NCollin HW9 607

Noah Collin

10/23/2021

Homework 9

Noah Collin DATA 607

Libraries:

```
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages ------ tidyverse 1.3.1 --
## v ggplot2 3.3.5
                   v purrr
                            0.3.4
## v tibble 3.1.4
                   v dplyr
                           1.0.7
## v tidyr
         1.1.3 v stringr 1.4.0
         2.0.1
## v readr
                  v forcats 0.5.1
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                  masks stats::lag()
library(httr)
library(jsonlite)
##
## Attaching package: 'jsonlite'
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
      flatten
```

API Key:

For this homework, I'll hard code in my API Key. If this were to be more "reproducible", I might require a user to enter their API key.

```
#https://api.nytimes.com/svc/search/v2/articlesearch.json?q=election&api-key=yourkey

myapiKey <- "ddddddddddddddddddddddddddd"

print("You're using my API key here. Please consider using your own. If you have one, enter it here.
```

[1] "You're using my API key here. Please consider using your own. If you have one, enter it here.

```
UserInput <- ""
UserInput <- readline();

library(stringr)
if (str_length(myapiKey) == str_length(UserInput)) {
   myapiKey <- UserInput
   print("Thanks for using your own API key.")
} else {
   print("You're using my key still. Please don't overuse it...")
}</pre>
```

[1] "You're using my key still. Please don't overuse it..."

API Variables:

I'm going to search for the term *stenographer*. If you're so inclined, you can change the search term, sort by newest, or change the year of search with the variables below. Just un-comment out the comments and make them strings. The filters tend to yield less interesting results honestly.

```
searchTerm <- "stenographer"
sortNewest <- "" #"&sort=newest"
filter1 <- "" #"&fq=pub_year: (2008)"</pre>
```

Calling the API:

Making the DataFrame:

```
headlines <- c()
snippets <- c()
wordCounts <- c()
URLs <- c()
for (i in seq(1:10)) {
```

```
if (length(headlines) > i-1) {
    headlines <- c()
   if (length(snippets) > i-1){
    snippets <- c()</pre>
   if (length(wordCounts) > i-1) {
    wordCounts <- c()</pre>
   }
     if (length(URLs) > i-1) {
    URLs <- c()</pre>
  }
  headlines <- c(headlines, details $response $docs [[i]] $headline $main)
  snippets <- c(snippets,details$response$docs[[i]]$snippet)</pre>
  wordCounts <- c(wordCounts,details$response$docs[[i]]$word_count)</pre>
  URLs <- c(URLs, details$response$docs[[i]]$web_url)</pre>
#print(length(snippets))
df1 <- data_frame("headlines" = headlines, "snippets" = snippets, "Reported Word Count" = wordCounts, "
## Warning: 'data_frame()' was deprecated in tibble 1.1.0.
## Please use 'tibble()' instead.
```

Printing the DataFrame:

The dataframe has four relevant columns populated with the correct information. Please note that the WordCount column seems to give odd results from the NYT API.

```
print(df1)
```

A tibble: 0 x 0