EDUCATIONAL ASSESSMENT AND EXAMINATIONS SERVICE (EAES)

ETHEOPIAN SECONDARY SCHOOL LEAVING CERTIFICATE

EXAMINATION (ESSLCE)

SENE, 2017 E.C./JUNE/JULY, 2025 G.C

SUBJECT: BIOLOGY TIME ALLOWED: 2:30 Hours

BOOKLET CODE: 351 SUBJECT CODE: 06

## GENERAL DIRECTIONS:

- I. FOLLOW THE FOLLOWING RULES AND REGULATIONS IN DOING THE EXAMINATION:
  - ENTER THE SUBJECT NAME, SUBJECT CODE, AND BOOKLET CODE GIVEN ABOVE ON THE SEPARATE ANSWER SHEET PROVIDED
  - CHOOSE ONLY THE CORRECT ANSWER FOR EACH QUESTION
  - USE ONLY A PENCIL TO MARK YOUR ANSWERS
- BLACKEN ONLY THE LETTER YOU CHOOSE IN THE CORRESPONDING CIRCLE ON THE ANSWER SHEET
- YOUR MARK SHOULD BE HEAVY AND DARK
- ERASE ALL THE UNNECESSARY MARKS COMPLETELY
- ANY FORM OF CHEATING IS PROHIBITED AND RESULTS IN THE CANCELLATION OF YOUR SCORES
- STOP WORKING IMMEDIATELY WHEN THE ALLOTTED TIME IS UP
- REFER TO THE EXAM BOOKLET FOR FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS FOR EACH QUESTION

#### II. ATTENTION!

ENSURE THAT YOU HAVE WRITTEN ALL THE REQUIRED INFORMATION ON THE SEPARATE ANSWER SHEET CORRECTLY BEFORE RETURNING IT.

DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE OVER UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

EAES WISHES YOU ALL THE BEST!

# EDUCATIONAL ASSESSMENT AND EXAMINATIONS SERVICE (EAES) ETHIOPIAN SECONDARY SCHOOL LEAVING CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION (ESSLCE) Biology, Sene, 2017 E.C./June/July, 2025 G.C

NUMBER OF ITEMS: 100 TIME ALLOWED: 2:30 HOURS

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- 1. Which one of the following Ethiopian biological research institutes is known for housing a major gene bank in Africa?
  - A Addis Ababa University Biology Department
  - B. Institute of Biodiversity Conservation
  - C. Aklilu Lemma Institute of Pathobiology
  - D. Armauer Hansen Research Institute
- 2. A grade 12 student marked two dots close to each other using a pen on a piece of paper and observed them under a microscope. The two dots appeared well separated under the microscope. This was due to
  - A. resolution.

C. staining.

B. magnification.

- D. mounting.
- 3. From the following alternatives select the common features that are found both in animal and plant cells.
  - A. Cell membrane, nucleus cytoplasm, lysosome and Golgi apparatus
  - B. Cell membrane, nucleus, cytoplasm, mitochondria and endoplasmic reticulum
  - C. Cell membrane, nucleus, cytoplasm, chloroplast and Golgi apparatus
  - D. Cell membrane, nucleus, cytoplasm, large vacuole and Golgi apparatus
- 4. A biology teacher grouped his students in to two groups and ordered group I to place a slice of potato in hypertonic solution and group II in hypotonic solution. What will happen to the potato slice in group I and group II? For group I, the potato slice will be
  - A. turgid while for group II it will be flaccid.
  - B. haemolyzed while for group II it will be flaccid.
  - C. turgid while for group II there will be no change.
  - D) flaccid while for group II it will be turgid.

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A man eats only vegetables, beans, banana and orange for one week continuously in his lunch and dinner. For this man, what nutrients are most likely missed in his meal to be a balanced diet?

Carbohydrates

Proteins

B Lipids

D. Minerals

Which of the following is correct about the process of digestion or absorption of food in the small intestine?

