R Notebook

Principles of Data Visualization and Introduction to ggplot2

I have provided you with data about the 5,000 fastest growing companies in the US, as compiled by Inc. magazine. lets read this in:

```
inc <- read.csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/charleyferrari/CUNY_DATA_608/master/m
odule1/Data/inc5000_data.csv", header= TRUE)</pre>
```

And lets preview this data:

```
head(inc)
```

```
##
     Rank
                                    Name Growth_Rate
                                                        Revenue
## 1
        1
                                    Fuhu
                                               421.48 1.179e+08
## 2
                  FederalConference.com
                                              248.31 4.960e+07
                          The HCI Group
                                              245.45 2.550e+07
## 3
        3
## 4
        4
                                 Bridger
                                              233.08 1.900e+09
## 5
                                  DataXu
                                              213.37 8.700e+07
## 6
        6 MileStone Community Builders
                                               179.38 4.570e+07
##
                          Industry Employees
                                                       City State
## 1 Consumer Products & Services
                                          104
                                                 El Segundo
                                                                CA
## 2
              Government Services
                                           51
                                                   Dumfries
                                                                VA
                                          132 Jacksonville
## 3
                            Health
                                                                FL
## 4
                                           50
                                                    Addison
                                                                TХ
                            Energy
## 5
          Advertising & Marketing
                                          220
                                                     Boston
                                                                MA
                       Real Estate
## 6
                                           63
                                                     Austin
                                                                TX
```

summary(inc)

```
##
         Rank
                       Name
                                        Growth Rate
                                                             Revenue
   Min.
           :
                   Length:5001
                                                                 :2.000e+06
##
                                       Min.
                                              : 0.340
                                                         Min.
   1st Qu.:1252
                   Class :character
                                       1st Qu.: 0.770
                                                          1st Qu.:5.100e+06
                                                         Median :1.090e+07
   Median :2502
                   Mode :character
                                       Median : 1.420
##
##
   Mean
           :2502
                                       Mean
                                            : 4.612
                                                         Mean
                                                                 :4.822e+07
##
   3rd Qu.:3751
                                       3rd Qu.: 3.290
                                                         3rd Qu.:2.860e+07
##
   Max.
           :5000
                                       Max.
                                              :421.480
                                                         Max.
                                                                 :1.010e+10
##
##
      Industry
                         Employees
                                              City
                                                                 State
##
   Length:5001
                       Min.
                               :
                                    1.0
                                          Length:5001
                                                              Length:5001
                                                              Class :character
   Class :character
                       1st Ou.:
                                   25.0
                                          Class :character
##
   Mode :character
                       Median:
                                          Mode :character
                                                              Mode :character
##
                                   53.0
##
                       Mean
                               : 232.7
##
                       3rd Qu.: 132.0
##
                       Max.
                               :66803.0
##
                       NA's
                               :12
```

Think a bit on what these summaries mean. Use the space below to add some more relevant non-visual exploratory information you think helps you understand this data:

```
# Insert your code here, create more chunks as necessary
```

using unique on Industry we see there are 25 different industries represented here
unique(inc["Industry"])

```
##
                            Industry
## 1
       Consumer Products & Services
## 2
                Government Services
## 3
                              Health
## 4
                              Energy
## 5
            Advertising & Marketing
## 6
                         Real Estate
## 7
                 Financial Services
## 10
                              Retail
## 14
                            Software
## 16
                   Computer Hardware
## 17
         Logistics & Transportation
## 19
                     Food & Beverage
## 21
                         IT Services
## 24
       Business Products & Services
## 35
                           Education
## 50
                        Construction
## 64
                       Manufacturing
## 90
                 Telecommunications
## 110
                            Security
## 137
                     Human Resources
## 153
               Travel & Hospitality
## 174
                               Media
## 531
             Environmental Services
## 532
                         Engineering
## 552
                           Insurance
```

```
# similarly doing the same on state but just using the count we can see all states are r
epresented including Washington DC and Puerto Rico
nrow(unique(inc["State"]))
```

```
## [1] 52
```

Question 1

Create a graph that shows the distribution of companies in the dataset by State (ie how many are in each state). There are a lot of States, so consider which axis you should use. This visualization is ultimately going to be consumed on a 'portrait' oriented screen (ie taller than wide), which should further guide your layout choices.

```
library(dplyr)
```

