# Package 'rqlm'

January 9, 2024

Type Package

| <b>Title</b> Statistical Analysis Tools of the Modified Poisson and Least-Squares Regression Analyses for Binary Outcomes  |
|--|
| Version 4.2-1  |
| <b>Date</b> 2024-01-09   |
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| <b>Description</b> Modified Poisson and least-squares regression analyses for binary outcomes have been standard multivariate analysis methods to estimate risk ratio and risk difference in clinical and epidemiological studies. This R package involves an easy-to-handle function to implement these analyses by simple commands. Also, recent studies have shown the ordinary robust variance estimator possibly has serious bias under small or moderate sample size situations for these methods. This package also provides computational tools to calculate alternative accurate confidence intervals (Noma et al., 2024+). |
| <b>Depends</b> R (>= $3.5.0$ )   |
| Imports stats, MASS, sandwich  |
| License GPL-3  |
| Encoding UTF-8   |
| LazyData true  |
| R topics documented:   |
| rqlm-package bsci.ls bsci.pois exdata01 exdata02 qesci.ls qesci.pois rqlm  |
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| rqlm-package | The 'rqlm' package. |  |
|--------------|---------------------|--|
|              |                     |  |

# Description

Modified Poisson and least-squares regression analyses for binary outcomes have been standard multivariate analysis methods to estimate risk ratio and risk difference in clinical and epidemiological studies. This R package involves an easy-to-handle function to implement these analyses by simple commands. Also, recent studies have shown the ordinary robust variance estimator possibly has serious bias under small or moderate sample size situations for these methods. This package also provides computational tools to calculate accurate confidence intervals (Noma et al., 2024+).

#### References

Cheung, Y. B. (2007). A modified least-squares regression approach to the estimation of risk difference. *American Journal of Epidemiology* **166**, 1337-1344.

Noma, H. et al. (2024+). Bootstrap confidence intervals based on quasi-score statistics for the modified Poisson and least-squares regressions to estimate risk ratio and risk difference. Forthcoming.

Zou, G. (2004). A modified poisson regression approach to prospective studies with binary data. *American Journal of Epidemiology* **159**, 702-706.

| bsci.ls | Calculating bootstrap confidence interval for modified least-squares regression based on the quasi-score statistic |
|---------|--|
| bsc1.ls |  |

# Description

Recent studies revealed the robust standard error estimates of the modified least-squares regression analysis are generally biased under small or moderate sample settings. To adjust the bias and to provide more accurate confidence intervals, confidence interval and P-value of the test for risk difference by modified least-squares regression are calculated based on the bootstrap approach of Noma et al. (2024).

## Usage

```
bsci.ls(formula, data, x.name=NULL, B=1000, cl=0.95, C0=10^-5, digits=4, seed=527916)
```

| formula | An object of class "formula" (or one that can be coerced to that class): a symbolic description of the model to be fitted.  |
|---------|---|
| data    | A data frame, list or environment (or object coercible by as.data.frame to a data frame) containing the variables in the model.   |
| x.name  | The variable name that the confidence interval is calculated for the regression coefficient; should be involved in formula as an explanatory variable. Specify as a character object. |
| В       | The number of bootstrap resampling (default: 1000)  |

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| cl     | Confidence level for calculating confidence intervals (default: 0.95)   |
|--------|---|
| C0     | A tuning parameter to control the precisions of numerical computations of confidence limits (default: 10^-5). |
| digits | Number of decimal places in the output (default: 4).  |
| seed   | Seed to generate random numbers (default: 527916).  |

#### Value

Results of the modified least-squares analyses are presented. Three objects are provided: Results of the modified least-squares regression with the Wald-type approximation by rqlm, the bootstrap-based confidence interval for the corresponding covariate, and P-value for the bootstrap test of RD=0.

#### References

Noma, H. et al. (2024+). Bootstrap confidence intervals based on quasi-score statistics for the modified Poisson and least-squares regressions to estimate risk ratio and risk difference. Forthcoming.

# **Examples**

```
bsci.ls(y ~ x1 + x2 + x3 + x4, data=exdata01, "x3", B=1000)

bsci.pois

Calculating bootstrap confidence interval for modified Poisson regression based on the quasi-score statistic
```

# Description

Recent studies revealed the risk ratio estimates and robust standard error estimates of the modified Poisson regression analysis are generally biased under small or moderate sample settings. To adjust the bias and to provide more accurate confidence intervals, confidence interval and P-value of the test for risk ratio by modified Poisson regression are calculated based on the bootstrap approach of Noma et al. (2024).

