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## 考研词汇精讲 9

主讲 / Vivian老师~

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# Unit 7



1. test /test/

考频64

2. contest vt. /kənˈtest/

考频3



1. test /test/ n. 测试,考试 vt. 检查 vi. 检测为

考频64

2. contest vt. /kənˈtest/ 提出异议; 竞争 n. /ˈkɔntest/竞赛

考频3

1. vt. 提出异议

The divorce was not contested. (这个句子记下来)

2. Clearly, only the biggest and most flexible television companies are going to be able to compete in such a rich and <a href="https://hotby-contested.no.nd">hotby-contested</a> market.



1. test /test/ n. 测试,考试 vt. 检查 vi. 检测为

考频64

2. contest vt. /kənˈtest/ 提出异议; 竞争 n. /ˈkɔntest/竞赛

考频3

- 1. vt. 提出异议 The divorce was not contes
- The divorce was not contested. (这个句子记下来)

这桩离婚案没有人提出异议。



### 3. testify / testifai/

考频1

Anyone who has toiled through SAT will testify that test-taking skill also matters, whether it's knowing when to guess or what questions to skip. (2007阅读2)



3. testify /'testɪfaɪ/ v. 证实; 作证

考频1

Anyone who has toiled through SAT will testify that test-taking skill also matters, whether it's knowing when to guess or what questions to skip.

任何苦战过SAT的人都可以<u>证实</u>,知道什么时候该蒙、哪些题要跳过等应试技巧也很重要。(2007阅读2)



4. untested /nn'testid/

考频1

The supposed importance of influentials derives from a plausible-sounding but largely <u>untested</u> theory called the "two-step flow of communication". (2010阅读3)

5. uncontested / nkən testid/

考频1

However, this is only one account, and by no means an <u>uncontested</u> one. (1997翻译)



4. untested /ˌʌnˈtestid/ adj. 未经考验(试验)的

考频1

The supposed importance of influentials derives from a plausible-sounding but largely <u>untested</u> theory called the "two-step flow of communication".有影响力人士的所谓重要性源自于一种看似合理但在很大程度上<u>未经验证的</u>"两级传播"理论。(2010阅读3)

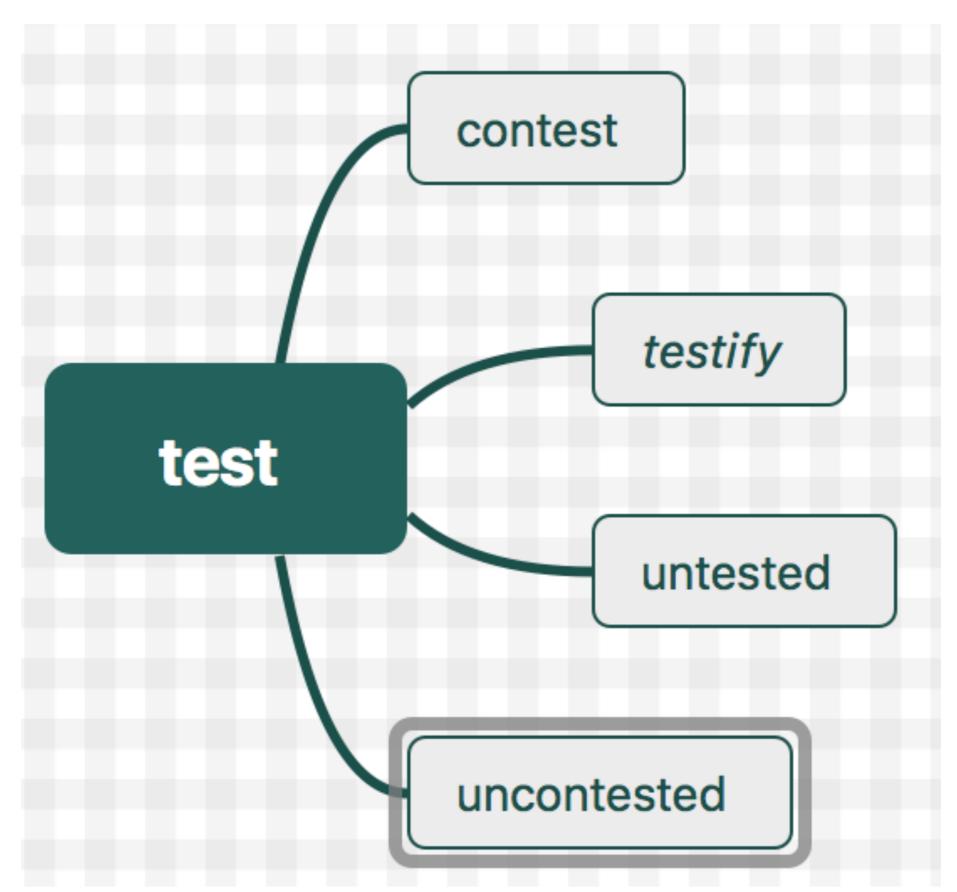
5. uncontested /ˌʌnkənˈtestid/ adj. 无争议的

