PERMUTATIONS

MATHS SECTION – I

(SINGLE CORRECT ANSWER TYPE)

This section contains 20 multiple choice questions. Each question has 4 options (1), (2), (3) and (4) for its answer, out of which **ONLY ONE** option can be correct.

`			if not attempted and -						
61.				ong 11 candidates, each candidate					
	receiving any number of pizes are								
	1) 11 ⁵	$2)5^{11}$	$3)^{11}C_5$	4) $^{11}P_5$					
62.	If all the letters of the word "NIDHI" are arranged in alphabetical order than the Rank of the word								
	NIDH, is		-						
	1) 43	2) 54	3) 55	4) 56					
63.	Number of 7 digit telephone numbers that can be created if the first three digits must be 426, 427 (or)								
	428 and the right most digit is divisible by 3, is K thousand then K is equal to								
	1) 12	2) 9	3) 6	4) 3					
64.	Number of ways in which 5 boys and 5 girls can be seated alternatively on a round table if a								
	particular boys and a particular girl are never adjacent to each other in any arrangement is								
	1) 228	2) 552	3) 1584	4) 1728					
65.	A class has three teachers Mr. P, Ms. Q and Mrs. R and six students A, B, C, D, E, F number of ways								
	in which they ca	an be seated in a line of	of 9 chair is, if between	any two teachers there are exactly two					
64.65.66.67.	students, is K(6	!) then the value of K	is						
	1) 18	2) 12	3) 24	4) 6					
66.	A class is composed of 2 brothers and 6 other boys. In how many ways can all the boys be seated at a								
	round table so t	hat the 2 brothers are	not seated besides each	other is:					
	1) 720	2) 1440	3) 3600	4) 4320					
67.	Rajdhani express going from Bombay to Delhi stops at 5 intermediate stations. 10 passengers enter								
65. 66.		the train during the journey with ten different ticket of two classes. The number of different sets of							
	tickets they may		••						
	1) $^{15}C_{10}$	2) $^{20}C_{10}$	$3)^{30}C_{10}$	4) None					
66. 67.		Eleven animals of a circus have to be placed in eleven cages (one in each cage). If 4 of the cages are							
	too small for 6 of the animals, then find the number of the ways of caging all the animals								
	1) 604800	2) 8400	3) 608400	4) None					
69.	A natural numb	A natural number has prime factorization given by $n = 2^x 5^y 5^z$ where y and z are such that							
	$y + z = 5$ and $y^{-1} + z^{-1} = \frac{5}{6}$, $y > z$ then the number of odd divisors of n, including 1, is								
	1) 11	2) 6	3) 6x	4) 12					
70.	How many way	s are there to seat n m	parried couples $(n \ge 3)$	around a table such that men and wome	n				

4) None of these

alternate and each women is not adjacent to her husband 1) n!(n-1)!-2(n-1)! 2) (n-1)!(n!-2) 3) n!-2

75.	1) ¹⁰ P ₂ Find the number		3) ${}^{10}C_2$ made out of the letters				
75.	Find the number	r of words that can be r	nade out of the letters	of the word MOBILE when consonants			
	always occupy o	odd places					
	1) 36	2) 6	3) 9	4) None			
76.	Total number of	f words that can be form	ned using all letters of	the word BRIJESH that neither begins			
	with I nor ends	with B is equal to					
	1) 3720	2) 4920	3) 3600	4) 4800			
77.	In a three – store	ey building, there are for	our rooms on the grou	nd floor, two on the first and two on the			
			-	e person occupying one room only. The			
	number of ways in which this can be done so that no floor remains empty is						
	1) $^{8}P_{0} - 2(6!)$	2) ⁸ P ₆	- , 0_ ,	4) None of these			
78.	, , ,	· ·	, , ,	with a district natural number such that			
, 0.				aced diagonally are equal is			
	the sum of the h		am of the numbers pla	are equal is			
	1) /	2) 8	2) 24	4) 6			
70	1) 4	2) 8	3) 24	4) 6			
79.		=	ible outcomes in which	th at least one of the dice shows on even			
	number is 189, 1						
	1) 3	2) 4	3) 5	4) None of these			
80.	The number of permutation of the letters of the word HINDUSTAN such that neither the pattern						
	'HIN' nor 'DUS	S' nor 'TAN' appears, a	are				
	1) 1 (((7 1	2) 169194	3) 166680	4) 181434			
	1) 166674	/					
	1) 1666/4	,					
	1) 1666/4	,	SECTION – II				

Eg: 1234.56, 123.45, -123.45, -1234.56, -0.12, 0.12 etc.

