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考研词汇精讲 8

主讲 / Vivian老师~

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复习:

tense? dense?



复习:

tense adj. 绷紧的; 神经紧张的

dense adj. 密集的

猜一猜: population density? low density forest?

29. intense /in'tens/ adj. 十分强烈的;激烈的

考频 5

30. intensive /in tensiv/ adj. 强化的; 集约的, 密集的

考频 3

31. intensify /in tensifai/ v. 加强;加剧

考频 2

32. intensity /in tensəti/ n. 强烈

考频 1

常用搭配: have an intense fear of terrible suffering 对痛苦的折磨非常恐惧(1997阅读1选项)



复习: aggravate gravity



33. **structure** /ˈstrʌktʃə(r)/ **vt.** 调整,使成体系 **n.** 结构

考频28

1. vt. 调整,使成体系

Composure is a state of mind made possible by the structuring of one's relation to one's environment.

平静是一种心境,要通过<u>调整</u>个人与周遭环境的关系才能获得。 (2013翻译)

2. n. 结构

formal <u>structures</u>形式结构(2015新题型)

34. structural /ˈstrʌktʃərəl/ adj. 结构的;结构性的 考频2

35. infrastructure /ˈinfrəstrʌktʃə(r)/ n. 基础设施,基础建设

考频11

36. construct /kənˈstrʌkt/ vt. 修建,建造 n. <u>构想</u>,概念

考频 4

37. construction /kənˈstrʌk∫n/ n. 建造;建筑 考频 5

38. constructive /kənˈstrʌktiv/ adj. 建设性的,积极的

考频 1



ASIAN INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT BANK



ASIAN INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT BANK

亚洲基础设施建设银行(简称:亚投行)



39. reconstruct /ˌri:kənˈstrʌkt/ vt. 重建

考频 1

40. destruction /diˈstrʌk∫n/ n. 破坏,毁灭

考频 2

Composure is a state of mind made possible by the structuring of one's relation to one's environment.平静是一种心境,要通过<u>调整</u>个人与周遭环境的关系才能获得。(2013翻译)

41. outlive /ˌautˈliv/ vt. 比……活得久;度过……而犹在

考频2

They may <u>outlive</u> their retirement money. 他们的退休金在去世前就会用光。(2007阅读3)

拓展:

outweigh / aut wei / v. 重于; 大于; 超过

outnumber / aut nambə(r) / v. (在数量上)压倒,比...多

翻译:

1. 利大于弊。

2. The demonstrators(示威者) were outnumbered by the police.

1. The advantages outweigh the disadvantages.

利大于弊。

2. The demonstrators(示威者) were heavily outnumbered by the police.

示威者人数不及警察人数。

42. outlook /autluk/

考频6

Look for reporters who differ broadly by <u>outlook</u>, values, education, and class. (2001阅读3)

the country's economic <u>outlook</u>

The house has a pleasant <u>outlook</u> over the valley.



42. outlook /'autluk/ n. 世界观;前景;景色 考频6

1. n. 世界观

Look for reporters who differ broadly by <u>outlook</u>, values, education, and class. 寻找那些<u>世界观</u>、价值观、教育水平和社会阶层各不相同的记者。(2001阅读3)

2. n. 前景

the country's economic <u>outlook</u> 国家的经济<u>前景</u>

3. n. 景色 The house has a pleasant <u>outlook</u> over the valley.房子俯瞰山谷,<u>景色</u>宜人。



43. outcome /ˈautkʌm/ n. 结果;成果

考频 6

44. outrage /ˈautreidʒ/ vt. 使震怒 n. 愤怒;暴行 考频 3

复习: rage enrage encode



45. demonstrate /'demanstreit/

v. 证明 vt. 显露, 显示; 演示

考频 10

46. demonstration / deman'strei n/

n. 证明; 演示; 游行示威

考频 2

复习: demo/ demo- democracy/bureaucracy

democrat/bureaucrat democratic/bureaucratic



47. property / propeti/ n. 所有物,财产;房地产;性质

考频 10

48. **asset** / æset/ **n.** 资产, 财产; 有用的人(或事物)

考频20

And dead markets partly reflect the paralysis of banks which will not sell assets for fear of booking losses

