Microsoft DevOps Solutions: Integrating Source Control with Tools

INTEGRATING AZURE DEVOPS WITH GITHUB



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Learning Objectives

Integrate GitHub with DevOps pipelines

Integrate GitHub with identity management solutions

(Azure AD)

Integrate source control artifacts for human consumption



Authenticate to the tool with a personal access token.



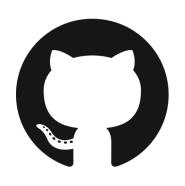
Understanding Version Control

Different version control options

Distributed vs. Centralized



The Different Ways That GitHub Integrates with Azure Pipelines





Developer does work



Developer pushes a commit to Github



Commit
triggers a build
in Azure
Pipelines



The Commit to GitHub



Everything begins with the commit

- •This Github repository has the information necessary to connect to the related pipeline
 - The service endpoint in Azure for the related build
 - Some form of credential which authenticates GitHub to Azure

Azure provisions the build environment

And performs some additional preparation for the build



The Build in Azure



The build environment is all set



It checks out the code from GitHub



This is executing inside a build VM in the Azure cloud



Azure simply executes relatively simple Git checkout commands



Permissions in GitHub

Permissions are key in this scenario

Azure needs permissions to execute these commands



When It Is Another Account

YOU are tasked with setting up the build

There must be some account in GitHub to set this up

And it shouldn't be your personal account

Use a different account to keep things separated

The owner account of the repos will add the account as a collaborator



Why This Is a Good Idea



There's a good chance you won't be working here a year from now



You'll either have to give them your credentials...



Or do what we're about to do



Connecting Your Azure AD with GitHub

Identity Management

We definitely want everything managed in one place



Azure Active Directory as the Identity Provider

Azure Active Directory

You'll need an Azure Active Directory (duh)

And also a GitHub Enterprise Organization

Available with a fourteen-day eval license



Understanding Version Control Systems



Git has won the war.



Version Control Systems on the Exam

When you see questions about version control on the exam...

Make Git the default choice

Except for specific use cases



Git and Distributed Version Control



Git is a distributed version control system



There is no central authority



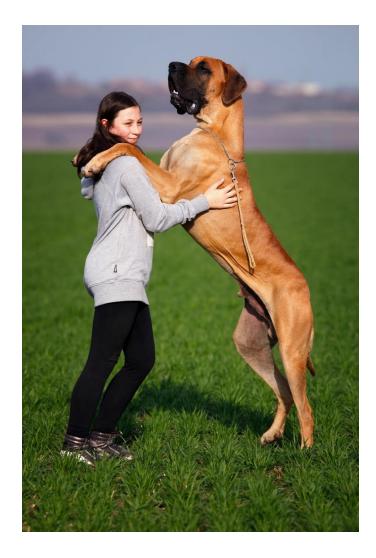
Everything is coordinated with pulls



Which can make for a large download



The Largest Git Repo on Earth



The Windows OS Git repo (as of 2017)

- 3.5 million files
- 300G
- 440 branch

This is a HUGE repo

Virtualized File System (VFS) for Git

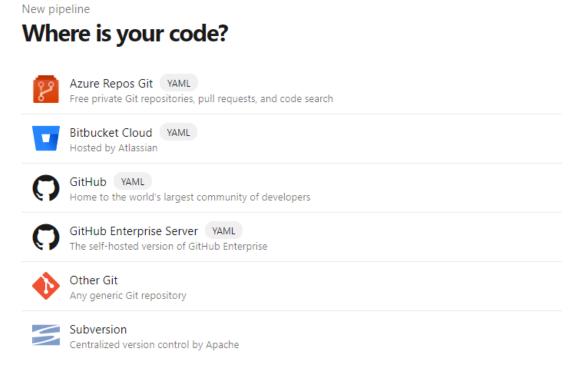
VFS optimizes file operations

And mitigates the disadvantages of Git architecture

Mercurial



- 1. Mercurial is a distributed version control system like Git
- 2. Mercurial is not a supported version control system for Azure Pipelines



Use the classic editor to create a pipeline without YAML.

In the list of supported version control provider for Azure pipelines – Mercurial should not be there.



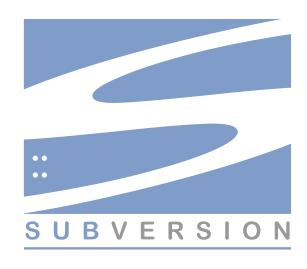
Centralized Version Control Systems

VCS with a central authority

Upgrade TFS and migrate



Subversion



The one supported, centralized VCS



Probably #2 in the VCS game



HTTP-based



Summary



Integrating GitHub with Azure DevOps

- Integrating with GitHub via username and password
- Integrating with Github via a personal access token
- OAuth

Integrating an Azure Active Directory Catalog with GitHub

- Identity Management

Version Control Systems

- Distributed Systems
 - Git
 - Mercurial
- Centralized Systems
 - Subversion