### Usage

```
bsci.pois(formula, data, x.name=NULL, B=1000, eform=FALSE, cl=0.95, C0=10^-5, digits=4, seed=527916)
```

| formula | An object of class "formula" (or one that can be coerced to that class): a symbolic description of the model to be fitted.  |
|---------|---|
| data    | A data frame, list or environment (or object coercible by as.data.frame to a data frame) containing the variables in the model.   |
| x.name  | The variable name that the confidence interval is calculated for the regression coefficient; should be involved in formula as an explanatory variable. Specify as a character object. |

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| В      | The number of bootstrap resampling (default: 1000)  |
|--------|---|
| eform  | A logical value that specify whether the outcome should be transformed by exponential function (default: FALSE) |
| cl     | Confidence level for calculating confidence intervals (default: 0.95)   |
| C0     | A tuning parameter to control the precisions of numerical computations of confidence limits (default: 10^-5).   |
| digits | Number of decimal places in the output (default: 4).  |
| seed   | Seed to generate random numbers (default: 527916).  |

### Value

Results of the modified Poisson analyses are presented. Three objects are provided: Results of the modified Poisson regression with the Wald-type approximation by rqlm, the bootstrap confidence interval for the corresponding covariate, and P-value for the bootstrap test of RR=1.

## References

Noma, H. et al. (2024+). Bootstrap confidence intervals based on quasi-score statistics for the modified Poisson and least-squares regressions to estimate risk ratio and risk difference. Forthcoming.

# **Examples**

```
data(exdata01) bsci.pois(y \sim x1 + x2 + x3 + x4, data=exdata01, "x3", B=1000, eform=TRUE)
```

exdata01

A simulated example dataset

## **Description**

A simulated cohort data with binomial outcome.

- y: Dichotomous outcome variable.
- x1: Continuous covariate.
- x2: Binary covariate.
- x3: Binary covariate.
- x4: Binary covariate.

# Usage

```
data(exdata01)
```

#### **Format**

A simulated cohort data with binomial outcome (n=40).

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# Description

A simulated cohort data with binomial outcome.

- y: Dichotomous outcome variable.
- x1: Continuous covariate.
- x2: Binary covariate.
- x3: Binary covariate.
- x4: Binary covariate.

## Usage

data(exdata02)

### **Format**

A simulated cohort data with binomial outcome (n=1200).

| qesci.ls | Calculating confidence interval for modified least-squares regression |
|----------|---|
|          | based on the quasi-score test   |

# Description

Recent studies revealed the robust standard error estimates of the modified least-squares regression analysis are generally biased under small or moderate sample settings. To adjust the bias and to provide more accurate confidence intervals, confidence interval and P-value of the test for risk difference by modified least-squares regression are calculated based on the quasi-score test of Noma et al. (2024).

## Usage

```
qesci.ls(formula, data, x.name=NULL, cl=0.95, C0=10^-5, digits=4)
```

| formula | An object of class "formula" (or one that can be coerced to that class): a symbolic description of the model to be fitted.  |
|---------|---|
| data    | A data frame, list or environment (or object coercible by as.data.frame to a data frame) containing the variables in the model.   |
| x.name  | The variable name that the confidence interval is calculated for the regression coefficient; should be involved in formula as an explanatory variable. Specify as a character object. |
| cl      | Confidence level for calculating confidence intervals (default: 0.95)   |
| C0      | A tuning parameter to control the precisions of numerical computations of confidence limits (default: 10^-5).   |
| digits  | Number of decimal places in the output (default: 4).  |

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### Value

Results of the modified least-squares analyses are presented. Three objects are provided: Results of the modified least-squares regression with the Wald-type approximation by rqlm, quasi-score confidence interval for the corresponding covariate, and P-value for the quasi-score test of RD=0.

#### References

Noma, H. et al. (2024+). Bootstrap confidence intervals based on quasi-score statistics for the modified Poisson and least-squares regressions to estimate risk ratio and risk difference. Forthcoming.

## **Examples**

```
data(exdata01)

qesci.ls(y \sim x1 + x2 + x3 + x4, data=exdata01, "x3")
```

qesci.pois Calculating confidence interval for modified Poisson regression based on the quasi-score test

## **Description**

Recent studies revealed the risk ratio estimates and robust standard error estimates of the modified Poisson regression analysis are generally biased under small or moderate sample settings. To adjust the bias and to provide more accurate confidence intervals, confidence interval and P-value of the test for risk ratio by modified Poisson regression are calculated based on the quasi-score test of Noma et al. (2024).