考频1

However, this is only one account, and by no means an <u>uncontested</u> one.然而,这仅仅是一家之言,绝不是<u>没有争议</u>。(1997翻译)

Clearly, only the biggest and most flexible television companies are going to be able to compete in such a rich and hotly-contested market. 显然,只有最大最灵活的电视公司才能在这个饱和且激烈的市场上竞争。(2005翻译)

这组词,实质上只需要记的是哪两个单词?





6. part /pa:t/ vi. 分离, 放弃 n. 部分; 成员 考频60

1. vi. 分离,放弃

The South could not afford to part with its slaves.

南方奴隶主不会放弃其奴隶的。(2008阅读4)

7. apart /əˈpɑ:t/ adv. 分开

考频 5

Oceans apart day after day. And I slowly go insane.



8. partly /'pa:tli/

考频7

The behavioral sciences have been slow to change partly because the explanatory items often seem to be directly observed and partly because other kinds of explanations have been hard to find. (2002翻译)



8. partly /ˈpɑ:tli/ adv. 部分地;一定程度上

考频7

The behavioral sciences have been slow to change partly because the explanatory items often seem to be directly observed and partly because other kinds of explanations have been hard to find.

行为科学之所以发展缓慢,<u>部分</u>原因是用来解释行为的依据似乎往往是直接观察到的,<u>部分</u>原因是其他的解释方式一直难以找到。(2002翻译)



9. partial /ˈpɑ:ʃl/ adj. 部分的;偏袒的

考频2

1. adj. 部分的

A string of accidents, including the <u>partial</u> collapse of a cooling tower in 2007 一系列意外事件,包括2007年一座冷却塔部分倾塌(2012阅读2)

2. adj. 偏袒的

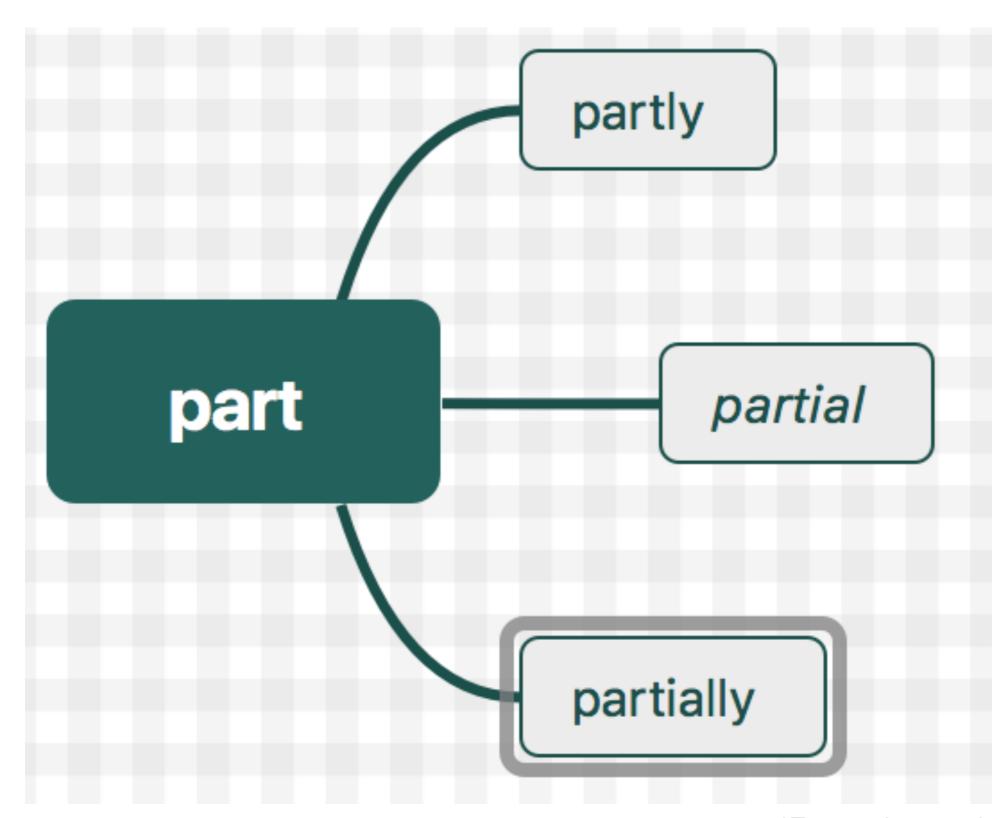
In this search the evidence found is always incomplete and scattered; it is also frequently <u>partial</u> or partisan. 在这种探索中,所发现的证据总是不完全的、零散的,而且常常是<u>偏袒</u>的或带有派别色彩的。(1999翻译)