Marking scheme: +4 for correct answer, 0 in all other cases.

- 81. 10 different toyes are to be distributed among 10 children. If the total number of ways of distributing all these toys so that exactly two children do not get any toy.is K(10!), then the value of k is
- 82. Find the rank of the word "TANYA"
- 83. If the letters of the word "SOMYA" are arranged alphabetically in all possible manner, then find the number of words that appear before the word "SOMYA".

- 84. Let N denotes the number of odd integers between 550 and 800 using the digits 4, 5, 6, 7 and 9. Find the sum of the digits in N.
- 85. Find the number of natural numbers which are less than 2×10^8 and which can be written by means of the digit 1 and 2.
- 86. The letters of the word QUESTION are arranged in all possible ways the number of arrangements in which there are exactly 2 letters between 'Q' and 'S'.
- 87. The number of one-one functions from a set A containing 2 elements to a set B containing 3 elements is
- 88. The number of four digit numbers strictly greater than 4321 that can be formed using the digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 (repetition of digits is allowed) is
- 89. Find the number of ways in which 8 different flowers can be strung to form a garland so that four particular flowers are never separated.
- 90. A variable name in certain computer language must be either an alphabet or an alphabet followed by a decimal digit. The total number of different variable names that can exist in that language is equal to

PERMUTATIONS

Key

MATHS

61-70	1	3	1	4	1	3	3	1	4	1
71-80	4	2	3	2	1	1	1	2	1	2
81-90	375	40	87	6	766	7200	6	310	288	286

Hints

61. First prize can be given away in 11 ways
Second prize can be given away in 11 ways
Third prize can be given away in 11 ways
Fourth prize can be given away in 11 ways

Fifth prize can be given away in 11 ways

: required no. of ways = 11 x 11 x 11 x 11 x 11 = 11^5

62. Given word is NIDHI

Given word in the Dictionary order DHIIN

$$\underline{D}_{---} = \frac{4!}{2!} = 12$$

$$\underline{H}_{---} = \frac{4!}{2!} = 12$$

$$\underline{I}_{---} = 4! = 24$$

$$\underline{N} \underline{D}_{---} = \frac{3!}{2!} = 3$$

$$\underline{N} \underline{H}_{---} = \frac{3!}{2!} = 3$$

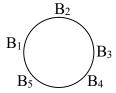
$$\underline{N} \underline{I} \underline{D} \underline{H} \underline{I} = 0! = 1$$

Rank of the word NIDHI = 55

Required no. of ways = $(3) (10^3) (4) = 12000$

$$\therefore K = 12$$

64.



5 boys can be seated in 4! Ways

Now for G_1 can not sit between B_1 and B_2 or B_1 and B_5 and therefore can set only in 3 ways and the remaining 4 girls in 4! Ways.

Total ways = $4!(3)4! = 24 \times 3 \times 24 = 1728$

required no. of ways = 3.3! 6! = (18) 6!

$$\Rightarrow K(6!) = 18(6!)$$

$$\therefore K = 18$$

66. required no. of ways = $7! - 6! \cdot 2! = 7.6! - 6! \cdot 2$

$$= (7-2)6! = 5 \times 6! = 5 \times 720 = 3600$$

No. of different tickets of two classes = ${}^{6}C_{2}$. 2 = 30

Hence no. of Different sets of tickets = ${}^{30}C_{10}$

68. Let the 6 animals be placed in 7 of longer cages this can be done in ${}^{7}P_{6}$ ways

In each of these ways one larger cage is left vacant.

The remaining five animals can be placed in the remaining five cages in 5! ways.

