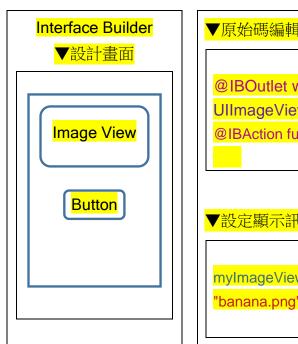
CHAPTER 10-1

Master-Detail Application + JSON on web:

使用 Master-Detail 顯示網路上的 JSON 資料

學習概念:

- 1. 首先用 IB 建立【圖像方塊】。
- 2. 將【操作按鈕】及【圖像方塊】與【程式碼】連結。
- 3. 最後在實作檔中相關程式,於處理載入後所觸發的事件,也就是撰寫利用【操作按鈕】結合【圖像方塊】,直接顯示在【設計畫面】上的程式。



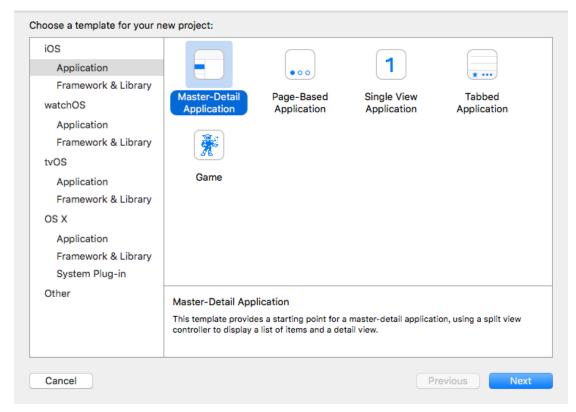


【執行結果】

當 App 執行後,預先顯示 apple.png 圖片,點選【操作按鈕】後,讓【圖像方塊】顯示 banana.png 圖片在〈設計畫面〉中。

Step.1

開啟 xcode 時會出現的畫面,點選 iOS 下的【Application】,接著右視窗選擇 【Master-Detail Application】,點選【Next】選項後進入設定的基本視窗。



檔名及名稱設定,請將【Product Name】設定為 ch.10-6

Choose options f	or your new project:			
	or your new project.			
	Product Name:	ch.10-6		
	Organization Name:	myCompany		
	Organization Identifier:	com.myCompany		
	Bundle Identifier:	com.myCompany.ch-10-6		
	Language:	Swift	○	
	Devices:	iPhone	\$	
		Use Core Data		
		Include Unit Tests		
		Include UI Tests		
Cancel			Previous	Next

Step.2

政府資料開放平臺 (http://data.gov.tw, 可查到很多政府提供的開放資料,這些資料約一小時及更新一次,本練習要取用的式 JSON 格式, 因此讀者若要自己練習其他資料來源,請找尋有提供 JSON 資料格式者。



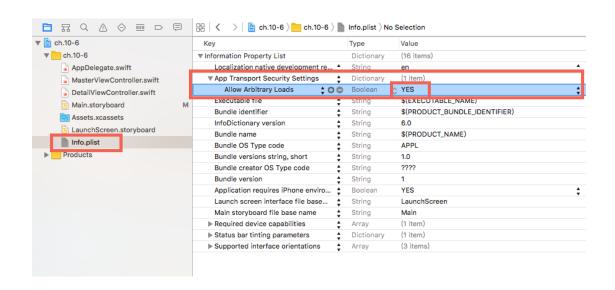
點選 JSON 格式,可檢視資料,所顯示的資料下載網址,即為本練習所要資料的來源網址。



Step.3.

因目前 Xcode 要求使用安全性連線 https,但本次連接之網址為 http://opendata.epa.gov.tw/ws/Data/AQX/?format=json 因此需要修改 Info.plist 使其允許使用非安全性連線

開啟 Info.plist 於最上一列 Information Property List,點選旁邊的+號,進行新增一筆屬性值 App Transport Security Settings 項下新增 Allows Arbitary Loads 於 Value 欄位,選擇值為 YES

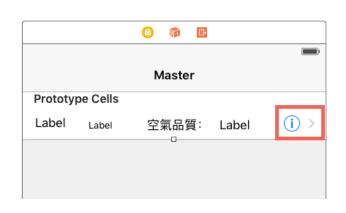


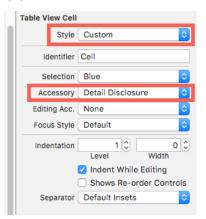
Step.4.

設計 Master 書面

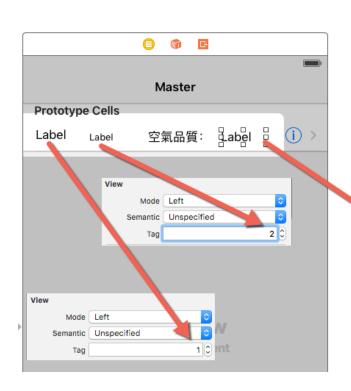
設定輔助選項為 Detail Disclosure , 會顯示 ① >

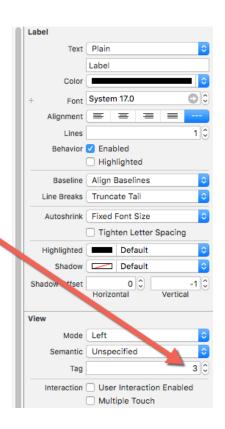
並新增四個 Label,將第三個 Label 文字改為 空氣品質:





三個 Label 分別給予 Tag 編號 1,2,3。





Step.5.

