NAME - NOOR FATHIMA ARFA

USN - 1BM19CS108

SUBJECT - DATA STRUCTURE

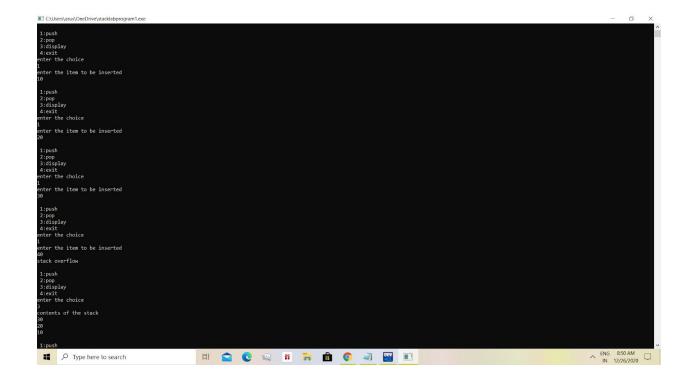
ACADEMIC YEAR - 2020-21

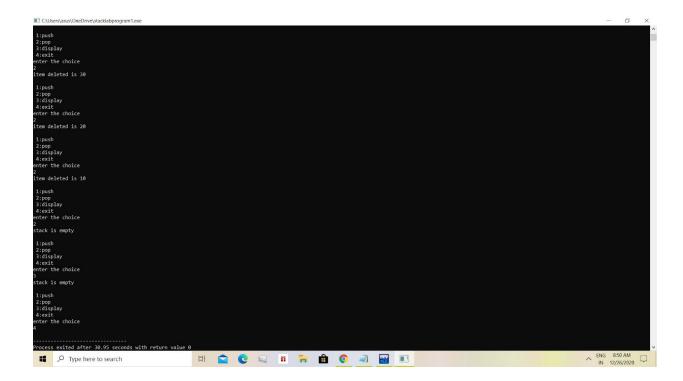
LAB PROGRAM

 $printf("%d\n",s[i]);$

```
1) Write a program to simulate the working of stack using an array with the following:
 a) Push
b) Pop
c) Display
The program should print appropriate messages for stack overflow, stack empty.
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<process.h>
#define STACK_SIZE 3
int top=-1;
int s[10];
int item;
void push()
if(top==STACK_SIZE-1)
printf("stack overflow\n");
return;
top=top+1;
s[top]=item;
int pop()
if(top==-1) return -1;
return s[top--];
void display()
{
int i;
if(top==-1)
printf("stack is empty\n");
return;
printf("contents of the stack\n");
for(i=top; i>=0; i--)
```

```
}
void main()
int item_deleted;
int choice;
for(;;)
printf("\n 1:push\n 2:pop\n 3:display\n 4:exit\n");
printf("enter the choice\n");
scanf("%d",&choice);
switch(choice)
case 1:
printf("enter the item to be inserted\n");
scanf("%d",&item);
push();
break;
case 2:item_deleted=pop();
if(item_deleted==-1)
printf("stack is empty\n");
printf("item deleted is %d\n",item_deleted);
break;
case 3:display();
break;
default:exit(0);
}
}
```



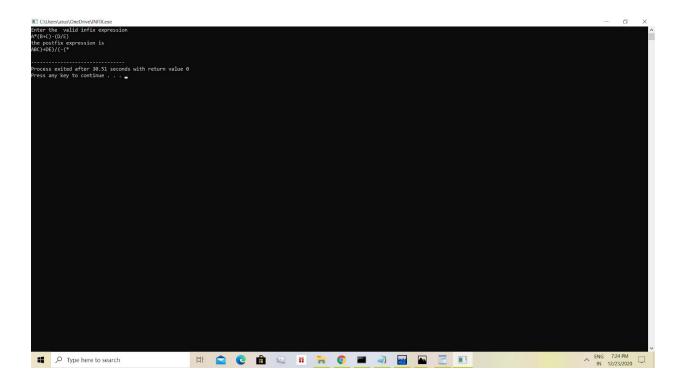


2) WAP to convert a given valid parenthesized infix arithmetic expression to postfix expression. The expression consists of single character operands and the binary operators + (plus), - (minus), * (multiply) and / (divide).

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
int F(char symbol){
        switch(symbol){
                case '+':
                case '-': return 2;
                case '*':
                case '/':return 4;
                case'^':
                case '$':return 5;
                case '(': return 0;
                case '#': return -1;
                default : return 8;
        }
int G(char symbol){
        switch(symbol){
                case '+':
```

```
case '-': return 1;
                 case '*':
                 case '/':return 3;
                 case'^':
                 case '$':return 6;
                 case '(': return 9;
                 case '#': return 0;
                 default : return 7;
        }
}
void infix_postfix(char infix[],char postfix[])
        int top,i,j;
        char s[30],symbol;
        top=-1;
        s[++top]='#';
        j=0;
        for(i=0;i<strlen(infix);i++)</pre>
        {
                 symbol=infix[i];
                 while(F(s[top])>G(symbol))
                         postfix[j]=s[top--];
                         j++;
                 if(F(s[top])!=G(symbol))
                 s[++top]=symbol;
                 else
                 top--;
        }
        while(s[top]!='#')
        {
                 postfix[j++]=s[top--];
        postfix[j]='\0';
        }
        int main(){
                 char infix[20];
                 char postfix[20];
           printf("Enter the valid infix expression\n");
           scanf("%s",infix);
           infix_postfix(infix,postfix);
           printf("the postfix expression is\n");
```

