607_HW10_NCollin

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Homework 10

The following code was copied from TidyTextMining.com, originally posted here: https://www.tidytextmining.com/sentiment.html

```
#install.packages("tidytext")
#install.packages("textdata")

library(tidytext)
library(stringr)
```

The following sentiments are from here: AFINN : https://www2.imm.dtu.dk/pubdb/pubs/6010-full.html BING: https://www.cs.uic.edu/~liub/FBS/sentiment-analysis.html NRC : https://saifmohammad.com/WebPages/NRC-Emotion-Lexicon.htm

```
afinn <- (get_sentiments("afinn"))
bing <- get_sentiments("bing")
nrc <- get_sentiments("nrc")</pre>
```

Source for the following code: https://www.tidytextmining.com/sentiment.html

```
library(janeaustenr)
library(dplyr)
```

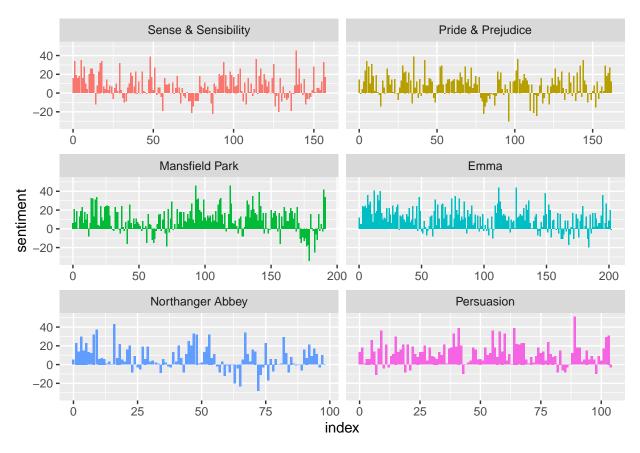
```
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
## filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
## intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

library(stringr)

tidy_books <- austen_books() %>%
    group_by(book) %>%
```

```
mutate(
    linenumber = row_number(),
    chapter = cumsum(str_detect(text,
                               regex("^chapter [\\divxlc]",
                                      ignore_case = TRUE)))) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  unnest_tokens(word, text)
nrc_joy <- get_sentiments("nrc") %>%
  filter(sentiment == "joy")
tidy_books %>%
  filter(book == "Emma") %>%
  inner_join(nrc_joy) %>%
  count(word, sort = TRUE)
## Joining, by = "word"
## # A tibble: 301 x 2
##
     word
##
      <chr>
              <int>
## 1 good
                 359
## 2 friend
                 166
## 3 hope
                 143
                 125
## 4 happy
## 5 love
                 117
## 6 deal
                 92
## 7 found
                  92
                  89
## 8 present
## 9 kind
                  82
                  76
## 10 happiness
## # ... with 291 more rows
library(tidyr)
jane_austen_sentiment <- tidy_books %>%
  inner_join(get_sentiments("bing")) %>%
  count(book, index = linenumber %/% 80, sentiment) %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from = sentiment, values_from = n, values_fill = 0) %%
  mutate(sentiment = positive - negative)
## Joining, by = "word"
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(jane_austen_sentiment, aes(index, sentiment, fill = book)) +
  geom_col(show.legend = FALSE) +
  facet_wrap(~book, ncol = 2, scales = "free_x")
```



```
pride_prejudice <- tidy_books %>%
  filter(book == "Pride & Prejudice")
pride_prejudice
```

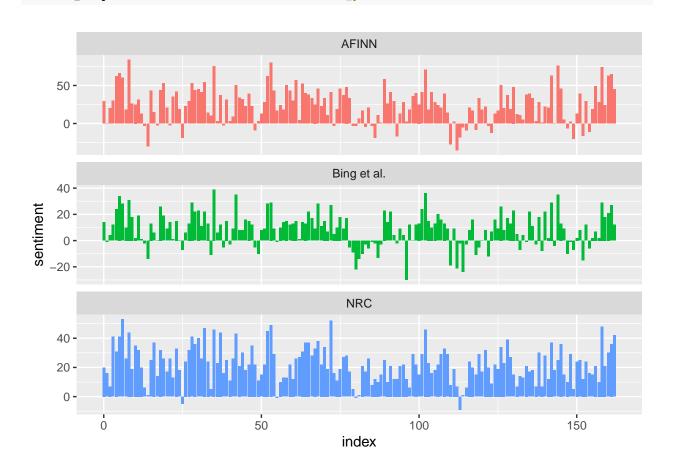
```
##
  # A tibble: 122,204 x 4
##
      book
                         linenumber chapter word
      <fct>
                                      <int> <chr>
##
                              <int>
    1 Pride & Prejudice
                                          0 pride
##
                                  1
##
    2 Pride & Prejudice
                                  1
                                          0 and
                                          0 prejudice
    3 Pride & Prejudice
                                  1
                                  3
##
    4 Pride & Prejudice
                                          0 by
                                  3
    5 Pride & Prejudice
                                          0 jane
                                  3
    6 Pride & Prejudice
                                          0 austen
##
    7 Pride & Prejudice
                                  7
##
                                          1 chapter
    8 Pride & Prejudice
                                  7
                                          1 1
##
    9 Pride & Prejudice
                                 10
                                          1 it
##
## 10 Pride & Prejudice
                                          1 is
                                 10
## # ... with 122,194 more rows
afinn <- pride_prejudice %>%
  inner_join(get_sentiments("afinn")) %>%
  group_by(index = linenumber %/% 80) %>%
  summarise(sentiment = sum(value)) %>%
 mutate(method = "AFINN")
```