…市场的萧条还在一定程度上反映了银行的瘫痪状态,它们因 担心账面损失而不愿意卖掉资产……(2010阅读4)



49. possession /pəˈze∫n/ n. 拥有;个人财产 考频 3

拓展: possess

50. estate /iˈsteit/ n. 房地产; 私有土地; 财产 考频 2

常用搭配 real estate 房地产(2004阅读3选项)



51. pay /pei/ vt. 付费;缴纳,偿还;付出 n. 薪水

考频40

Bankers' fat pay packets have attracted much criticism. 银行家薪水丰厚,这一直饱受指责。(2012阅读4)

52. paycheck / peit∫ek/ n. 薪水

考频5

I lived from <u>paycheck</u> to paycheck.我一个月的<u>工资</u>刚够过日子。(2008阅读1)



53. payment /'peimənt/ n. 报偿;款额;支付 考频11

1. n. 报偿

You can insure yourself against the risk of unemployment and receive unconditional payments.你能保障自己抵抗失业风险,并在面临失业时无条件获得<u>补偿</u>。(2014阅读1)

2. n. 支付 online <u>payment</u> system 网上<u>支付</u>系统(2010阅读2)



讲义例句:

Everybody loves a fat pay rise.

大家都喜欢大幅加薪。(2005阅读1)

54. sound /saund/

n. 声音 v. 听起来 vt. 发出警报 adj. 合理的;无损害的

考频 10

55. resounding /riˈzaundiη/ adj. 巨大的,响亮的 考频 1

If we are ever going to protect the atmosphere, it is crucial that those new plants be <u>environmentally sound</u>.如果我们 准备保护大气,关键就是确保这些新工厂是对环境有益的。 (2005阅读2)



56. warn /wɔx(r)n/ v. 警告, 提醒

考频 6

57. warning /ˈwɔ:(r)niŋ/ n. 警告

考频 10



... companies need not <u>warn customers of obvious</u> dangers or bombard them with a lengthy list of possible ones.....公司不必<u>警示顾客</u>那些显而易见的危险,或者给顾客列出一份冗长的可能遇到的危险的清单。(1999阅读 1)



58. approve /əˈpruːv/ vt. 批准; vi. 赞同,同意 考频 6

59. approval /əˈpru:vl/ n. 批准;赞同

考频 9

60. disapproval /disə pru:vl/ n. 不赞成;反对

考频 4

常用搭配approve of 同意;赞成

61. attract /əˈtrækt/ vt. 吸引;引起

考频 9

62. attractive /əˈtræktiv/ adj. 有吸引力的

考频 6

63. unattractive /ˌʌnəˈtræktiv/ adj. 不吸引人的,不显眼的;不

漂亮的

考频 2



64. contract /kənˈtrækt/ vt. 收缩; 感染(疾病)

/ˈkɔntrækt/ n. 合同; 契约

考频 6

65. contractor /kənˈtræktə(r)/ n. 承包人,承包商 考频 1

翻译:

a contracting market

The heart muscles contract to expel the blood.

Under the terms of the contract the job should have been finished yesterday.



翻译:

a contracting market 萎缩的市场

The heart muscles contract to expel the blood.

心脏肌肉收缩以挤压出血液。

Under the terms of the contract the job should have been finished yesterday.

根据合同的条款,这项工作本应于昨天完成。

66. abstract / æbstrækt; æb'strækt/

adj. 抽象的;抽象派的

n. 抽象派艺术作品;摘要 vt. 把……抽象出,提取

考频 2



考频 2

67. distract /di'strækt/ vt. 转移(注意力),使分心 考频 2

68. extract /'ekstrækt/ vt. 拔出; 提取; 摘录

常用搭配 extract A from B 从B中提取/拔出A in the abstract 抽象地,理论上



69. address /əˈdres/ vt. 演讲;解决,对付;写地址 n. 地址 考频 9

Relying on ethical persuasion rather than law to <u>address</u> the misuse of body ideals may be the best step.依靠道德劝说而非法律来处理理想体形的滥用问题可能是最佳办法。(2016阅读1)



70. complete /kəmˈpli:t/

adj. 完全的 vt. 完成; 完整; 填写(表格)

