

Detection as Code

Microsoft Defender XDR and Microsoft Sentinel





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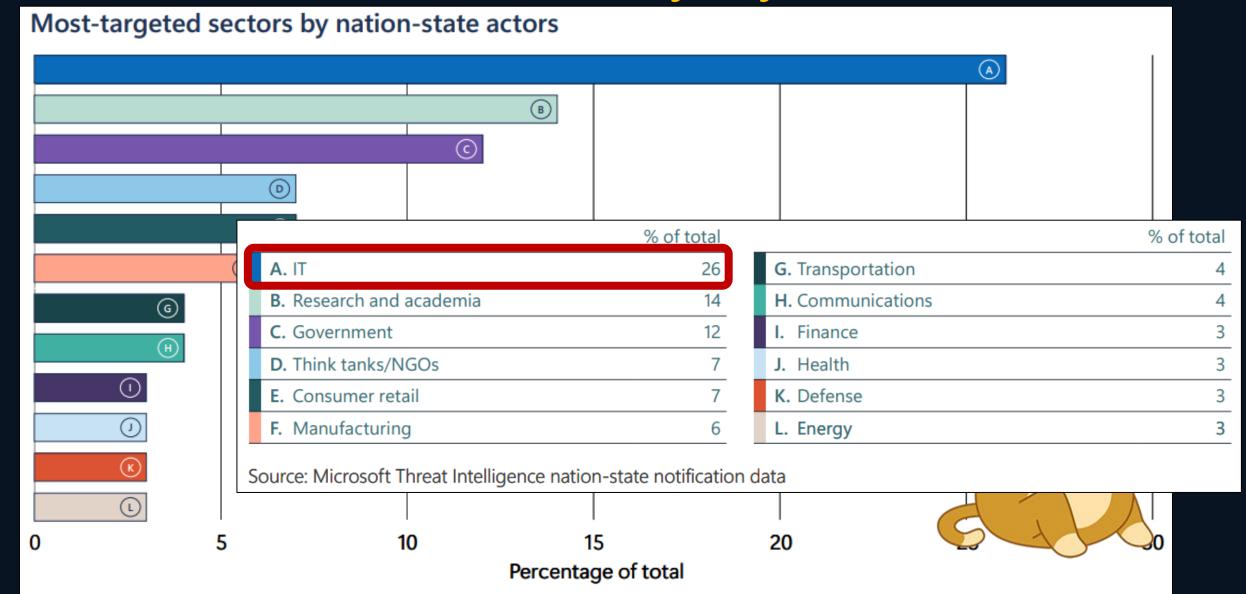


Trust is Not Enough: Why Your Current Detections Are Too Late

 You must manage detection and response at the speed and scale the modern attack demands.



Detection is needed in every layer



Alert fatigue

Trust, but verify

Speed and reliability



Detection engineering is much more than code

Think like a threat actor/hacker

Do it yourself - No Threat Intelligence available

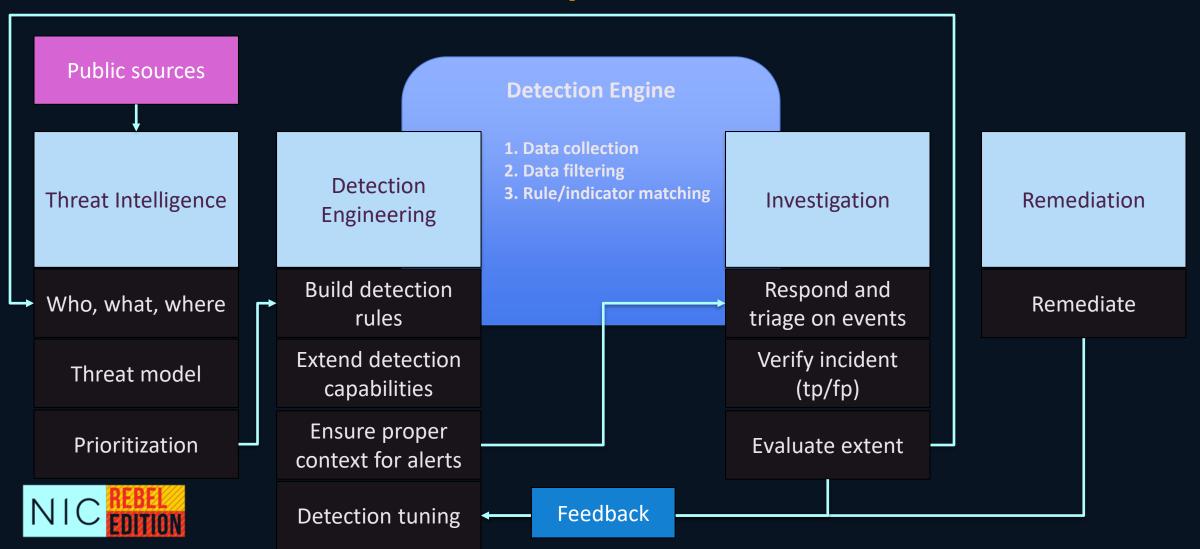
Use existing frameworks:

- -MITRE ATT&CK®
- -Palantir Alert and Detection framework
- -NIST

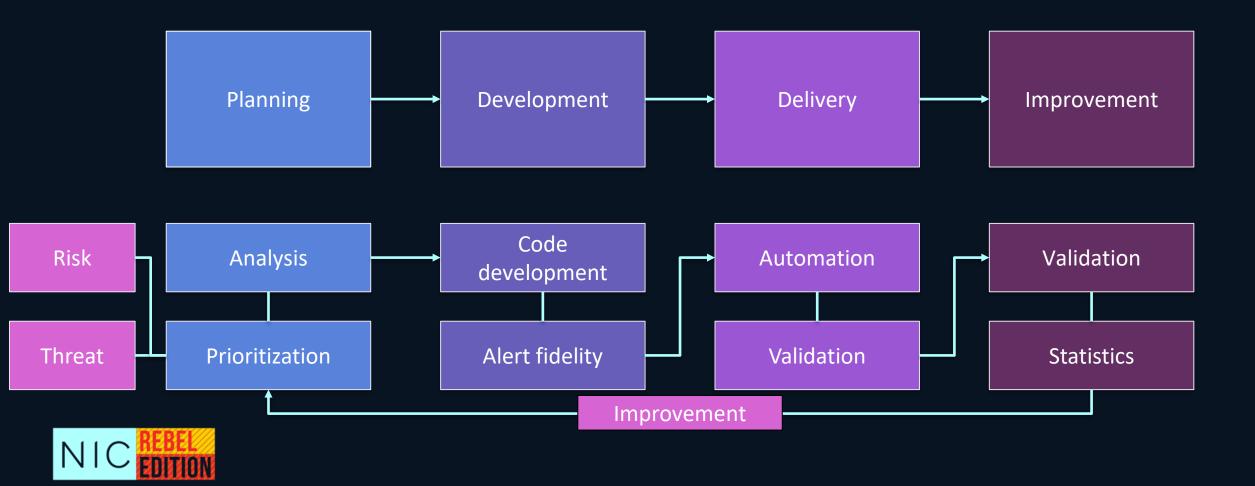




Detection and response roles overview



Detection engineering lifecycle



Automation & Structure

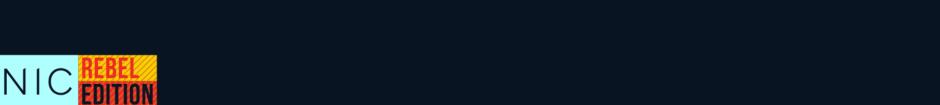
- Adoption and speed is crucial
- Technical is often much easier than human processes
- We need to work as a team
- Detection engineers needs to be in the loop





Start with what you have

- Logs
- Sentinel instance
- CI/CD







OK, I got all this - I'm sold.

- Start with what you got (learn methodology, its free)
- Are you mature enough?
- Don't just do code if for the coding's sake
- Define your goals, your team needs to be aligned





Building your folder structure

- Use what makes sense for your team
- Use well known frameworks for folder pattern
- Al assisted
- Be flexible and be ready to change





Flowchart



Demo



Scenario 1: Self Managed

- Only production that's fine
- Look at the alerts please
- Fail fast



Scenario 2: Customer with MSP

- You need to cater for both internal SOC and MSP
- Challenges :
 - Visibility in detection rules
 - Tuning of rules can be a challenge
 - RBAC for both parties
 - Align who does what



CI/CD Tips

- Set Codeowners so PR
- Subscribe to the repository in teams, slack..