修改範本資料,讓他顯示我們想要顯示的資料 開啟 MasterViewController.swift (1) 於 func viewDidLoad() 增加讀檔與 json 語法解析之程式,解析之後的資料仍放置於此範本所使用的 objects 物件內。

```
let myURL = NSURL(string: "http://opendata.epa.gov.tw/ws/Data/AQX/?format=json")
    let jsonData = NSData( contentsOfURL: myURL!)
    do {
        self.objects = try NSJSONSerialization.JSONObjectWithData(jsonData!, options:
    NSJSONReadingOptions.MutableContainers )    as! [AnyObject]
    } catch {
        print("Fetch failed: \(((error as NSError).localizedDescription)"))
    }
}
```

在做轉場效果, 需要將主表格中的資料帶入後面明細頁,此時資料型態也需要由 NSDate 改為 NSString

```
let object = objects[indexPath.row] as! NSDate
改為 let object = objects[indexPath.row] as! NSDictionary
```

(2) 在表格中對每列資料給值時,修改原先的程式, 將 NSDate 改為使用 NSDictionary,

```
let object = objects[indexPath.row] as! NSDate

改為 let object = objects[indexPath.row] as! NSDictionary
```

}

(3) 使用 viewWithTag 方式將新增的三個 Label,分別命名為 Label1, Label2, Label3

```
let object = objects[indexPath.row] as! NSDictionary let myLabel1 : UlLabel = cell.viewWithTag(1) as! UlLabel let myLabel2 : UlLabel = cell.viewWithTag(2) as! UlLabel let myLabel3 : UlLabel = cell.viewWithTag(3) as! UlLabel
```

(4) 由 NSDictionary 中利用 objectForKey("")的方式,取出 County, SiteName, PSI 三項數

print("Fetch failed: \((error as NSError).localizedDescription)")

1

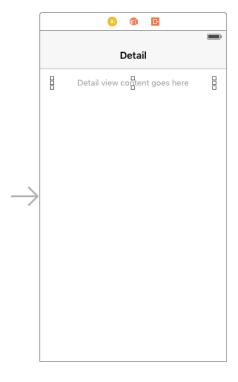
(5) 由 NSDictionary 中利用 objectForKey("")的方式,取出 Status 數值,若為良好則顯 示綠色,普通顯示藍色,否則則顯示紅色。 let myStatus: NSString = object.objectForKey("Status") as! NSString if (myStatus == "良好"){ myLabel3.textColor = UIColor.greenColor() } else if(myStatus == "普通"){ myLabel3.textColor = UIColor.blueColor() } else { myLabel3.textColor = UIColor.redColor() import UIKit class MasterViewController: UITableViewController { var detailViewController: DetailViewController? = nil var objects = [AnyObject]() override func viewDidLoad() { super.viewDidLoad() // Do any additional setup after loading the view, typically from a nib. self.navigationItem.leftBarButtonItem = self.editButtonItem() let addButton = UIBarButtonItem(barButtonSystemItem: .Add, target: self, action: #selector
 (MasterViewController.insertNewObject(_:)))
self.navigationItem.rightBarButtonItem = addButton let split = self.splitViewController {
 let controllers = split.viewControllers
 self.detailViewController = (controllers[controllers.count-1] as! UINavigationController).
 topViewController as? DetailViewController let myURL = NSURL(string: "http://opendata.epa.gov.tw/ws/Data/AQX/?format=json")
let jsonData = NSData(contentsOfURL: myURL!) } catch {

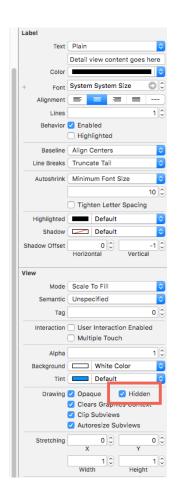
```
// MARK: - Segues
let object = objects[indexPath.row] as! NSDictionary
                let controller = (segue.destinationViewController as! UINavigationController).topViewController as!
    DetailViewController
controller.detailItem = object
controller.navigationItem.leftBarButtonItem = self.splitViewController?.displayModeButtonItem()
controller.navigationItem.leftItemsSupplementBackButton = true
     }
}
// MARK: - Table View
override func numberOfSectionsInTableView(tableView: UITableView) -> Int {
      return 1
override func tableView(tableView: UITableView, numberOfRowsInSection section: Int) -> Int {
     return objects.count
override func tableView(tableView: UITableView, cellForRowAtIndexPath indexPath: NSIndexPath) -> UITableViewCell
      let cell = tableView.dequeueReusableCellWithIdentifier("Cell", forIndexPath: indexPath)
     //let object = objects[indexPath.row] as! NSDate
     //cell.textLabel!.text = object.description
      let object = objects[indexPath.row] as! NSDictionar
      let myLabel1 : UILabel = cell.viewWithTag(1) as! UILabel
let myLabel2 : UILabel = cell.viewWithTag(2) as! UILabel
     let myLabel3 : UILabel = cell.viewWithTag(3) as! UILabel
     myLabel1.text = object.objectForKey("County") as! NSString as String
myLabel2.text = object.objectForKey("SiteName") as! NSString as String
myLabel3.text = object.objectForKey("PSI") as! NSString as String
     let mvStatus : NSString = object.objectForKev("Status") as! NSString
     if (myStatus == "良好"){
    myLabel3.textColor = UIColor.greenColor()
} else if(myStatus == "普通"){
          myLabel3.textColor = UIColor.blueColor()
          myLabel3.textColor = UIColor.redColor()
     return cell
```