考频 9

71. completely /kəmˈpli:tli/ adv. 完全地,彻底地 考频 8

72. incomplete /ˌinkəmˈpli:t/ adj. 不完整的;不完善的

考频 4

词根 pet = seek 追求

compete

impetus

词根 pet = seek 追求

compete /kəmˈpi:t/ vi. 竞争;参赛

impetus / 'impitəs / n. 动力,促进; 刺激

(复习: stimulus; stimuli)



73. compete /kəmˈpi:t/ vi. 竞争;参赛

考频6

74. competition /kompəˈti∫n/ n. 竞争,角逐

考频19

And since the first Internet gambling site was created in 1995, competition for gamblers' dollars has become intense.自从1995年第一家赌博网站成立以来,对赌徒手中钞票的竞争日益加剧。(2006新题型)

75. competitive /kəmˈpetətiv/ adj. 竞争的;有竞争力的

考频9



76. competitiveness /kəmˈpetətivnəs/ n. 竞争力 考频1

77. competitor /kəmˈpetitə(r)/ n. 竞争者,对手 考频5

78. competent /ˈkɔmpitənt/ adj. 有能力的;能胜任的

考频1

competent job on political stories能胜任的政治新闻报道工

作(2007翻译)



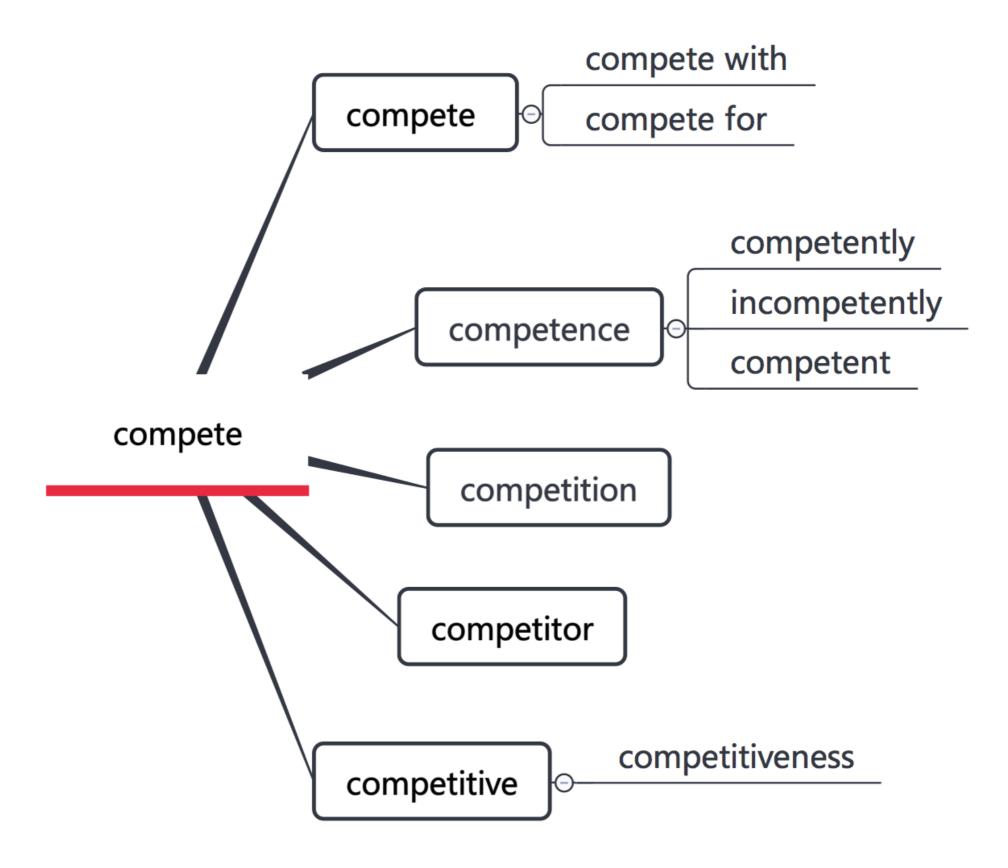
79. incompetently /inˈkɒmpitəntli/ adv. 无能力地;不胜任地