GitHub Notifications 12:04

Pull Request | storebrand-technology/stb-secops-sentinel #194

+193 -0

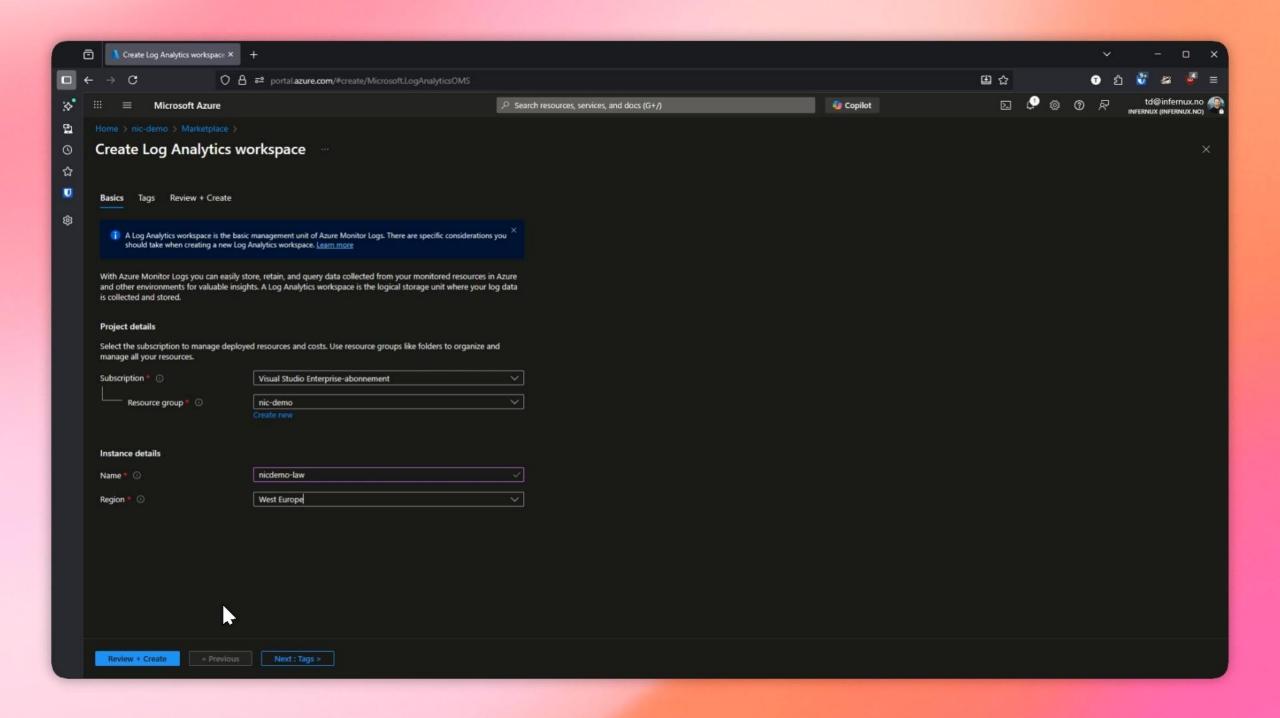
Feat/tap-used-on-uanauthorized-service

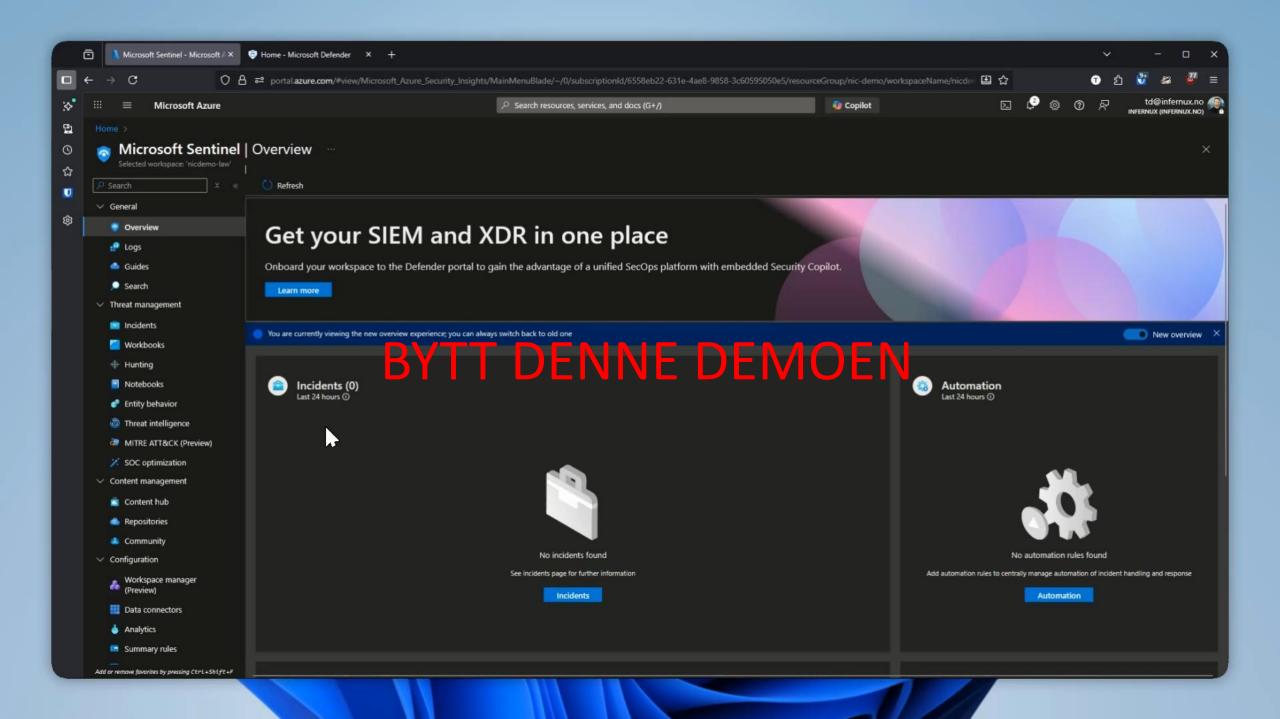
Temporary Access Pass can be used for authentication, this detection triggers when it is used for unintended services, which might be an indicator of compromise.