Joining, by = "word"

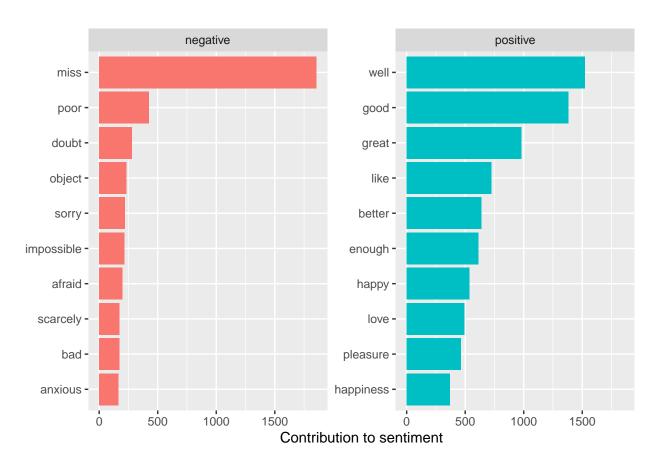
```
bing_and_nrc <- bind_rows(</pre>
  pride_prejudice %>%
    inner_join(get_sentiments("bing")) %>%
    mutate(method = "Bing et al."),
  pride_prejudice %>%
    inner_join(get_sentiments("nrc") %>%
                 filter(sentiment %in% c("positive",
                                          "negative"))
    ) %>%
    mutate(method = "NRC")) %>%
  count(method, index = linenumber %/% 80, sentiment) %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from = sentiment,
              values from = n,
              values_fill = 0) %>%
  mutate(sentiment = positive - negative)
## Joining, by = "word"
## Joining, by = "word"
bind_rows(afinn,
          bing_and_nrc) %>%
  ggplot(aes(index, sentiment, fill = method)) +
```

geom_col(show.legend = F) +

facet_wrap(~method, ncol = 1, scales = "free_y")



```
get_sentiments("nrc") %>%
  filter(sentiment %in% c("positive", "negative")) %>%
  count(sentiment)
## # A tibble: 2 x 2
    sentiment n
##
     <chr>
           <int>
## 1 negative 3318
              2308
## 2 positive
get_sentiments("bing") %>%
 count(sentiment)
## # A tibble: 2 x 2
##
   sentiment n
    <chr> <int>
## 1 negative 4781
## 2 positive
              2005
bing_word_counts <- tidy_books %>%
  inner_join(get_sentiments("bing")) %>%
  count(word, sentiment, sort = TRUE) %>%
  ungroup()
## Joining, by = "word"
bing_word_counts
## # A tibble: 2,585 x 3
##
     word sentiment
                            n
##
      <chr> <chr> <int>
## 1 miss negative 1855
## 2 well positive 1523
## 3 good positive 1380
## 4 great positive
                        981
## 5 like
              positive
                          725
## 6 better
                          639
              positive
## 7 enough
                          613
             positive
## 8 happy
              positive
                          534
## 9 love
              positive
                          495
## 10 pleasure positive
                          462
## # ... with 2,575 more rows
bing_word_counts %>%
  group_by(sentiment) %>%
  slice_max(n, n = 10) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  mutate(word = reorder(word, n)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(n, word, fill = sentiment)) +
  geom_col(show.legend = FALSE) +
 facet_wrap(~sentiment, scales = "free_y") +
  labs(x = "Contribution to sentiment",
      y = NULL
```



```
## # A tibble: 1,150 x 2
##
      word
                 lexicon
##
      <chr>
                 <chr>
##
   1 miss
                 custom
                 SMART
##
    2 a
##
   3 a's
                 SMART
##
  4 able
                 SMART
## 5 about
                 SMART
                 SMART
##
  6 above
   7 according
                 SMART
##
##
  8 accordingly SMART
  9 across
                  SMART
## 10 actually
                  SMART
## # ... with 1,140 more rows
```

```
#install.packages("wordcloud")
library(wordcloud)
```