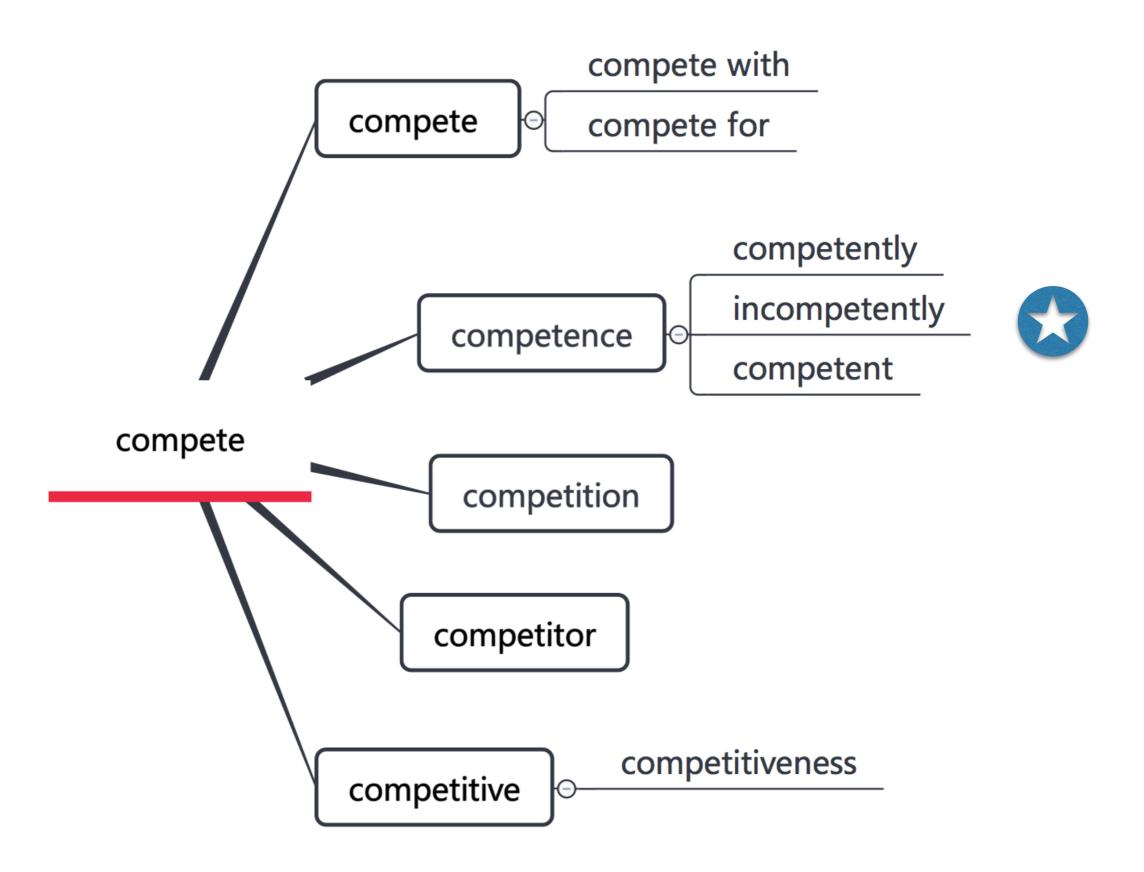
考频2

80. competence /'kompitens/ n. 能力

考频1

常用搭配compete for 为了……而竞争 compete with 与……竞争





形近词辨析:

compete complete

形近词辨析:

compete

complete / kəmˈpli:t / adj. 完全的,彻底的

81. occur /əˈkə:(r)/ vi. 出现,发生

考频 12

82. occurrence /əˈkʌrəns; 美 əˈkə:r-/ n. 发生,发生的事情

考频 1

If a relevant and important idea <u>occurs to</u> you now, work it into the draft.如果你突然<u>有个想法</u>,切题且有价值,把它写到初稿中。(2008新题型)

83. electronic /iˌlekˈtrɔnik/ adj. 电子的

考频 9

拓展: electron

84. electricity /iˌlekˈtrisəti/ n. 电,电能

考频 2

85. hydroelectric /ˌhaidrəuiˈlektrik/ adj. 使用水力发电的

考频 1



复习一

profession professional (专家: professionalism professionalise professionalization professor professorship serve) service servant