Microsoft Sentinel introduction







Unified Experience





Roadmap

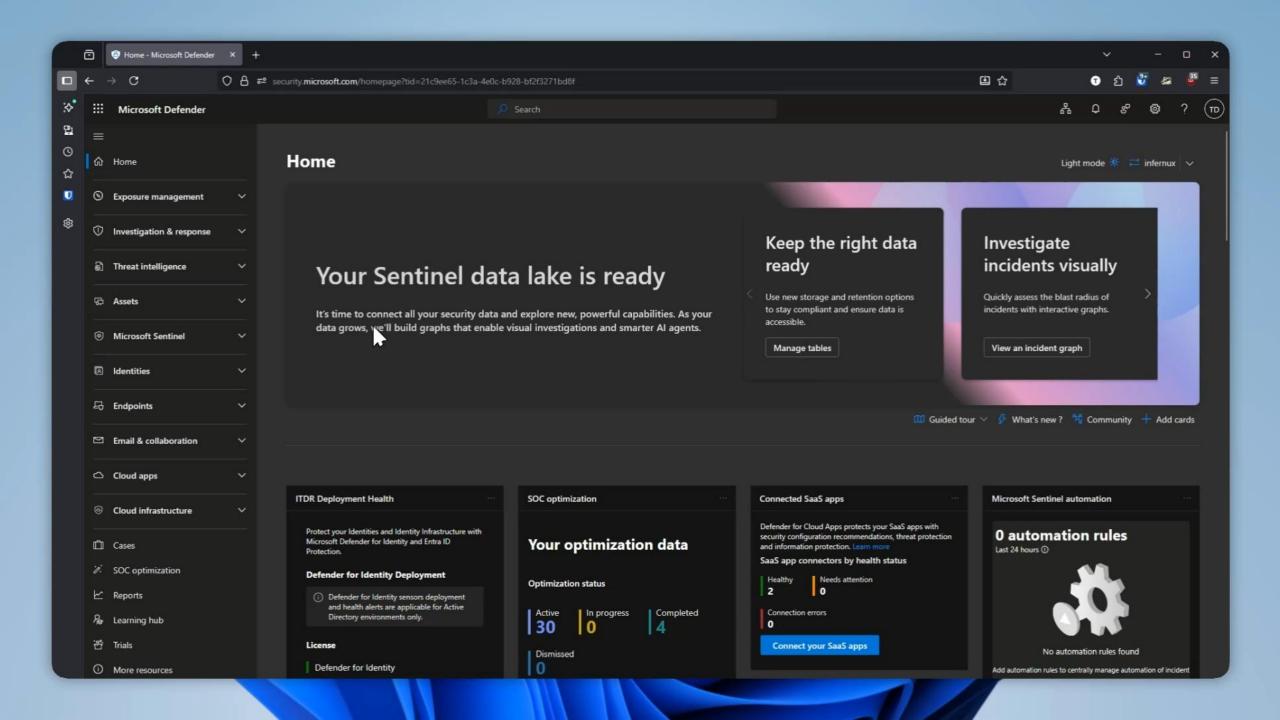
Important Update: Custom Detections to be the unified experience for creating detections in Microsoft Defender

Microsoft is transitioning from Analytics Rules to <u>Custom Detections</u> as the unified experience for the creation of rules. This change is designed to support the unified SOC platform vision, to eliminate fragmented experience, and unify everything that the SOC needs into one portal with unified experiences across all available data.