```
printf("%s\n",postfix);}
```

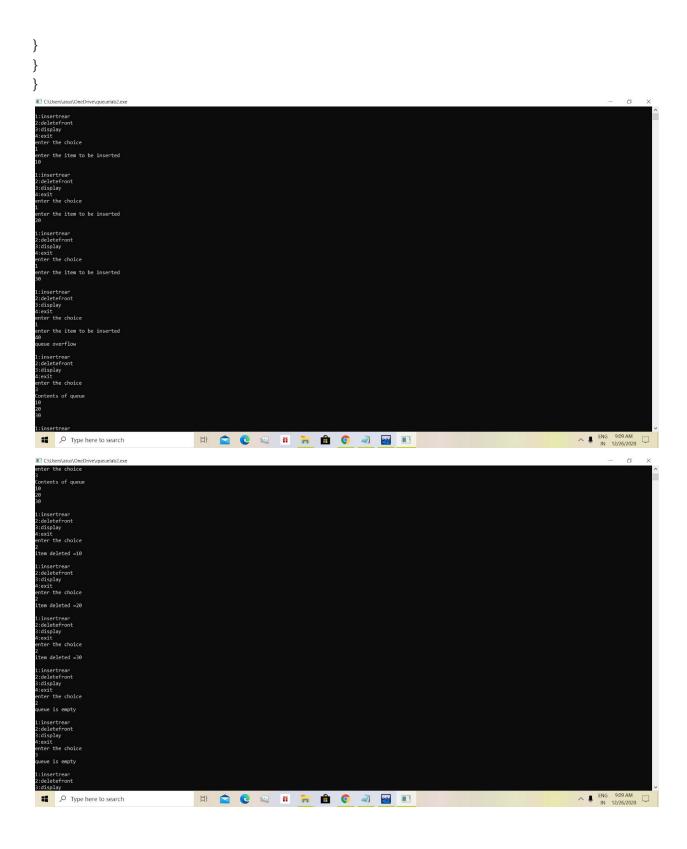


- **3**) WAP to simulate the working of a queue of integers using an array. Provide the following operations
- a) Insert
- b) Delete
- c) Display

The program should print appropriate messages for queue empty and queue empty conditions

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<process.h>
#define QUE_SIZE 3
int item,front=0,rear=-1,q[10];
void insertrear()
{
  if(rear==QUE_SIZE-1)
{
    printf("queue overflow\n");
    return;
}
  rear=rear+1;
q[rear]=item;
```

```
int deletefront()
if(front>rear)
return -1;
return q[front++];
void displayQ()
int i;
if(front>rear)
printf("queue is empty\n");
return;
}
printf("Contents of queue \n");
for(i=front;i<=rear;i++)</pre>
printf("%d\n",q[i]);
}
void main()
int choice;
for(;;)
printf("\n1:insertrear\n2:deletefront\n3:display\n4:exit\n");
printf("enter the choice\n");
scanf("%d",&choice);
switch(choice)
case 1:printf("enter the item to be inserted\n");
scanf("%d",&item);
insertrear();
break;
case 2:item=deletefront();
if(item==-1)
printf("queue is empty\n");
printf("item deleted =%d\n",item);
break;
case 3:displayQ();
break;
default:exit(0);
```



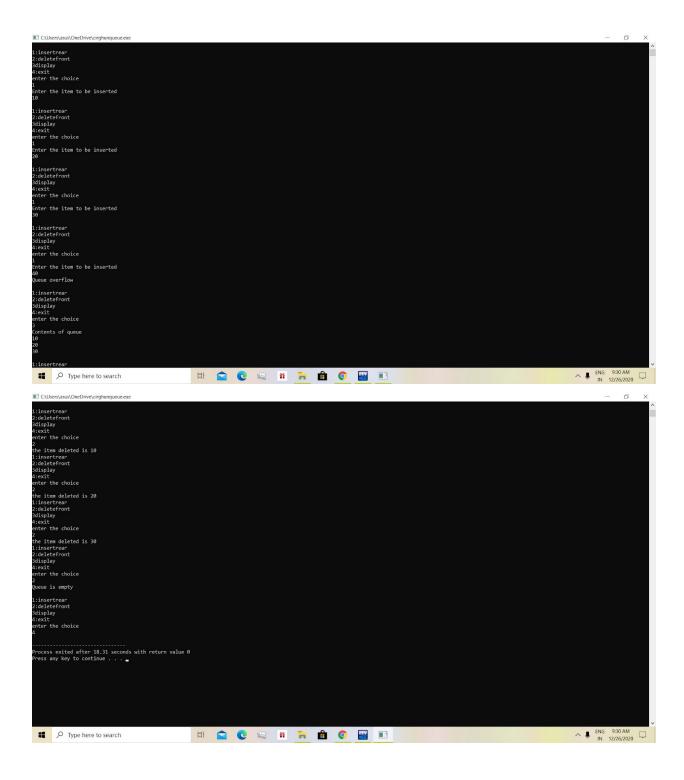
4)WAP to simulate the working of a Circular queue of integers using an array. Provide the following operations

- a) Insert
- b) Delete
- c) Display

The program should print appropriate messages for queue empty and queue overflow conditions

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<process.h>
#define QUE_SIZE 3
int item,front=0,rear=-1,q[QUE_SIZE],count=0;
void insertrear()
{
       if(count==QUE_SIZE)
               printf("Queue overflow\n");
               return;
       }
       else
       rear=(rear+1)%QUE_SIZE;
       q[rear]=item;
       count++;
int deletefront()
       if(count==0)
       return -1;
       else
       item=q[front];
       front=(front+1)%QUE_SIZE;
       count=count-1;
       return item;
void display()
       int i;
       if(count==0)
               printf("Queue iis empty");
               return;
       else
```