Proteins are converted into amino acids by the action of hydrochloric acid and amylase.

B. Bile emulsifies fats to increase the surface area to make it easier for lipase.

Water is reabsorbed into the small intestine and metabolic wastes are CJ excreted.

- D. Glucose and non-hydrolyzed starch molecules are absorbed through the lacteal.
- 7. In an experiment, students wanted to prove that enzymatic digestion begins in the mouth using certain chewed food coated with their own saliva. In order to get a positive result for their experiment, what type of food sample and testing solution should the students use?

Potato and iodine solution

Meat and Benedict's solution B.

C. Fish and sodium hydroxide solution

D. Bread and copper sulphate solution

Compared to the inhaled air what are the percentage of nitrogen, oxygen and 8. carbon dioxide gases in exhaled air, respectively?

80%, 16% and 4% A.

16%, 4% and 80%

80%, 4% and 16% B.

4%, 16% and 80%

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9. Three students carried out different experiments in exhaled air as indicted

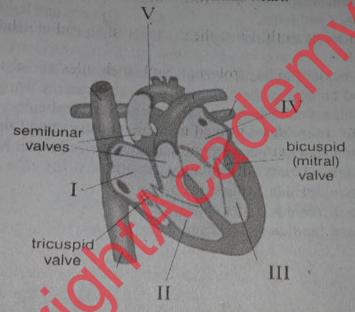
Student I - uses cold glass and blue cobalt chloride paper Student II - uses ice cubes

Student III - uses tube containing lime solution and straw Based on their setup of their preparation, which student plan to demonstrate the presence of water vapour and carbon dioxide, respectively?

I and II B.

C. II and I D. I and III

10. Consider the following structure of the human heart.



In the above diagram, which part is used for forcing oxygenated blood out of the heart and around the body?

A.

B.

III

- If your body cannot make enough red blood cells, which one of the 11. following mineral rich foods can correct this problem?

Α. Iron-rich food C. Iodine-rich food

B. Calcium-rich food D. Sodium-rich food

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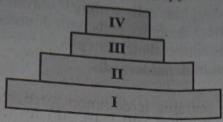
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- 12. A biology teacher provided common names of three organisms; human being, dog and housefly to his students to write the correct scientific names of each organism. In which of the following ways should the students write the correct scientific names, respectively?
  - A. Homo Sapiens, Canis Familiaris and Musca Domestica
  - B. Homo sapiens, Canis familiaris and Musca domestica
  - C. homo sapiens, canis familiaris and musca domestica
  - D. Homo sapiens, Canis familiaris and Musca domestica
- 13. Identify the typical examples for division Gymnospermae and Angiospermae, respectively?
  - A. Mosses and ferns
- C. Grasses and legumes
- B. Liverworts and palm trees
- D. Juniper and roses
- 14. A student made a collection of plants having flowers and seeds from his locality and compared their embryo, leaves and stems using hand lens. He found that all his collections contain a single seed leaf embryo, long and thin with parallel veins of leaves and stem contains scattered vascular bundles. Which option contains plants that can be categorized under his collection?
  - A. Grasses, orchids, teff and roses
  - B. Grasses, orchids, teff and maize
  - C. Grasses, orchids, teff and beans
  - D. Grasses, sunflowers, teff and maize

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15. Consider the following diagram of pyramid of biomass.



Which one of the following statements is correct about the above pyramid of biomass?

- A. The whole organisms at first trophic level is eaten by the organisms above.
- B. When organisms in stage II eat the producers, most of the producer's materials are turned into new secondary consumers.
- C. Much of the biomass from stage II is used by stage III to release energy for living.
- D. At each stage of trophic level, the amount of biomass, which is passed on, supports a large amount of organism in the stage above.
- 16. This item is based on the following diagram of simple food chain.