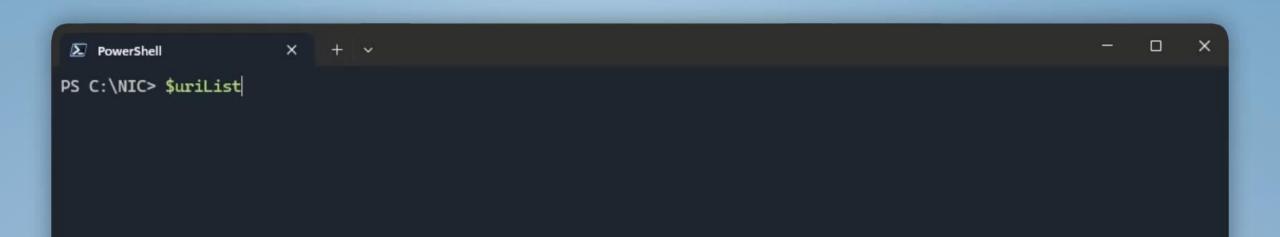
Defender XDR introduction

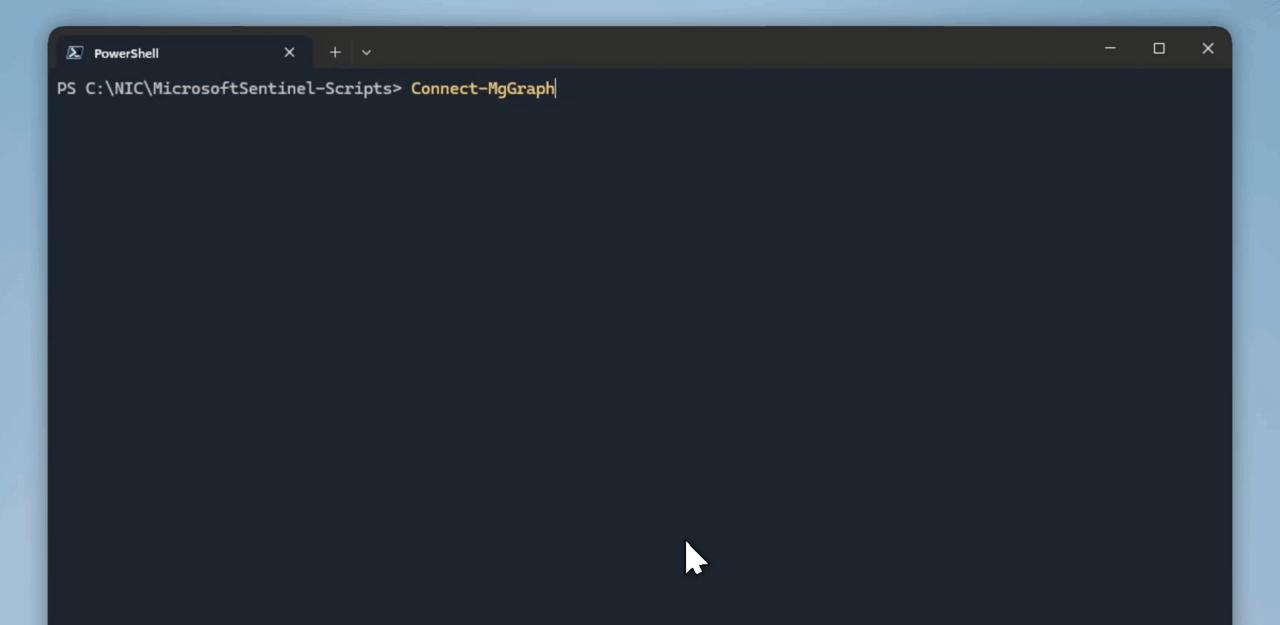




API support for detection queries







Automated actions

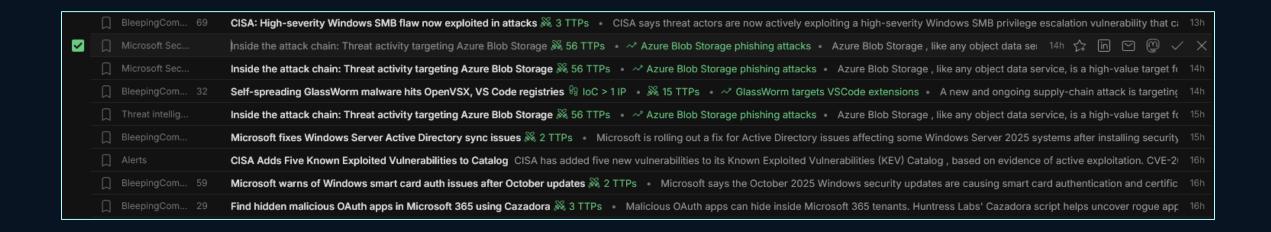
Define actions to automatically take on affected entities in the generated alerts and incidents.

Remediation actions to take

(i) No remediation actions are available for your rule because of missing required columns.



Building a new detection from A to Z



https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/security/blog/2025/10/20/inside-the-attack-chain-threat-activity-targeting-azure-blob-storage/



Attack Chain



RECONNAISSANCE



Attackers scan for exposed data and credentials using automated tools and scripts



RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



Malicious resources are created by exploiting misconfigurations or hosting harmful content



INITIAL ACCESS



Entry is gained through vulnerable endpoints or automated workflows



PERSISTENCE



Long-term access is maintained by manipulating roles, policies, or using concealment techniques



EXECUTION



Detection is avoided by tampering with network, firewall, or logging settings



CREDENTIAL ACCESS



Keys and tokens are stolen through APIs, cloud shell abuse, or exposure through misconfigurations such as publicly accessible endpoints or leaked credentials in code repositories



DISCOVERY



Attackers map storage accounts and containers to locate sensitive data and weak controls



LATERAL MOVEMENT



Compromised blob events and integrations are used to pivot into other services



COLLECTION



Large volumes of data are downloaded or staged for theft



COMMAND AND CONTROL



Malware communicates covertly using blobs and metadata channels



EXFILTRATION



Data is stolen at scale using Azure-native tools or public containers. 12

IMPAC

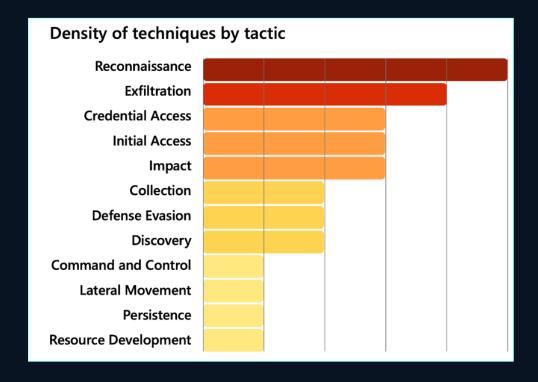


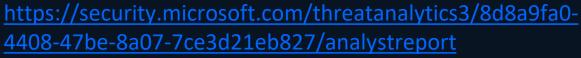
Attackers use, delete, overwrite, or modify blobs and containers to cause either disruptive damage or stealthier forms of covert and long-term harm



