API Specification

Silhouette

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1 Intro

Link til GitHub: https://github.com/norwen3/Silhouette

2 Group Description

2.1 Delegation of Work

Description of Work

Each students writes about scenarios they have contributed with... Workload...

3 Background

Establish existing solutions ...

4 Design Specification

High Level Design Principles...

- 4.1 Design Patterns
- 4.2 Design Decisions
- 4.3 Personal Decisions
- 5 Project Structure (File Structure)

5.1 Type Reference Documentation

Link to type doc...

6 Client Code

6.1 Scenarios and Solutions

Scenario 1

Make two rulesets, one that is a regular ruleset and one that is a grid ruleset. Give each ruleset a unique selector. For the regular ruleset, add a blue background and change the text color to #32a852. For the grid, define three columns and two rows of varied size. Lastly, apply both of the rulesets to a Container of type "header".

Scenario 1 - Proposed Solution

```
RuleSet color = new RuleSet(".color");
color.addRule("background-color", "blue");
color.addRule("color", Color.Hex(#32a852));

Grid grid = new Grid("#grid");
grid.setColumns("1fr", "100px", "2em");
grid.setRows("50%", "120px");
```

```
Container myHeader = new Container("header");
myHeader.applySelector(".color");
myHeader.applySelector("#grid");
```

Scenario 2

Make a table whose size changes dynamically, add values to the header row and add values to the rest of the rows as they are generated. Apply a class to the table and set a header color for the table.

Scenario 2 - Proposed Solution

```
Table table = new Table();
int col = headerArray.length;
int row = array.length;
RuleSet color = new RuleSet(".tableClass");
color.addRule("background-color", Color.RGB(255,255,255));
ColGroup headerCol = new ColGroup();
table.setSize(row, col);
table.applySelector(".tableClass");
for(int i= 0; i<row; i++){</pre>
    for(int j= 0; j<col; j++){</pre>
        while(i<1) {</pre>
             table.insertHead(i,j, headerArray[j]);
        table.insertValue(i,j, array[j])
        if (i<1) {</pre>
             headerCol.addCol(col, color.toString());
    }
```

Scenario 3

Make a frontpage and two article pages and share a common stylesheet between them. Add a simple ruleset that targets the body element and give it a lightgreen background to see that the changes have applied to all the pages. Lastly, generate the code.

Scenario 3 - Proposed Solution

```
HTML myWebsite = new HTML("example website");

Page frontPage = new Page("frontpage", "My Front Page");
Page articlePage1 = new Page("article", "My First Article");
page articlePage2 = new Page("article", "My Second Article");

StyleSheet style = new StyleSheet("style.css");

RuleSet bg = new RuleSet("body");
bg.addRule("background-color", "lightgreen");

style.append(bg);

website.link("style.css");
website.addPage(frontPage);
website.addPage(articlePage1);
website.addPage(articlePage2);

website.initialize();
```

Scenario 4

Make a simple form consisting of three input fields for username, password and submit. Label each of the fields accordingly and give the fieldset a legend of "Login Credentials".

Scenario 4 - Proposed Solution

```
FieldSet myFields = new FieldSet();
Input username = new Input("text");
username.addLabel("Type Username");
Input password = new Input("password");
password.addLabel("Type Password");
Input submit = new Input("submit");
myFields.addFields(username, password, submit);
myFields.addLegend("Login Credentials");
```

Scenario 5

Make a Container of type header and give it a navigation bar with links to all pages previously created. Make the navigation bar into a CSS flexbox so that all anchors be laid horizontally and justify the content to be "space-around".

Scenario 5 - Proposed Solution

```
Container header = new Container("header");
Container nav = new Container("nav");

Anchor link1 = new AnchorBuilder("Front Page", "frontpage.html").build();
Anchor link2 = new AnchorBuilder("First Article", "article1.html").build();
Anchor link3 = new AnchorBuilder("Second Article", "article1.html").build();
nav.addElements(link1, link2, link3);

FlexBox flexbox = new FlexBox("header nav");
flexbox.setFlexDirection("row");
flexbox.setJustifyContent("space-around");
```

7 User Testing

- 7.1 Description of setup
- 7.2 The Code
- 7.3 Feedback
- 8 Revised API
- 9 Project Discussion and Conclusion