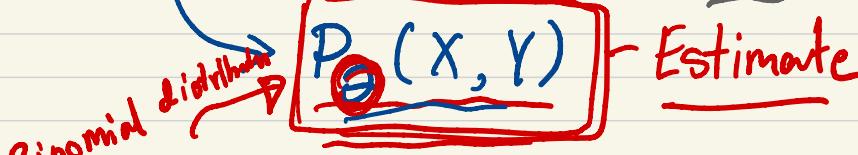


$$D \sim P(X, Y)$$

MLE

MAP



$$P(X, Y ; \theta) \equiv P_{\theta}(X, Y)$$

Bayes classifier: return

$$\arg \max_{\forall y} P_{\theta}(y | x)$$

Binomial

$$P(H) =$$

$$\frac{n_H}{n}$$

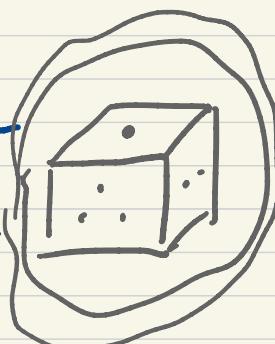
MLE

$$P(x)$$

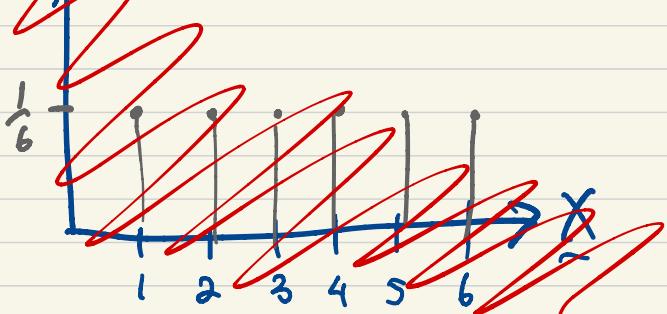
$$\{H, T\}$$

$$P_{\theta}(X, Y)$$

$$I(E) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } E \text{ does not occur} \\ 1 & \text{if } E \text{ occurs} \end{cases}$$



$$P(x)$$



$$P(X=1) = \frac{n_1}{n} = \sum_{i=1}^n I(X_i=1)$$

$$P(X=2) = \frac{n_2}{n} = \sum_{i=1}^n I(X_i=2)$$

$$P(X=6) = \frac{n_6}{n} = \sum_{i=1}^n I(X_i=6)$$

$P(x)$

Estimate $P_{\theta}(X, Y)$ using Binomial distribution

$$\underbrace{A \times A}_{\text{A}}$$

$$P_{\theta}(X=x \wedge Y=y)$$

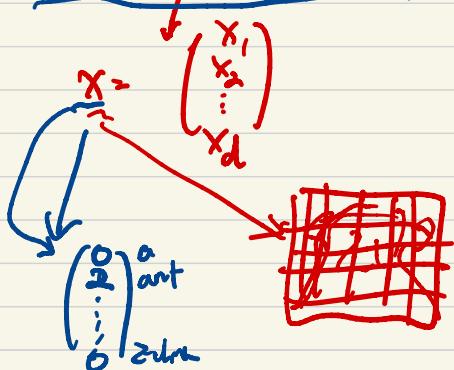
$$= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n I(X_i=x \text{ and } Y_i=y)}{n}$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_d \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{D} P_{\theta}(X, Y)$$

$$P_{\theta}(X=x \wedge Y=y) =$$

$$P_{\theta}([X]_1 = x_1, [X]_2 = x_2, \dots, [X]_d = x_d \wedge Y=y)$$



$$P_A(X=x \wedge Y=y) \approx \frac{1}{n} = 0$$

$$\boxed{P_{\theta}(X, Y)}$$

Binomial

$$\forall x \forall y P_{\theta}(X=x \wedge Y=y) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n I(X_i=x \wedge Y_i=y)}{n}$$

Problem: As $d \rightarrow +\infty$, $P_{\theta}(X=x \wedge Y=y) \approx \frac{1}{n} = 0$

Naive Bayes: Estimate $P_{\theta}(Y|X)$ instead of $P_{\theta}(X, Y)$

$\forall x \forall y$

$$P_{\theta}(Y=y | X=x) =$$

??

$$P_{\theta}(X=x | Y=y)$$

$$P(Y=y)$$

$$P_{\theta}(X=x)$$

$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(B|A) P(A)}{P(B)}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n I(X_i=x)$$

Naive Bayes Assumption: All feature values are independent.

$$P(X=x | Y=y) = \prod_{i=1}^d P([X]_i = x_i | Y=y)$$

Estimate $P_{\theta}([X]_i = x_i | Y=y)$

$$Y = \{ \text{go-out} / \text{stay home} \} = \{0, 1\}$$

$$P(Y|X)$$

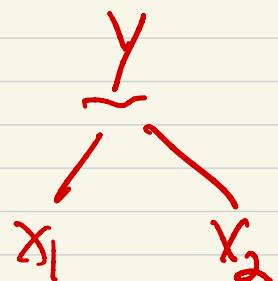
$$X \left\{ \begin{array}{l} X_1 = \{ \text{simly} / \text{rainy} \} \\ X_2 = \{ \text{car-broken} / \text{car working} \} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\text{Estimate } P(X|Y)$$

Bayes
classifing

$$X = \{0, 1\}^2$$

	X_1	X_2	Y
1	1	1	1
2	0	0	1
3	1	1	1
4	1	1	1
5	1	1	1
6	1	0	0
7	0	0	0
8	0	1	0
9	1	0	0
10	0	0	0



$$P(Y=1) = \frac{5}{10} = 0.2$$

$$P(X=x) = \frac{3}{10} = 0.3$$

Binomial

$$P(Y=1 | x=(0,0)) = P(x=(0,0) | y=1) \times \frac{5}{3} = \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{25}$$

$$P(X_1=0 | Y=1) \times P(X_2=0 | Y=1) = \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{5}$$