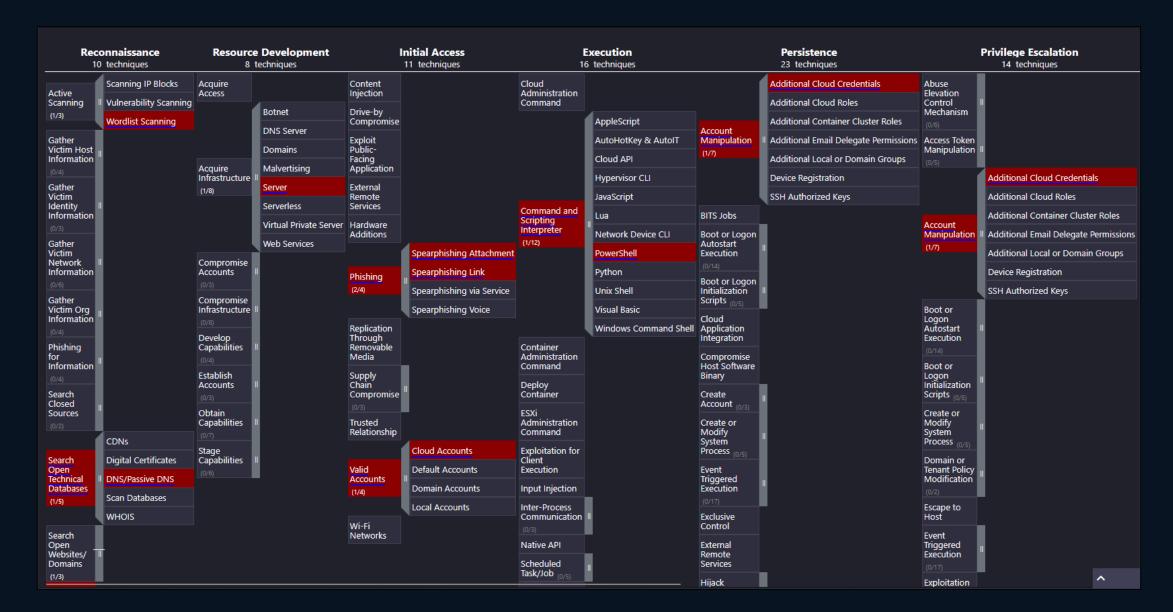
Detection gap analysis

- In this case, we are lacking detections against the entire attack chain
- We want to prioritize early warnings and initial access vectors





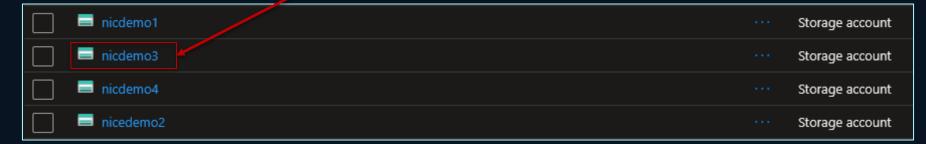




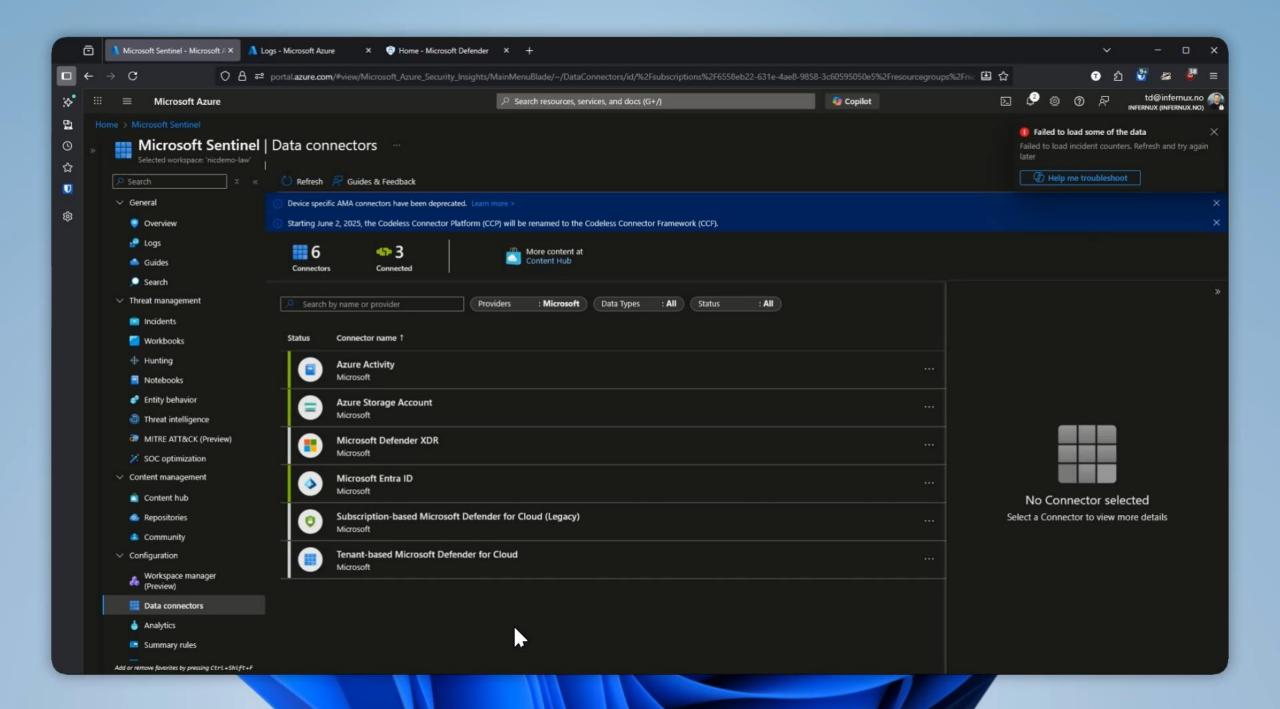


Public network access (default)

Anonymous access for blobs









Technique Profile: Threats targeting or leveraging Azure Blob Storage

Category: Technique | Published: May 19, 2025 10:09 PM | Last updated: May 19, 2025 10:09 PM |

Analyst report Related incidents Impacted assets Endpoints exposure Recommended actions Indicators

Executive summary

Please take a moment to provide feedback on this Threat Intelligence profile here.