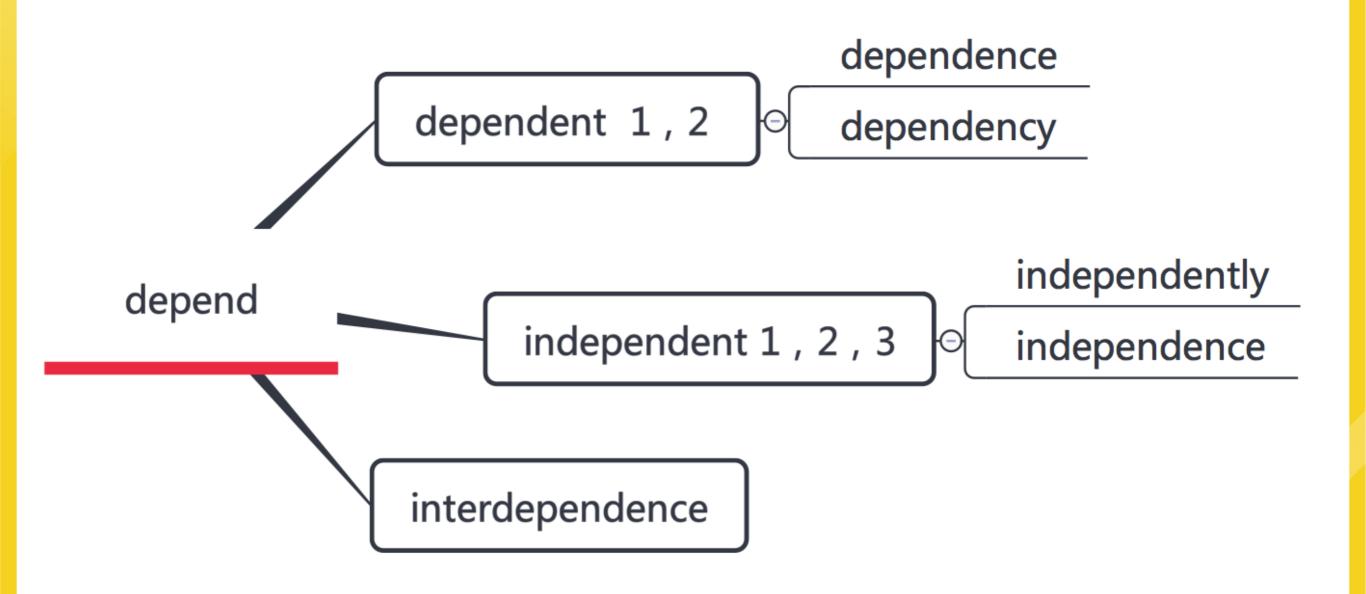
preserve conservative conservation reserve reservoir

ethnic ethnic minorities

ethic ethical 职业道德:



复习二





复习三

subject subjective objective objectivity intense intensive intensify intensity structure structural infrastructure construct construction constructive constructive destruction

