Mysterious Array

Problem ID: mysterious

There is an array that contains a permutation of the numbers 1, 2, ..., N (i.e., each number appears exactly once in the array). The elements of the array are 1-indexed.

However, you don't know the contents of the array. Instead, you are given the results of Q queries of the form "what is the minimum value between positions a and b?"

Your task is to count the number of arrays that match the queries.

Input

The first input line contains two integers N and Q: the size of the array and the number of queries.

Then there are Q lines that describe the queries. Each line contains three integers a, b, and x $(1 \le a \le b \le N)$ and $1 \le x \le N$: the minimum value between positions a and b is x.

Note that the results of the queries might be inconsistent, and it is possible that no array matches them.

Output

Print one integer: the number of arrays modulo $10^9 + 7$.

Grading

Your solution will be graded on a set of subtasks. A subtask will consist of multiple test cases. To get the points for a subtask, your solution must pass all test cases that are part of the subtask.

Subtask	Score	Constraints
1	23	$1 \le N, Q \le 10$
2	35	$1 \le N, Q \le 1000$
3	42	$1 \le N, Q \le 2 \cdot 10^5$

Explanation of examples

In the first example there is an array of size 3, containing a permutation of the numbers 1, 2 and 3. Additionally, it is given that the minimum among the numbers at indices between 1 and 2 is 2, and the minimum among the numbers at indices between 1 and 3 (i.e. the whole array) is 1. There are only two arrays matching these conditions: [2,3,1] and [3,2,1].

In the second example there are 576 arrays that match the given conditions.

Sample Input 1	Sample Output 1
3 2	2
1 2 2	
1 3 1	

Sample Input 2	Sample Output 2	
8 3	576	
3 7 2		
6 8 2		
4 5 5		