK 3: Add a Range Slider to Select Payload
- TASK 4: Add a callback function to render the success-payload-scatter-chart scatter plot

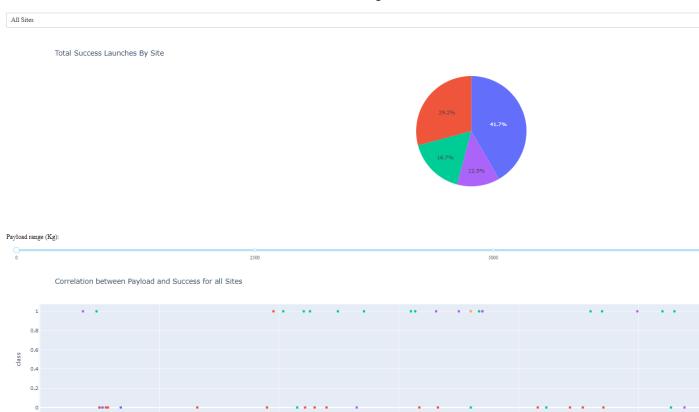
Note:Please take screenshots of the Dashboard and save them. Further upload your notebook to github.

#### The github url and the screenshots are later required in the presentation slides.

Your completed dashboard application should look like the following screenshot:

## SpaceX Launch Records Dashboard

Pavload Mass (kg)



After visual analysis using the dashboard, you should be able to obtain some insights to answer the following five questions:

- 1. Which site has the largest successful launches?
- 2. Which site has the highest launch success rate?3. Which payload range(s) has the highest launch success rate?
- Which payload range(s) has the lowest launch success rate?
- Which F9 Booster version (v1.0, v1.1, FT, B4, B5, etc.) has the highest

Estimated time needed: 90 minutes

#### Important Notice about this lab environment

Please be aware that sessions for this lab environment are not persisted. When you launch the Cloud IDE, you are presented with a 'dedicated computer on the cloud' exclusively for you. This is available to you as long as you are actively working on the labs. Once you close your session or it is timed out due to inactivity,

you are logged off, and this dedicated computer on the cloud is deleted along with any files you may have created, downloaded or installed.

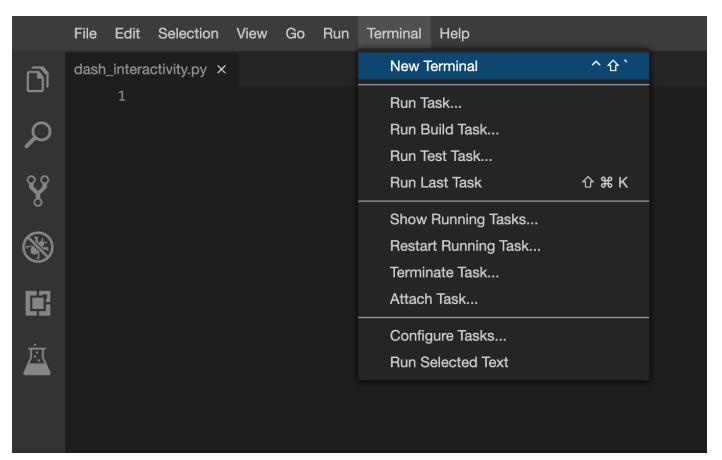
The next time you launch this lab, a new environment is created for you.

If you finish only part of the lab and return later, you may have to start from the beginning. So, it is a good idea to plan your time accordingly and finish your labs in a

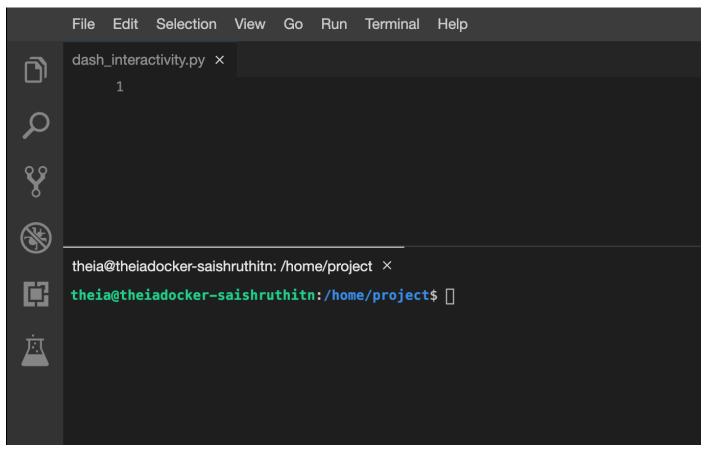
### Setup development environment

#### **Install required Python packages**

• Open a new terminal, by clicking on the menu bar and selecting **Terminal**->New **Terminal**, as in the image below.



• Now, you have script and terminal ready to start the lab.



 $\bullet$  Install python packages required to run the application.