```
printf("Contents of queue \n");
        for(i=1;i<=count;i++)
        {
                printf("%d\n",q[front]);
                front=(front+1)%QUE_SIZE;
        }
}
void main()
        int choice;
        for(;;)
        {
                printf("\n1:insertrear\n2:deletefront\n3display\n4:exit\n");
                printf("enter the choice\n");
                scanf("%d",&choice);
                switch(choice)
                {
                        case 1:
                                printf("Enter the item to be inserted\n");
                                scanf("%d",&item);
                                insertrear();
                                break;
                        case 2:
                                item=deletefront();
                                if(item==-1)
                                printf("Queue is empty\n");
                                else
                                printf("the item deleted is %d",item);
                                break;
                        case 3:
                                display();
                          break;
                  case 4:
                        exit(0);
                }
       }
}
```



- 5) WAP to Implement Singly Linked List with following operations
- a) Create a linked list.
- b) Insertion of a node at first position, at any position and at end of list.
- c) Display the contents of the linked list

- d) Deletion of first element, specified element and last element in the list.
- e) Sort the linked list.
- f) Reverse the linked list.
- g) Concatenation of two linked lists

```
h) Stack and Queue Implementation
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node
int info;
 struct node *link;
typedef struct node *NODE;
NODE getnode()
NODE x;
x=(NODE)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
if(x==NULL)
{
printf("mem full\n");
exit(0);
return x;
void freenode(NODE x)
free(x);
NODE insert_front(NODE first,int item)
NODE temp;
temp=getnode();
temp->info=item;
temp->link=NULL;
if(first==NULL)
return temp;
temp->link=first;
first=temp;
return first;
NODE delete_front(NODE first)
```

