

Usa Sammapun

Different levels of test

- Unit testing test individual unit of software such as method, class
- Integration testing test interaction between class/component
- **System testing** end-to-end test, including UI and database ทำตั้งแต่ user เลยไปถึง system แล้ว return ไป user
- User acceptance testing test whether the software meets users' satisfaction ให้ user เป็นคนทำ

Acceptance test

- Unit tests are necessary but insufficient as verification tools.
 - Verify that the small elements of the system work
 - Do not verify that the system works properly as a whole.

เราสามารถรู้ว่าจะต้องเทสอะไรจากการคอ่านโค้ดได้

- Unit tests: white box tests to verify individual mechanisms of system.
- Acceptance tests: black box tests to verify customer requirements are being met. ตัว code ตรงตามทความต้องการ user ไหม

Acceptance test

- Acceptance tests
 - Customers write them to verify a desired feature is correct
 - Programmers read them to truly understand the feature.
- Unit tests serve as executable documentation for internal of system
- UAT serve as executable documentation of feature of system
- Acceptance tests—ultimate requirement documentation of features

- automated <u>acceptance testing</u> tools เวลาเขียนเทสเคสสามารถเขียนเป็นประโยคบอกเล่าได้
 - Allows users to specify <u>requirement</u> + <u>test case</u> via a <u>"feature"</u> file

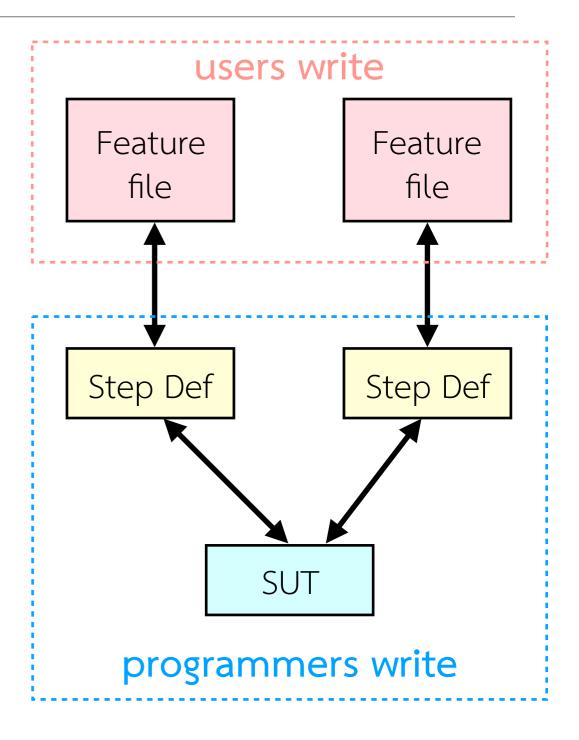
```
Feature: Buy products
                   As a customer
                   I want to buy products
               Background: before ของ scenario จะรันก่อน
                   Given a product Bread with price 20.50 exists
                   And a product Jam with price 80.00 exists
               Scenario: Buy one product
KEYWORD
                   When I buy Bread with quantity 2
                   Then total should be 41.00
               Scenario: Buy multiple products
           สถานการณ์ When I buy Bread with quantity 2
                   And I buy Jam with quantity 1
                   Then total should be 121.00
```

user เป็นคนเขียนได้

- Feature file : ระบุกรณีทดสอบ
- Testing engine (Cucumber / jUnit)
 - เชื่อมกรณีทดสอบกับ feature และรันเทส
- Step definition file

ระบุทีจะ map ว่าเราจะเอาเทสกับ feature file map กันยังใง

- นิยามประโยคใน feature ให้เป็นโค้ดเทส
- System under test (SUT)
 - ซอฟต์แวร์/ระบบที่ต้องการทดสอบ



Simple scenario

```
Scenario: Buy one product
                                         Given a product Bread with price 20.50 exists
public class BuyStepdefs {
                                         When I buy Bread with quantity 2
                                         Then total should be 41.00
   private ProductCatalog catalog;
   private Order order;
   @Before
   public void setup() {
       catalog = new ProductCatalog();
                                                       System under test
       order = new Order();
   @Given("a product (.+) with price (.+) exists")
   public void a_product_with_price_exists(String name, double price) {
       catalog.addProduct(name, price);
   @When("I buy (.+) with quantity (.+)")
   public void i_buy_with_quantity(String name, int quant) {
       Product prod = catalog.getProduct(name);
       order.addItem(prod, quant);
                                                                    Step definition file
   @Then("total should be (.+)")
   public void total_should_be(double total) {
       assertEquals(total, order.getTotal());
```

Feature: Buy products

As a customer

I want to buy products

- Software development collaboration tool
 - Lets **customers** and analysts write "**executable**" acceptance tests using simple formats in a "feature" file
 - Developers write "step definition" to link the test cases with the actual system itself
- Cucumber compares these test cases in a "feature" file with actual values from SUT (system under test) and colors results
 - Work with Java, Ruby, JavaScript, etc.

Test results

- ← → C (i) localhost:63342/cucumber-shop/target/cucumber/index.html
- ▼ Feature: Buy products

 As a customer I want to buy products
 - ▼ Background: Given a product Bread with price 20.50 exists And a product Jam with price 80.00 exists
 - ▼ Scenario: Buy one product When I buy Bread with quantity 2 Then total should be 41.00
 - Background:
 - ▼ Scenario: Buy multiple products When I buy Bread with quantity 2 And I buy Jam with quantity 1 Then total should be 121.00

Writing executable requirement / test case



Given a context

When an event happens

Then an outcome should occur

BDD 5-89 744-

- Keyword เช่น
 - Given
 - When
 - Then
 - And
 - Background

Simple scenario

```
I want to buy products
                                    Scenario: Buy one product
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public class BuyStepdefs {
                                         When I buy Bread with quantity 2
                                         Then total should be 41.00
   private ProductCatalog catalog;
   private Order order;
   @Before
   public void setup() {
       catalog = new ProductCatalog();
                                                            Before hook : รันก่อนทดสอบ
       order = new Order():
                                                            ลักษณะเดียวกับ @BeforeEach
   @Given("a product (.+) with price (.+) exists")
   public void a_product_with_price_exists(String name, double price) {
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                                                                    นิยามประโยคใน Given
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Feature: Buy products

As a customer

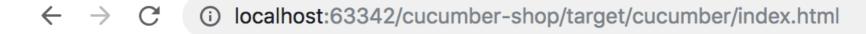
I want to buy products

Test runner in jUnit

```
package ku.shop;
import cucumber.api.CucumberOptions;
import cucumber.api.junit.Cucumber;
import org.junit.runner.RunWith;

@RunWith(Cucumber.class)
@CucumberOptions(
    format = {"pretty", "html:target/cucumber"},
    features = {"classpath:features/buy.feature"}
)
public class BuyUAT {
}
```

Test results



- ▼ Feature: Buy products

 As a customer I want to buy products
 - ▼ Scenario: Buy one product Given a product Bread with price 20.50 exists When I buy Bread with quantity 2 Then total should be 41.00

Example code

- https://github.com/ladyusa/cucumber-shop
- https://github.com/ladyusa/cucumber-atm