10. impartial /imˈpα:ʃl/ adj. 公正的;中立的

考频 4

The South could not afford to part with its slaves. 南方奴隶主不会放弃其奴隶的。(2008阅读4)





## 11. effect /iˈfekt/ vt. 实现,使发生 n. 影响;效果,效应

考频49

1. v. 实现

Cline believes lasting change can only be <u>effected</u> by the customer.

Cline 相信只有消费者才能实现持久的改变。(2013阅读1)

2. n. 效果 the halo <u>effect</u>光环<u>效应</u>(2016阅读3)

常用搭配



11. effect /iˈfekt/ vt. 实现,使发生 n. 影响;效果,效应

1. v. 实现

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2. n. 效果 the halo <u>effect</u>光环<u>效应</u>(2016阅读3)

常用搭配 in effect <u>实际上(</u>2013翻译) side effect 副作用(2007阅读3)



12. effectively /iˈfektivli/ adv. 有效地;事实上

考频7

1. adv. 有效地

Citizens' privacy is not <u>effectively</u> protected.公民的隐私未得到有效保护。(2015阅读2选项)

2. adv. 事实上

He was very polite but <u>effectively</u> he was telling me that I had no chance of getting the job. 他彬彬有礼,但<u>事实上</u>却是在告诉我,我不可能得到这份工作。

13. ineffectiveness /ˌinəˈfektivnis/ n. 无效

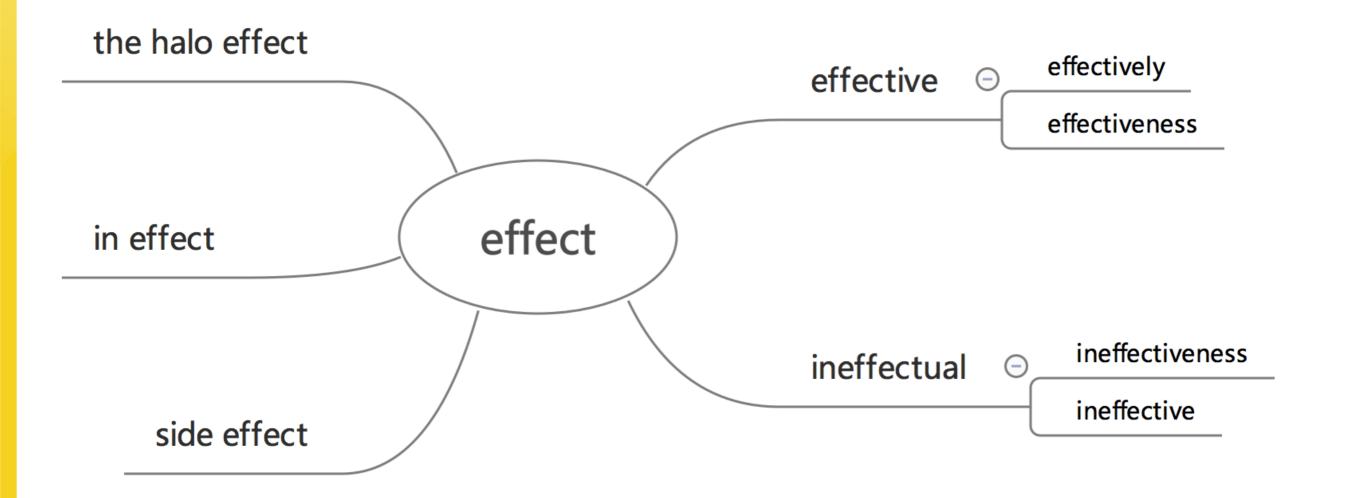
考频1

## 常用搭配

the halo effect 光环效应(2016阅读3)

in effect 实际上(2013翻译)

side effect 副作用(2007阅读3)