Loading required package: RColorBrewer

```
tidy_books %>%
  anti_join(stop_words) %>%
  count(word) %>%
  with(wordcloud(word, n, max.words = 100))

## Joining, by = "word"

## Warning in wordcloud(word, n, max.words = 100): elizabeth could not be fit on
## page. It will not be plotted.
```

passed harriet looked catherine elton answer coming SISter character darcy woman house evening anne da short brother home heard tather told feel 0 till glad음 suppose party Sword happiness friends si walk chapter ⊟leave letter replied acquaintance \overline{\overline{8}} love spirits speak Dattention weston opinion perfectly morning immediately thomas ad brought tound eyes affection manner minutes knightley feelings hour elinor marianne woodhouse Crawford pleasure edmund captain

```
library(reshape2)
```

negative



```
p_and_p_sentences <- tibble(text = prideprejudice) %>%
  unnest_tokens(sentence, text, token = "sentences")
p_and_p_sentences$sentence[2]
## [1] "by jane austen"
austen_chapters <- austen_books() %>%
  group_by(book) %>%
  unnest_tokens(chapter, text, token = "regex",
                pattern = "Chapter|CHAPTER [\\dIVXLC]") %>%
  ungroup()
austen_chapters %>%
  group_by(book) %>%
  summarise(chapters = n())
## # A tibble: 6 x 2
##
     book
                         chapters
##
     <fct>
                             <int>
## 1 Sense & Sensibility
                               51
## 2 Pride & Prejudice
                               62
```

```
## 4 Emma
                               56
## 5 Northanger Abbey
                               32
## 6 Persuasion
                               25
bingnegative <- get_sentiments("bing") %>%
  filter(sentiment == "negative")
wordcounts <- tidy_books %>%
  group_by(book, chapter) %>%
  summarize(words = n())
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'book'. You can override using the '.groups' argument.
tidy books %>%
  semi_join(bingnegative) %>%
  group_by(book, chapter) %>%
  summarize(negativewords = n()) %>%
  left join(wordcounts, by = c("book", "chapter")) %>%
  mutate(ratio = negativewords/words) %>%
  filter(chapter != 0) %>%
  slice_max(ratio, n = 1) %>%
  ungroup()
```

```
## Joining, by = "word"
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'book'. You can override using the '.groups' argument.
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 5
##
    book
                         chapter negativewords words ratio
     <fct>
##
                           <int>
                                         <int> <int> <dbl>
                                           161 3405 0.0473
## 1 Sense & Sensibility
                             43
## 2 Pride & Prejudice
                              34
                                           111 2104 0.0528
## 3 Mansfield Park
                              46
                                           173 3685 0.0469
## 4 Emma
                              15
                                           151 3340 0.0452
## 5 Northanger Abbey
                              21
                                           149 2982 0.0500
## 6 Persuasion
                                           62 1807 0.0343
```

49

From https://www.tidytextmining.com/sentiment.html: "These are the chapters with the most sad words in each book, normalized for number of words in the chapter. What is happening in these chapters? In Chapter 43 of Sense and Sensibility Marianne is seriously ill, near death, and in Chapter 34 of Pride and Prejudice Mr. Darcy proposes for the first time (so badly!). Chapter 46 of Mansfield Park is almost the end, when everyone learns of Henry's scandalous adultery, Chapter 15 of Emma is when horrifying Mr. Elton proposes, and in Chapter 21 of Northanger Abbey Catherine is deep in her Gothic faux fantasy of murder, etc. Chapter 4 of Persuasion is when the reader gets the full flashback of Anne refusing Captain Wentworth and how sad she was and what a terrible mistake she realized it to be."

Assignment

3 Mansfield Park

These bodies of text are from the Project Gutenberg. The following texts are downloaded and cited below.

The "physics" assignment line on line number 249 is from https://www.tidytextmining.com/tfidf.html, chapter 3 of the book.

Discourse on Floating Bodies by Galileo Galilei: https://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/37729 Treatise on Light by Christiaan Huygens: http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/14725 Experiments with Alternate Currents of High Potential and High Frequency by Nikola Tesla: http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/13476 Relativity: The Special and General Theory by Albert Einstein: http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/30155

```
#install.packages("gutenbergr")
library(gutenbergr)
physics <- gutenberg_download(c(37729, 14725, 13476, 30155),
                              meta_fields = "author")
## Determining mirror for Project Gutenberg from http://www.gutenberg.org/robot/harvest
## Using mirror http://aleph.gutenberg.org
#install.packages("syuzhet")
library(syuzhet)
Tesla <- physics %>% filter(author == "Tesla, Nikola")
syuzhet_Tesla <- get_nrc_sentiment(toString(unlist(Tesla$text)))</pre>
(syuzhet_Tesla)
     anger anticipation disgust fear joy sadness surprise trust negative positive
## 1
                    120
                             45 108 103
                                               99
                                                        65
                                                              189
                                                                       217
                                                                                366
Galileo <- physics %>% filter(author == "Galilei, Galileo")
Galileo text <- unlist( Galileo$text)</pre>
Galileo_text <- toString(Galileo_text)</pre>
Galileo_scores <- get_nrc_sentiment(Galileo_text)</pre>
Galileo_scores
     anger anticipation disgust fear joy sadness surprise trust negative positive
## 1
        63
                     81
                             39 77 49
                                               71
                                                        32
                                                            125
                                                                       186
                                                                                223
```