```
NODE temp;
if(first==NULL)
printf("List is empty cannot delete\n");
return first;
temp=first;
temp=temp->link;
printf("Item deleted at front-end is=%d\n",first->info);
free(first);
return temp;
NODE insert_rear(NODE first,int item)
NODE temp,cur;
temp=getnode();
temp->info=item;
temp->link=NULL;
if(first==NULL)
return temp;
cur=first;
while(cur->link!=NULL)
cur=cur->link;
cur->link=temp;
return first;
NODE delete_rear(NODE first)
NODE cur,prev;
if(first==NULL)
printf("List is empty cannot delete\n");
return first;
if(first->link==NULL)
printf("Item deleted is %d\n",first->info);
free(first);
return NULL;
prev=NULL;
cur=first;
while(cur->link!=NULL)
```

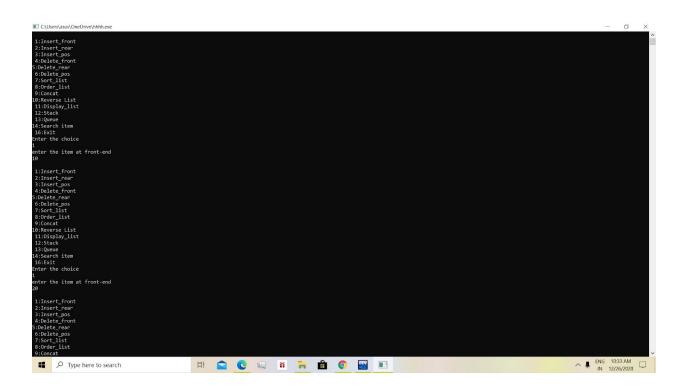
```
prev=cur;
cur=cur->link;
printf("Item deleted at rear-end is %d",cur->info);
free(cur);
prev->link=NULL;
return first;
NODE order_list(int item, NODE first)
NODE temp,prev,cur;
temp=getnode();
temp->info=item;
temp->link=NULL;
if(first==NULL) return temp;
if(item<first->info)
temp->link=first;
return temp;
prev=NULL;
cur=first;
while(cur!=NULL&&item>cur->info)
prev=cur;
cur=cur->link;
prev->link=temp;
temp->link=cur;
return first;
NODE sort(NODE first)
int swapped;
NODE ptr1;
NODE lptr = NULL;
if (first == NULL)
return NULL;
do
    swapped = 0;
    ptr1 = first;
    while (ptr1->link != lptr)
```

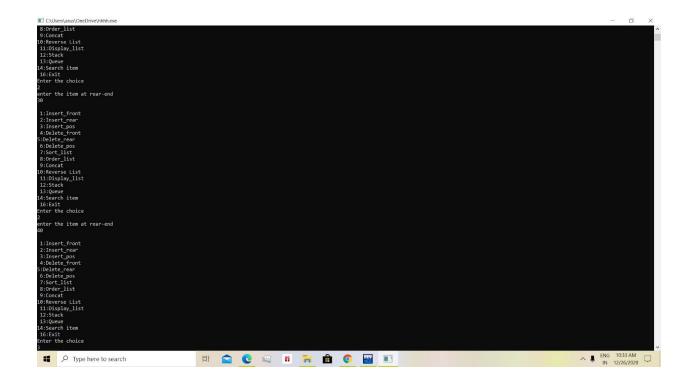
```
{
      if (ptr1->info > ptr1->link->info)
      {
        int tem = ptr1->info;
        ptr1->info = ptr1->link->info;
        ptr1->link->info = tem;
           swapped = 1;
      }
      ptr1 = ptr1->link;
    Iptr = ptr1;
  } while (swapped);
void display(NODE first)
NODE temp;
if(first==NULL)
printf("List empty cannot display items\n");
printf("Contents of the list:\n");
for(temp=first;temp!=NULL;temp=temp->link)
 printf("%d\n",temp->info);
}
}
NODE concat(NODE first,NODE second)
NODE cur;
if(first==NULL)
return second;
if(second==NULL)
return first;
cur=first;
while(cur->link!=NULL)
cur=cur->link;
cur->link=second;
return first;
NODE reverse(NODE first)
NODE cur, temp;
```

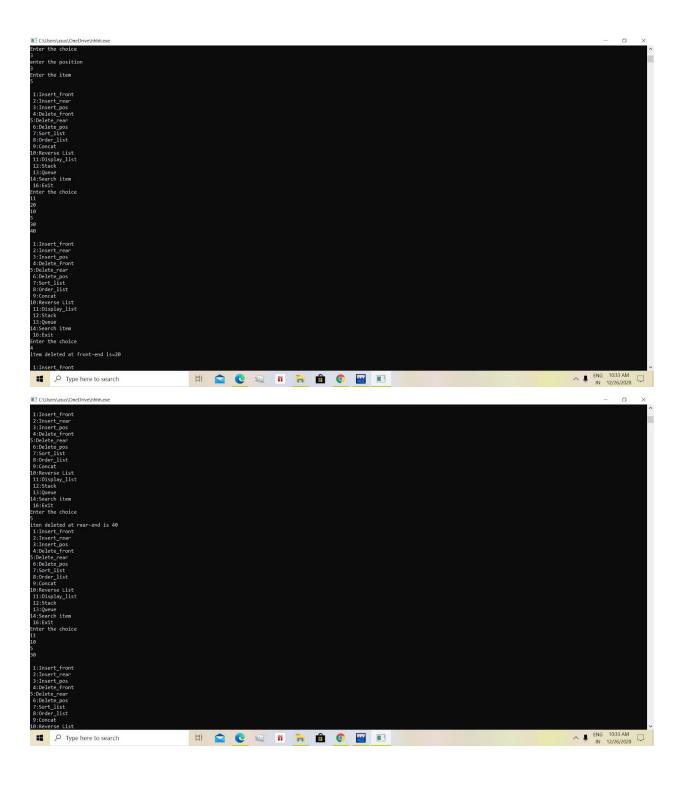
```
cur=NULL;
while(first!=NULL)
 temp=first;
 first=first->link;
 temp->link=cur;
 cur=temp;
return cur;
}
void main()
int item,choice,key,n,i,m;
NODE first=NULL,a,b,third,forth;
for(;;)
printf("\n 1:Insert_front\n 2:Insert_rear\n 3:Insert_pos\n 4:Delete_front\n" );
printf("5:Delete_rear\n 6:Delete_pos\n 7:Sort_list\n 8:Order_list\n 9:Concat\n");
printf("5:Order_list\n6:Sort_list\n7:Display_list\n8:Concat\n9:Reverse\n10:Stack\n11:Queue\n12:Exit
\n");
printf("Enter the choice\n");
scanf("%d",&choice);
switch(choice)
{
 case 1:printf("Enter the item at front-end\n");
        scanf("%d",&item);
         first=insert_front(first,item);
        break;
 case 2:first=delete_front(first);
 case 3:printf("Enter the item at rear-end\n");
         scanf("%d",&item);
         first=insert_rear(first,item);
        break;
 case 4:first=delete_rear(first);
 case 5:printf("Enter the item to be inserted in ordered_list\n");
         scanf("%d",&item);
         first=order_list(item,first);
         break;
        case 6:sort(first);
  break;
 case 7:display(first);
```

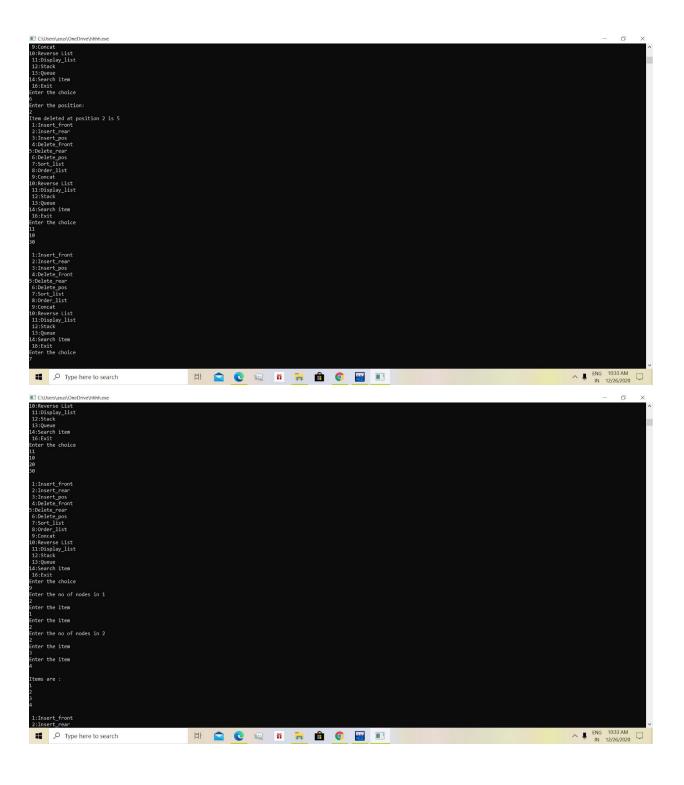
```
break;
 case 8:printf("Enter the no of nodes in 1\n");
                 scanf("%d",&n);
                 a=NULL;
                 for(i=0;i< n;i++)
                  printf("Enter the item\n");
                  scanf("%d",&item);
                  a=insert_rear(a,item);
                 printf("Enter the no of nodes in 2\n");
                 scanf("%d",&n);
                 b=NULL;
                 for(i=0;i<n;i++)
                  printf("Enter the item\n");
                  scanf("%d",&item);
                  b=insert_rear(b,item);
                 a=concat(a,b);
                 display(a);
                 break;
 case 9:first=reverse(first);
                 display(first);
                 break;
 case 10:
 for(;;)
 {
  printf("1:insert at front\n2:delete at front\n3:display\n4:Exit\n");
 printf("enter the choice to stack an element\n");
 scanf("%d",&choice);
 switch(choice)
{
        case 1:
                printf("Enter an item to insert at front to form a stack\n");
                scanf("%d",&item);
                first=insert_front(first, item);
        break;
                case 2:
```

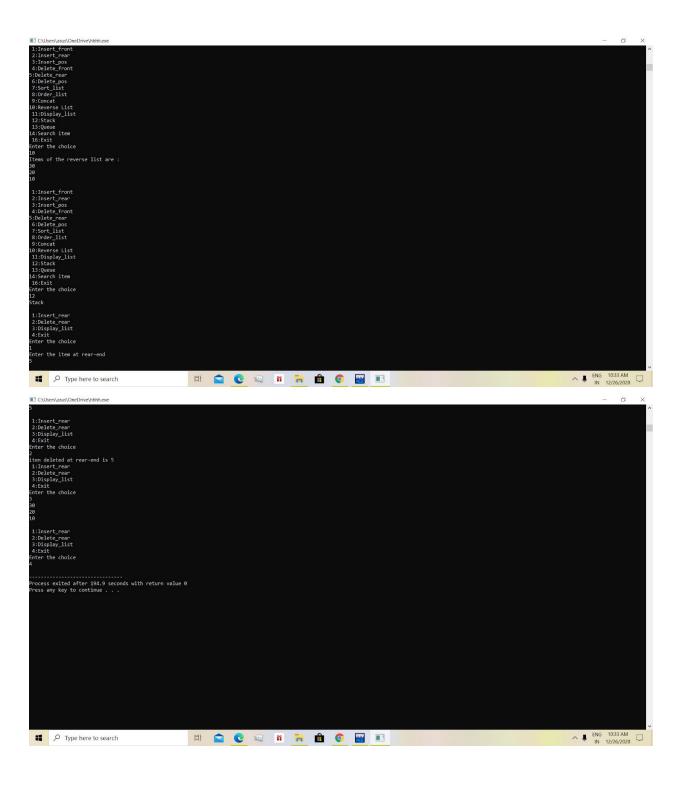
```
first=delete_front(first);
        break;
                case 3:
                 display(first);
        break;
        case 4:exit(0);
        break;
        default:printf("Invalid choice\n");
        break;
}
 case 11:
        for(;;)
 printf("1:insert at front\n2:delete at rear\n3:display\n4:Exit\n");
 printf("enter the choice to Queue an element\n");
 scanf("%d",&m);
 switch(m)
{
        case 1:
                printf("Enter an item to insert at front end at queue\n");
                scanf("%d",&item);
                first=insert_front(first, item);
        break;
                case 2:
                 first=delete_rear(first);
        break:
                case 3:
        case 4:exit(0);
        break;
                 display(first);
        break;
        default:printf("Invalid choice\n");
        break;
}
 }
```

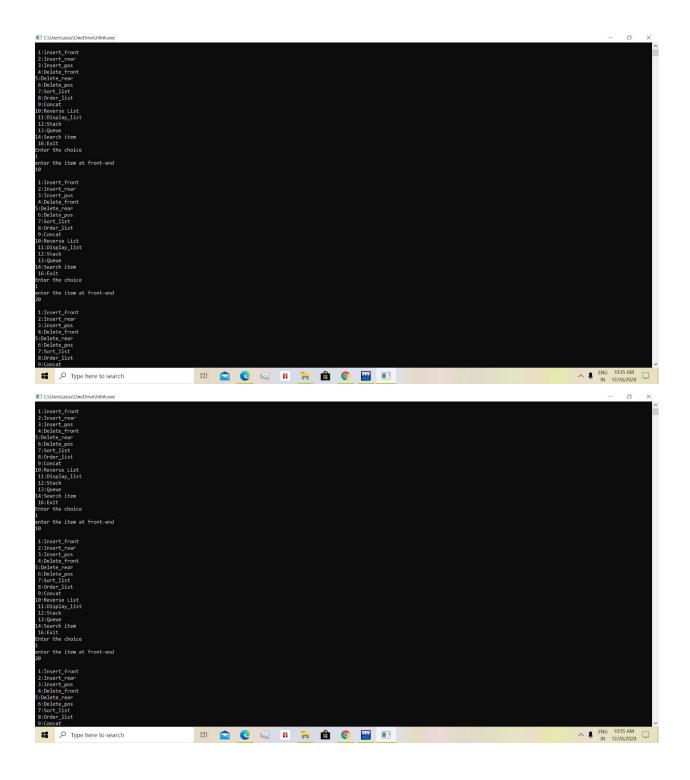


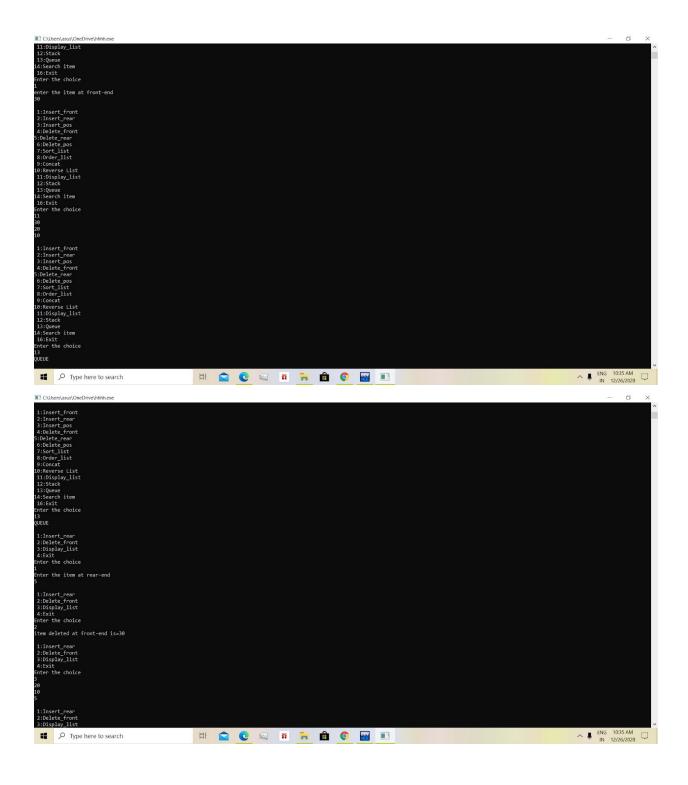


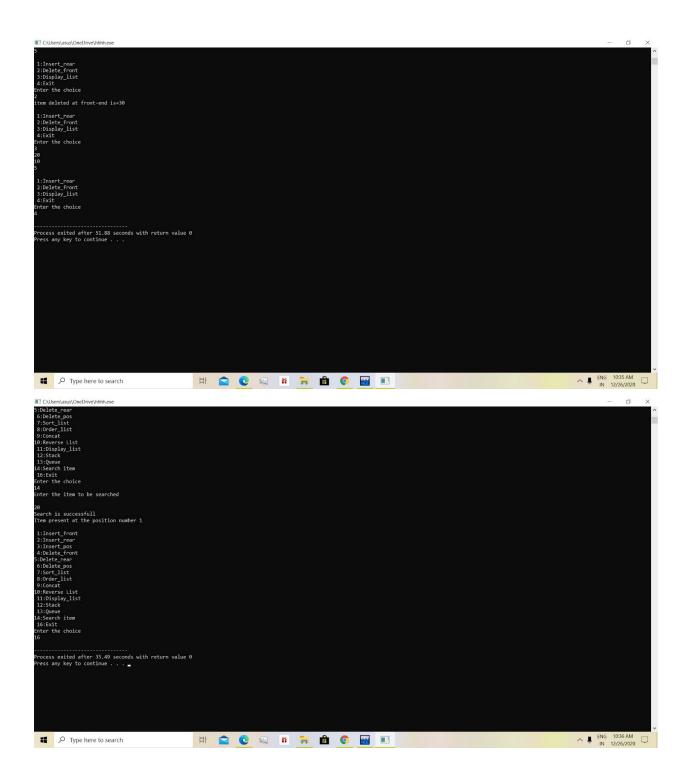


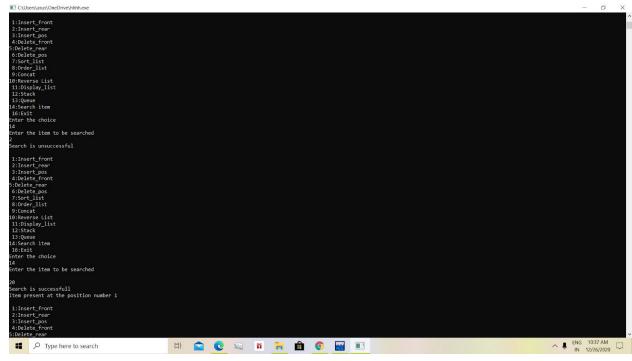












6)WAP Implement doubly link list with primitive operations

- a) Create a doubly linked list.
- b) Insert a new node to the left of the node.
- c) Delete the node based on a specific value
- d) Display the contents of the list

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct node
        int info;
        struct node *rlink;
        struct node *llink;
};
typedef struct node *NODE;
NODE getnode()
        NODE x;
       x=(NODE)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
        if (x==NULL)
        {
               printf("Memory full\n");
               exit(0);
       }
        return x;
}
```

```
NODE dinsert_front(int item,NODE head)
{
       NODE temp,cur;
       temp=getnode();
       temp->info=item;
       temp->llink=NULL;
       temp->rlink=NULL;
       cur=head->rlink;
       head->rlink=temp;
       temp->llink=head;
       temp->rlink=cur;
       cur->llink=temp;
       return head;
NODE dinsert_rear(int item,NODE head)
       NODE temp,cur;
       temp=getnode();
       temp->info=item;
       temp->llink=NULL;
       temp->rlink=NULL;
       cur=head->llink;
       head->llink=temp;
       temp->rlink=head;
       cur->rlink=temp;
       temp->llink=cur;
       return head;
NODE ddelete_front(NODE head)
       NODE cur,next;
       if (head->rlink==head)
       {
               printf("List is empty\n");
               return head;
       }
       cur=head->rlink;
       next=cur->rlink;
       head->rlink=next:
       next->llink=head;
       printf("Item deleted at the front end is:%d\n",cur->info);
       free(cur);
       return head;
}
```