 \therefore The required number of ways is ${}^{7}P_{6} \times 5! = 604800$

69. y + z = 5

$$\frac{1}{v} + \frac{1}{z} = \frac{5}{6} \quad y > z$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 y = 3, x = 2

$$\Rightarrow n = 2^x . 3^3 . 5^2 = (2.2.2....)(3.3.3)(5.5)$$

Number of odd divisors = $4 \times 3 = 12$

70. Number of ways of seating 'n' couples in an alternating manner, i.e., one women one man and so on... = (n-1)! n!

Number of ways couples can be seated together always is $(n-1)! \times 2!$

 \therefore required number of ways = n!(n-1)! - 2(n-1)!

71.
$$D_4 \times D_3 = 4! \left(1 - \frac{1}{1!} + \frac{1}{2!} - \frac{1}{3!} + \frac{1}{4!}\right) \times 3! \left(1 - \frac{1}{1!} + \frac{1}{2!} - \frac{1}{3!}\right)$$

$$= (12-4+1) \times (3-1) = 9 \times 2 = 18$$

72. $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}, B = \{a, b, c, d\}$

$$n(A) = m = 5, n(B) = n = 4$$

No. of onto functions =
$$n^m - \binom{n}{c_1} \binom{n-1}{m} - \binom{n}{c_2} \binom{n-2}{m} + \binom{n}{c_3} \binom{n-3}{m} - \binom{n}{c_4} \binom{n-4}{m}$$

= $4^5 - \binom{4}{c_1} 3^5 - \binom{4}{c_2} 2^5 + \binom{4}{c_3} 1^5 - \binom{4}{c_4} 0^5$ = $4^5 - \binom{4 \times 3^5 - 6 \cdot 2^5 + 4 - 0}{6 \cdot 2^5 + 4 - 0}$
= $1024 - (972 - 192 + 4) = 1024 - (784) = 240$

73. $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}, B = \{a, b, c, d, e\}$ n(A) = 4, n(B) = 5

No. of constant functions = no. of elements in set B = 5

74. Here $A = \{2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29\}$

a rational number is made by taking any two numbers in any order.

- \therefore The required number of rational numbers = ${}^{10}P_2 + 1$ (including 1)
- The word MOBILE has three even places and three odd places. It has 3 constants and 3 vowels. In 75. three odd places. We have to fix up 3 consonants this can be done in

$$^{3}P_{3} = 6$$
 ways

in the remaining three places, we have to fix up the remaining three this can be done in

- $^{3}P_{3} = 6$ ways
- \therefore The total no. of ways = 6 x 6 = 36
- Total number of words without any restriction is 7! 76.

Total number of words Beginning with I is 6!

Total number of words ending with B is 6!

Total number of words beginning with I and ending with B is 5!

Required number of words = 7! - 6! - 6! + 5! = 7! - 2(6)! + 5! = 7.6.5! - 12.5! + 5!

$$= (42 - 12 + 1)5! = 31 \times 120 = 3720$$

The number of ways of allotment without any restriction is ⁸P₆ now it is possible that all rooms of 2nd 77. floor or 3rd floor are not occupied. Thus there are two ways in which one floor remains unoccupied.

Hence the number of ways of allotment in which a floor is unoccupied is 2 x 6!

Number of ways in which none of the floor remains unoccupied is ${}^{8}P_{6} - 2(6!)$

78. The natural numbers are 1, 2, 3, 4 clearly in one diagonal we have to place 1, 4 and in the other 2, 3

$$2 \xrightarrow{4} 4 \xrightarrow{4} 3$$
The number of ways in (i) is $2!(X)2! = 4$

The number of ways in (ii) is $2! \times 2! = 4$

- \therefore The total number of ways = 4 + 4 = 8
- Total number of out comes = 6^n 79.

Number of outcomes when no dice shows an even number

i.e., when all the n dice show odd number = 3^n

 \therefore Number of ways when at least one dice shows an even number = $6^{n} - 3^{n}$

But given $6^{n} - 3^{n} = 189$

Put
$$n = 3 \implies 6^3 - 3^3 = 189$$

$$\therefore$$
 n = 3

Total number of permutations = $\frac{9!}{2!}$ 80.

Number of those containing 'HIN' = 7!

Number of those containing 'DUS' = $\frac{7!}{2!}$

Number of those containing 'TAN' = 7!

Number of those containing 'HIN' and 'DUS' = 5!

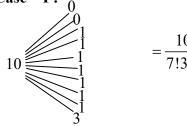
Number of those containing 'HIN' and 'TAN' = 5!