inform information uninformed



复习四

outlive outweigh outnumber

outlook outcome outrage

demonstrate demonstration

property asset possession estate



复习五

pay paycheck payment

warn warning attractive unattractive contract contractor abstract distract

sound resounding

approve approval disapproval

extract



复习六

address

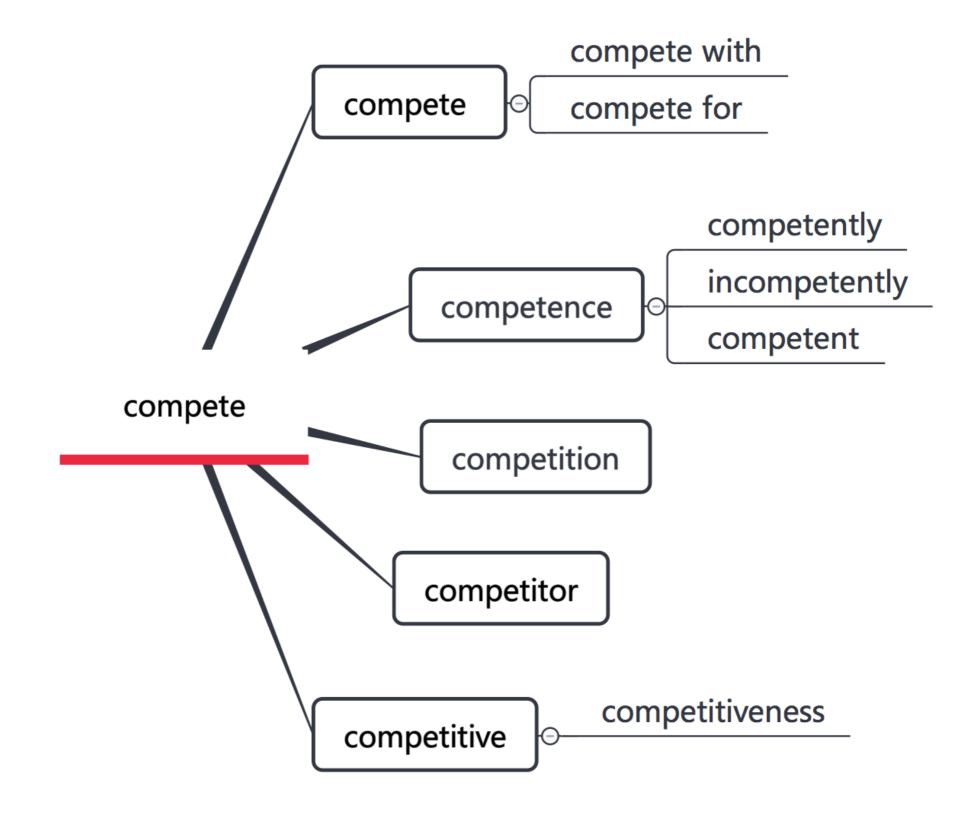
occurrence

electronic electricity hydroelectric

complete completely incomplete



复习七





Unit 7



1. test /test/

考频64

2. contest vt. /kənˈtest/

考频3



1. test /test/ n. 测试,考试 vt. 检查 vi. 检测为

考频64

2. contest vt. /kənˈtest/ 提出异议; 竞争 n. /ˈkɔntest/竞赛

考频3

1. vt. 提出异议

The divorce was not contested. (这个句子记下来)



1. test /test/ n. 测试,考试 vt. 检查 vi. 检测为

考频64

2. contest vt. /kənˈtest/ 提出异议; 竞争 n. /ˈkɔntest/竞赛

考频3

- 1. vt. 提出异议 The divorce was not contes
- The divorce was not contested. (这个句子记下来)

这桩离婚案没有人提出异议。



3. testify / testifai/

考频1

Anyone who has toiled through SAT will testify that test-taking skill also matters, whether it's knowing when to guess or what questions to skip. (2007阅读2)



3. testify /'testɪfaɪ/ v. 证实; 作证

考频1

Anyone who has toiled through SAT will <u>testify</u> that test-taking skill also matters, whether it's knowing when to guess or what questions to skip. 任何苦战过SAT的人都可以证实,知道什么时候该蒙、哪些题要跳过等应试技巧也很重要。(2007阅读2)



4. untested /nn'testid/

考频1

The supposed importance of influentials derives from a plausible-sounding but largely <u>untested</u> theory called the "two-step flow of communication". (2010阅读3)

5. uncontested / nkən testid/

考频1

However, this is only one account, and by no means an <u>uncontested</u> one. (1997翻译)



4. untested /ˌʌnˈtestid/ adj. 未经考验(试验)的

考频1

The supposed importance of influentials derives from a plausible-sounding but largely <u>untested</u> theory called the "two-step flow of communication".有影响力人士的所谓重要性源自于一种看似合理但在很大程度上<u>未经验证的</u>"两级传播"理论。(2010阅读3)

