Diplomacy

A region consists of n cities, numbered from 1 to n. These cities may establish treaties, which indicate their willingness to collaborate.

An alliance is a group of cities where each city is connected to every other city in the group through one or more treaties.

Each treaty has a length, representing the number of pages used to draft it. To reduce bureaucracy, cities will occasionally remove the longest treaty (i.e., the one with the highest page count).

Beyond administrative matters, the cities also engage in dodgeball tournaments between alliances. Dodgeball Rules

- Each alliance forms a team.
- Alliances are paired up to play against each other.
- If the number of alliances is odd, one team will play against an empty alliance of size 0.
- The unfairness score of a match between two alliances of sizes A and B is given by: $|A - B|$
- The total unfairness score for a tournament round is the sum of unfairness scores across all matches.
- You must determine the minimum possible total unfairness score by optimally pairing the alliances.

Queries

You must support q queries of the following types:

- `a`: Add a treaty between cities uu and vv with pp pages.
- `r`: Remove the longest treaty (i.e., the one with the highest page count). All page counts are unique.
- `d`: Compute the minimum unfairness score for a dodgeball round based on the current alliances.

Queries of type `d` must be answered immediately upon request, before processing further queries.

Implementation details

You should write a program with the following behavior. It will be run once for each test case. The program should read the standard input in the following format: * line 1: n q * line 2 to $2 - q + 1$ is each in one of the following formats: * `a` u v p * `r` * `d` Corresponding to the different query operations.

The program should for each query of type `d` immidiately resond before processing additional queries. In addition you should flush the output immidiately after each answer. This can be done in one of the following ways:

- C++: `std::cout << std::endl;`
- Python: `print("",flush=True)`

Both of which also adds a newline to the input. ## Constraints

- $1 \le n \le 100000$.
- $1 \le q \le 100000$.
- $1 \le p \le 10^9$.
- $1 \le u \le n$.
- $1 \le v \le n$.
- $u \ne v$ for each query of type `a` query.
- Whenever a treaty is added between u and v, no treaty is in effect between u and v right before.
- All p are unique.

Subtasks

1. (9 points) $n \le 10, q \le 20$,
2. (10 points) $n \le 2000, q \le 4000$,
3. (6 points) There are at most 10 `d` queries.
4. (17 points) For each `a` query, $u + 1 = v$,
5. (14 points) The treaties are created in order of increasing page count.
6. (26 points) The treaties are created in order of decreasing page count.
7. (18 points) No additional constraints.

Examples

Example 1

Example input:

```
3 5
a 1 2 1
a 2 3 2
d
r
d
```

The output should be:

```
3
1
```