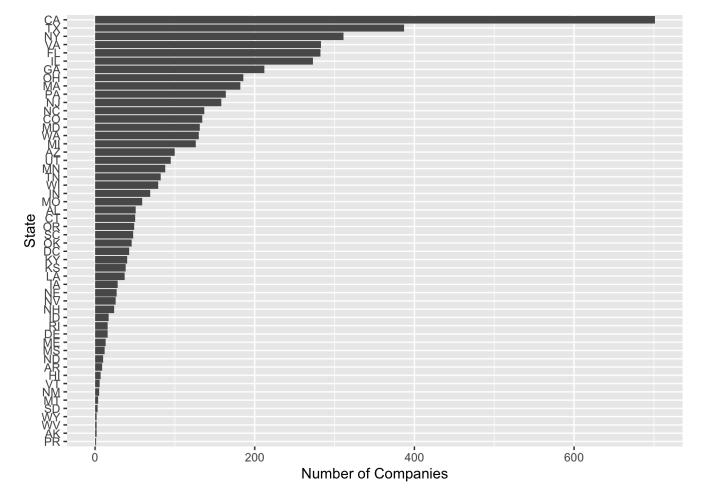
```
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
## filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
## intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```

```
library(ggplot2)
```

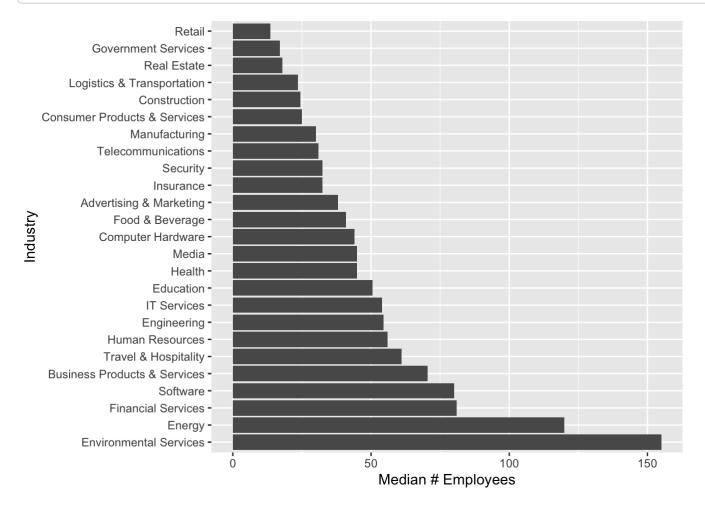
```
# Answer Question 1 here
inc %>%
  count(State, n(), sort=T) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = reorder(State,n), y = n))+
  geom_col() +
  coord_flip() +
  labs(x="State", y="Number of Companies")
```



Quesiton 2

Lets dig in on the state with the 3rd most companies in the data set. Imagine you work for the state and are interested in how many people are employed by companies in different industries. Create a plot that shows the average and/or median employment by industry for companies in this state (only use cases with full data, use R's complete.cases() function.) In addition to this, your graph should show how variable the ranges are, and you should deal with outliers.

```
# Answer Question 2 here
incNy <- inc %>% filter(complete.cases(.) & State == 'NY')
incNy %>%
  group_by(Industry) %>%
  summarise(medianByInd = median(Employees)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=reorder(Industry,-medianByInd), y=medianByInd)) +
  geom_col() +
  coord_flip() +
  labs(x = "Industry", y = "Median # Employees")
```



Question 3

Now imagine you work for an investor and want to see which industries generate the most revenue per employee. Create a chart that makes this information clear. Once again, the distribution per industry should be shown.

```
# Answer Question 3 here
inc %>%
  mutate(revPerEmployee = Revenue / Employees) %>%
  group_by(Industry) %>%
  summarise(medianRevPerEmployee = median(revPerEmployee, na.rm=T)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=reorder(Industry,-medianRevPerEmployee), y=medianRevPerEmployee)) + geom_
col() + coord_flip() +
  scale_y_continuous(labels=scales::dollar_format()) +
  labs(y = "Median Revenue Per Employee", x = "Industry")
```