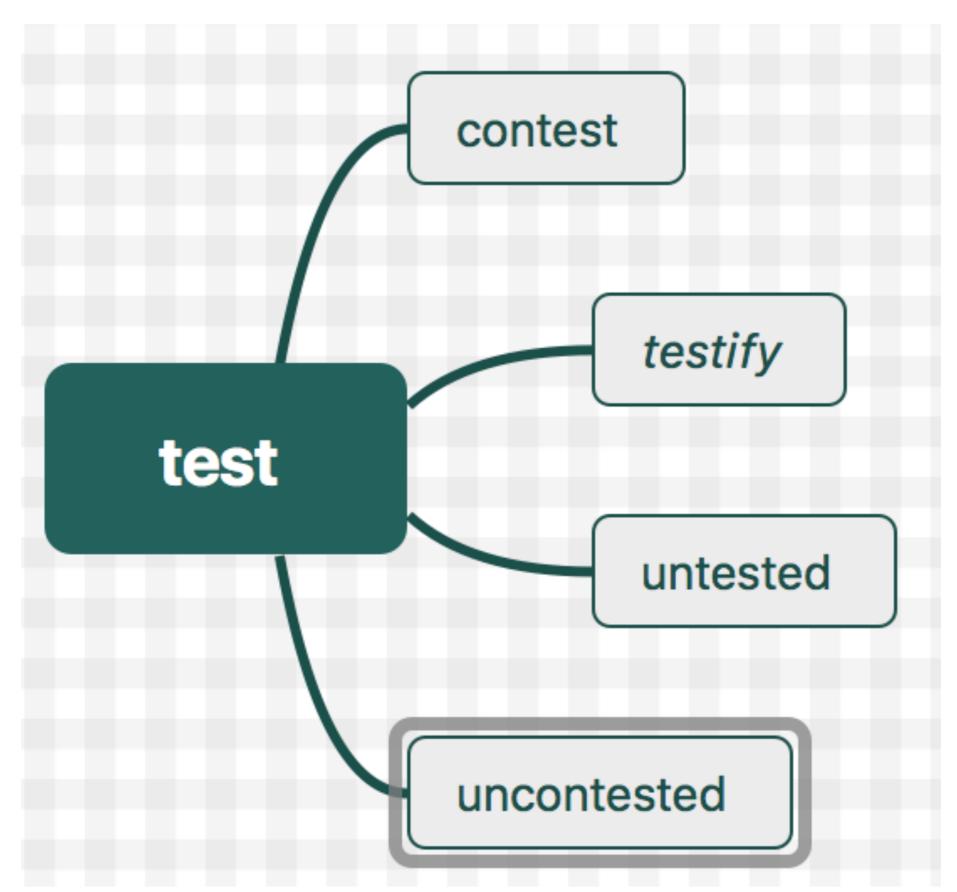
5. uncontested /ˌʌnkənˈtestid/ adj. 无争议的

考频1

However, this is only one account, and by no means an <u>uncontested</u> one.然而,这仅仅是一家之言,绝不是<u>没有争议</u>。(1997翻译)

Clearly, only the biggest and most flexible television companies are going to be able to compete in such a rich and hotly-contested market. 显然,只有最大最灵活的电视公司才能在这个饱和且激烈的市场上竞争。(2005翻译)

这组词,实质上只需要记的是哪两个单词?





6. part /pa:t/ vi. 分离, 放弃 n. 部分; 成员 考频60

1. vi. 分离,放弃

The South could not afford to part with its slaves.

南方奴隶主不会放弃其奴隶的。(2008阅读4)

7. apart /əˈpɑ:t/ adv. 分开

考频 5



8. partly /'pa:tli/

考频7

The behavioral sciences have been slow to change partly because the explanatory items often seem to be directly observed and partly because other kinds of explanations have been hard to find. (2002翻译)



8. partly /ˈpɑ:tli/ adv. 部分地;一定程度上

考频7

The behavioral sciences have been slow to change partly because the explanatory items often seem to be directly observed and partly because other kinds of explanations have been hard to find.

行为科学之所以发展缓慢,<u>部分</u>原因是用来解释行为的依据似乎往往是直接观察到的,<u>部分</u>原因是其他的解释方式一直难以找到。(2002翻译)



9. partial /ˈpɑ:ʃl/ adj. 部分的;偏袒的

考频2

1. adj. 部分的

A string of accidents, including the <u>partial</u> collapse of a cooling tower in 2007 一系列意外事件,包括2007年一座冷却塔部分倾塌(2012阅读2)