The broad feature set and global reach of Azure Blob Storage make it both a prime target for threat actors and a powerful offensive tool. Threat actors could use it as a covert command-and-control (C2) channel, stealthy exfiltration path, and persistent backdoor. In addition, misconfigurations or compromised credentials could grant easy access to vast amounts of sensitive data or enable direct sabotage of cloud

Blob Storage, which is distinct but still part of the broader Azure Storage solution, provides a specialized storage account for managing container resources that organize collections of blobs. These blobs store unstructured text and binary data resources at scale.

Suspicious Anonymous Storage Blob Access Pattern

This hunting query will identify potential reconnaissance or enumeration behavior in Azure Storage Blob access logs by identifying anonymous read requests accessing many distinct blob paths in a short period of time. (source) Run query

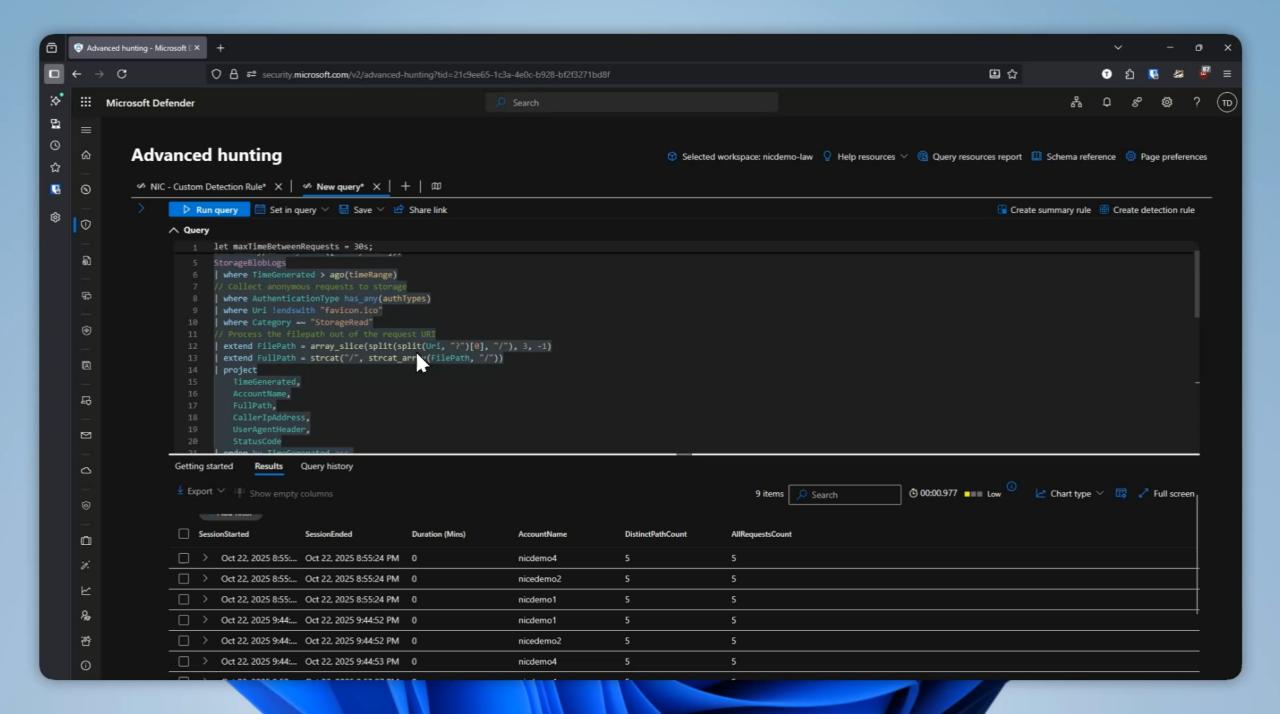
Technique Overview

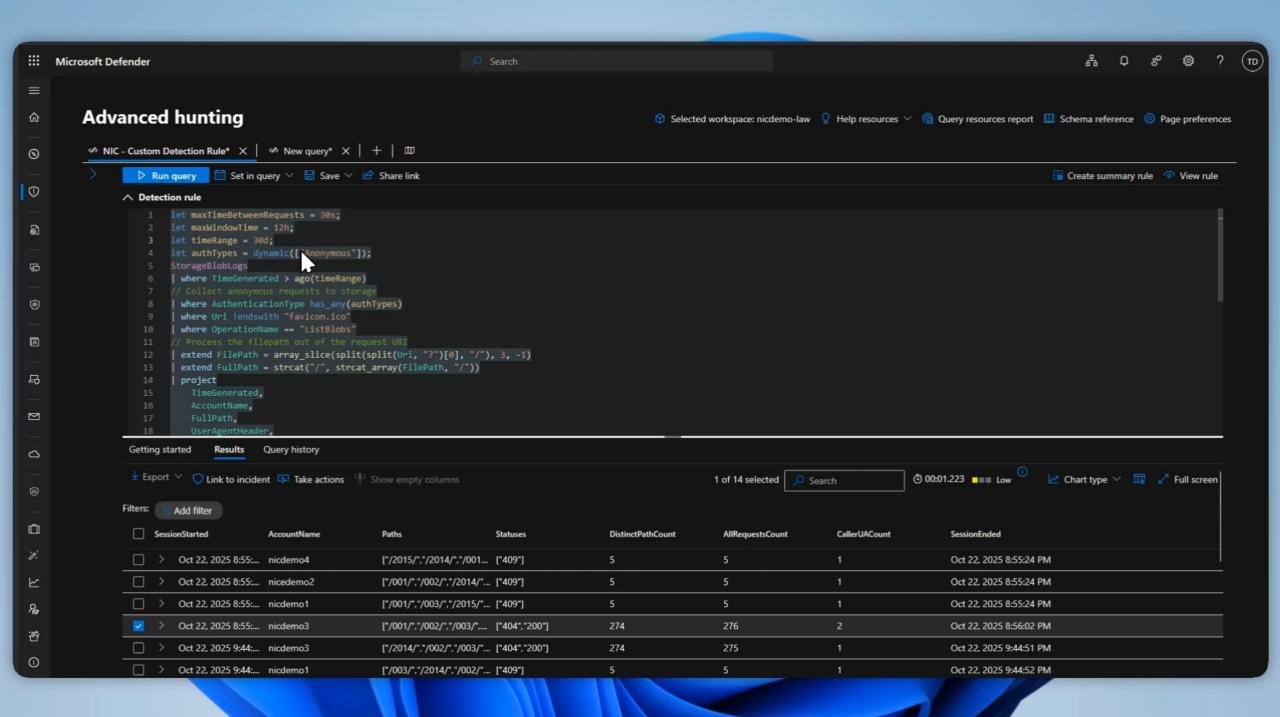
How Azure Blob Storage works

Blob Storage is optimized for a wide range of scenarios, including big data analytics through Azure Data Lake Storage, serving images or documents directly to a browser, and storing data for backup, restore, or analysis by on-premises or Azure-hosted services.

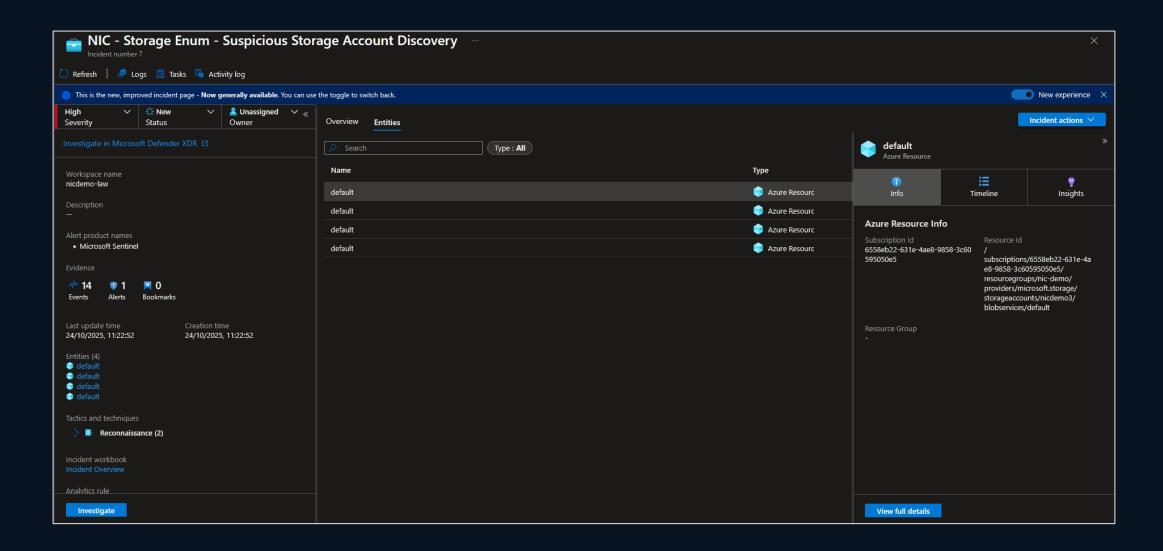