### Leaves → Grasshoppers → Rodents → Leopards

What will happen if the number of rodents significantly decrease? There will be

- A. an increase in the number of leopards.
- B. fewer grasshoppers in the chain.
- C. no change in the number of leopard.
- D. an increase in the number of grasshoppers.
- 17. Which of the following is NOT a key process involved in carbon cycle?
  - A. Evaporation

- C. Photosynthesis
- B. Cellular respiration
- D. Decomposition

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- 43. Among the following, which one increases the risk to be infected by sexually transmitted infections?
  - Have no history of sexually transmitted infections
  - Misuse of drugs that inhibit your judgment B
  - Protective sexual contact and medical treatment C.
  - Consistent use of condoms during intercourse D.
- Two women were decided not to have pregnancy in the near future and they were offered two different contraceptive options. In woman I, the material fitted in her uterus did not allow the sperm to fertilize the egg. In woman II, the contraceptive prevented hormone production and the releasing of eggs from the ovaries. Which type of contraceptive methods did woman I and II used, respectively?
  - Sterilization and Injectable contraceptives Depo-Provera
  - Post pill and copper-coated intrauterine device B.
  - Contraceptive injection and contraceptive implant
  - D. Copper-coated intrauterine device and contraceptive injection
- The finding of the study conducted in two different villages showed that there are harmful practices that affect reproductive health. The common practices in village I were forcing underage girls to get married based norms and sexual abuse or harassment. In village 2 abduction to make the girl a wife unwillingly was very common. Which one of the following options is correct about the two villages?
  - In village 1, gender-based violence, kidnapping and female genital mutilation are common.
  - B. In village 1, gender-based violence and early marriage are common.
  - In village 2, kidnapping and female genital mutilation are common.
  - In village 2, gender-based violence and female genital mutilation are common
- 46. How drinking alcohol can contribute for HIV transmission? By A.
  - improving the decision making ability of a person B.
  - driving more willingly to participate in risky behaviors (C) impotency or loss of sexual drive both in male and female
  - increasing rate of the retrovirus multiplication capacity

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- Select the option that the whole lists contain renewable natural resources.

  A. Coal, oil patural A. Coal, oil, natural gas and minerals
- Coal, wind, hydro power and biomass
- Sunlight, wind, hydro power and natural gas Sunlight, wind, hydro power and biomass
- This item is based on the following list of activities.
  - Establishing national parks
  - Wild sanctuaries
  - III.
  - Preparing wild life reserves

Practicing overgrazing Which of the above activities CANNOT be used for the conservation of wild life?

- II
- B.

- Among the following options, identify the air pollutants that can cause acid 49. rain and its effects, respectively.
  - A. Carbon dioxide and methane melting of ice caps and rising of oceans
  - B Sulphur dioxides and nitrogen dioxides - damaging plants and water
  - C. Chlorofluorocarbons - increasing UV rays and respiratory disease
  - Perfluorocarbons causing skin cancer and cataracts D.
- Which of the following is the cause and effect of global warming, 50. respectively?
  - Greenhouse gases and dropping of sea levels A.
  - Greenhouse gases and loss of biodiversity B
  - Burning of fossil fuels and increase in species diversity
  - Burning of fossil fuels and dropping of sea level

- 51. What is the primary purpose of creating transgenic organisms? To
  - generate pathogenic organisms that fight against non-pathogenic ones
  - produce organisms that mimic human beings in every aspect of B. behaviors
  - C. promote expression of desired genes that improve nutritional quality of organisms
  - D. produce novel organisms that can affect reproduction across different species
- What is the role of biology in the investigation of a criminal case? To 52.
  - detect flavor compounds in food and monitor environmental pollutants not been selection
    - B. examine potential sources of evidences using blood, saliva and hair
    - sense pathogens and herbicides using immunochemical detection
- determine the production of complex organic compounds using mold D. bios sauso a fungus anatallog na sau viene
- 53. How does biological washing powder save energy? Because they
  - A. use lipase enzyme without other combination for any stain in clothes.
    - B. are effective in cleaning clothes at lower temperatures without boiling
    - are effective in removing dirty ores in clothes without spraying acidic water. was to be
    - use protease enzyme without other combination for any stain in clothes.
- What is biological warfare? The use of 4.
  - selective genes to produce genetically modified organisms A. B.
  - cloning technique to make exact genetic copies of an organism C.
  - bacteria, fungi and viruses as a biological agent to control pests D
  - infectious agents with the intent to kill humans, animals or plants

