Quiz IV

The following table is a result from observing the behavior of a person whether he went out or stay home given the two weather conditions (sunny or rainy) and the two options regarding his car status (car-broken or car-working)

- $y_i \in \{go out, stay \ home\}$ $x_i^1 \in \{sunny, rainy\}$ $x_i^2 \in \{car broken, car working\}$

| i | x_i^1 | x_i^2 | y_i |
|----|---------|-------------|-----------|
| 1 | sunny | car-broken | go-out |
| 2 | rainy | car-working | go-out |
| 3 | sunny | car-broken | go-out |
| 4 | sunny | car-broken | go-out |
| 5 | sunny | car-broken | go-out |
| 6 | sunny | car-working | stay home |
| 7 | rainy | car-working | stay home |
| 8 | rainy | car-broken | stay home |
| 9 | sunny | car-working | stay home |
| 10 | rainy | car-working | stay home |

Assume that we are using a Binomial distribution as the modeling distribution for probability estimation. You are to demonstrate solutions to the following questions.

- 1. Estimate P(y=go-out).
- 2. Estimate P(y=stay home).
- 3. What is the estimate of P(y)?
- 4. What is the estimate of P(x)?
 5. Estimate P(x = (rainy, car-working) and y=go-out).
- 6. Estimate $P(y=go-out \mid x = (rainy, car-working))$ directly.
- 7. Estimate P(x = (rainy, car-working) | y=go-out) using Naive Bayes assumption.
- 8. By using Naive Bayes assumption, what would be the return of h(x = (sunny, car-broken))?