# Usage

```
qesci.pois(formula, data, x.name=NULL, eform=FALSE, cl=0.95, C0=10^-5, digits=4)
```

| formula | An object of class "formula" (or one that can be coerced to that class): a symbolic description of the model to be fitted.  |
|---------|---|
| data    | A data frame, list or environment (or object coercible by as.data.frame to a data frame) containing the variables in the model.   |
| x.name  | The variable name that the confidence interval is calculated for the regression coefficient; should be involved in formula as an explanatory variable. Specify as a character object. |
| eform   | A logical value that specify whether the outcome should be transformed by exponential function (default: FALSE)   |
| cl      | Confidence level for calculating confidence intervals (default: 0.95)   |
| C0      | A tuning parameter to control the precisions of numerical computations of confidence limits (default: 10^-5).   |
| digits  | Number of decimal places in the output (default: 4).  |

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### Value

Results of the modified Poisson analyses are presented. Three objects are provided: Results of the modified Poisson regression with the Wald-type approximation by rqlm, quasi-score confidence interval for the corresponding covariate, and P-value for the quasi-score test of RR=1.

### References

Noma, H. et al. (2024+). Bootstrap confidence intervals based on quasi-score statistics for the modified Poisson and least-squares regressions to estimate risk ratio and risk difference. Forthcoming.

## **Examples**

```
data(exdata01) qesci.pois(y \sim x1 + x2 + x3 + x4, data=exdata01, "x3", eform=TRUE)
```

| rqlm | Modified Poisson and least-squares regression analyses for binary out- |
|------|--|
|      | comes  |

# Description

Modified Poisson and least-squares regression analyses for binary outcomes are performed. This function is handled by a similar way with 1m or glm. The model fitting to the binary data can be specified by family. Also, the resultant coefficients and confidence limits can be transformed to exponential scales by specifying eform. The standard error estimates are calculated using the standard robust variance estimator by sandwich package.

## Usage

```
rqlm(formula, data, family=poisson, eform=FALSE, cl=0.95, digits=4)
```

| formula | An object of class "formula" (or one that can be coerced to that class): a symbolic description of the model to be fitted.  |
|---------|---|
| data    | A data frame, list or environment (or object coercible by as.data.frame to a data frame) containing the variables in the model.                                       |
| family  | A description of the error distribution and link function to be used in the model. gaussian: Modified least-squares regression. poisson: Modified Poisson regression. |
| eform   | A logical value that specify whether the outcome should be transformed by exponential function (default: FALSE)   |
| cl      | Confidence level for calculating confidence intervals (default: 0.95)   |
| digits  | Number of decimal places in the output (default: 4).  |
|         |   |

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#### Value

Results of the modified Poisson and least-squares regression analyses.

- coef: Coefficient estimates; transformed to the exponential scale if eform=TRUE.
- SE: Robust standard error estimates for coef.
- CL: Lower limits of confidence intervals.
- CU: Upper limits of confidence intervals.
- P-value: P-values for the coefficient tests.

#### References

Cheung, Y. B. (2007). A modified least-squares regression approach to the estimation of risk difference. *American Journal of Epidemiology* **166**, 1337-1344.

Noma, H. et al. (2024+). Bootstrap confidence intervals based on quasi-score statistics for the modified Poisson and least-squares regressions to estimate risk ratio and risk difference. Forthcoming.

White, H. (1982). Maximum likelihood estimation of misspecified models. *Econometrica*, **50**, 1-25.

Zou, G. (2004). A modified poisson regression approach to prospective studies with binary data. *American Journal of Epidemiology* **159**, 702-706.

## **Examples**

```
data(exdata02)
rqlm(y ~ x1 + x2 + x3 + x4, data=exdata02, family=poisson, eform=TRUE)
# Modifed Poisson regression analysis
# Coefficient estimates are translated to risk ratio scales
rqlm(y ~ x1 + x2 + x3 + x4, data=exdata02, family=gaussian)
# Modifed least-squares regression analysis
rqlm(y ~ x1 + x2 + x3 + x4, data=exdata02, family=gaussian, digits=3)
# Modifed least-squares regression analysis
# Number of decimal places can be changed by specifying "digits"
```

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