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- Which of the following correctly describes the general features of bacteria? They are unicellular microbes with

  - true nucleus and are omnipresent in nature. B.
  - rigid cell wall and diverse mode of nutrition. C. mitochondria and a special type of chlorophyll.
  - Golgi bodies and genetic materials of a cell.
- Which group of archaea are found in volcanic vents and hot vapors that 56. contain either obligate aerobes, facultative aerobes or obligate anaerobes?
  - Hyperthermophiles

Halophiles

B Acidophiles

- Psychrophiles . D
- From the fungal disease given below, which one is transmitted sexually?
  - Candidiasis

Dermatophytosis C.

Aspergillosis

- D. Tineas
- This item is based on the following choices of feeding habit employed by 58. organisms.
  - Using nutrients dissolved in the surrounding medium I.
  - Manufacturing own nutrients by photosynthesis II.
  - Depending on other plants or animals for food

Which method/s the protozoan used to get their nutrition? They employed

I only. A.

II and III only.

I and II only. B.

- I, II and III.
- Which one of the following diseases is correctly matched with its symptoms 59. and method of transmission?
  - Chickenpox runny and stuffy nose respiratory droplets A.
  - Measles paralysis and hydrophobia bite from infected animals B.
  - Polio commonly no sign and symptoms fecal-oral-route C.)
  - Rabies swollen and painful protid glands through infected saliva

BO

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60. In order to link a specific microorganism to a specific disease, Koch used mouse as experimental animal. He took a small amount of blood from a diseased mouse and injected into a healthy mouth, the latter quickly injected it into another; again he observed the symptoms of anthrax. What was his first postulate related with this procedure?

A. The same microorganisms are present in every case of the diseases.

B. The isolated

B. The isolated microorganisms can cause the same disease to susceptible animal.

C. The same pathogens are isolated and re-cultivated from experimental animal.

- D. The microorganisms are isolated from the tissue of a dead animal and pure culture is prepared.
- 61. Sleeping sickness is transmitted by

A. biting of tsetse flies.

C. eating contaminated food.

B. sexual intercourse.

D. droplet infection.

Considering the diverse application of microorganisms, which of the following best evaluates their overall importance? They have

A. abundant benefits that are essential for life on Earth.

B. a great disadvantage and limited advantage.

C. limited impact on the environment.

D. few applications in the areas of biotechnology and medicine.

Suppose a clinical nurse used a needle to treat a person with HIV/AIDS. What would be the most appropriate method of controlling such microbial infection?

A. Incineration

C. Sanitization

B. Tyndallization

D. Preservation

- 17 64. As a clinical microbiologist, suppose you want to collect microbes from a food sample and isolated as suppose you want to collect microbes from a food sample and isolate them via serial dilution. How do you determine the isolated colonies that grow on artificial media? By

  - counting the number of strains on the plate B.
  - cross checking with other preserved specimens C.
  - observing their morphological features inoculating them into other infected animals D
- What is the main difference between anabolism and catabolism in cellular metabolic pathways? Anabolism
  - absorbs energy while catabolism releases energy.
  - B is destructive while catabolism is constructive process
  - C. occurs during respiration while catabolism occurs in photosynthesis.
  - breaks down macromolecules while catabolism buildups them. D.
- In a hypothetical scenario where photosynthesis ceased to occur on the earth, 66. the long-term consequences on the continuity of life would be
  - remained unaffected since other sources of energy exist. A.
  - collapsed that could lead to mass extinction. B
  - balanced between CO2 and O2 appropriately.
  - disordered although animal life would flourish. D.
- What are the roles of grana and stroma in the process of photosynthesis? 67. Grana is a site for
  - cyclic pathway while stroma is a site for non-cyclic pathway. A.
  - photolysis of water while stroma is a site for carbon fixation. B.
  - generation of sugar while stroma is a site for photolysis of water. C.
  - production of NADPH while stroma is a site for chemiosmosis. D.

