



Figure 7.3. The Mesha Stele, discovered in 1868 in Jordan. The dark areas represent portions of the stele that had to be reconstructed after it was destroyed in 1869 by a Bedouin community reacting against pressure from Ottoman authorities to hand the stele over so it could be given to Germany. This specific reconstruction is based on Jackson and Dearman 1989 and Langois 2019. Drawing by the author.