Users or client applications access objects in Blob Storage through the Azure portal, Azure Storage REST API, Azure PowerShell, Azure Command-Line Interface (CLI), or client libraries available in many programming languages such as .NET, Java, Python, JavaScript, and Go. Blob Storage also supports access using SSH File Transfer Protocol (SFTP) and can be mounted using Network File System (NFS) 3.0. Every blob stored in the account is assigned a unique address comprised of the account name, blob service endpoint, container name, and blob name (for example, showing hxxps://<storageaccount >. blob.core.windows.net/container/blob). This address forms the URL used to access the blob. Networking rules govern access, access configuration, and the access level assigned to the container in which the blob resides.













CI/CD GitHub Action

If you building more advanced flows that require GH Action to create PR

Workflow permissions

Choose the default permissions granted to the GITHUB_TOKEN when running workflows in this repository. You can specify more granular permissions in the workflow using YAML. Learn more about managing permissions.

- Read and write permissions

 Workflows have read and write permissions in the repository for all scopes.
- Read repository contents and packages permissions
 Workflows have read permissions in the repository for the contents and packages scopes only.

Choose whether GitHub Actions can create pull requests or submit approving pull request reviews.

✓ Allow GitHub Actions to create and approve pull requests

Save



Sentinel CI/CD Sync

- Still in preview (my prediction is that it will never leave preview)
- Change to OICD login auth
- Support Bicep and ARM
- build your own like demonstrated