B

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- 68. Which one of the following comparisons between cyclic and non-cyclic photophosphorylation is correct? Non-cyclic photophosphorylation
  - produces ATP, NADPH and O2, but cyclic produces ATP and
  - B. uses oxygen as the final electron acceptor, but cyclic uses cytochrome b-c1 complex. C.
  - uses photosystem I as electron donor, but cyclic uses water as an electron donor.
  - involves both photosystems I and II, but cyclic uses only photosystem
- All of the following events happen in the reduction stages of the Calvin 69
  - combining of CO<sub>2</sub> with RuBP.
  - B. utilization of ATP and NADPH molecules. C.
  - conversion of 3-PGA into a sugar molecule.
  - D. donating of electrons to a 3C-intermediats to form G3P.
- 70. What happens in the mitochondrion during the reactions of photorespiration? A.
  - Glycine is converted to serine with the release of CO<sub>2</sub> and NH<sub>3</sub>. B.
  - Glycolate is converted to glyoxylate with the release of H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>. C.
  - Glycerate is converted to GP with the release of ADP. D.
  - Phosphoglycolate is converted to glycolate with the release of Pi.
- How does photosynthesis ensure the continuity of life? By 71.
  - constantly adding carbon dioxide to the atmosphere B.
  - maintaining carbon dioxide and oxygen balance in the atmosphere C.
  - constantly removing oxygen from the atmosphere D.
  - adding natural gas and absorbing methane from the atmosphere

1 19 Which of the following is the difference between substrate level phosphorylation phosphorylation? Substrate level

occurs in the inner mitochondrial membrane while oxidative phosphorylation occurs in the cytosol. B. occurs during glycolysis and Kreb's cycle while oxidative

phosphorylation occurs during electron transport chain. has the same source of energy as oxidative phosphorylation. occurs in aerobic respiration while oxidative phosphorylation in

Which one of the following is correct about the energy liberation phase of

hydrolyses two ATP molecules and raises the free energy of glucose. B.

breaks six carbon molecules into two glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate molecules.

C. releases one water molecule and dihydroxyacetone phosphate molecule.

D. produces four ATP, two NADH and two molecules of pyruvate.

74. Which one of the following statements describes an event of the process of electron transport system correctly?

Oxygen serves as a terminal electron acceptor in the production of A./ ATP

Thirteen ATP molecules are invested when electrons are transferred B. from NADH/FADH2 to O2.

More than 90% of the total ATP is produced by substrate-level C. phosphorylation.

Is happens due to the difference in pH as the inside mitochondrial D. membrane is more acidic.

In a complete oxidation of glucose molecule, how many net ATP molecules 75. are produced by substrate level phosphorylation?

A

4 B.

D. 10

BOC

80.

- 76. What is the difference between aerobic and anaerobic respirations?
  - Aerobic respiration ends with different products while the same product results in anaerobic respiration.
  - Proteins are the main respiratory substrate for both aerobic and anaerobic respiration.
  - C. Aerobic respiration produces much more energy than anaerobic respiration.
  - Glycolysis is the first pathway for aerobic while Kreb's cycle is for anaerobic respiration.
- Which one of the following statements disproves spontaneous generation theory based on a step wise experimental work?
  - Life is an inherent property of the universe and everlasting.
  - Different life forms on the Earth were created by a supreme being B. within six days.
  - Both macro and micro-organisms could arise from pre-existing C. organisms. D.
  - Life has reached to the Earth in the form of spores with falling meteorite.
- Based on comparative anatomy, chimpanzee is the closest relative to humans 78. because of the similarities in their
  - haemoglobin sequence. DNA sequence. B.
  - fossil remains. pentadactyl limb.
  - Which one of the following causes of variation allows infertile hybrids to become fertile in plant evolution?
    - Reproductive isolation C. Polyploidy cell B.
    - Sympatric speciation D. Geographical separation

Telegram @BrightAcademy9\_12

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- This item is based on the following course of human evolution.

