
DocBook Installation for Ubuntu

Ubuntu 16.04 and Ubuntu 18.04

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Introduction

This document is a guide to installing DocBook [<https://docbook.org/whatis>] on Ubuntu 16.04. An installation on Fedora or CentOS will be similar but it is not the same due to different package names and different paths.

The installation requires six components and it includes the DocBook stylesheets and processors. A seventh component is optional and it is `fop-hyphenate`.

The guide installs DockBook 4.5 and not version 5. If you want DockBook v5 then install `doc-book5` and `docbook-xsl-ns` instead of `docbook` and `docbook-xsl`. You will also need to change some URI's to use version 5 paths.

Be careful when copying and pasting from this document. If you copy and paste commands from the document to the terminal then the dash used in commands may be translated into hyphens used in typesetting. They are not the same thing in the terminal, and it usually leads to obscure failures when installing packages.

Components

DocBook requires a DTD, XSLTPROC, and FOP. In addition, Apache's FOP requires a Java subsystem. The components are as follows:

1. DocBook DTD – DocBook entity definitions
2. DocBook XSL – DocBook stylesheets
3. XMLLINT – XML validator and formatter

4. XSLTPROC – XML processor which reads the XML source and produces Formatted Objects (FOs)
5. Java – Runtime environment for Apache FOP
6. FOP – Apache's Formatted Object Processor which transforms FOs to output file types such as HTML, PS, and PDF
7. FOP-HYPH – used by FOP to hyphenate words in a DocBook

DockBook DTD

The DockBook DTD provides entity definitions. It is provided by the `docbook` package. To install the package issue the following.

```
$ sudo apt-get install docbook
```

DockBook XSL

The DockBook XSL provides stylesheets. It is provided by the `docbook-xsl` and `docbook-xsl-doc-pdf` packages. To install the packages issue the following.

```
$ sudo apt-get install docbook-xsl docbook-xsl-doc-pdf
```

The stylesheets are installed in `/usr/share/.../fo/` directory. The important one is `docbook.xsl`.

```
$ ls /usr/share/xml/docbook/stylesheet/docbook-xsl/fo/
admon.xsl          division.xsl      info.xsl          refentry.xsl
annotations.xsl    docbook.xsl       inline.xsl         sections.xsl
autoidx-kimber.xsl ebnf.xsl          keywords.xsl       spaces.xsl
autoidx-kosek.xsl  footnote.xsl      lists.xsl          synop.xsl
autoidx-ng.xsl     fop.xsl           math.xsl           table.xsl
...
```

XML lint

The XML lint provides validation and formatting. It is provided by the `libxml2-utils` package. To install the package issue the following.

```
$ sudo apt-get install libxml2-utils
```

After you install the program you should run `hash -r` to clear Bash's program cache.

XML processor

The XML processor translates XML source and produces Formatted Object (FO). It is provided by the `xsltproc` package. To install the package issue the following.

```
$ sudo apt-get install xsltproc
```

After you install the program you should run `hash -r` to clear Bash's program cache.

Java runtime

The Java runtime environment is needed by Apache FOP. It is provided by the `openjdk-8-jdk` package on Ubuntu 16, and `openjdk-11-jdk` on Ubuntu 18. To install the package on Ubuntu 16 issue the following.

```
$ sudo apt-get install openjdk-8-jdk
```

After installing the JRE you can export `JAVA_HOME` from your login script. In the code below, `JAVA_HOME` is setup for Ubuntu 18. If you are using Ubuntu 16, then `JAVA_HOME` is `/usr/lib/jvm/java-8-openjdk-amd64`.

```
# .bashrc or .bash_profile
$ export JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-amd64
$ source ~/.bash_profile

$ echo $JAVA_HOME
/usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-amd64
```

At the time of this writing Ubuntu's Java 9 is unstable. It could cause unexplained crashes. You should not use the `openjdk-9-jdk` package.