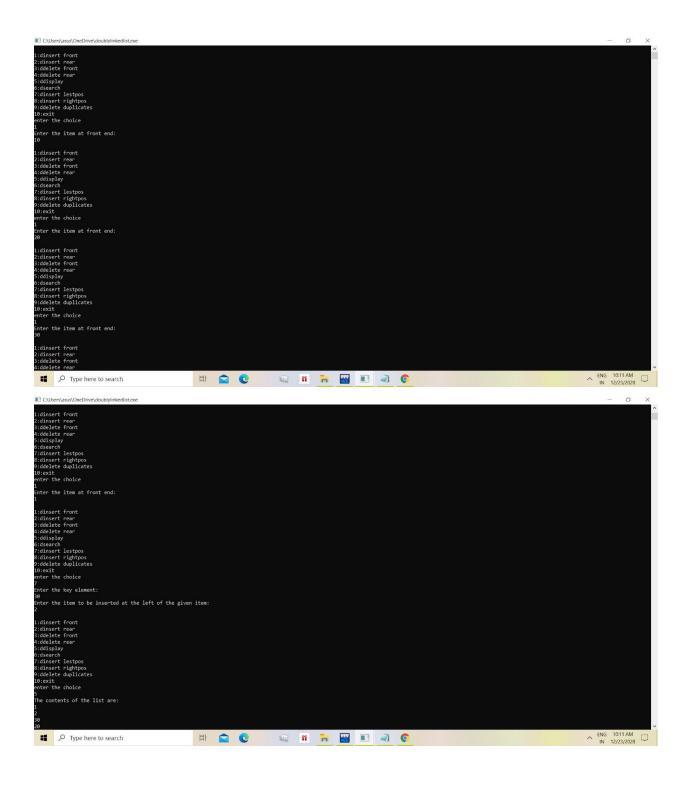
```
NODE ddelete_rear(NODE head)
        NODE cur, prev;
        if (head->rlink==head)
        {
               printf("List is empty\n");
               return head;
        }
        cur=head->llink;
        prev=cur->llink;
        prev->rlink=head;
        head->llink=prev;
        printf("Item deleted at the rear end is:%d\n",cur->info);
        return head;
void ddisplay(NODE head)
        NODE temp;
        if (head->rlink==head)
        {
               printf("List is empty\n");
        printf("The contents of the list are:\n");
        temp=head->rlink;
        while (temp!=head)
               printf("%d\n",temp->info);
               temp=temp->rlink;
       }
void dsearch(int key,NODE head)
        NODE cur;
        int count;
        if (head->rlink==head)
        {
               printf("List is empty\n");
        cur=head->rlink;
        count=1;
        while (cur!=head && cur->info!=key)
               cur=cur->rlink;
```

