Convex Optimization Homework 5, Assignment 4

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1 Problem Settings

$$\min_{x} \frac{1}{2} ||Ax - b||_{2}^{2} + \mu ||x||_{1} \tag{1}$$

It's a standard LASSO problem without constraints.

1.1 Data Building

2 Solve the problem using Adagrad

If we denote gradient of x as g, in each iteration we compute:

$$r \leftarrow r + g \odot g \tag{2}$$

$$x \leftarrow x - \left(\frac{\epsilon}{\delta + \sqrt{r}} \odot g\right) \tag{3}$$

3 Solve the problem using Adam

In each iteration we compute:

$$g \in \partial f(x) \tag{4}$$

$$s = \rho_1 s + (1 - \rho_1^{\text{iter}})g$$
 (5)

$$r = \rho_2 r + (1 - \rho_2^{\text{iter}})g \odot g \tag{6}$$

$$\hat{s} = \frac{s}{1 - \rho_1} \tag{7}$$

$$\hat{r} = \frac{r}{1 - \rho_2} \tag{8}$$

$$x = x - \frac{\epsilon \hat{s}}{\delta + \sqrt{\hat{r}}} \tag{9}$$

4 Solve the problem using RMSProp

In each iteration we compute:

$$g \in \partial f(x) \tag{10}$$

$$r = \rho r + (1 - \rho)g \odot g \tag{11}$$

$$v = -\frac{\epsilon}{\sqrt{r}} \odot g \tag{12}$$

$$x = x + v \tag{13}$$

5 Solve the problem using Momentum

In each iteration we compute:

$$g \in \partial f(x) \tag{14}$$

$$v = \alpha v - \epsilon g \tag{15}$$

$$x = x + v \tag{16}$$

6 Numerical results and interpretations

We can see the cpu time, the optimal value and error with cvx mosek in the tabluation:

Method	cpu time/s	error with cvx-mosek	optimal value
cvx-call-mosek	0.86	0.00e+0	7.2844399533e-02
adagrad	0.53	3.70e-6	7.2844392983e-02
adam	0.31	3.19e-6	7.2844342800 e - 02
rmsprop	0.39	5.07e-6	7.2844385600 e-02
momentum	0.44	3.74e-6	$7.2844389612\mathrm{e}\text{-}02$

We can see that Adam is the strongest algorithm among these. It compose the tricks from other optimization methods.