  1. Use of 5. 1. Use of fire and other tools
  - 2. Increase in brain size

  - 3. Emergence of Homo sapiens

4. Bipedal walking and arboreal life

Which of the following is the correct order of the above evolutionary time

2, 1, 3, 4 1, 3, 4, 2 D. 3, 2, 4, 1 D. 4, 2, 1, 3

81. This item is based on the following diagram, which illustrates the occurrence of mutation in a certain sequence of nucleotides.

GAC GGG ATG GAG GGG ATT GAG GAG I GAC glycine isoleucine glutamic glutamic aspartic gycine methionine glutamic glutamic

acid acid acid Mutated sequence Original sequence

The type of mutation that occurred in the above sequence of nucleotides is addition.

C. deletion.

substitution. D. inversion. B.

- Which of the following is NOT a common cause of genetic mutation?
  - Exposure to ultra-violet radiation
  - Errors in DNA replication
  - Extensive physical exercise
  - Experiences of using chemical substance
- Which genetic phenomenon is common for both bottleneck and founder 83.
  - High mutation rate that enhances adaptation effects?
  - Genetic drift that reduces diversity in the population
  - Gene flow that increases inbreed and disease's resistance B.
  - Natural selection that results from gradual evolutionary changes

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89.

90.

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84. In a scenario where a male black lion population left its terrestrial territory and joined a white female lion population in an isolated Island to mate, there would be a

A. decrease in black lion population in the isolated Island.

- B. genetic variation in terrestrial population due to immigration.
- C. random introduction of new alleles into the Island population.
- D. change in allele frequencies of terrestrial population but not in Island.
- 85. Which of the following is an example of anthropogenic driving factor that contributes to species extinction?
  - A. Earth quack

- C. Expansions of agriculture
- B. Volcanic eruption
- D. Outbreak of wild-fire
- 86. Which one of the following statements is correct about nervous system? It
  - A. takes air into and out of the body to supply oxygen and remove carbon dioxide.
  - B. uses blood vessels to transport blood around the body through the heart.
  - C. consist of cells that produce and secret chemicals into the blood stream via duct.
  - D. receives and processes sensory information from internal and external parts of the body.
- 87. What is the best justification for the role of voltage-gated ion channels in nerve impulse transmission? They
  - A. actively respond to membrane potential changes, leading to depolarization.
  - B. block the ions movement across the membrane to sustain neuron.
  - C. allow potassium ions diffuse to the inside of the axon, forming repolarization.
  - D. produce energy when the sodium ions move to the inside of the axon.
- 88. Which one of the following ions are used to facilitate the release of neurotransmitters to the synaptic cleft before binding to postsynaptic receptor?
  - A. Calcium ions

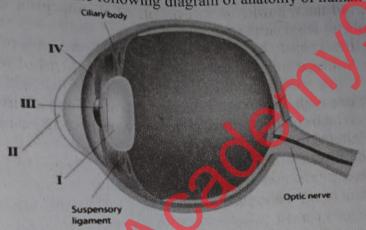
C. Potassium ions

B. Magnesium ions

D. Sodium ions

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- Find the correct path way of reflex arc that prevents you from physical damage up on the sudden touching of hot plate.

  - Interneuron → receptor → motor neuron → effector Sensory neuron→ motor neuron→ spinal cord→ effector B. C.
  - Sensory neuron→ spinal cord→ motor neuron→ effector D.
- Interneuron → spinal cord → motor neuron → effector This item is based on the following diagram of anatomy of human eye. 90.



Which labeled part is responsible for controlling the diameter of the pupil according to the light source?

A.

III

II B.