Copy and paste the below command to the terminal.

python3.11 -m pip install pandas dash

```
theia@theiadocker-anitaj: /home/project ×
theia@theiadocker-anitaj:/home/project$ python3.
Defaulting to user installation because normal si
Collecting pandas
  Downloading pandas-1.5.3-cp38-cp38-manylinux_2
                                          12.2/12
Collecting dash
  Downloading dash-2.8.1-py3-none-any.whl (9.9 M
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in /
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2
Collecting numpy>=1.20.3
  Downloading numpy-1.24.2-cp38-cp38-manylinux_2
                                         17.3/17
Collecting dash-html-components==2.0.0
  Downloading dash html components-2.0.0-py3-none
Collecting plotly>=5.0.0
  Downloading plotly-5.13.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl
                                         15.2/15
Collecting dash-core-components==2.0.0
  Downloading dash_core_components-2.0.0-py3-none
Collecting dash-table==5.0.0
  Downloading dash table-5.0.0-py3-none-any.whl
Requirement already satisfied: Flask>=1.0.4 in /
Requirement already satisfied: importlib-metadata
(4.12.0)
Requirement already satisfied: Werkzeug>=2.2.2 in
```

### Download a skeleton dashboard application and dataset

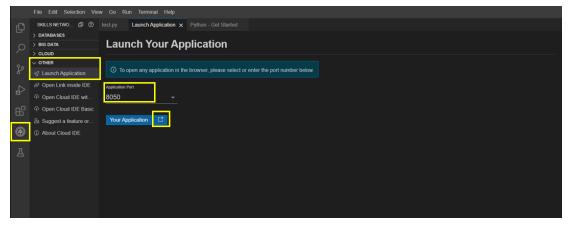
First, let's get the SpaceX Launch dataset for this lab:

Run the following wget command line in the terminal to download dataset as spacex\_launch\_dash.csv
 wget "https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBM-D50321EN-SkillsNetwork/datasets/spacex\_launch\_dash.csv

- Download a skeleton Dash app to be completed in this lab:
   wget "https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/t4-Vy4i0U19i8y6E3Px\_ww/spacex-dash-app.py"
- Test the skeleton app by running the following command in the terminal: python3.11 spacex-dash-app.py
- Observe the port number (8050) shown in the terminal.

```
theia@theiadocker-anitaj: /home/project ×
theia@theiadocker-anitaj:/home/project$ python3.8
spacex dash app.py:4: UserWarning:
The dash_html_components package is deprecated. P
`import dash_html_components as html` with `from
  import dash html components as html
spacex_dash_app.py:5: UserWarning:
The dash_core_components package is deprecated. P
`import dash core components as dcc` with `from d
  import dash_core_components as dcc
Dash is running on http://127.0.0.1:8050/
  Serving Flask app 'spacex_dash_app'
   Debug mode: off
WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use
   Running on http://127.0.0.1:8050
Press CTRL+C to quit
```

In the left Navigation Pane click on Others and click Launch Application option under it. Enter the application port number as 8050.
 Click Your Application.



• You should see a nearly blank web page indicating a successfully running dash app. Next, let's fill the skeleton app with required input/output components and callback functions.

If you need to refresh your memory about Plotly Dash components and callback functions, you may refer to the lab you have learned before:

#### TASK 1: Add a Launch Site Drop-down Input Component

We have four different launch sites and we would like to first see which one has the largest success count. Then, we would like to select one specific site and check its detailed success rate (class=0 vs. class=1).

As such, we will need a dropdown menu to let us select different launch sites.

- Find and complete a commented dcc.Dropdown(id='site-dropdown',...) input with following attributes:

  - o id attribute with value site-dropdown options attribute is a list of dict-like option objects (with label and value attributes). You can set the label and value all to be the launch site names in the spacex\_df and you need to include the default  $\ensuremath{\mathtt{All}}$  option. e.g.,

```
options=[{'label': 'All Sites', 'value': 'ALL'},{'label': 'sitel', 'value': 'sitel'}, ...]
```

- o value attribute with default dropdown value to be ALL meaning all sites are selected
- o placeholder attribute to show a text description about this input area,
- o searchable attribute to be True so we can enter keywords to search launch sites

Here is an example of dcc.Dropdown:

```
dcc.Dropdown(id='id'.
                               {'label': 'All Sites', 'value': 'ALL'},
{'label': 'sitel', 'value': 'sitel'},
                        J,
value='ALL',
placeholder="place holder here",
searchable=True
```

If you need more help about Dropdown(), refer to the Plotly Dash Reference section towards

Your completed dropdown menu should look like the following screenshot:

### SpaceX Launch Records Dashboard

```
IAII Sites
CCAFS LC-40
VAFB SLC-4E
CCAFS SLC-40
```

# TASK 2: Add a callback function to render success-pie-chart based on selected site dropdown

The general idea of this callback function is to get the selected launch site from site-dropdown and render a pie chart visualizing launch success counts.

Dash callback function is a type of Python function which will be automatically called by Dash whenever receiving an input component updates, such as a click or dropdown selecting event.