词根 clud/clus = close 关

14. include /in'klu:d/ vt. 包括

考频18

- 15. inclusive /inˈklu:siv/ adj. 包含全部费用的; 包容的 考频1
- 16. exclude /ikˈsklu:d/ vt. 不包括; 阻止进入; 排除可能 考频 8
- 17. exclusion /ikˈsklu:ʒn/ n. 排斥;排除;不包括在内的人 (或事物) 考频 1



18. exclusionary /ikˈsklu:ʒənri/

adj. 排斥(性)的;排除在外的

考频 1

19. exclusive /ik'sklu:siv/

adj. 专用的;专门的;排外的 n. 独家新闻

考频 3

20. exclusively /ikˈskluɪsivli/ adv. 仅仅;唯独

考频 3



21. conclude /kənˈkluːd/

vt. 得出结论;推断;使终止,结束

考频17

22. conclusion /kənˈklu:ʒn/ n. 结论

考频5

常用搭配draw a conclusion 得出结论



23. conclusive /kənˈklu:siv/ adj. 确凿的;结论性的

考频2

He has conclusive evidence for the revival of businesses.

他掌握了商业复苏的确凿证据。(1998阅读2选项)

24. inconclusive /ˌinkənˈkluɪsiv/ adj. 非决定性的,不确定的

考频3

It excludes GDP as an indicator.

它没有把GDP当作一个指标。(2017阅读3选项)



25. treat /trixt/

vt. 把......当作(as);对待,处理;治疗;请客 n. 请客

考频 7

26. treatment /'tri:tmənt/ n. 治疗,疗法;对待 考频 10



maltreat?

ill-treat ?



27. urge /ə: (r)dʒ/ vt. 敦促,促使 n. 强烈的欲望 考频 10

28. urgent /ˈə: (r)dʒənt/ adj. 紧急的,迫切的 考频 3

29. urgency /ˈəːdʒənsi/ n. 紧迫,急切

考频 1

#### 讲义例句:

According to Cline, mass-market labels <u>urge consumers to</u> shop for their garments more frequently.

根据Cline的观点,大众品牌促使消费者更频繁地购买衣物。 (2013阅读1选项)



30. engineer /endʒi'niə(r)/

n. 工程师

vt. 密谋策划;设计制造;改变.....的基因(或遗传)结构

考频 9

And that's the problem with a social cure <u>engineered</u> from the outside: in the real world, as in school, we insist on choosing our own friends.那就是一个外部<u>策划</u>的社会解决方案,就像学校里一样,我们会坚持自己选择朋友。(2012阅读1)

She engineered a further meeting with him.

The car is beautifully engineered and a pleasure to drive

genetically engineered crops



31. threaten /'θretn/ v. 威胁, 恐吓; 有......危险

考频13

Several giant dam projects <u>threaten</u> to do more harm than good.有几个巨型大坝项目就<u>有</u>弊大于利的<u>危险</u>。(1998阅读1)

32. weaken /ˈwiːkən/ v. 减弱,削弱;使虚弱 考频 6

33. heighten /ˈhɑitn/ v. (使)提高,增加 考频 2



34. liken /ˈlaikən/ vt.把……比作……

考频 1

35. harden /ˈhɑ:dn/ vt. (使) 变硬, 硬化

考频1

36. broaden /bro:dn/ vt. 拓宽

考频 1

37. shorten /ˈʃɔ:(r)tn/ v. (变) 短

考频1

We must use many sizes of type and different colored inks on the same page, and <u>shorten</u> or lengthen words at will.我们必须在同一张纸上使用不同型号的字体和不同颜色的墨水,任意<u>缩短</u>或加长词语。(2000阅读3)



38. widen /waidn/ vi. 扩大 vt. 加宽,拓宽

考频1

As a result, I now believe the digital divide will narrow rather than widen in the years ahead.