After you install Java you should run `hash -r` to clear Bash's program cache.

FO processor

The Formatted Object Processor (FOP) is an Apache binary. Ubuntu provides `fop` and `fop-doc` packages. You can download the Apache binary or install the FOP package.

To install the packages issue the following.

```
$ sudo apt-get install fop fop-doc
```

If you are happy with Ubuntu's version of FOP then you are finished. You can move on to the next section.

Alternatively, you can install the latest Apache FOP by downloading the binary from the Apache website. This can be useful if Ubuntu's version of FOP has trouble. To manually install FOP perform the following.

```
$ wget https://mirror.cogentco.com/pub/apache/xmlgraphics/
  fop/binaries/fop-2.5-bin.tar.gz
$ tar -xzf fop-2.5-bin.tar.gz
$ chmod +x fop-2.5/fop/fop
$ sudo mv fop-2.5 /usr/local/bin
```

Once `fop` is installed locally, add a wrapper script to execute it. In the `cat` below, `JAVA_HOME` is setup for Ubuntu 18. If you are using Ubuntu 16, then use `/usr/lib/jvm/java-8-openjdk-amd64`.

```
$ cat /usr/local/bin/fop
#!/usr/bin/env bash

if [[ -z "$JAVA_HOME" ]]; then
    JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-amd64
    export JAVA_HOME
fi
export CLASSPATH=/usr/local/bin/fop-2.5:/usr/local/bin/fop-2.5/lib

/usr/local/bin/fop-2.5/fop/fop $*
```

After you install the processor you should run `hash -r` to clear Bash's program cache.

FO hyphenate

You can add hyphenation to the book by installing FOP XML Hyphenation Patterns. Download the *compiled binary* for FOP XML Hyphenation Patterns from the Objects For Formatting Objects (OFFO) website [<http://offo.sourceforge.net/>]. Install `fop-hyph.jar` in FOP's `lib/` directory.

```
$ sudo cp fop-hyph.jar /usr/local/bin/fop-2.5/fop/lib/
$ ls /usr/local/bin/fop-2.5/fop/lib/*.jar
...
/usr/local/bin/fop-2.5/fop/lib/commons-io-1.3.1.jar
/usr/local/bin/fop-2.5/fop/lib/commons-logging-1.0.4.jar
/usr/local/bin/fop-2.5/fop/lib/fontbox-2.0.4.jar
/usr/local/bin/fop-2.5/fop/lib/fop-hyph.jar
/usr/local/bin/fop-2.5/fop/lib/serializer-2.7.2.jar
...
```

Testing

You should test the installation using `command -v`. The Posix command is the standard way to check availability of a program.

```
$ command -v xmllint
/usr/bin/xmllint
$ command -v xsltproc
/usr/bin/xsltproc
$ command -v fop
/usr/local/bin/fop
```

You should also verify the version of `fop`.

```
$ fop -version
```

FOP Version 2.5

If the version is unexpected then verify the shell script located in `/usr/local/bin/fop`, and ensure it is executable. If the script is correct then run `hash -r` to clear the Bash program cache.

Fedora

If you install on Fedora then you should install the packages `docbook-dtds`, `docbook-style-xsl`, `docbook-utils` and `docbook-utils-pdf`.

You may need to manually tune the path to the DocBook stylesheets. If the book builds using `make-book.sh` then you are finished. If the book does not build then open the file `custom.xsl.in` and locate the line `<xsl:import href="!!DOCBOOK_XSL_FILE!!"/>`. Change `!!DOCBOOK_XSL_FILE!!` to the location of the stylesheet, like `/usr/share/sgml/docbook/xsl-stylesheets-1.79.2/fo/docbook.xsl`.

The new location will depend on the package you install. The location `/usr/share/sgml/...` is due to installing the Fedora package `docbook-style-xsl`, which is Norman Walsh's XSL stylesheets for DocBook.