Nick Oliver

7 A die is rolled until the first time T that a six turns up.

(a) What is the probability distribution for T?

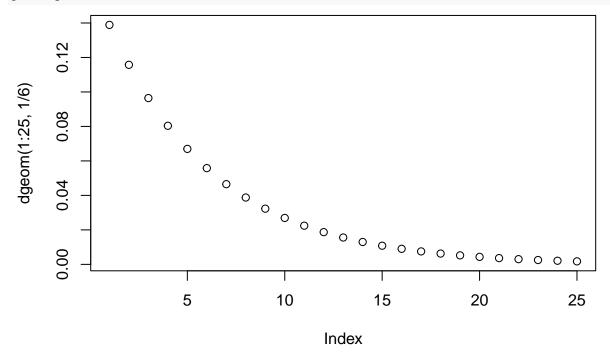
From Wikipedia¹ "The geometric distribution gives the probability that the first occurrence of success requires k independent trials, each with success probability p. If the probability of success on each trial is p, then the probability that the kth trial (out of k trials) is the first success is $Pr(X = k) = (1 - p)^{k-1}p$ "

Or as the book defines it $P(T = n) = q^{n-1}p$ where q = 1 - p

Probability of rolling a six on a fair die is $Pr(6) = \frac{1}{6}$

Plot using the density function

plot(dgeom(1:25,1/6))



 $^{^{1} \}rm https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Geometric_distribution/$

(b) Find P (T > 3)

$$P(T>3)=(1-\frac{1}{6})^{3-1}\frac{1}{6}$$

$$((1 - (1/6)) ^ (4 -1)) * (1/6)$$

[1] 0.09645062

dgeom(3, 1/6)

[1] 0.09645062

(c) Find P (T > 6|T > 3)

From the book $P(T>r+s|T>s)=q^s$ where q=1-p

(1-(1/6))^3

[1] 0.5787037