- D.
- Select the option that contains the correct match of human ear structure and 91.
  - Eustachian tube balancing air pressure of the middle ear and throat its function.
  - Semicircular canals concerned with production of nerve impulse
  - Ear ossicles concerned with the detection of motion B. C.
  - Cochlea transmits sound from the incus to the auditory nerve D.

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This item is based on the following list of events that happen during hearing.

Transmission of amplified sound waves to the ear ossicles

II. Movement of sensory hair as a result of vibration of the fluid in the cochlea

III. Transmission of nerve impulse into the brain and response to the sound stimulus

IV. The pinna directs sound waves into the eardrum

Based on the above lists, which alternative shows the correct steps of the events of hearing?

A.  $IV \rightarrow III \rightarrow II \rightarrow I$ 

B.  $I \rightarrow II \rightarrow III \rightarrow IV$ 

93. Suppose low metabolic rate, cretinism and retarded mental and physical development are common problems of infants and childhood in a small village. Which condition in the endocrine system results in these problems?

A. Extreme hypothyroidism

B Malfunction of adrenal cortex

C Over production of parathyroid hormone

D. Lack of adrenalin production

94. If a woman is admitted to hospital for giving birth, which hormone is helping her in the delivery of her baby and releasing of milk?

A. Vasopressin

C. Oxytocin

B. Aldosterone

D Progesterone

95. How ultrafiltration takes place in the human kidney? By

A. increasing the concentration of urine in the muscular sac using a collecting duct

B. building the pressure of the knot of blood vessels in the Bowman's capsule

C. diffusing of glucose molecules into the first coiled tubule of microvilli reabsorbing of water into the blood in the second coiled tubule using ADH

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- SUBJECT CODE: 06 Assume a patient with type II diabetes gets an advice to practice regular exercise to raise the popular diabetes gets an advice to practice regular. 25 exercise to raise the number of insulin receptors. Then, how does insulin regulate the blood glasses of insulin receptors. Then, how does insulin regulate the blood glucose level if it is high in this patient? It stimulates

  A. glycolysis which
  - glycolysis, which converts glucose into pyruvate.

  - glycogenesis, which converts glucose into glycogen. lipolysis that converts fatty acid into glucose. C.
  - gluconeogenesis that creates glucose from amino acids. D
- Imagine the water content of the blood is low when you take in much salt with your food the blood is low when you take in much salt with your food. What would happen in your kidney to regulate this situation? Osmoreceptor stimulates the
  - adrenal gland to release adrenalin that increases conversion of glycogen to glucose in the blood.
  - hypothalamus that release aldosterone and sodium ions to reabsorb B. back into the blood.
  - pituitary gland to release ADH to reabsorb water back into the blood. C.
  - ADH to release cortisone that promotes resistance to water stress. D.
- Several current studies point out that very large quantity of greenhouse gases have been added into Earth's atmosphere due to human activities. What 98. would be the most likely responsible gas and its major sources, respectively?
  - Methane aluminum smelting and semiconductor manufacturing A.
  - Carbon dioxide fossil fuel combustion, deforestation, oil and gas B.
  - Sulphur hexafluoride landfills, rice paddies, digestive tracts of cattle
  - Perfluorocarbons electric transmission, magnesium and aluminum C. D. production

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- 99. The effect of increased climate change on agricultural productivity is associated with
  - A. land use change and expansion of monoculture farming that yields high productivity.
  - B. agroforestry system that increases the mixture of multipurpose trees and crops.
  - C. drought that triggers wild fire, which can consume millions of acres of forest.
  - D. reduction of available water that leads to decrease in biological resources.
- 100. Which one of the following local community practices in Ethiopia is considered as an environmental action that addresses climate change mitigation? Culture of
  - A. respecting humanity that promotes eco-tourism industry
  - B. negotiating mechanism that is led by elders to reduce social unrest
  - C, planting millions of seedlings following the green legacy initiative
  - D. treating different diseases with herbal remedies by traditional healers

THE END