因此,现在我相信,在未来数年中数字鸿沟将会缩小而不是扩大。(2001阅读2)

39. deepen /ˈdi:pən/ v. 加强; 变深

考频1

40. credit /'kredit/ n. 信用;称赞,认可 vt. 把……归功于 考频 4

41. credibility / kredə biləti/ n. 可信性,信任

考频 10

42. credible /ˈkredəbl/ adj. 可信的;可靠的

考频 3

43. incredible /inˈkredəbəl/ adj. 难以置信的,不能相信的 考频 3

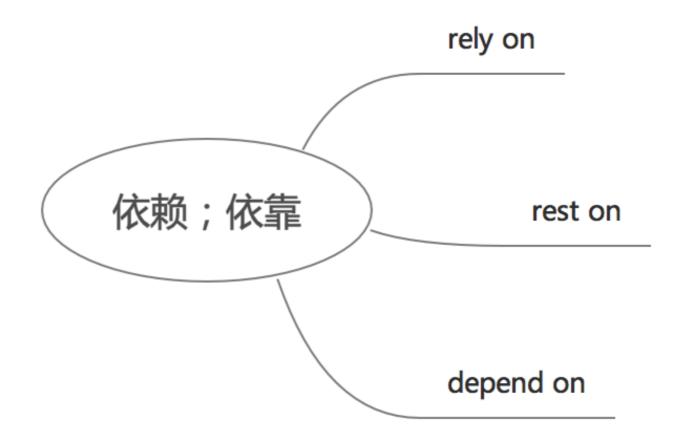
Once a discovery claim becomes public, the discoverer receives intellectual <u>credit</u>.发现声明一旦公开化,发现者即会获得学术赞 誉。(2012阅读3)



44. rely /riˈlai/ vi. 依靠,依赖

考频16

常用搭配 rely on 依靠, 依赖 (2016阅读1)





45. reliable /riˈlɑiəbəl/ adj. 可靠的;可信赖的 考频6

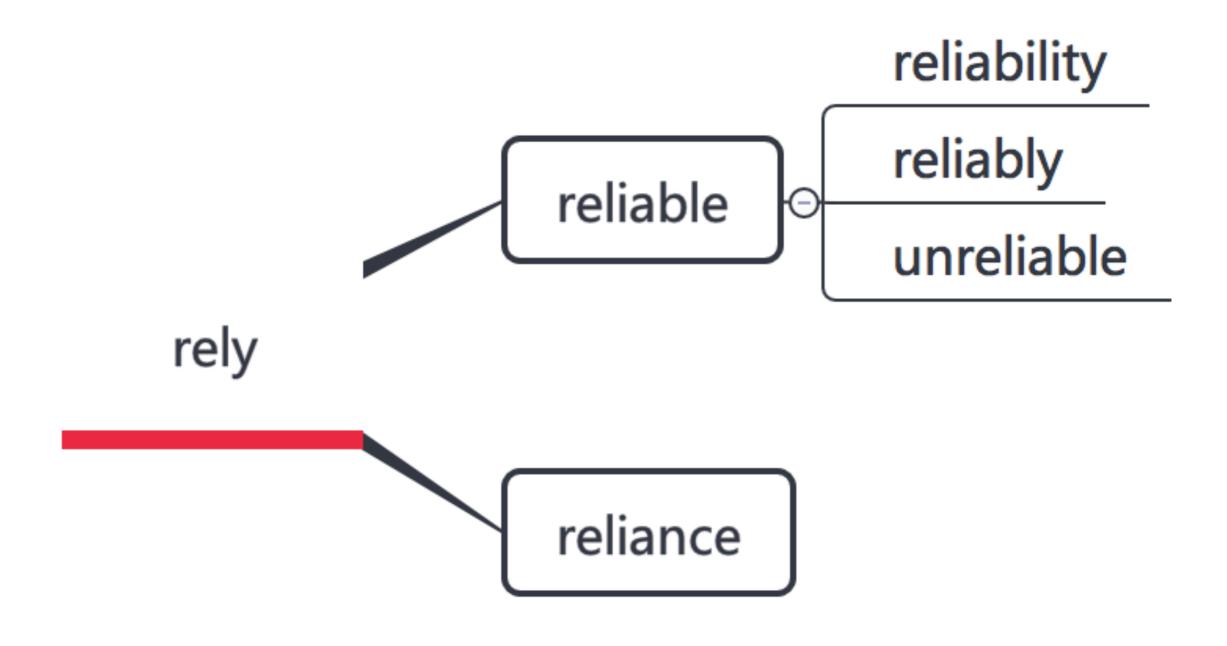
Test scores may not be reliable indicators of one's ability. 测试分数也许不是体现一个人能力的可靠指标。 (2007阅读2选项)