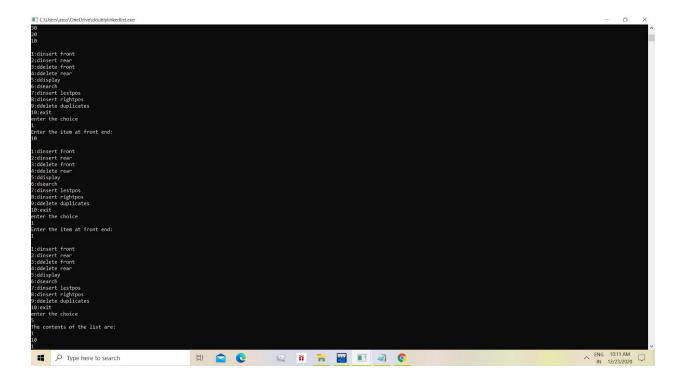
```
count++;
        }
        if (cur==head)
               printf("Search unsuccessfull\n");
        }
        else
        {
               printf("Key element found at the position %d\n",count);
        }
NODE dinsert_leftpos(int item,NODE head)
        NODE cur, prev, temp;
        if (head->rlink==head)
       {
               printf("List is empty\n");
               return head;
        cur=head->rlink;
        while (cur!=head)
        {
               if (cur->info==item)
                       break;
               cur=cur->rlink;
        if (cur==head)
        {
               printf("No such item found in the list\n");
               return head;
        prev=cur->llink;
        temp=getnode();
        temp->llink=NULL;
        temp->rlink=NULL;
        printf("Enter the item to be inserted at the left of the given item:\n");
        scanf("%d",&temp->info);
        prev->rlink=temp;
        temp->llink=prev;
        temp->rlink=cur;
        cur->llink=temp;
        return head;
```

