Christmas Gifts

Problem ID: christmasgifts

At the Nordic Olympic Institute (NOI) the S students have a tradition of exchanging gifts with their friends at christmas. More precisely, if A and B are friends either A gives B a gift or B gives A a gift.

Last christmas there was a big scandal at NOI because some of the students received a lot of gifts without giving any and some students gave a lot of gifts without receiving any. NOI needs your help to make this christmas gift exchange more fair. You need to decide who should give gifts to whom, ie. for each friendship between A and B, you have to decide if A should give a gift to B or B should give a gift to A.

Let g_i be the number of gifts student i gives, and r_i the number of gifts student i receives. The NOI administration has decided a fair gift exchange is one that minimizes the *unfairness* score $\sum_{i=1}^{S} |g_i - r_i t|$.

Given the list of F friendships, compute the minimum possible unfairness score and for each friendship write out who should give a gift to whom. Due to GDPR concerns, all students have been numbered from $1, \ldots, S$ instead of using their names.

Input

The first row of input contains the integers S, F ($2 \le S \le 10^5, 1 \le F \le 2 \cdot 10^5$), the number of students and the number of friendships.

The following F lines each contain two integers A, B ($1 \le A < B \le S$), meaning that A and B are friends. All friendships are mutual and will appear once in the input.

Output

On the first row, output the minimum possible unfairness score. On each of the following F lines, output integers A and B, meaning that A gives a gift to B. You can output these in any order, but each friendship must be output exactly once.

Points

Your solution will be tested on a set of test groups, each worth a number of points. To get the points for a test group you need to solve all test cases in the test group.

Group	Points	Limits
1	15	$S \le 10, F \le 20$
2	15	$S \le 500, F \le 10000$
3	20	All students have an even number of friends
4	50	No additional constraints

Explanation of sample 1

In this example we have 4 students and 5 friendships. The shown solution is not unique - any correct solution will be accepted.

Sample Input 1 Sample Output 1

3	30
2 2 10	
#	
##	
3 2 4	
#_#	
#	
3 3 2	
#_#	
###	
#	