2. adj. 偏袒的

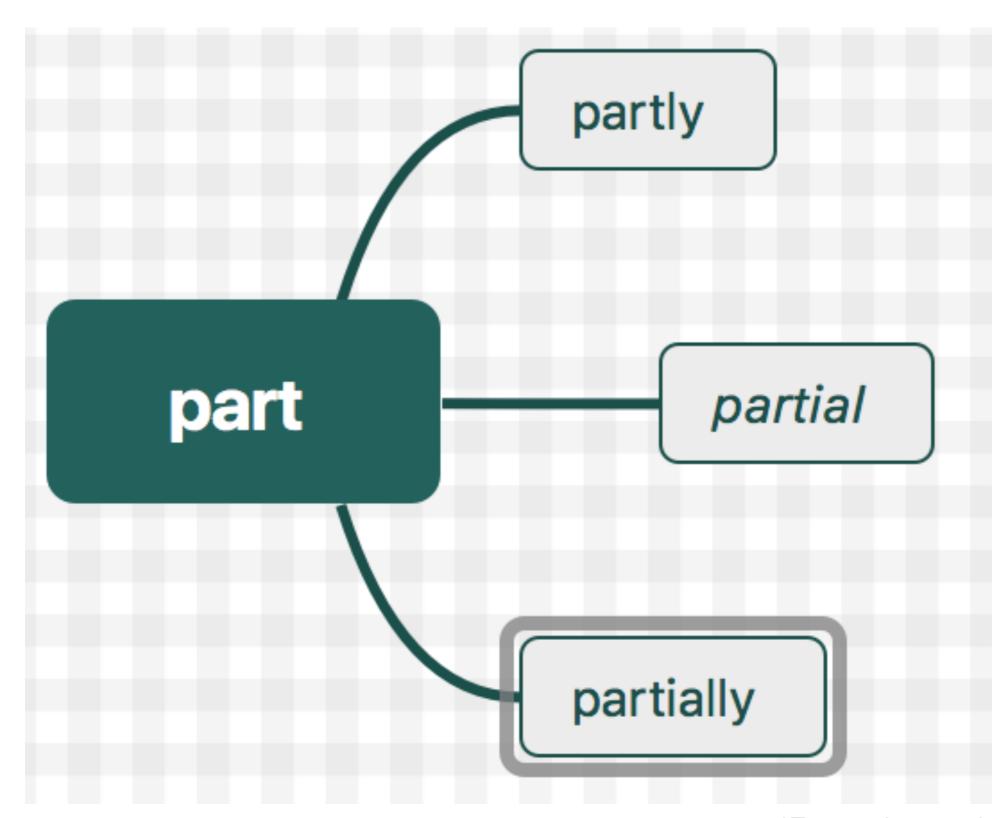
In this search the evidence found is always incomplete and scattered; it is also frequently <u>partial</u> or partisan. 在这种探索中,所发现的证据总是不完全的、零散的,而且常常是<u>偏袒</u>的或带有派别色彩的。(1999翻译)



10. impartial /imˈpα:ʃl/ adj. 公正的;中立的

考频 4

The South could not afford to part with its slaves. 南方奴隶主不会放弃其奴隶的。(2008阅读4)





11. effect /iˈfekt/ vt. 实现,使发生 n. 影响;效果,效应

考频49

1. v. 实现

Cline believes lasting change can only be <u>effected</u> by the customer.

Cline 相信只有消费者才能实现持久的改变。(2013阅读1)

2. n. 效果 the halo <u>effect</u>光环<u>效应</u>(2016阅读3)

常用搭配



11. effect /iˈfekt/ vt. 实现,使发生 n. 影响;效果,效应

1. v. 实现

Cline believes lasting change can only be <u>effected</u> by the customer.

Cline 相信只有消费者才能<u>实现</u>持久的改变。(2013阅读 1)

2. n. 效果 the halo <u>effect</u>光环<u>效应</u>(2016阅读3)

常用搭配 in effect <u>实际上(</u>2013翻译) side effect 副作用(2007阅读3)



12. effectively /iˈfektivli/ adv. 有效地;事实上

考频7

1. adv. 有效地

Citizens' privacy is not <u>effectively</u> protected.公民的隐私未得到有效保护。(2015阅读2选项)

2. adv. 事实上

He was very polite but <u>effectively</u> he was telling me that I had no chance of getting the job. 他彬彬有礼,但<u>事实上</u>却是在告诉我,我不可能得到这份工作。

13. ineffectiveness /ˌinəˈfektivnis/ n. 无效

考频1



常用搭配 the halo effect 光环效应(2016阅读3) in effect 实际上(2013翻译) side effect 副作用(2007阅读3)