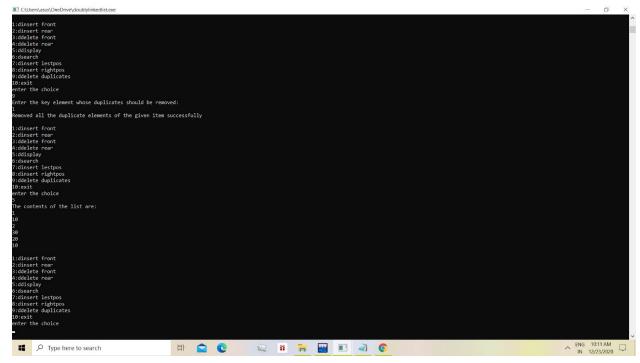
```
NODE dinsert_rightpos(int item,NODE head)
       NODE temp, cur, next;
       if (head->rlink==head)
       {
               printf("List is empty\n");
               return head;
       cur=head->rlink;
       while (cur!=head)
       {
               if (cur->info==item)
                       break;
               cur=cur->rlink;
       }
       if (cur==head)
       {
               printf("No such item found in the list\n");
               return head;
       next=cur->rlink;
       temp=getnode();
       temp->llink=NULL;
       temp->rlink=NULL;
       printf("Enter the item to be inserted at the right of the given item:\n");
       scanf("%d",&temp->info);
       cur->rlink=temp;
       temp->llink=cur;
       next->llink=temp;
       temp->rlink=next;
       return head;
NODE ddelete_duplicates(int item,NODE head)
       NODE prev,cur,next;
       int count=0;
       if (head->rlink==head)
       {
               printf("List is empty\n");
               return head;
       }
```

```
cur=head->rlink;
       while (cur!=head)
       {
               if (cur->info!=item)
                       cur=cur->rlink;
               else
                       count++;
                       if (count==1)
                               cur=cur->rlink;
                               continue;
                       }
                       else
                       {
                               prev=cur->llink;
                               next=cur->rlink;
                               prev->rlink=next;
                               next->llink=prev;
                               free(cur);
                               cur=next;
                       }
               }
       }
       if (count==0)
       {
               printf("No such item found in the list\n");
        }
        else
               printf("Removed all the duplicate elements of the given item successfully\n");
        return head;
int main()
NODE head;
int item, choice,key;
head=getnode();
head->llink=head;
head->rlink=head;
for(;;)
```

```
{
       printf("\n1:dinsert front\n2:dinsert rear\n3:ddelete front\n4:ddelete
rear\n5:ddisplay\n6:dsearch\n7:dinsert lestpos\n8:dinsert rightpos\n9:ddelete
duplicates\n10:exit\n");
       printf("enter the choice\n");
        scanf("%d",&choice);
       switch(choice)
       {
               case 1: printf("Enter the item at front end:\n");
                               scanf("%d",&item);
                               head=dinsert_front(item,head);
                               break;
               case 2: printf("Enter the item at rear end:\n");
                               scanf("%d",&item);
                               head=dinsert_rear(item,head);
                               break;
               case 3:head=ddelete_front(head);
                         break:
               case 4:head=ddelete_rear(head);
                         break;
               case 5:ddisplay(head);
                         break:
          case 6:printf("Enter the key element to be searched:\n");
                         scanf("%d",&key);
                         dsearch(key,head);
                         break;
          case 7:printf("Enter the key element:\n");
                         scanf("%d",&key);
                         head=dinsert_leftpos(key,head);
                         break;
               case 8:printf("Enter the key element:\n");
                         scanf("%d",&key);
                         head=dinsert_rightpos(key,head);
                         break;
               case 9:printf("Enter the key element whose duplicates should be removed:\n");
                         scanf("%d",&key);
                         head=ddelete_duplicates(key,head);
                         break;
               default:exit(0);
               }
       }
       return 0;
}
```