46. reliance /riˈlαiəns/ n. 依赖,信任 考频3

47. reliability /riˌlɑiəˈbiləti/ n. 可靠性 考频2

48. unreliable /ˌʌnriˈlαiəbl/ adj. 不可靠的 考频2





49. special /'spe∬ adj. 特别的;专门的

考频 9

50. specialize /ˈspeʃəlaiz/ vi. 专门从事; 专攻

考频 5

51. specialization /ˌspeʃəˌlaiˈzeiʃən/ n. 专业化

考频 9

52. specialist /ˈspeʃəlist/ n. 专家; 专科医生

53. speciality /ˌspeʃiˈæləti/ n. 专业,专长

考频 1

54. specific /spəˈsifik/ adj. 具体的;特定的

考频 10

55.specifically /spəˈsifikli/ adv. 明确地; 专门地, 特地

考频 2

56. specify /'spesifai/ vt. 具体说明,详细制定



57. progress / praugres/ n. 进步

考频16

58. progressive /prəˈgresiv/ adj. 进步的;渐进式的

n. (常用作复数) 进步人士; 改革派

考频4

Today, professors routinely treat the <u>progressive</u> interpretation of history and <u>progressive</u> public policy as the proper subject of study.

现如今,教授们通常把对历史的<u>革新性</u>解读和<u>主张改革的</u>公共政策视为合适的研究课题。(2014阅读4)



59. congress /ˈkɔŋgres/ n. 代表大会;议会,国会考频 12

60. congressional /kənˈgre∫ənl/ adj. 立法机构的;代表大

会的; (美国) 国会的

考频 2

61. aggressive /əˈgresiv/ adj. 强势的;好斗的 考频 8



62. biotic /bai'ɔtik/ adj. 生物的, 生命的

63. biology /bai'ɔlədʒi/ n. 生物学

考频 4

64. biologist /baiˈɔlədʒist/ n. 生物学家

考频 5

65. biological /ˌbaiəˈlɔdʒikl/ adj. 生物学的; 生物的 考频 8



66. biologically /baiəˈlɔdʒikli/ adv. 生物学上,生物学地

考频 2

67. biomedical /ˈbaiəuˈmedikl/ adj. 生物医学的 考频4

68.biomass /baiəumæs/ n. 生物量



69. biographical /bɑiəˈgræfik(ə)l/ adj. 传记的,传记体的

70. biographer /bai'ɔgrəfə(r)/ n. 传记作家

71. autobiography /ˌɔ:təbαiˈɔgrəfi/ n. 自传

## 72. **mass** /mæs/ **n.** 大多数; 大量

考频18

## 1. n. 大多数

Egalitarian sentiments were often tempered by fears that the <u>mass</u> of the population was unprepared for self-rule and democracy.主张平等的激情经常因为担心<u>大多数</u>民众还没有准备好迎接自治和民主而有所消退。(2007完形)

2. n. 大量 <u>mass</u> migration movements人口的<u>大量</u>流动(2000翻译)

常用搭配 mass media 大众传媒

It is not easy to talk about the role of the <u>mass media</u> in this overwhelmingly significant phase in European history.谈论<u>大众传媒</u>在欧洲历史上这个具有非凡意义的阶段所发挥的作用并非易事。(2005翻译)



73. massive / mæsiv/ adj. 巨大的

考频5

a critical mass of easily influenced people—大群容易受他人影响的人(2010阅读3)



74. centre (美式center) /ˈsentə(r)/ vt. 集中在.....; 把.....

当作中心 n. 中心

考频 14

75. central /ˈsentrəl/ adj. 中心的; 重要的

考频 8

76.centered /'sentə(r)d/ adj. 居中的

考频 2

77. centralized /'sentrəlaizd/ adj. 集中的



78. concentrate /ˈkɔnsntreit; 美 ˈkɑ:n-/ v. 集中(注意力)

考频 2

79. concentration /ˌkɔnsnˈtreiʃn/ n. 专心,专注;聚集,合并 考频 6

常用搭配 concentrate on (doing) sth. 专注某事或做某事

80. circuit /ˈsə:kit/ n. 环形;电路;巡回 考频 8

81. circulation /ˌsə:kjəˈlei∫n/ n. (报刊)发行量;血液循

环;流通 考频5

82. cycle /'saikl/ vt. 骑自行车 n. 循环 考频 6

83. cyclic /ˈsɑiklik/ adj. 循环的,周期的 考频 1

84. recycle /ˌri:ˈsɑikl/ vt. 回收利用 考频 1



85. code /kəud/ vt. 编码 n. 密码,代码;行为准则 考频 8

But his primary task is not to think about the moral code which governs his activity.他的首要任务并不是考虑支配自己行动的道德规范。(2006翻译)

the code of conduct 行为准则 (2012完形)