If you need to refresh your memory about Plotly Dash callback functions,

you may refer to the lab you have learned before:

#### Plotly Dash Lab

 $Let's \ add \ a \ callback \ function \ in \ {\tt spacex\_dash\_app.py} \ including \ the \ following \ application \ logic:$ 

- $\bullet \ Input \ is \ set \ to \ be \ the \ \texttt{site-dropdown}, \ i.e., \ \texttt{Input} \ (\texttt{component\_id='site-dropdown'}, \ \texttt{component\_property='value'})$
- Output to be the graph with id success-pie-chart, i.e., Output(component\_id='success-pie-chart', component\_property='figure')
   A If-Else statement to check if ALL sites were selected or just a specific launch site was selected
- - o If ALL sites are selected, we will use all rows in the dataframe spacex\_df to render and return a pie chart graph to show the total success launches (i.e., the total count of class column)
  - $\circ$  If a specific launch site is selected, you need to filter the dataframe <code>spacex\_df</code> first in order
  - to include the only data for the selected site.

    Then, render and return a pie chart graph to show the success (class=1) count and failed (class=0) count for the selected site.

Here is an example of a callback function:

```
# Function decorator to specify function input and output
@app.callback(Output(component_id='success-pie-chart', component_property='figure'),
Input(component_id='site-dropdown', component_property='value'))
def get_pie_chart(entered_site):
    filtered_df = spacex_df
if entered_site = 'ALL':
    fig = px.pie(data, values='class',
    names='pie chart names',
    title='title')
    return fig
                          return fig
              else:
# return the outcomes piechart for a selected site
```

The rendered pie chart should look like the following screenshots:

· Pie chart for all sites are selected

All Sites

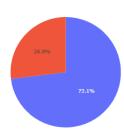
Total Success Launches By Site



· Pie chart for is selected

CCAFS LC-40

Total Success Launches for site CCAFS LC-40



If you need more reference about dash callbacks and plotly pie charts, refer to the Plotly Dash Reference section towards the end of this lab.

#### TASK 3: Add a Range Slider to Select Payload

Next, we want to find if variable payload is correlated to mission outcome. From a dashboard point of view, we want to be able to easily select different payload range and see if we can identify some visual patterns.

 $Find \ and \ complete \ a \ commented \ \verb"dcc.RangeSlider" (id='payload-slider', \dots) \ input \ with \ the \ following \ attribute:$ 

- id to be payload-slider

- min indicating the slider starting point, we set its value to be 0 (Kg)
  max indicating the slider ending point to, we set its value to be 10000 (Kg)
  step indicating the slider interval on the slider, we set its value to be 1000 (Kg)
- value indicating the current selected range, we could set it to be min\_payload and max\_payload

Here is an example of RangeSlider:

```
dcc.RangeSlider(id='id',

min=0, max=10000, step=1000,

marks=(0: '0',

100: '100'},

value=[min_value, max_value])
```

You completed payload range slider should be similar the following screenshot:

Payload range (Kg):

If you need more reference about range slider, refer to the Plotly Dash Reference towards

# TASK 4: Add a callback function to render the success-payload-scatter-chart scatter plot

Next, we want to plot a scatter plot with the x axis to be the payload and the y axis to be the launch outcome (i.e., class column). As such, we can visually observe how payload may be correlated with mission outcomes for selected site(s).

In addition, we want to color-label the Booster version on each scatter point so that we may observe mission outcomes with different boosters.

Now, let's add a call function including the following application logic:

- Input to be [Input(component\_id='site-dropdown', component\_property='value'), Input(component\_id='payload-slider", component\_property="value")] Note that we have two input components, one to receive selected launch site and another to receive selected payload range
- Output to be Output(component\_id='success-payload-scatter-chart', component\_property='figure')
- A If-Else statement to check if ALL sites were selected or just a specific launch site was selected
  - o If ALL sites are selected, render a scatter plot to display all values for variable Payload Mass (kg) and variable class. In addition, the point color needs to be set to the booster version i.e., color="Booster Version Category
  - o If a specific launch site is selected, you need to filter the spacex\_df first, and render a scatter chart to show values Payload Mass (kg) and class for the selected site, and color-label the point using Boosster Version Category likewise.

You rendered scatter point should look like the following screenshot:

Payload range (Kg):



If you need more reference about dash callbacks and plotly scatter plots, refer to the Plotly Dash Reference towards the end of this lab.

### **Finding Insights Visually**

Now with the dashboard completed, you should be able to use it to analyze SpaceX launch data, and answer the following questions:

- 1. Which site has the largest successful launches?
- Which site has the highest launch success rate?
- 3. Which payload range(s) has the highest launch success rate? 4. Which payload range(s) has the lowest launch success rate?
- Which F9 Booster version (v1.0, v1.1, FT, B4, B5, etc.) has the highest launch success rate?

#### **Plotly Dash Reference**

#### Dropdown (input) component

Refer here for more details about dcc.Dropdown()

### Range slider (input) component

Refer <a href="here">here</a> for more details about dcc.RangeSlider()

#### Pie chart (output) component

Refer here for more details about plotly pie charts

## Scatter chart (output) component

Refer here for more details about plotly scatter charts

#### Author

Yan Luo

#### Other contributor(s)

Joseph Santarcangelo