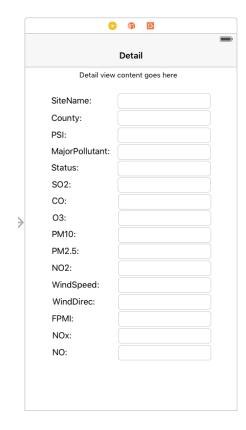
Step.6.

I

開啟 Main.storyboard,於 Detail 畫面中,建置好明細資料呈現畫面。 並可先將範本中原先的 Label "Detail view content goes here" 先透過屬性設定將其隱藏







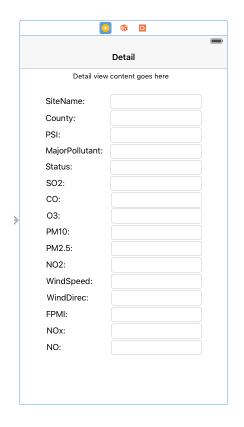
```
import UIKit
class DetailViewController: UIViewController {
    @IBOutlet weak var detailDescriptionLabel: UILabel!
    @IBOutlet weak var 101: UITextField!
    @IBOutlet weak var 02: UITextField!
    @IBOutlet weak var 03: UITextField!
    @IBOutlet weak var 04: UITextField!
    @IBOutlet weak var 06: UITextField!
    @IBOutlet weak var 06: UITextField!
    @IBOutlet weak var 06: UITextField!
    @IBOutlet weak var 07: UITextField!
    @IBOutlet weak var 08: UITextField!
    @IBOutlet weak var 09: UITextField!
    @IBOutlet weak var 102: UITextField!
    @IBOutlet weak var 11: UITextField!
    @IBOutlet weak var 11: UITextField!
    @IBOutlet weak var 12: UITextField!
    @IBOutlet weak var 12: UITextField!
    @IBOutlet weak var 15: UITextField!
    @IBOutlet weak var 15: UITextField!
    @IBOutlet weak var 16: UITextField!
```

Step.7.

於 DetailViewController.swift 中設定顯示明細資料

透過 self.detailItem?.objectForKey("name") 的方式取出 NSDictionary 中取出各項儲存值。

```
self.t01.text = self.detailItem?.objectForKey("SiteName") as! NSString as String
self.t02.text = self.detailItem?.objectForKey("County") as! NSString as String
self.t03.text = self.detailItem?.objectForKey("PSI") as! NSString as String
self.t04.text = self.detailItem?.objectForKey("MajorPollutant") as! NSString as String
self.t05.text = self.detailItem?.objectForKey("Status") as! NSString as String
self.t06.text = self.detailItem?.objectForKey("SO2") as! NSString as String
self.t07.text = self.detailItem?.objectForKey("CO") as! NSString as String
self.t08.text = self.detailItem?.objectForKey("O3") as! NSString as String
self.t09.text = self.detailItem?.objectForKey("PM10") as! NSString as String
self.t10.text = self.detailItem?.objectForKey("PM2.5") as! NSString as String
self.t11.text = self.detailItem?.objectForKey("NO2") as! NSString as String
self.t12.text = self.detailItem?.objectForKey("WindSpeed") as! NSString as String
self.t13.text = self.detailItem?.objectForKey("WindDirec") as! NSString as String
self.t14.text = self.detailItem?.objectForKey("FPMI") as! NSString as String
self.t15.text = self.detailItem?.objectForKey("NOx") as! NSString as String
self.t16.text = self.detailItem?.objectForKey("NO") as! NSString as String
```



Step.8

執行程式。

可以看到連線到即時空氣品質網站下載最新資料,點選後在明細頁會顯示其相關資料。

<<本練習中並未完成新增之功能,若點選新增之功能則會執行錯誤>>





SiteName:	板橋
County:	新北市
PSI:	54
MajorPollutant:	懸浮微粒
Status:	普通
SO2:	4.7
CO:	0.57
O3:	18
PM10:	62
PM2.5:	35
NO2:	25
WindSpeed:	3
WindDirec:	276
FPMI:	3
NOx:	29.42
NO:	4.22