- 7) Write a program
- a) To construct a binary Search tree.
- b) To traverse the tree using all the methods i.e., in-order, preorder and post order

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<malloc.h>
#include<process.h>
struct node
int info;
 struct node *rlink;
struct node *llink;
typedef struct node *NODE;
NODE getnode()
NODE x;
x=(NODE)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
if(x==NULL)
{
printf("mem full\n");
exit(0);
return x;
void freenode(NODE x)
free(x);
NODE insert(NODE root,int item)
NODE temp, cur, prev;
temp=getnode();
temp->rlink=NULL;
temp->llink=NULL;
temp->info=item;
if(root==NULL)
return temp;
prev=NULL;
cur=root;
while(cur!=NULL)
prev=cur;
```

```
cur=(item<cur->info)?cur->llink:cur->rlink;
}
if(item<prev->info)
prev->llink=temp;
else
prev->rlink=temp;
return root;
void display(NODE root,int i)
int j;
if(root!=NULL)
 display(root->rlink,i+1);
 for(j=0;j< i;j++)
         printf(" ");
 printf("%d\n",root->info);
        display(root->llink,i+1);
}
NODE delete(NODE root,int item)
NODE cur,parent,q,suc;
if(root==NULL)
printf("empty\n");
return root;
parent=NULL;
cur=root;
while(cur!=NULL&&item!=cur->info)
{
parent=cur;
cur=(item<cur->info)?cur->llink:cur->rlink;
if(cur==NULL)
printf("not found\n");
return root;
if(cur->llink==NULL)
q=cur->rlink;
else if(cur->rlink==NULL)
q=cur->llink;
```

```
else
{
suc=cur->rlink;
while(suc->llink!=NULL)
suc=suc->llink;
suc->llink=cur->llink;
q=cur->rlink;
if(parent==NULL)
return q;
if(cur==parent->llink)
 parent->llink=q;
else
parent->rlink=q;
freenode(cur);
return root;
}
void preorder(NODE root)
if(root!=NULL)
 printf("%d\n",root->info);
 preorder(root->llink);
 preorder(root->rlink);
}
}
void postorder(NODE root)
if(root!=NULL)
 postorder(root->llink);
 postorder(root->rlink);
 printf("%d\n",root->info);
}
void inorder(NODE root)
if(root!=NULL)
 inorder(root->llink);
 printf("%d\n",root->info);
```

```
inorder(root->rlink);
 }
}
void main()
int item, choice;
NODE root=NULL;
for(;;)
{
printf("\n1.insert\n2.display\n3.pre\n4.post\n5.in\n6.delete\n7.exit\n");
printf("enter the choice\n");
scanf("%d",&choice);
switch(choice)
 case 1:printf("enter the item\n");
                scanf("%d",&item);
                root=insert(root,item);
                break;
 case 2:display(root,0);
                break;
 case 3:preorder(root);
                break;
 case 4:postorder(root);
                break;
 case 5:inorder(root);
                break;
 case 6:printf("enter the item\n");
                scanf("%d",&item);
                root=delete(root,item);
                break;
 default:exit(0);
                 break;
         }
       }
}
```