Number of those containing 'TAN' and 'DUS' = 5!

Number of those containing 'HIN' 'DUS' and 'TAN' = 3!

Required number =
$$\frac{9!}{2!} - \left(7! + 7! + \frac{7!}{2}\right) + 3 \times 5! - 3! = 169194$$

81. Case – I: 0



Case – II: 0011111122

Total =
$$10! \times \left(\frac{10!}{7!3!2!} + \frac{10!}{6!2!2!2!2!}\right)$$

= $10!(60 + 315) = 375(10!)$
 $\Rightarrow K(10!) = 375(10!)$
 $\Rightarrow K = 375$

82. TANYA

$$A_{---} = 4! = 24$$
 $N_{---} = \frac{4!}{2!} = 12$

$$T A A _ = 2! = 2$$

$$T A N A = 1! = 1$$

$$T A N Y A = 0! = 01$$
 40

83. S O M Y A

84. Case 1 :- Consider the numbers between 550 - 599

1st place in one way (i.e. 5)

Number of number in this case = 1.5.3 = 15

Case
$$2 := 600 - 799$$
 (both inclusive)

Number of numbers =
$$2.6.3 = 36$$

$$Total = 15 + 36 = 51$$

Sum of digits in
$$N = 6$$

85. Number of 1 digit number = 2

Number of 2 digit number =
$$2 \times 2 = 2^2$$

Number of 3 digit number =
$$2 \times 2 \times 2 = 2^3$$

:

Number of 8 digit number = $2 \times 2 \times \dots \times 2 = 2^8$

Number of 9 digit number = $1 \times 2 \times 2 \times \times 2 (8 \text{ times}) = 2^8$

Total numbers =
$$2 + 2^2 + 2^3 + \dots + 2^8 + 2^8 = \frac{2(2^8 - 1)}{2 - 1} + 2^8 = 2^9 - 2 + 2^8 = 766$$

- 86. 1. Q__<u>S</u>____
- 1. <u>S</u>__Q____
- 2. _Q__<u>S</u>___
- 2. <u>S</u>__Q___
- 3. __<u>Q</u>__<u>S</u>__
- 3. __<u>S</u>__Q__
- 4. ___<u>Q</u>__<u>S</u>_
- 4. ___<u>S</u>__Q_
- 5. ____Q_<u>S</u>
- 5. <u>S</u> Q

Total ways = 5 + 5 = 10

remaining 6 letters (U, E, T, I, O, N) can be arranged among themselves in 6! Ways required number of ways = $6! \times 10 = 720 \times 10 = 7200$

- 87. n(A) = 2, n(B) = 3
 - No. of one one functions = ${}^{n(B)}P_{n(A)} = {}^{3}P_{2} = 3 \times 2 = 6$
- 88. Following are the cases in which the 4-digit numbers strictly greater than 4321 can be formed using digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

Case (i)
$$4 \ 3 \ 2$$

= 4 numbers

$$2/3/4/5 \rightarrow 4$$
 ways

Case (ii)
$$4 \ 3$$
 \Rightarrow = 3 x 6 = 18 numbers
 $3/4/5 \ 0/1/2/3/4/5$
 $\rightarrow 3$ ways $\rightarrow 6$ ways

Case (iii)
$$4 = 2 \times 6 \times 6 = 72 \text{ numbers}$$

$$4/5 \qquad 0/1/2/3/4/5$$

$$\rightarrow 2 \text{ways} \qquad \rightarrow 6 \text{ways}$$

Case (iv)
$$5$$
 = 6 x 6 x 6 = 216 numbers
 $0/1/2/3/4/5$
 \rightarrow 6ways

required total = 4 + 18 + 72 + 216 = 310

89. Four particular flowers can be treated as 1 unit

1 unit of four flowers, remaining four flowers = 5 units of flowers

5 units of flowers can be string in a garland = $\frac{(5-1)!}{2} = \frac{4!}{2}$

1 unit of four flowers can be arranged among themselves in = 4! Ways

required number of ways = $\frac{4!}{2} \times 4! = 12 \times 24 = 288$

90. Total number of variables if only alphabet is used is 26

Total number of variables if alphabet and digits both are used is $26 \times 10 = 260$

 \therefore The total number of variables = 26 + 260 = 286